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## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

washington, D.C. 20349

# Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
 For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

or

0 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number 1-8787

# **American International Group, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware** (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) **13-2592361** (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

70 Pine Street, New York, New York (Address of principal executive offices) **10270** (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (212) 770-7000

Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report: Not applicable

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\square$  No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes 🛛 No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  $\square$ 

Accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No 🗵

As of April 30, 2010, there were 135,070,621 shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock.

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## Part I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

## **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

(in millions)	]	March 31, 2010	Dece	ember 31, 2009
Assets:				
Investments:				
Fixed maturity securities:				
Bonds available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2010 – \$254,416; 2009 – \$364,491)	\$	256,870	\$	365,551
Bond trading securities, at fair value		26,365		31,243
Equity securities:				
Common and preferred stock available for sale, at fair value (cost: 2010 – \$4,882; 2009 – \$6,464)		6,831		9,522
Common and preferred stock trading, at fair value		613		8,318
Mortgage and other loans receivable, net of allowance (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$157; 2009 – \$119)		22,533		27,461
Finance receivables, net of allowance		18,912		20,327
Flight equipment primarily under operating leases, net of accumulated depreciation		43,258		44,091
Other invested assets (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$10,154; 2009 – \$18,888)		33,250		45,235
Securities purchased under agreements to resell, at fair value		1,615		2,154
Short-term investments (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$22,184; 2009 – \$23,975)		38,800		47,263
Total investments		449,047		601,165
Cash		2,133		4,400
Accrued investment income		3,467		5,152
Premiums and other receivables, net of allowance		18,718		16,549
Reinsurance assets, net of allowance		25,791		22,425
Current and deferred income taxes		6,805		4,108
Deferred policy acquisition costs		19,064		40,814
Real estate and other fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,259		4,142
Unrealized gain on swaps, options and forward transactions, at fair value		7,383		9,130
Goodwill		2,565		6,195
Other assets, including prepaid commitment asset of \$6,460 in 2010 and \$7,099 in 2009 (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$13; 2009 – \$288)		17,072		18,976
Separate account assets, at fair value		51,953		58,150
Assets of businesses held for sale		256,440		56,379
Total assets	\$	863,697	\$	847,585

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Consolidated Balance Sheet (Continued)

(in millions, except share data)	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Liabilities:		
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense	\$ 86,489	\$ 85,386
Unearned premiums	26,350	21,363
Future policy benefits for life and accident and health insurance contracts	47,752	116,001
Policyholder contract deposits (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$641; 2009 – \$5,214)	142,932	220,128
Other policyholder funds	7,493	13,252
Commissions, expenses and taxes payable	2,874	4,950
Insurance balances payable	4,004	4,393
Funds held by companies under reinsurance treaties	708	774
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$3,418; 2009 – \$3,221)	3,418	3,505
Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased, at fair value	458	1,030
Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions, at fair value	6,296	5,403
Trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$16; 2009 – \$15)	1,030	1,641
Other liabilities	21,015	22,503
Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$2,285;		
2009 – \$2,742)	2,285	4,739
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility	27,400	23,435
Other long-term debt (portion measured at fair value: 2010 – \$12,800; 2009 – \$13,195)	109,744	113,298
Separate account liabilities	51,953	58,150
Liabilities of businesses held for sale	217,837	48,599
Total liabilities	760,038	748,550
Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (see Note 9)		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries (including \$1,270 and \$211 associated		
with businesses held for sale in 2010 and 2009, respectively)	1,940	959
AIG shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock		
Series E; \$5.00 par value; shares issued: 2010 and 2009 – 400,000, at aggregate liquidation value	41,605	41,605
Series F; $5.00$ par value; shares issued: 2010 and 2009 – 300,000, aggregate liquidation value: 2010 – $7,543$ ; 2009 –		
\$5,344	7,378	5,179
Series C; \$5.00 par value; shares issued: 2010 and 2009 – 100,000, aggregate liquidation value: 2010 and 2009 – \$0.5	23,000	23,000
Common stock, \$2.50 par value; 5,000,000,000 shares authorized; shares issued: 2010 - 141,605,834; 2009 - 141,732,263	354	354
Treasury stock, at cost; 2010 – 6,661,350; 2009 – 6,661,356 shares of common stock	(874)	(874)
Additional paid-in capital	6,356	6,358
Accumulated deficit	(9,871)	(11,491)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	7,053	5,693
Total AIG shareholders' equity	75,001	69,824
Noncontrolling interests:		
Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York	25,059	24,540
Other (including \$374 and \$2,234 associated with businesses held for sale in 2010 and 2009, respectively)	1,659	3,712
Total noncontrolling interests	26,718	28,252
Total equity	101,719	98,076
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 863,697	\$ 847,585

# Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss)

		Three Mor Mare		ths Ended h 31,		
(dollars in millions, except per share data)		2010		2009		
Revenues:						
Premiums and other considerations	\$	10,067	\$	12,841		
Net investment income		4,836		915		
Net realized capital losses:						
Total other-than-temporary impairments on available for sale securities		(309)		(3,672)		
Portion of other-than-temporary impairments on available for sale fixed maturity securities recognized in Accumulated						
other comprehensive loss		(521)		-		
Net other-than-temporary impairments on available for sale securities recognized in net income (loss)		(830)		(3,672)		
Other realized capital gains		282		898		
Total net realized capital losses		(548)		(2,774)		
Unrealized market valuation gains (losses) on AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio		119		(452)		
Other income		1,856		2,785		
Total revenues		16,330		13,315		
Benefits, claims and expenses:						
Policyholder benefits and claims incurred		8,519		11,353		
Policy acquisition and other insurance expenses		3,262		3,576		
Interest expense		1,734		2,587		
Restructuring expenses and related asset impairment and other expenses		110		338		
Net loss (gain) on sale of divested businesses		77		(262)		
Other expenses		1,793		2,239		
Total benefits, claims and expenses		15,495		19,831		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax benefit		835		(6,516)		
Income tax benefit		(91)		(1,303)		
Income (loss) from continuing operations		926		(5,213)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense (benefit) (See Note 3)		1,173		80		
Net income (loss)		2,099		(5,133)		
Less:						
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests:						
Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York		519		-		
Other		129		(774)		
Total net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		648		(774)		
Net loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		-		(6)		
Total net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		648		(780)		
Net income (loss) attributable to AIG	\$	1,451	\$	(4,353)		
Net income (loss) attributable to AIG common shareholders	\$	294	\$	(5,365)		
Income (loss) per common share attributable to AIG:		-		(-))		
Basic:						
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.41	\$	(40.29)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	1.75		0.62		
Diluted:						
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.41	\$	(40.29)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	\$	1.75	\$	0.62		
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic	13	5,658,680	13	5,252,869		
Diluted	13	5,724,939	13	5,252,869		

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	Three Mor Marc	
(in millions)	2010	2009
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,099	\$ (5,133)
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of fixed maturity investments on which other-than-temporary credit impairments were taken	993	-
Income tax benefit (expense) on above changes	(220)	-
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of all other investments – net of reclassification adjustments	2,531	(3,372)
Income tax benefit (expense) on above changes	(1,374)	1,392
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(958)	(941)
Income tax benefit (expense) on above changes	429	209
Net derivative gains (losses) arising from cash flow hedging activities – net of reclassification adjustments	24	26
Income tax benefit (expense) on above changes	(2)	27
Change in retirement plan liabilities adjustment	77	58
Income tax benefit (expense) on above changes	(24)	(18)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	1,476	(2,619)
Comprehensive income (loss)	3,575	(7,752)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(31)	(867)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by		
Federal Reserve Bank of New York	519	-
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to AIG	\$ 3,087	\$ (6,885)

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

		Aonths arch 31,
(in millions)	2010	2009
Summary:		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 3,195	\$ 3,770
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(4,516)	1,432
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(266)	(9,644
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(42)	(171
Change in cash	(1,629)	(4,613
Cash at beginning of period	4,400	8,642
Reclassification of assets held for sale	(638)	
Cash at end of period	2,133	4,029
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,099	\$ (5,133
(Income) loss from discontinued operations	(1,173)	(80
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Noncash revenues, expenses, gains and losses included in income (loss):		
Net (gains) losses on sales of securities available for sale and other assets	(422)	57
Net (gains) losses on sales of divested businesses	77	(262
Unrealized (gains) losses in earnings – net	591	(373
Equity in (income) loss from equity method investments, net of dividends or distributions	(336)	2,084
Depreciation and other amortization	2,529	3,050
Provision for mortgage, other loans and finance receivables	344	1,019
Impairments of assets	1,753	4,193
Amortization of costs and accrued interest and fees related to FRBNY Credit Facility	856	1,495
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
General and life insurance reserves	2,323	(1,988
Premiums and other receivables and payables – net	(1,002)	(482
Reinsurance assets and funds held under reinsurance treaties	(3,637)	1,772
Capitalization of deferred policy acquisition costs	(1,914)	(2,313
Other policyholder funds	(63)	(1
Current and deferred income taxes – net	(954)	(1,761
Other assets and liabilities – net	(791)	49
Trading securities	21	1,027
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, net of securities purchased under agreements to resell	306	390
Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased	(572)	(1,528
Finance receivables and other loans held for sale – originations and purchases	(5)	(22
Sales of finance receivables and other loans – held for sale	48	32
Other, net	267	371
Total adjustments	(581)	6,809
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities – continuing operations	345	1,596
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities – discontinued operations	2,850	2,174
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 3,195	\$ 3,770

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

	Three Mo	
	Ended Ma	
in millions)	2010	200
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from (payments for)		
Sales of available for sale investments	<b>\$ 7,893</b>	
Maturities of fixed maturity securities available for sale and hybrid investments	3,340	3,59
Sales of trading securities	1,746	3,63
Sales or distributions of other invested assets (including flight equipment)	2,157	2,71
Sales of divested businesses, net	1,471	70
Principal payments received on mortgage and other loans receivable	938	1,01
Principal payments received on and sales of finance receivables held for investment	1,590	4,00
Purchases of available for sale investments	(15,847)	(9,97
Purchases of trading securities	(356)	(2,82
Purchases of other invested assets (including flight equipment)	(1,915)	(2,22
Acquisition, net of cash acquired	(139)	
Mortgage and other loans receivable issued	(303)	(77
Finance receivables held for investment – originations and purchases	(746)	(1,85
Change in securities lending invested collateral	-	96
Net additions to real estate, fixed assets, and other assets	(64)	(10
Net change in short-term investments	(1,043)	(7,77
Net change in non-AIGFP derivative assets and liabilities	(129)	(4
Other, net	(49)	(6
let cash provided by (used in) investing activities – continuing operations	(1,456)	3,23
let cash provided by (used in) investing activities – discontinued operations	(3,060)	(1,80
let cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ (4,516) \$	▶    1,45
Cash flows from financing activities:		
roceeds from (payments for)		
Policyholder contract deposits	\$ 4,394 5	
Policyholder contract withdrawals	(3,639)	(8,31
Change in other deposits	(122)	4
Change in commercial paper and other short-term debt	-	(42
Change in Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility borrowings	(3,565)	(2,94
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility borrowings	8,300	10,90
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility repayments	(4,551)	(4,60
Issuance of other long-term debt	4,170	1,20
Repayments on other long-term debt	(7,143)	(5,95
Change in securities lending payable	-	(49
Drawdown on the Department of the Treasury Commitment	2,199	
Other, net	(462)	(65
let cash provided by (used in) financing activities – continuing operations	(419)	(6,48
Vet cash provided by (used in) financing activities – discontinued operations	153	(3,16
The cash provided by (used in) financing activities	\$ (266) \$	
	\$ (200)	\$ (9,04
upplementary disclosure of cash flow information:		
ash (paid) received during the period for:		
Interest	\$ (1,047) \$	
Taxes	\$ (604) \$	\$ (17
Ion-cash financing/investing activities:		
Interest credited to policyholder contract deposits included in financing activities	\$ 2,086 \$	\$ 1,59
Long-term debt reduction due to deconsolidations	\$ 829 \$	5
Debt assumed on consolidation of variable interest entities	\$ 2,591 \$	5
	\$ 164 5	

# **Consolidated Statement of Equity**

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)		referred Stock	(	Common Stock	Т	reasury Stock	A	dditional Paid-in Capital		Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Total AIG Share- holders' Equity		Non- ntrolling Interests		Total
	¢		¢		¢		¢	1			. ,	¢	1	¢		¢	Equity
Balance, beginning of year	\$	69,784	\$	354	\$	(874)	\$	6,358		\$ (11,491)	\$ 5,693	\$	69,824	\$	28,252	\$	98,076
Series F drawdowns		2,199		-		-		-		-	-		2,199		-		2,199
Common stock issued under stock plans		-		-		-		(5)		-	-		(5)		-		(5)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of tax		-		-		-		-		169	(276)		(107)		-		(107)
Net income <sup>(a)</sup>		-		-		-		-		1,451	-		1,451		133		1,584
Other comprehensive income (loss) <sup>(b)</sup>		-		-		-		-		-	1,636		1,636		(165)		1,471
Net decrease due to deconsolidation		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		(2,161)		(2,161)
Contributions from noncontrolling interest		-		-		-		-		-	-		-		210		210
Distributions to noncontrolling interests				-		-		-		-	-		-		(87)		(87)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York		-		_		-		-			_		-		519		519
Other		-		-		-		3		-	-		3		17		20
Balance, end of period	\$	71,983	\$	354	\$	(874)	\$	6,356	Ş	\$ (9,871)	\$ 7,053	\$	75,001	\$	26,718	\$	101,719

(a) Excludes \$(4) million attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests and Net income attributable to noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of \$519 million.

(b) Excludes \$5 million attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests.

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) for complete consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of American International Group, Inc. (AIG) for the year ended December 31, 2009 (2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K).

In the opinion of management, these consolidated financial statements contain the normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results presented herein. AIG evaluated the need to disclose events that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the application of accounting policies that often involve a significant degree of judgment. AIG considers its accounting policies that are most dependent on the application of estimates and assumptions, and therefore viewed as critical accounting estimates, are those relating to items considered by management in the determination of:

- AIG's ability to continue as a going concern;
- liability for general insurance unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses;
- future policy benefits for life and accident and health contracts;
- recoverability of deferred policy acquisition costs (DAC);
- estimated gross profits for investment-oriented products;
- the allowance for finance receivable losses;
- flight equipment recoverability;
- other-than-temporary impairments;
- goodwill impairment;
- liabilities for legal contingencies;
- estimates with respect to income taxes, including recoverability of deferred tax assets;
- fair value measurements of certain financial assets and liabilities, including credit default swaps (CDS) and AIG's economic interest in Maiden Lane II LLC (ML II) and equity interest in Maiden Lane III LLC (ML III) (together, the Maiden Lane Interests);
- classification of entities as held-for-sale or as discontinued operations; and
- fair value of the assets and liabilities, including non-controlling interests, related to acquisitions.

These accounting estimates require the use of assumptions about matters, some of which are highly uncertain at the time of estimation. To the extent actual experience differs from the assumptions used, AIG's consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows would be materially affected.

#### **Out of Period Adjustments**

For the three months ended March 31, 2010, AIG recorded out of period adjustments relating to prior years that decreased Net income attributable to AIG by \$158 million, primarily related to the effect of recording

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

impairments on certain consolidated investments held in the Institutional Asset Management operations, which affected the calculation of income taxes. While these adjustments were noteworthy for the quarter, after evaluating the quantitative and qualitative aspects of these corrections, AIG concluded that its prior period financial statements were not materially misstated and, therefore, no restatement was required.

Had these and all previously reported out of period adjustments been recorded in their appropriate periods, the net loss attributable to AIG for the year ended December 31, 2009 would have increased by \$604 million, from \$10.9 billion to \$11.5 billion.

#### **Going Concern Considerations**

In the audited financial statements included in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K, management disclosed the conditions and events that led management to conclude that AIG would have adequate liquidity to finance and operate AIG's businesses, execute its asset disposition plan and repay its obligations for at least the next twelve months.

#### Liquidity of Parent and Subsidiaries

AIG manages liquidity at both the parent and subsidiary levels. AIG Parent has not had access to its traditional sources of financing through the public debt markets. While no assurance can be given that AIG will be able to access its traditional sources of long-term or short-term financing through the public markets again, AIG periodically evaluates its ability to access the capital markets.

Historically, AIG depended on dividends, distributions, and other payments from subsidiaries to fund payments on its obligations. In light of AIG's current financial situation, certain of its regulated subsidiaries are restricted from making dividend payments, or advancing funds, to AIG. As a result, AIG has also been dependent on the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (FRBNY) Credit Facility (the FRBNY Credit Facility) provided by the FRBNY under the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 22, 2008 (as amended, the FRBNY Credit Agreement), between AIG and the FRBNY, and the FRBNY's Commercial Paper Funding Facility (CPFF), through April 26, 2010, as its primary sources of liquidity; and on the agreement by the United States Department of the Treasury (the Department of the Treasury) to provide up to \$29.835 billion (Department of Treasury Commitment) in exchange for increases in the liquidation preference of the AIG Series F Fixed Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, par value \$5.00 per share (AIG Series F Preferred Stock), to support the capital needs of its insurance company subsidiaries. Primary uses of cash flow are debt service and subsidiary funding.

During the first four months of 2010, International Lease Finance Corporation (ILFC) and American General Finance, Inc. (AGF) made substantial progress in addressing their liquidity needs. During March and April of 2010, ILFC significantly increased its liquidity position through a combination of new secured and unsecured debt issuances of approximately \$4.0 billion and an extension of the maturity date of \$2.16 billion of its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility from October 2011 to October 2012. Availability of \$550 million of the approximately \$4.0 billion of debt issuances and the extension of \$2.16 billion of the revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of certain collateralization milestones. In addition, in April 2010, ILFC signed an agreement to sell 53 aircraft with an aggregate book value of approximately \$2.3 billion, which is expected to generate approximately \$2.0 billion in gross proceeds during 2010. As of March 31, 2010, none of these aircraft met the criteria to be recorded as held-for-sale. During March and April of 2010, AGF significantly enhanced its liquidity position through the following actions: AGF received cash proceeds of more than \$500 million from a \$1.0 billion asset securitization in March 2010 and executed and drew down fully a \$3.0 billion secured term loan transaction in April 2010. AGF used a portion of the proceeds from these transactions, cash on hand and proceeds from AIG's repayment of two demand promissory notes to repay all of its outstanding obligations under its \$2.45 billion one-year term loans in March 2010 and its \$2.125 billion five-year revolving credit facility in April 2010 (both of which were due in July 2010).

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Certain subsidiaries also have been dependent on the FRBNY and the Department of the Treasury to meet collateral posting requirements, to make debt repayments as amounts come due, and to meet capital or liquidity requirements.

#### Progress on Management's Plans for Stabilization of AIG and Repayment of AIG's Obligations as They Come Due

Since September 2008, AIG has been working to protect and enhance the value of its key businesses, execute an orderly asset disposition plan, and position itself for the future. AIG continually reassesses this plan to maximize value while maintaining flexibility in managing its liquidity and capital, and expects to accomplish these objectives over a longer time frame than originally contemplated.

#### Sales of Businesses and Specific Asset Dispositions

#### <u>AIA Sale</u>

As of March 1, 2010, AIG and AIA Aurora LLC, a special purpose vehicle formed by AIG and the FRBNY (AIA Holdings), entered into a definitive agreement (the AIA Share Purchase Agreement) with Prudential plc (Prudential) and Prudential Group Limited (formerly known as Petrohue (UK) Investments Limited), for the sale of AIA Group Limited (AIA) to Prudential Group Limited for approximately \$35.5 billion, consisting of \$25 billion in cash, approximately \$5.5 billion in face value of ordinary shares in the capital of Prudential Group Limited, \$3 billion in face value of mandatory convertible securities of Prudential Group Limited, and \$2 billion in face value of preferred stock of Prudential (or at Prudential's election, Prudential Group Limited), subject to closing adjustments. The obligations of Prudential Group Limited under the AIA Share Purchase Agreement are guaranteed by Prudential.

The cash portion of the proceeds from the sale will be paid to the FRBNY to redeem preferred interests with a liquidation preference of approximately \$16 billion plus accrued but unpaid preferred returns held by the FRBNY in AIA Holdings, and, unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, to repay approximately \$9 billion under the FRBNY Credit Facility. AIG intends to monetize the \$10.5 billion in face value of Prudential securities over time, subject to market conditions, following the lapse of agreed-upon minimum holding periods. Unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, net cash proceeds from the monetization of these securities will be used to repay any outstanding debt under the FRBNY Credit Facility.

#### ALICO Sale

As of March 7, 2010, AIG and ALICO Holdings LLC, a special purpose vehicle formed by AIG and the FRBNY (ALICO Holdings), entered into a definitive agreement (the ALICO Stock Purchase Agreement) with MetLife, Inc. (MetLife) for the sale of American Life Insurance Company (ALICO) by ALICO Holdings to MetLife, and the sale of Delaware American Life Insurance Company by AIG to MetLife, for approximately \$15.5 billion, consisting of \$6.8 billion in cash and the remainder in equity securities of MetLife, subject to closing adjustments.

The cash portion of the proceeds from the sale will be paid to the FRBNY to reduce the liquidation preference of a portion of the preferred interests owned by the FRBNY in ALICO Holdings and ALICO Holdings will hold the remainder of the transaction consideration, consisting of 78,239,712 shares of MetLife common stock, 6,857,000 shares of newly issued participating preferred stock convertible into 68,570,000 shares of common stock upon the approval of MetLife shareholders, and 40,000,000 equity units of MetLife with an aggregate stated value of \$3 billion. AIG intends to monetize these MetLife securities over time, subject to market conditions, following the lapse of agreed-upon minimum holding periods. Unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, net cash proceeds from the monetization of these securities will be used to reduce the liquidation preference of the preferred interests owned by the FRBNY in ALICO Holdings and thereafter to repay any outstanding debt under the FRBNY Credit Facility.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Dispositions of certain businesses will be subject to regulatory approval. Unless a waiver is obtained from the FRBNY, net proceeds from these dispositions, to the extent they do not represent capital of AIG's insurance subsidiaries required for regulatory or ratings purposes or are not to be utilized to redeem the preferred interests held by the FRBNY in AIA Holdings and ALICO Holdings, are contractually required to be applied toward the repayment of the FRBNY Credit Facility as mandatory prepayments.

Since September 2008 and through April 28, 2010, AIG entered into agreements to sell or completed the sale of other operations and assets, excluding AIA, ALICO and the assets held by AIG Financial Products Corp. and AIG Trading Group Inc. and their respective subsidiaries (collectively, AIGFP), that had aggregate assets and liabilities with carrying values of \$95.5 billion and \$77.5 billion, respectively, at March 31, 2010 or the date of sale. Of these amounts, pending transactions with aggregate assets and liabilities of \$54.7 billion and \$49.2 billion, respectively, at March 31, 2010 are expected to generate approximately \$709 million of aggregate net cash proceeds that will be available to reduce the amount of the FRBNY Credit Facility, after taking into account taxes, transaction expenses, settlement of intercompany loan facilities, and capital required to be retained for regulatory or ratings purposes. Gains and losses recorded in connection with the dispositions of businesses include estimates that are subject to subsequent adjustment. Based on the transactions closed to date, AIG does not believe that such adjustments will be material to future consolidated results of operations or cash flows.

#### Management's Assessment and Conclusion

In assessing AIG's current financial position and developing operating plans for the future, management has made significant judgments and estimates with respect to the potential financial and liquidity effects of AIG's risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to:

- the commitment of the FRBNY and the Department of the Treasury to the orderly restructuring of AIG and their commitment to continuing to work with AIG to maintain its ability to meet its obligations as they come due;
- the potential adverse effects on AIG's businesses that could result if there are further downgrades by rating agencies, including in particular, the uncertainty of estimates relating to the derivative transactions of AIGFP, such as estimates of both the number of counterparties who may elect to terminate under contractual termination provisions and the amount that would be required to be paid in the event of a downgrade;
- the potential for delays in asset dispositions and reduction in the anticipated proceeds therefrom;
- the potential for declines in bond and equity markets;
- pending sales of significant subsidiaries;
- the potential effect on AIG if the capital levels of its regulated and unregulated subsidiaries prove inadequate to support current business plans;
- the effect on AIG's businesses of continued compliance with the covenants of the FRBNY Credit Agreement and other agreements with the FRBNY and the Department of the Treasury;
- AIG's highly leveraged capital structure;
- the effect of the provisions of the Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) Standards for Compensation and Corporate Governance and the Determination Memoranda issued by the Office of the Special Master for TARP Executive Compensation with respect to AIG's compensation practices and structures on AIG's ability to retain and motivate key employees or hire new employees;
- the potential that loss of key personnel could reduce the value of AIG's business and impair its ability to stabilize businesses and effect a successful asset disposition plan; and

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

• the potential for regulatory actions in one or more countries, including possible actions resulting from the execution of management's plans for stabilization of AIG and repayment of AIG's obligations as they come due.

Based on the U.S. government's continuing commitment, the already completed transactions and the other expected transactions with the FRBNY, management's plans and progress made to stabilize AIG's businesses and dispose of certain assets, and after consideration of the risks and uncertainties of such plans, management believes that it will have adequate liquidity to finance and operate AIG's businesses, execute its asset disposition plan and repay its obligations for at least the next twelve months.

It is possible that the actual outcome of one or more of management's plans could be materially different, or that one or more of management's significant judgments or estimates about the potential effects of these risks and uncertainties could prove to be materially incorrect or that the transactions with the FRBNY discussed above fail to achieve the desired objectives. If one or more of these possible outcomes is realized and third party financing is not available, AIG may need additional U.S. government support to meet its obligations as they come due. Under these adverse assumptions, without additional support from the U.S. government in the future there could exist substantial doubt about AIG's ability to continue as a going concern.

In connection with making the going concern assessment and conclusion, management and the Board of Directors of AIG have confirmed in connection with the filing in February 2010 of the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K that "As first stated by the U.S. Treasury and the Federal Reserve in connection with the announcement of the AIG Restructuring Plan on March 2, 2009, the U.S. Government remains committed to continuing to work with AIG to maintain its ability to meet its obligations as they come due."

AIG's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets or relating to the amounts and classification of liabilities that may be necessary should AIG be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### **Accounting Policies**

#### **Transfers of Financial Assets**

Securities purchased (sold) under agreements to resell (repurchase), at contract value: Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (other than those entered into by AIGFP) generally are accounted for as collateralized borrowing or lending transactions and are recorded at their contracted resale or repurchase amounts plus accrued interest. AIGFP carries such agreements at fair value based on market observable interest rates and credit spreads. AIG's policy is to take possession of or obtain a security interest in securities purchased under agreements to resell.

When AIG does not obtain cash collateral sufficient to fund substantially all of the cost of purchasing identical replacement securities during the term of the contract, AIG accounts for the transaction as a sale of the security and reports the obligation to repurchase the security as a derivative contract. Where securities are carried in the available for sale category, AIG records a gain or loss in income. Where changes in fair value of securities are recognized through income, no additional gain or loss is recognized. The fair value of securities transferred under repurchase agreements accounted for as sales was \$2.1 billion and \$2.3 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, and the related cash collateral obtained was \$1.7 billion and \$1.5 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

AIG minimizes the risk that counterparties to transactions might be unable to fulfill their contractual obligations by monitoring customer credit exposure and collateral value and generally requiring additional collateral to be deposited with AIG when necessary.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

*Securities lending invested collateral, at fair value and Securities lending payable:* In 2008, AIG exited the domestic securities lending program, and as of March 31, 2010, AIG had exited its foreign securities lending activities.

#### **Recent Accounting Standards**

#### Accounting Changes

AIG adopted the following accounting standards during the first quarter of 2010:

#### Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued an accounting standard addressing transfers of financial assets that removes the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity (QSPE) from the FASB Accounting Standards Codification and removes the exception that exempted transferors from applying the consolidation rules to QSPEs. The new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on January 1, 2010 for AIG. Earlier application is prohibited. The adoption of this standard increased both assets and liabilities by approximately \$1.3 billion as a result of consolidating two previously unconsolidated QSPEs. The adoption of this new standard did not have a material effect on AIG's consolidated results of operations or cash flows.

#### Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities

In June 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standard that amends the rules addressing consolidation of certain variable interest entities with an approach focused on identifying which enterprise has the power to direct the activities of a variable interest entity that most significantly affect the entity's economic performance and has (1) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or (2) the right to receive benefits from the entity. The new standard also requires enhanced financial reporting by enterprises involved with variable interest entities.

AIG adopted the new standard on January 1, 2010. The adoption of this standard resulted in an increase in excess of amounts previously recorded for assets, liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest, other noncontrolling interest and accumulated deficit of approximately \$8.2 billion, \$7.1 billion, \$0.1 billion and \$0.2 billion, respectively, and a net decrease in accumulated other comprehensive income of approximately \$0.3 billion, as a result of consolidating previously unconsolidated VIEs.

The following table describes the two methods applied by AIG and the amount and classification in the Consolidated Balance Sheet of the assets and liabilities consolidated as a result of the adoption:

	Transition M	Methods		
(in millions)	Fair Value Option	Carrying Value		
Assets:				
Bond trading securities, at fair value	\$ 1,239	\$ 1,262		
Other invested assets	-	480		
Mortgage and other loans receivable	-	1,980		
Other asset accounts	194	150		
Assets of businesses held for sale	4,630	-		
Total Assets	\$ 6,063	\$ 3,872		
Liabilities:				
FRBNY commercial paper funding facility	\$ 1,088	\$-		
Other long-term debt	-	1,533		
Other liability accounts	1	31		
Liabilities of businesses held for sale	4,525	-		
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,614	\$ 1,564		

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

The cumulative effect adjustment of electing the fair value option was not material to AIG's accumulated deficit.

In February 2010, the FASB also issued an update to the aforementioned accounting standard that defers the revised consolidation rules for variable interest entities with attributes of, or similar to, an investment company or money market fund. The primary effect of this deferral for AIG is that AIG will continue to apply the consolidation rules in effect before the amended guidance discussed above for its interests in eligible entities, such as certain mutual funds.

## **Future Application of Accounting Standards**

In March 2010, the FASB issued an accounting standard that amends the scope for embedded credit derivative features related to the redistribution of credit risk in the form of subordination of one financial instrument to another in a securitization vehicle. The new standard clarifies how to determine which embedded credit derivative features, including those in collateralized debt obligations (CDOs), credit linked notes (CLNs) and synthetic CDOs and CLNs, are considered to be embedded derivatives that should not be analyzed for potential bifurcation and separate accounting. The new standard is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on July 1, 2010 for AIG. AIG is assessing the effect adopting this new standard will have on its consolidated financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

#### 2. Segment Information

AIG reports the results of its operations through four reportable segments: General Insurance, Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services, Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services, and Financial Services. AIG evaluates performance based on pre-tax income (loss), excluding results from discontinued operations and net gains (losses) on sales of divested businesses, because AIG believes that this provides more meaningful information on how its operations are performing.

#### The following table presents AIG's operations by reportable segment:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009
Total revenues:	2010	2000
General Insurance	\$ 8,849	\$ 8,099
Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services	3,226	1,703
Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services <sup>*</sup>	1,075	763
Financial Services	1,508	1,265
Other	2,062	2,180
Consolidation and eliminations	(390)	(695)
Total revenues	16,330	13,315
Pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations:		
General Insurance	1,016	102
Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services	327	(1,827)
Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services*	85	(128)
Financial Services	(439)	(1,130)
Other	(294)	(3,444)
Consolidation and eliminations	140	(89)
Total pre-tax income (loss) from continuing operations	<b>\$ 835</b>	\$ (6,516)

\* As a result of the announced AIA and ALICO transactions, and their treatment as discontinued operations, Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services operations consist of a single operating segment. See Note 3 herein for information on these transactions.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

The following table presents AIG's operations by operating segment:

(in millions)		2010	2009
General Insurance			
Total revenues:	•		
Commercial Insurance	\$	5,403	
Foreign General Insurance	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	3,446	3,075
Total revenues	\$	8,849	\$ 8,099
Pre-tax income (loss):	¢	700 (	t (22.4)
Commercial Insurance Foreign General Insurance	\$	730 S 286	\$ (224) 326
	¢		
Total pre-tax income (loss)	\$	1,016	\$ 102
Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services			
Total revenues:			
Domestic Life Insurance	\$	1,934	\$ 1,526
Domestic Retirement Services		1,292	177
Total revenues	\$	3,226	\$ 1,703
Pre-tax income (loss):			
Domestic Life Insurance	\$	227 3	\$ (298)
Domestic Retirement Services		100	(1,529)
Total pre-tax income (loss)	\$	327	\$ (1,827)
Financial Services Total revenues:			
Aircraft Leasing	\$	882	\$ 1,281
Capital Markets	ψ	(234)	(969)
Consumer Finance		779	813
Other, including intercompany adjustments		81	140
Total revenues	\$	1,508	\$ 1,265
Pre-tax income (loss):			
Aircraft Leasing	\$	(81)	\$ 316
Capital Markets		(298)	(1,121)
Consumer Finance		(25)	(306)
Other, including intercompany adjustments		(35)	(19)
Total pre-tax income (loss)	\$	(439) S	\$ (1,130)
Other			
Other Total revenues:			
Parent & Other	\$	1,119	\$ 105
Mortgage Guaranty	ψ	298	317
Change in fair value of ML III		751	
Noncore Asset Management		(19)	(239)
Other noncore insurance		(17)	1,997
Consolidation and eliminations		(70)	-
Total revenues	\$	2,062	\$ 2,180
Pre-tax income (loss):			
Parent & Other	\$	(645)	\$ (2,057)
Mortgage Guaranty		96	(480)
Change in fair value of ML III		751	
Noncore Asset Management		(463)	(1,012)
		(33)	105
Other noncore insurance Total pre-tax income (loss)	\$	(294) 5	

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 3. Discontinued Operations and Held-for-Sale Classification

#### **Discontinued Operations**

As discussed in Note 1 herein, during the first quarter of 2010, AIG entered into agreements to sell AIA and ALICO. Also, on October 12, 2009, AIG entered into an agreement to sell its 97.57 percent share of Nan Shan Life Insurance Company, Ltd. (Nan Shan) for approximately \$2.15 billion. AIG expects each of these sales to close in 2010. These transactions met the criteria for held-for-sale and discontinued operations accounting.

Accordingly, results of operations for these companies are included as discontinued operations in AIG's Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) for all periods shown and their aggregated assets and liabilities are presented separately as single line items in the asset and liability sections of the Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2010 for AIA and ALICO and at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 for Nan Shan. Each of these companies previously had been a component of the Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services reportable segment.

Income (loss) from discontinued operations includes interest expense, including periodic amortization of the prepaid commitment fee asset, on debt to be assumed by the buyers of AIA and ALICO and on debt required to be repaid as a result of the disposition transactions associated with the FRBNY Credit Facility totaling \$183 million and \$258 million in the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The interest expense allocated to discontinued operations for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 was based on the estimated funds of \$8.6 billion committed to repay the FRBNY Credit Facility multiplied by the daily interest rate. The periodic amortization of the prepaid commitment fee allocated to discontinued one the ratio of funds committed to repay the FRBNY Credit Facility to the total outstanding available amount under the FRBNY Credit Facility.

#### A summary of income (loss) from discontinued operations is as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)	 2010	2009
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 6,525	\$ 6,024
Net investment income	2,252	1,449
Net realized capital gains (losses)	63	(587)
Total revenues	8,840	6,886
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	1,142	152
Loss on sale	(106)	(3)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, before income tax expense (benefit)	1,036	149
Income tax expense (benefit)	(137)	69
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 1,173	\$ 80

Certain other sales completed during 2010 and 2009 were not classified as discontinued operations due to AIG's continued involvement or because associated assets, liabilities and results of operations were not material to AIG's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

#### Held-for-Sale Classification

On September 5, 2009, AIG entered into an agreement to sell its investment advisory and third party asset management business for a \$277 million cash payment at closing plus contingent consideration to be received over time. Prior to the closing of this transaction on March 26, 2010, these businesses were a component of the Noncore Asset Management business included within Other operations. This transaction met the criteria for held-for-sale accounting, and its assets and liabilities were included as single line items in the asset and liability sections of the Consolidated Balance Sheet at December 31, 2009. This transaction did not meet the criteria for

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

discontinued operations accounting because of a significant continuation of activities between AIG and the business sold.

On July 28, 2009, AIG entered into an agreement to combine its consumer finance business in Poland, conducted through AIG Bank Polska S.A., into the Polish consumer finance business of Santander Consumer Finance S.A. (SCB). In exchange, AIG will receive an equity interest in SCB. The closing is expected to occur in the second quarter of 2010. This transaction met the criteria for held-for-sale accounting and, as a result, its assets and liabilities are included as single line items in the asset and liability sections of the Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009. AIG Bank Polska is a component of the Financial Services reportable segment. This transaction did not meet the criteria for discontinued operations accounting because of AIG's retained equity interest in SCB.

#### A summary of assets and liabilities held for sale at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 is as follows:

(in millions)	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Assets:		
Fixed maturity securities	\$ 163,336	\$ 34,495
Deferred policy acquisition costs	24,204	3,322
Equity securities	15,366	2,947
Other invested assets	13,269	4,256
Short-term investments	13,170	3,501
Separate account assets	10,675	3,467
Mortgage and other loans receivable, net	9,096	3,997
Goodwill	3,457	25
Other assets	3,867	369
Total Assets of businesses held for sale	\$ 256,440	\$ 56,379
Liabilities:		
Future policy benefits for life and accident and health insurance contracts	\$ 108,812	\$ 38,023
Policyholder contract deposits	79,312	3,133
Separate account liabilities	10,675	3,467
Other liabilities	19,038	3,976
Total Liabilities of businesses held for sale	\$ 217,837	\$ 48,599

#### 4. Business Combination

On March 31, 2010, AIG, through a Chartis International subsidiary, purchased additional voting shares in Fuji Fire & Marine Insurance Company Limited (Fuji), a publicly traded Japanese insurance company with general insurance and some life insurance operations. The acquisition of the additional voting shares for \$145 million increased Chartis' total voting ownership interest in Fuji from 41.7 percent to 54.8 percent, which resulted in Chartis International obtaining control of Fuji. This acquisition was made to maintain Chartis International's share in the substantial Japanese market, which is undergoing significant consolidation.

The purchase was accounted for under the acquisition method. Chartis identified and estimated certain of the fair values of assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and noncontrolling interests of Fuji as of the acquisition date. Because the acquisition was completed on the last day of the quarter, Chartis has not obtained final appraisals of Fuji's insurance contracts, loans, certain real estate or intangible assets.

Based on the estimated fair values assigned to the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interests, Chartis recorded an unallocated purchase price of \$581 million in Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Chartis is in the process of reassessing the recognition and measurement of identifiable assets acquired, including the value of the business acquired and other intangibles, and liabilities assumed. Upon

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

completion of the reassessment process, Chartis will adjust the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed for any significant differences to the provisional fair values. An adjustment to the purchase price allocation may also occur if new information on Fuji becomes known or discovered within one year from the acquisition date. To the extent an unallocated purchase price credit remains, AIG will record a bargain purchase gain. It is anticipated that any gain recognized will not be subject to U.S. or foreign income tax, because such gain would only be recognized for tax purposes upon sale of the Fuji shares.

# The following table summarizes the estimated preliminary fair values of major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed and the unallocated purchase price at the date of acquisition:

(in millions)	At March 31, 2010
Identifiable net assets:	
Investments	\$ 10,121
Cash	6
Premiums and other receivables	889
Reinsurance assets	517
Real estate and other fixed assets	428
Other assets	108
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense	(1,561)
Unearned premiums	(3,139)
Future policy benefits for life and accident and health insurance contracts	(1,934)
Other policyholder funds	(3,536)
Other liabilities	(460)
Total preliminary identifiable net assets acquired	1,439
Less:	
Cash consideration transferred	145
Fair value of the noncontrolling interest	421
Fair value of AIG's previous equity interest in Fuji	292
Unallocated purchase price	\$ 581

In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, Chartis remeasured its equity interest in Fuji, held prior to the acquisition of the additional shares, to fair value which resulted in a gain of \$47 million offset by a \$72 million charge resulting from the reversal through income of Chartis' share of Fuji's accumulated other comprehensive income. The loss was recorded in Other realized capital gains (losses) in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss). The fair value of AIG's previous equity interest and the noncontrolling interest were based on the publicly-traded share price on the Tokyo Stock Exchange as of the acquisition date. The acquisition-related costs, consisting primarily of legal and transaction fees, were recorded in Other expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

The following unaudited summarized pro forma consolidated income statement information assumes that the acquisition occurred as of January 1, 2009. The pro forma amounts are for comparative purposes only and may not necessarily reflect the results of operations which would have resulted had the acquisition been completed at the beginning of the applicable period and may not be indicative of the results that will be attained in the future.

Three Months Ended March 31,			
(in millions)	201	0	2009
Total revenues	\$ 17,32	7\$	13,863
Net income (loss)	2,18	1	(5,416)
Net income (loss) attributable to AIG	1,47	1	(4,500)

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 5. Fair Value Measurements

#### Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis

AIG measures the following financial instruments at fair value on a recurring basis:

- trading and available for sale securities portfolios;
- certain mortgage and other loans receivable;
- derivative assets and liabilities;
- securities purchased/sold under agreements to resell/repurchase;
- non-traded equity investments and certain private limited partnerships and certain hedge funds included in other invested assets;
- certain short-term investments;
- separate and variable account assets;
- certain policyholder contract deposits;
- securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased;
- certain trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors;
- certain CPFF;
- certain long-term debt; and
- certain hybrid financial instruments included in Other liabilities.

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between willing, able and knowledgeable market participants at the measurement date.

The degree of judgment used in measuring the fair value of financial instruments generally correlates with the level of pricing observability. Financial instruments with quoted prices in active markets generally have more pricing observability and less judgment is used in measuring fair value. Conversely, financial instruments traded in other-than-active markets or that do not have quoted prices have less observability and are measured at fair value using valuation models or other pricing techniques that require more judgment. An active market is one in which transactions for the asset or liability being valued occur with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. An other-than-active market is one in which there are few transactions, the prices are not current, price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly for the asset or liability being valued. Pricing observability is affected by a number of factors, including the type of financial instrument, whether the financial instrument is new to the market and not yet established, the characteristics specific to the transaction and general market conditions.

## Fair Value Hierarchy

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are measured and classified in a hierarchy for disclosure purposes consisting of three "levels" based on the observability of inputs available in the marketplace used to measure the fair values as discussed below:

*Level 1:* Fair value measurements that are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that AIG has the ability to access for identical assets or liabilities. Market price data generally is obtained from exchange or dealer markets. AIG does not adjust the quoted price for such instruments. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and classified as Level 1 include certain government and agency securities,

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

actively traded listed common stocks and derivative contracts, most separate account assets and most mutual funds.

- *Level 2:* Fair value measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and classified as Level 2 generally include certain government and agency securities, most investment-grade and high-yield corporate bonds, certain residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS), commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) and collateralized debt obligations/asset backed securities (CDO/ABS), certain listed equities, state, municipal and provincial obligations, hybrid securities, mutual fund and hedge fund investments, certain derivative contracts, guaranteed investment agreements (GIAs) and CPFF at AIGFP, other long-term debt and physical commodities.
- *Level 3:* Fair value measurements based on valuation techniques that use significant inputs that are unobservable. These measurements include circumstances in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. AIG's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment. In making the assessment, AIG considers factors specific to the asset or liability. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and classified as Level 3 include certain RMBS, CMBS and CDO/ABS, corporate debt, certain municipal and sovereign debt, certain derivative contracts (including AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio), policyholder contract deposits carried at fair value, private equity and real estate fund investments, and direct private equity investments. AIG's non-financial instrument assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis generally are classified as Level 3.

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments carried at fair value:

#### **Valuation Methodologies**

#### Incorporation of Credit Risk in Fair Value Measurements

 AIG's Own Credit Risk. Fair value measurements for AIGFP's debt, GIAs, structured note liabilities and freestanding derivatives incorporate AIG's own credit risk by determining the explicit cost for each counterparty to protect against its net credit exposure to AIG at the balance sheet date by reference to observable AIG credit default swap or cash bond spreads. A counterparty's net credit exposure to AIG is determined based on master netting agreements, when applicable, which take into consideration all positions with AIG, as well as collateral posted by AIG with the counterparty at the balance sheet date.

Fair value measurements for embedded policy derivatives and policyholder contract deposits take into consideration that policyholder liabilities are senior in priority to general creditors of AIG and therefore are much less sensitive to changes in AIG credit default swap or cash issuance spreads.

*Counterparty Credit Risk.* Fair value measurements for freestanding derivatives incorporate counterparty credit by determining the explicit cost for AIG to protect against its net credit exposure to each counterparty at the balance sheet date by reference to observable counterparty credit default swap spreads, when available. When not available, other directly or indirectly observable credit spreads are used to derive the best estimates of the counterparty spreads. AIG's net credit exposure to a counterparty is determined based on master netting agreements, which take into consideration all derivative positions with the counterparty, as well as collateral posted by the counterparty at the balance sheet date.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

A CDS is a derivative contract that allows the transfer of third party credit risk from one party to the other. The buyer of the CDS pays an upfront and/or annual premium to the seller. The seller's payment obligation is triggered by the occurrence of a credit event under a specified reference security and is determined by the loss on that specified reference security. The present value of the amount of the annual and/or upfront premium therefore represents a market-based expectation of the likelihood that the specified reference party will fail to perform on the reference obligation, a key market observable indicator of non-performance risk (the CDS spread).

Fair values for fixed maturity securities based on observable market prices for identical or similar instruments implicitly incorporate counterparty credit risk. Fair values for fixed maturity securities based on internal models incorporate counterparty credit risk by using discount rates that take into consideration cash issuance spreads for similar instruments or other observable information.

The cost of credit protection is determined under a discounted present value approach considering the market levels for single name CDS spreads for each specific counterparty, the mid market value of the net exposure (reflecting the amount of protection required) and the weighted average life of the net exposure. CDS spreads are provided to AIG by an independent third party. AIG utilizes an interest rate based on the benchmark London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) curve to derive its discount rates.

While this approach does not explicitly consider all potential future behavior of the derivative transactions or potential future changes in valuation inputs, AIG believes this approach provides a reasonable estimate of the fair value of the assets and liabilities, including consideration of the impact of non-performance risk.

#### Fixed Maturity Securities — Trading and Available for Sale

AIG maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Whenever available, AIG obtains quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the balance sheet date to measure at fair value fixed maturity securities in its trading and available for sale portfolios. Market price data is generally obtained from dealer markets.

AIG estimates the fair value of fixed maturity securities not traded in active markets, including receivables (payables) arising from securities purchased (sold) under agreements to resell (repurchase), and mortgage and other loans receivable for which AIG elected the fair value option, by referring to traded securities with similar attributes, using dealer quotations, a matrix pricing methodology, discounted cash flow analyses and/or internal valuation models. This methodology considers such factors as the issuer's industry, the security's rating and tenor, its coupon rate, its position in the capital structure of the issuer, yield curves, credit curves, prepayment rates and other relevant factors. For certain fixed maturity instruments (for example, private placements) that are not traded in active markets or that are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations are adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, and such adjustments generally are based on available market evidence. In the absence of such evidence, management's best estimate is used.

#### Maiden Lane II and Maiden Lane III

At their inception, ML II and ML III were valued and recorded at the transaction prices of \$1 billion and \$5 billion, respectively. Subsequently, the Maiden Lane Interests are valued using a discounted cash flow methodology that uses the estimated future cash flows of the Maiden Lane assets. AIG applies model-determined market discount rates to its interests. These discount rates are calibrated to the changes in the estimated asset values for the underlying assets commensurate with AIG's interests in the capital structure of the respective entities. Estimated cash flows and discount rates used in the valuations are validated, to the extent possible, using market observable information for securities with similar asset pools, structure and terms.

The fair value methodology used assumes that the underlying collateral in the Maiden Lane Interests will continue to be held and generate cash flows into the foreseeable future and does not assume a current liquidation of the assets underlying the Maiden Lane Interests. Other methodologies employed or assumptions made in

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

determining fair value for these investments could result in amounts that differ significantly from the amounts reported.

Adjustments to the fair value of AIG's interest in ML II are recorded on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) in Net investment income for AIG's Domestic Life Insurance companies. Adjustments to the fair value of AIG's interest in ML III are recorded on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) in Net investment income and, beginning in the second quarter of 2009, were included in Other Noncore business results, reflecting the contribution to an AIG subsidiary. Prior to the second quarter of 2009, such amounts had been included in Other Parent company results. AIG's Maiden Lane Interests are included in bond trading securities, at fair value, on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

As of March 31, 2010, AIG expected to receive cash flows (undiscounted) in excess of AIG's initial investment, and any accrued interest, in the Maiden Lane Interests over the remaining life of the investments after repayment of the first priority obligations owed to the FRBNY. AIG's cash flow methodology considers the capital structure of the collateral securities and their expected credit losses from the underlying asset pools. The fair values of the Maiden Lane Interests are most affected by changes in the discount rates and changes in the underlying estimated future collateral cash flow assumptions used in the valuation model.

The LIBOR interest rate curve changes are determined based on observable prices, interpolated or extrapolated to derive a LIBOR for a specific maturity term as necessary. The spreads over LIBOR for the Maiden Lane Interests (including collateral-specific credit and liquidity spreads) can change as a result of changes in market expectations about the future performance of these investments as well as changes in the risk premium that market participants would demand at the time of the transactions.

Changes in estimated future cash flows would primarily be the result of changes in expectations for defaults, recoveries, and prepayments on underlying loans.

# Changes in the discount rate or the estimated future cash flows used in the valuation would alter AIG's estimate of the fair value of the Maiden Lane Interests as shown in the table below.

March 31, 2010	Fair Valu	Fair Value Change								
(in millions)	Maiden Lane II	Maid	en Lane III							
Discount Rates:										
200 basis point increase	\$ (90)	\$	(659)							
200 basis point decrease	101		769							
400 basis point increase	(170)		(1,225)							
400 basis point decrease	215		1,672							
Estimated Future Cash Flows:										
10% increase	292		833							
10% decrease	(296)		(831)							
20% increase	579		1,661							
20% decrease	(588)		(1,653)							

AIG believes that the ranges of discount rates used in these analyses are reasonable based on implied spread volatilities of similar collateral securities and implied volatilities of LIBOR interest rates. The ranges of estimated future cash flows were determined based on variability in estimated future cash flows implied by cumulative loss estimates for similar instruments. Because of these factors, the fair values of the Maiden Lane Interests are likely to vary, perhaps materially, from the amount estimated.

#### Equity Securities Traded in Active Markets — Trading and Available for Sale

AIG maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Whenever available, AIG obtains quoted prices in active markets for identical assets at the balance sheet

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

date to measure at fair value marketable equity securities in its trading and available for sale portfolios. Market price data is generally obtained from exchange or dealer markets.

#### Direct Private Equity Investments — Other Invested Assets

AIG initially estimates the fair value of equity instruments not traded in active markets, which includes direct private equity investments, by reference to the transaction price. This valuation is adjusted for changes in inputs and assumptions which are corroborated by evidence such as transactions in similar instruments, completed or pending third-party transactions in the underlying investment or comparable entities, subsequent rounds of financing, recapitalizations and other transactions across the capital structure, offerings in the equity capital markets, and/or changes in financial ratios or cash flows. For equity securities that are not traded in active markets or that are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations are adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability and such adjustments generally are based on available market evidence. In the absence of such evidence, management's best estimate is used.

#### Hedge Funds, Private Equity Funds and Other Investment Partnerships — Other Invested Assets

AIG initially estimates the fair value of investments in certain hedge funds, private equity funds and other investment partnerships by reference to the transaction price. Subsequently, AIG generally obtains the fair value of these investments from net asset value information provided by the general partner or manager of the investments, the financial statements of which are generally audited annually. AIG considers observable market data and performs diligence procedures in validating the appropriateness of using the net asset value as a fair value measurement.

#### Separate Account Assets

Separate account assets are composed primarily of registered and unregistered open-end mutual funds that generally trade daily and are measured at fair value in the manner discussed above for equity securities traded in active markets.

#### Freestanding Derivatives

Derivative assets and liabilities can be exchange-traded or traded over-the-counter (OTC). AIG generally values exchange-traded derivatives using quoted prices in active markets for identical derivatives at the balance sheet date.

OTC derivatives are valued using market transactions and other market evidence whenever possible, including market-based inputs to models, model calibration to market clearing transactions, broker or dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. When models are used, the selection of a particular model to value an OTC derivative depends on the contractual terms of, and specific risks inherent in the instrument, as well as the availability of pricing information in the market. AIG generally uses similar models to value similar instruments. Valuation models require a variety of inputs, including contractual terms, market prices and rates, yield curves, credit curves, measures of volatility, prepayment rates and correlations of such inputs. For OTC derivatives that trade in liquid markets, such as generic forwards, swaps and options, model inputs can generally be corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means, and model selection does not involve significant management judgment.

Certain OTC derivatives trade in less liquid markets with limited pricing information, and the determination of fair value for these derivatives is inherently more difficult. When AIG does not have corroborating market evidence to support significant model inputs and cannot verify the model to market transactions, the transaction price is initially used as the best estimate of fair value. Accordingly, when a pricing model is used to value such an instrument, the model is adjusted so the model value at inception equals the transaction price. Subsequent to initial recognition, AIG updates valuation inputs when corroborated by evidence such as similar market

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

transactions, third party pricing services and/or broker or dealer quotations, or other empirical market data. When appropriate, valuations are adjusted for various factors such as liquidity, bid/offer spreads and credit considerations. Such adjustments are generally based on available market evidence. In the absence of such evidence, management's best estimate is used.

#### **Embedded Policy Derivatives**

The fair value of embedded policy derivatives contained in certain variable annuity and equity-indexed annuity and life contracts is measured based on actuarial and capital market assumptions related to projected cash flows over the expected lives of the contracts. These cash flow estimates primarily include benefits and related fees assessed, when applicable, and incorporate expectations about policyholder behavior. Estimates of future policyholder behavior are subjective and based primarily on AIG's historical experience. With respect to embedded policy derivatives in AIG's variable annuity contracts, because of the dynamic and complex nature of the expected cash flows, risk neutral valuations are used. Estimating the underlying cash flows for these products involves many estimates and judgments, including those regarding expected market rates of return, market volatility, correlations of market index returns to funds, fund performance, discount rates and policyholder behavior. With respect to embedded policy derivatives in AIG's equity-indexed annuity and life contracts, option pricing models are used to estimate fair value, taking into account assumptions for future equity index growth rates, volatility of the equity index, future interest rates, and determinations on adjusting the participation rate and the cap on equity indexed credited rates in light of market conditions and policyholder behavior assumptions. These methodologies incorporate an explicit risk margin to take into consideration market participant estimates of projected cash flows and policyholder behavior.

#### AIGFP's Super Senior Credit Default Swap Portfolio

AIGFP values its CDS transactions written on the super senior risk layers of designated pools of debt securities or loans using internal valuation models, thirdparty price estimates and market indices. The principal market was determined to be the market in which super senior credit default swaps of this type and size would be transacted, or have been transacted, with the greatest volume or level of activity. AIG has determined that the principal market participants, therefore, would consist of other large financial institutions who participate in sophisticated over-the-counter derivatives markets. The specific valuation methodologies vary based on the nature of the referenced obligations and availability of market prices.

The valuation of the super senior credit derivatives is challenging given the limitation on the availability of market observable information due to the lack of trading and price transparency in the structured finance market. These market conditions have increased the reliance on management estimates and judgments in arriving at an estimate of fair value for financial reporting purposes. Further, disparities in the valuation methodologies employed by market participants and the varying judgments reached by such participants when assessing volatile markets have increased the likelihood that the various parties to these instruments may arrive at significantly different estimates as to their fair values.

AIGFP's valuation methodologies for the super senior credit default swap portfolio have evolved over time in response to market conditions and the availability of market observable information. AIG has sought to calibrate the methodologies to available market information and to review the assumptions of the methodologies on a regular basis.

*Regulatory capital portfolio*: In the case of credit default swaps written to facilitate regulatory capital relief, AIGFP estimates the fair value of these derivatives by considering observable market transactions. The transactions with the most observability are the early terminations of these transactions by counterparties. AIGFP continues to reassess the expected maturity of the portfolio. AIGFP has not been required to make any payments as part of terminations initiated by counterparties. The regulatory benefit of these transactions for AIGFP's financial institution counterparties is generally derived from the terms of the Capital Accord of the Basel

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Committee on Banking Supervision (Basel I) that existed through the end of 2007 and which is in the process of being replaced by the Revised Framework for the International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (Basel II). It was expected that financial institution counterparties would have transitioned from Basel I to Basel II by the end of the two-year adoption period on December 31, 2009, after which they would have received little or no additional regulatory benefit from these CDS transactions, except in a small number of specific instances. However, the Basel Committee announced that it had agreed to keep in place the Basel I capital floors beyond the end of 2009, although it remains to be seen how this extension will be implemented by the various European Central Banking districts. Should certain counterparties continue to receive favorable regulatory capital benefits from these transactions, those counterparties may not exercise their options to terminate the transactions in the expected time frame. In assessing the fair value of the regulatory capital CDS transactions, AIGFP also considers other market data, to the extent relevant and available. For further discussion, see Note 8 herein.

*Multi-sector CDO portfolios:* AIGFP uses a modified version of the Binomial Expansion Technique (BET) model to value its credit default swap portfolio written on super senior tranches of multi-sector collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) of ABS, including maturity-shortening puts that allow the holders of the securities issued by certain CDOs to treat the securities as short-term 2a-7 eligible investments under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (2a-7 Puts). The BET model was developed in 1996 by a major rating agency to generate expected loss estimates for CDO tranches and derive a credit rating for those tranches, and remains widely used.

AIGFP has adapted the BET model to estimate the price of the super senior risk layer or tranche of the CDO. AIG modified the BET model to imply default probabilities from market prices for the underlying securities and not from rating agency assumptions. To generate the estimate, the model uses the price estimates for the securities comprising the portfolio of a CDO as an input and converts those estimates to credit spreads over current LIBOR-based interest rates. These credit spreads are used to determine implied probabilities of default and expected losses on the underlying securities. This data is then aggregated and used to estimate the expected cash flows of the super senior tranche of the CDO.

Prices for the individual securities held by a CDO are obtained in most cases from the CDO collateral managers, to the extent available. CDO collateral managers provided market prices for 63.4 percent of the underlying securities used in the valuation at March 31, 2010. When a price for an individual security is not provided by a CDO collateral manager, AIGFP derives the price through a pricing matrix using prices from CDO collateral managers for similar securities. Matrix pricing is a mathematical technique used principally to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities, but rather by relying on the relationship of the security to other benchmark quoted securities. Substantially all of the CDO collateral managers who provided prices used dealer prices for all or part of the underlying securities, in some cases supplemented by third-party pricing services.

The BET model also uses diversity scores, weighted average lives, recovery rates and discount rates. AIGFP employs a Monte Carlo simulation to assist in quantifying the effect on the valuation of the CDO of the unique aspects of the CDO's structure such as triggers that divert cash flows to the most senior part of the capital structure. The Monte Carlo simulation is used to determine whether an underlying security defaults in a given simulation scenario and, if it does, the security's implied random default time and expected loss. This information is used to project cash flow streams and to determine the expected losses of the portfolio.

In addition to calculating an estimate of the fair value of the super senior CDO security referenced in the credit default swaps using its internal model, AIGFP also considers the price estimates for the super senior CDO securities provided by third parties, including counterparties to these transactions, to validate the results of the model and to determine the best available estimate of fair value. In determining the fair value of the super senior CDO security referenced in the credit default swaps, AIGFP uses a consistent process which considers all available pricing data points and eliminates the use of outlying data points. When pricing data points are within a reasonable range an averaging technique is applied.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

*Corporate debt/Collateralized loan obligation (CLO) portfolios:* In the case of credit default swaps written on portfolios of investment-grade corporate debt, AIGFP uses a mathematical model that produces results that are closely aligned with prices received from third parties. This methodology is widely used by other market participants and uses the current market credit spreads of the names in the portfolios along with the base correlations implied by the current market prices of comparable tranches of the relevant market traded credit indices as inputs. One transaction, representing one percent of the total notional amount of the corporate arbitrage transactions, is valued using third party quotes given its unique attributes.

AIGFP estimates the fair value of its obligations resulting from credit default swaps written on CLOs to be equivalent to the par value less the current market value of the referenced obligation. Accordingly, the value is determined by obtaining third-party quotes on the underlying super senior tranches referenced under the credit default swap contract.

#### **Policyholder Contract Deposits**

Policyholder contract deposits accounted for at fair value are measured using an earnings approach by taking into consideration the following factors:

- Current policyholder account values and related surrender charges;
- The present value of estimated future cash inflows (policy fees) and outflows (benefits and maintenance expenses) associated with the product using risk neutral valuations, incorporating expectations about policyholder behavior, market returns and other factors; and
- A risk margin that market participants would require for a market return and the uncertainty inherent in the model inputs.

The change in fair value of these policyholder contract deposits is recorded as Policyholder benefits and claims incurred in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

#### Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased

Fair values for securities sold but not yet purchased are based on current market prices. Fair values of spot commodities sold but not yet purchased are based on current market prices of reference spot futures contracts traded on exchanges.

#### Other long-term debt

When fair value accounting has been elected, the fair value of non-structured liabilities is generally determined by using market prices from exchange or dealer markets, when available, or discounting expected cash flows using the appropriate discount rate for the applicable maturity. The discount rate is based on an implicit rate determined with the use of observable CDS market spreads to determine the risk of non-performance for AIG. Such instruments are generally classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as substantially all inputs are readily observable. AIG determines the fair value of structured liabilities (where performance is linked to structured interest rates, inflation or currency risks) and hybrid financial instruments (performance linked to risks other than interest rates, inflation or currency risks) using the appropriate derivative valuation methodology (described above) given the nature of the embedded risk profile. Such instruments are classified in Level 2 or Level 3 depending on the observability of significant inputs to the model. In addition, adjustments are made to the valuations of both non-structured and structured liabilities to reflect AIG's own credit worthiness based on observable credit spreads of AIG.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents information about assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and indicates the level of the fair value measurement based on the levels of the inputs used:

At March 31, 2010 (in millions)		Level 1		Level 2	L	evel 3	Co	unterparty Netting <sup>(a)</sup>	Cas Collateral <sup>(l</sup>		Total
Assets:											
Bonds available for sale:											
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$	100	\$	4,756	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	4,856
Obligations of states, municipalities and Political subdivisions		320		50,885		948		-		-	52,153
Non-U.S. governments		197		23,615		5		-		-	23,817
Corporate debt		-		130,435		3,917		-		-	134,352
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)		-		20,387		6,832		-		-	27,219
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) Collateralized Debt Obligations/Asset Backed Securities (CDO/ABS)		-		3,549 1,952		4,396 4,576		-		-	7,945 6,528
Total bonds available for sale		617		235,579		0,674		-		_	256,870
Bond trading securities:		017			-	0,07 1					
U.S. government and government sponsored entities		433		6,313		-		-		-	6,746
Obligations of states, municipalities and Political subdivisions		-		348		-		-		-	348
Non-U.S. governments		1		395		2		-		-	398
Corporate debt		-		1,658		7		-		-	1,665
RMBS		-		2,534		5		-		-	2,539
CMBS CDO/ABS		-		2,282		294		-		-	2,576 12,093
Total bond trading securities		434		4,198 17,728		7,895 8,203		-		-	26,365
Equity securities available for sale:		404		17,720		0,200		-			20,000
Common stock		4,219		7		36		-		-	4,262
Preferred stock				685		52		-		-	737
Mutual funds		1,800		32		-		-		-	1,832
Total equity securities available for sale		6,019		724		88		-		-	6,831
Equity securities trading:		410		05		- 1					510
Common stock Mutual funds		416 101		95 -		1		-		-	512 101
Total equity securities trading		517		95		1		-		-	613
Mortgage and other loans receivable		-		157		-		-		-	157
Other invested assets <sup>(c)</sup>		1,432		2,869		5,853		-		-	10,154
Unrealized gain on swaps, options and forward transactions:											
Interest rate contracts		-		26,308		207		-		-	26,515
Foreign exchange contracts		-		393		32		-		-	425
Equity contracts		59		567		202 20		-		-	828
Commodity contracts Credit contracts		-		46 3		20 556		-		-	66 559
Other contracts		- 4		562		72		-		-	638
Counterparty netting and cash collateral				- 502		-		(16,816)	(4,83	2)	(21,648)
Total unrealized gain on swaps, options and forward transactions		63		27,879		1,089		(16,816)	(4,83		7,383
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		-		1,615		-		-		-	1,615
Short-term investments		3,986		18,198		-		-		-	22,184
Separate account assets		49,740		2,213		-		-		-	51,953
Other assets		-		13		-		-		-	13
Total	\$	62,808	\$ 3	307,070	\$3	5,908	\$	(16,816)	\$ (4,83	2) \$	384,138
Liabilities:	-										
Policyholder contract deposits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	641	\$	-	\$	- \$	641
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		- 303		3,418 155		-		-		-	3,418 458
Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions:		303		155		-		-		-	450
Interest rate contracts		-		20,214		1,493				_	21,707
Foreign exchange contracts		-		702		3		-		-	705
Equity contracts		3		631		147		-		-	781
Commodity contracts		-		53		-		-		-	53
Credit contracts <sup>(d)</sup>		-		41		5,466		-		-	5,507
Other contracts		-		218		202		-		-	420
Counterparty netting and cash collateral		-		-		-		(16,816)	(6,06	1)	(22,877)
Total unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions		3		21,859		7,311		(16,816)	(6,06	1)	6,296
Trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors		-		16		-		-		-	16
Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Other long-term debt		-		2,285 11,677		- 1,123		-		-	2,285 12,800
Total	\$	306	\$	39,410		9,075	\$	(16,816)			25,914
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## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

At December 31, 2009		_			_	Co	unterparty	Cas		
(in millions)	]	Level 1	Leve	12	Level 3		Netting <sup>(a)</sup>	Collateral <sup>(</sup>	9	Total
Assets:										
Bonds available for sale:										
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$	146	\$ 5,0		\$-	\$	-	\$	- \$	
Obligations of states, municipalities and Political subdivisions		219	53,2		613		-		-	54,102
Non-U.S. governments		312	64,5		753		-		-	65,584
Corporate debt		10	187,3		4,791		-		-	192,138
Residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS)		-	21,6		6,654		-		-	28,324
Commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS)		-	8,3		4,939		-		-	13,289
Collateralized Debt Obligations/Asset Backed Securities (CDO/ABS)		-	2,1		4,724		-		-	6,891
Total bonds available for sale		687	342,3	90	22,474		-		-	365,551
Bond trading securities:										
U.S. government and government sponsored entities		394	6,3		16		-		-	6,727
Obligations of states, municipalities and Political subdivisions		-		71	-		-		-	371
Non-U.S. governments		2	1,3		56		-		-	1,421
Corporate debt		-	5,2		121		-		-	5,326
RMBS		-	3,6		4		-		-	3,675
CMBS		-	2,1		325		-		-	2,477
CDO/ABS		-	4,3		6,865		-		-	11,246
Total bond trading securities		396	23,4	60	7,387		-		-	31,243
Equity securities available for sale:										
Common stock		7,254		9	35		-		-	7,298
Preferred stock		-	7	60	54		-		-	814
Mutual funds		1,348		56	6		-		-	1,410
Total equity securities available for sale		8,602	8	25	95		-		-	9,522
Equity securities trading:										
Common stock		1,254	1	.04	1		-		-	1,359
Mutual funds		6,460	4	92	7		-		-	6,959
Total equity securities trading		7,714	5	96	8		-		-	8,318
Mortgage and other loans receivable		-	1	.19	-		-		-	119
Other invested assets <sup>(c)</sup>		3,322	8.6	56	6,910		-		-	18,888
Unrealized gain on swaps, options and forward transactions		123	32,6		1,761		(19,054)	(6,31	7)	9,130
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		-	2.1		-,		-	(0,01	-	2,154
Short-term investments		1,898	22,0	77	-		-		-	23,975
Separate account assets		56,165	1,9		1		-		-	58,150
Other assets		-	,-	18	270		-		-	288
Total	\$	78,907	\$ 434,8	96	\$ 38,906	\$	(19,054)	\$ (6,31	7) §	527,338
Liabilities:										
Policyholder contract deposits	\$	-	\$	- 3	\$ 5,214	\$	-	\$	- 9	5,214
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	Ť	-	- 3,2			-	-	•	- 7	3,221
Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased		159		71	-		-		-	1,030
Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions <sup><math>(d)</math></sup>		8	24,7		7,826		(19,054)	(8,16	6)	5,403
Trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors		-		15	-,020		(13,034)	(0,10	-	15
Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility		-	2,7		-				-	2,742
Other long-term debt		-	12,3		881		-		-	13,195
Total	\$	167	\$ 43.9		\$ 13,921	\$	(19,054)	\$ (9.14	6) \$	,
10(d)	\$	10/	\$ 43,5	52	ə 15,921	Э	(19,054)	¢ (8,16	U) 3	30,620

(a) Represents netting of derivative exposures covered by a qualifying master netting agreement.

(b) Represents cash collateral posted and received. Securities collateral posted for derivative transactions that is reflected in Fixed maturity securities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet, and collateral received, not reflected in the Consolidated Balance Sheet, were \$1.4 billion and \$125 million, respectively, at March 31, 2010 and \$1.6 billion and \$289 million, respectively, at December 31, 2009.

(c) Approximately 5 percent and 6 percent of the fair value of the assets recorded as Level 3 relates to various private equity, real estate, hedge fund and fund-of-funds investments that are consolidated by AIG at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. AIG's ownership in these funds represented 51.7 percent, or \$0.8 billion, of Level 3 assets at March 31, 2010 and 71.1 percent, or \$1.6 billion, of Level 3 assets at December 31, 2009.

(d) Included in Level 3 is the fair value derivative liability of \$4.6 billion and \$4.8 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, on the AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio.

#### Transfers of Level 1 and Level 2 Assets and Liabilities

AIG had no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the three-month period ended March 31, 2010.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### **Changes in Level 3 Recurring Fair Value Measurements**

The following tables present changes during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 in Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, and the realized and unrealized gains (losses) recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) during those periods related to the Level 3 assets and liabilities that remained on the Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2010 and 2009:

(in millions)	Bala Beginr of Perio	ing	Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Income <sup>(b)</sup>	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settlements- Net	Trans	sfers <sup>(c)</sup>	Activity of Discontinued Operations	Reclassified to Assets of Businesses Held for Sale	Balance End of Period	Changes in Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Instruments Held at End of Period
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010				. ,				-			
Assets:											
Bonds available for sale:											
Obligations of states, municipalities and political											
subdivisions	\$	613	\$ (14)	\$ (7)	\$ 109	\$	257	\$ (10)	<b>\$</b> -	\$ 948	<b>s</b> -
Non-U.S. governments		753	ψ (14)	φ ()	φ 105	Ψ	207	35	(783		Ψ
Corporate debt		791	(19)	86	(67)		(660)	(47)	(167		
RMBS		654	(119)	442	(142)		31	(47)	(31		
CMBS		939	(480)	816	(133)		509	306	(1,561		
CDO/ABS		724	21	234	(133)		31	27	(445		-
				-	. ,						-
Total bonds available for sale	22,	474	(611)	1,571	(249)		168	308	(2,987	20,674	-
Bond trading securities: U.S. government and government sponsored entities Non-U.S. governments		16 56	-	-	- (50)		- 2	(16)	- (6	- 2	-
Corporate debt		121	1	-	(50)		-	(5)	(110		1
RMBS		4	1		-		-	(3)	(110	5	1
CMBS		325	40	_	(7)		34	2	(100		101
CDO/ABS		865	1,117		(87)		94	20	(100		549
					. ,		-			,	
Total bond trading securities	7,	387	1,159	-	(144)		36	1	(236	8,203	652
Equity securities available for sale:											
Common stock		35	(2)	5	1		-	-	(3	36	-
Preferred stock		54	(5)	2	-		1	-	-	52	-
Mutual funds		6	-	-	-		-	-	(6	) –	-
Total equity securities available for sale		95	(7)	7	1		1	_	(9	88	_
Equity securities trading:			(•)						(*		
Common stock		1	-	_	-		-	-	_	1	
Mutual funds		7		-							-
			-		-		-	(1)	(6		
Total equity securities trading		8	-	-	-		-	(1)	(6		-
Other invested assets	6,	910	(131)	283	(926)		(98)	(3)	(182	5,853	(28)
Other assets		270	-	-	(270)		-	-	-	-	-
Separate account assets		1	-	-	-		-	-	(1	) -	-
Total	\$ 37,	145	\$ 410	\$ 1,861	\$ (1,588)	\$	107	\$ 305	\$ (3,421	\$ 34,819	\$ 624
	÷,		•	+ -,	÷ (1,000)	-			÷ (0).==	,,	• •=•
Liabilities:										*	
Policyholder contract deposits Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions, net:		214)		\$-	- ()	\$	-	\$ 32	\$ 4,427		. ,
Interest rate contracts	(1,	469)	98	-	96		(11)	-	-	(1,286	
Foreign exchange contracts		29	-	-	-		-	-	-	29	3
Equity contracts		74	(10)	-	-		(9)	-	-	55	(6)
Commodity contracts		22	(2)	-	-		-	-	-	20	(2)
Credit contracts		545)	164	-	(529)		-	-	-	(4,910)	
Other contracts	(	176)	41	-	(3)		-	1	7	(130	(3)
Total unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions, net	(6,	065)	291	-	(436)		(20)	1	7	(6,222)	(10)
Other long-term debt	(	881)	(135)	-	555		(662)	-	-	(1,123	136
Total		160)	( )		\$ 81	\$	(682)	\$ 33	\$ 4,434		
1014	<b>N</b> (12)	1001	308	S -			(682)		3 4.434	a) 17,986	<b>\$</b> (15)

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(in millions)	Balance eginning Period <sup>(a)</sup>	Net ealized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included n Income <sup>(b)</sup>	Co	Accumulated Other mprehensive ncome (Loss)	]	Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settlements- Net	Tra	nsfers <sup>(c)</sup>	Activity of scontinued Operations	Balance End f Period	Changes in Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Instruments Held at End of Period
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009											
Assets:											
Bonds available for sale	\$ 18,826	\$ (1,019)	\$	614	\$	(898)	\$	272	\$ 58	\$ 17,853	\$ -
Bond trading securities	6,987	(2,544)		-		(197)		49	(15)	4,280	(1,586)
Common and preferred stock available for sale	111	(3)		-		(3)		7	(12)	100	-
Common and preferred stock trading	3	-		-		-		-	3	6	-
Other invested assets	11,168	(936)		(687)		252		(109)	-	9,688	(980)
Other assets	325	6		-		(20)		-	-	311	6
Separate account assets	830	-		-		1		-	(34)	797	-
Total	\$ 38,250	\$ (4,496)	\$	(73)	\$	(865)	\$	219	\$ -	\$ 33,035	\$ (2,560)
Liabilities:											
Policyholder contract deposits	\$ (5,458)	\$ 217	\$	-	\$	(19)	\$	-	\$ (297)	\$ (5,557)	\$ 2,094
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	(85)	2		-		36		-	-	(47)	(12)
Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions, net	(10,570)	(1,312)		-		277		(252)	1	(11,856)	(1,069)
Other long-term debt	(1,147)	442		-		122		52	-	(531)	(420)
Total	\$ (17,260)	\$ (651)	\$	-	\$	416	\$	(200)	\$ (296)	\$ (17,991)	\$ 593

(a) Total Level 3 derivative exposures have been netted in these tables for presentation purposes only.

(b) Net realized and unrealized gains and losses related to Level 3 items shown above are reported in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) primarily as follows:

Major Category of Assets/Liabilities	Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) Line Items
Bonds available for sale	Net realized capital gains (losses)
Bond trading securities	<ul><li>Net investment income</li><li>Other income</li></ul>
Other invested assets	<ul> <li>Net realized capital gains (losses)</li> <li>Other income</li> </ul>
Policyholder contract deposits	<ul> <li>Policyholder benefits and claims incurred</li> <li>Net realized capital gains (losses)</li> </ul>
Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions, net	<ul> <li>Unrealized market valuation gains (losses) on AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio</li> <li>Net realized capital gains (losses)</li> <li>Other income</li> </ul>

(c) Transfers for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are comprised of gross transfers into Level 3 assets and liabilities of \$2.0 billion and gross transfers out of Level 3 assets and liabilities of \$1.2 billion. AIG's policy is to record transfers of assets and liabilities into or out of Level 3 at their fair values as of the end of each reporting period, consistent with the date of the determination of fair value. As a result, the Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) included in income or other comprehensive income and as shown in the table above exclude \$6.6 million of net losses related to assets and liabilities transferred into Level 3 during the period, and include \$33 million of net gains related to assets and liabilities transferred out of Level 3 during the period.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair values of positions classified in Level 3 in the tables above. As a result, the unrealized gains (losses) on instruments held at March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable (e.g., changes in market interest rates) and unobservable inputs (e.g., changes in unobservable long-dated volatilities).

#### Transfers of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

AIG's policy is to transfer assets and liabilities into Level 3 when a significant input cannot be corroborated with market observable data. This may include: circumstances in which market activity has dramatically decreased and transparency to underlying inputs cannot be observed, current prices are not available, and substantial price variances in quotations among market participants exist.

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. AIG's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment. In making the assessment, AIG considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIG transferred into Level 3 approximately \$1.2 billion of assets, consisting of certain ABS, CMBS and RMBS, as well as private placement corporate debt and certain municipal bonds related to SunAmerica Affordable Housing partnerships. A majority of the transfers into Level 3 related to investments in ABS, RMBS and CMBS and was due to a decrease in market transparency and downward credit migration in these securities. Transfers into Level 3 for private placement corporate debt are primarily the result of AIG overriding third party matrix pricing information downward to better reflect the additional risk premium associated with those securities that AIG believes was not captured in the matrix. Certain municipal bonds were transferred into Level 3 based on limited market activity for the particular issuances and related limitations on observable inputs for their valuation.

Assets are transferred out of Level 3 when circumstances change such that significant inputs can be corroborated with market observable data. This may be due to a significant increase in market activity for the asset, a specific event, one or more significant input(s) becoming observable, or when a long-term interest rate significant to a valuation becomes short-term and thus observable. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIG transferred approximately \$1.1 billion of assets out of Level 3. These transfers out of Level 3 are primarily related to investments in private placement corporate debt, as well as investments in certain ABS and RMBS. Transfers out of Level 3 for private placement corporate debt and for ABS were primarily the result of AIG using observable pricing information or a third party pricing quote that appropriately reflects the fair value of those securities, without the need for adjustment based on AIG's own assumptions regarding the characteristics of a specific security or the current liquidity in the market. Transfers out of Level 3 for RMBS investments were primarily due to increased usage of pricing from valuation service providers that were reflective of market activity, where previously an internally adjusted price had been used.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIG transferred into Level 3 approximately \$710 million of liabilities related to term notes and hybrid term notes, primarily due to an unobservable credit linked component comprising a significant amount of the valuations. The remaining \$64 million transfer in was due to movement in market variables. A majority of the transfers out of Level 3 liabilities, which totaled \$92 million, were due to recognition of the cash flow variability on interest rate and cross currency swaps with securitization vehicles. Other transfers out of Level 3 liabilities were due to movement in market variables.

AIG uses various hedging techniques to manage risks associated with certain positions, including those classified within Level 3. Such techniques may include the purchase or sale of financial instruments that are classified within Level 1 and/or Level 2. As a result, the realized and unrealized gains (losses) for assets and liabilities classified within Level 3 presented in the table above do not reflect the related realized or unrealized gains (losses) on hedging instruments that are classified within Level 1 and/or Level 2.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Investments in certain entities carried at fair value using net asset value per share

The following table includes information related to AIG's investments in certain other invested assets, including private equity funds, hedge funds and other alternative investments that calculate net asset value per share (or its equivalent). For these investments, which are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis, AIG uses the net asset value per share as a practical expedient for fair value.

		March 3	51, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	Decembe	er 31, 2009
(in millions)	Investment Category Includes	Fair Value Using Net Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments	Fair Value Using Net Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments
Investment Category					
Private equity funds: Leveraged buyout	Debt and/or equity investments made as part of a transaction in which assets of mature companies are acquired from the current shareholders, typically with the use of financial leverage.	\$ 2,538	\$ 1,532	\$ 3,166	\$ 1,553
Non-U.S.	Investments that focus primarily on Asian and European based buyouts, expansion capital, special situations, turnarounds, venture capital, mezzanine and distressed opportunities strategies.	360	105	543	103
Venture capital	Early-stage, high-potential, growth companies expected to generate a return through an eventual realization event, such as an initial public offering or sale of the company.	281	47	427	48
Fund of funds	Funds that invest in other funds, which invest in various diversified strategies	794	166	616	40
Distressed	Securities of companies that are already in default, under bankruptcy protection, or troubled.	215	94	238	91
Other	Real estate, energy, multi-strategy, mezzanine, and industry-focused strategies.	230	130	223	117
Total private equity funds		4,418	2,074	5,213	1,952
<i>Hedge funds:</i> Event-driven	Securities of companies undergoing material structural changes, including. mergers, acquisitions, and other reorganizations.	718	-	1,373	-
Long-short	Securities the manager believes are undervalued, with corresponding short positions to hedge market risk.	352		825	
Fund of funds	Funds that invest in other funds, which invest in various diversified strategies.	290		304	
Relative value	Simultaneous long and short positions in closely related markets.	9		286	
Distressed	Securities of companies that are already in default, under bankruptcy protection, or troubled.	297		272	
Other	Non-U.S. companies, futures and commodities, and multi-strategy and industry-focused strategies.	225		394	
Total hedge funds		1,891	-	3,454	-
Global real estate funds	U.S. and Non-U.S. commercial real estate.	899	87	929	64
Total		\$ 7,208 <sup>(b</sup>	9 \$ 2,161	\$ 9,596(1	o) \$ 2,016

(a) Due to the sale of the investment advisory business, certain partnerships and hedge funds are no longer carried at net asset value per share.

(b) Includes investments of entities classified as held for sale of approximately \$0.1 billion and \$1.1 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

At March 31, 2010, private equity fund investments included above are not redeemable during the lives of the funds, and have expected remaining lives that extend in some cases more than 10 years. At that date, 43 percent of the total above have expected remaining lives of less than three years, 35 percent between 3 and 7 years, and

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

22 percent between 7 and 10 years. Expected lives are based upon legal maturity, which can be extended at the general manager's discretion, typically in one year increments.

At March 31, 2010, hedge fund investments included above are redeemable monthly (11 percent), quarterly (34 percent), semi-annually (11 percent) and annually (44 percent), with redemption notices ranging from 1 day to 180 days. More than 77 percent require redemption notices of less than 90 days. Investments representing approximately 14 percent of the value of the hedge fund investments cannot be redeemed because the investments include restrictions that do not allow for redemptions within a pre-defined timeframe. These restrictions expire no later than December 31, 2012. Funds that equate to 62 percent of the total value of hedge funds hold at least one investment that the general manager deems to be illiquid. In order to treat investors fairly and to accommodate subsequent subscription and redemption requests, the general manager isolates these illiquid assets from the rest of the fund until the assets become liquid.

At March 31, 2010, global real estate fund investments included above are not redeemable during the lives of the funds, and have expected remaining lives that extend in some cases more than 10 years. Twelve percent of these funds have expected remaining lives of less than three years, 69 percent between 3 and 7 years, and 19 percent between 7 and 10 years. Expected lives are based upon legal maturity, which can be extended at the general manager's discretion, typically in one year increments.

#### Fair Value Measurements on a Non-Recurring Basis

AIG also measures the fair value of certain assets on a non-recurring basis, generally quarterly, annually, or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. These assets include cost and equity-method investments, life settlement contracts, flight equipment primarily under operating leases, collateral securing foreclosed loans and real estate and other fixed assets, goodwill, and other intangible assets. AIG uses a variety of techniques to measure the fair value of these assets when appropriate, as described below:

- *Cost and Equity-Method Investments:* When AIG determines that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable, AIG records the assets at fair value with the loss recognized in earnings. In such cases, AIG measures the fair value of these assets using the techniques discussed in Valuation Methodologies, above, for Other invested assets.
- *Life Settlement Contracts:* AIG measures the fair value of individual life settlement contracts (which are included in other invested assets) whenever the carrying value plus the undiscounted future costs that are expected to be incurred to keep the life settlement contract in force exceed the expected proceeds from the contract. In those situations, the fair value is determined on a discounted cash flow basis, incorporating current life expectancy assumptions. The discount rate incorporates current information about market interest rates, the credit exposure to the insurance company that issued the life settlement contract and AIG's estimate of the risk margin an investor in the contracts would require.
- Flight Equipment Primarily Under Operating Leases: When AIG determines the carrying value of its commercial aircraft may not be recoverable, AIG records the aircraft at fair value with the loss recognized in earnings. AIG measures the fair value of its commercial aircraft using an earnings approach based on the present value of all cash flows from existing and projected lease payments (based on historical experience and current expectations regarding market participants), including net contingent rentals for the period extending to the end of the aircraft's economic life in its highest and best use configuration, plus its disposition value.
- *Collateral Securing Foreclosed Loans and Real Estate and Other Fixed Assets:* When AIG takes collateral in connection with foreclosed loans, AIG generally bases its estimate of fair value on the price that would be received in a current transaction to sell the asset by itself, by reference to observable transactions for similar assets.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

- *Goodwill:* AIG tests goodwill annually for impairment or more frequently whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of goodwill may not be recoverable. When AIG determines goodwill may be impaired, AIG uses techniques including market-based earning multiples of peer companies, discounted expected future cash flows, appraisals, or, in the case of reporting units being considered for sale, third-party indications of fair value of the reporting unit, if available, to determine the amount of any impairment.
- *Long-Lived Assets:* AIG tests its long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of a long-lived asset may not be recoverable. AIG measures the fair value of long-lived assets based on an in-use premise that considers the same factors used to estimate the fair value of its real estate and other fixed assets under an in-use premise.
- Finance Receivables:
  - Originated as held for sale AIG determines the fair value of finance receivables originated as held for sale by reference to available market indicators such as current investor yield requirements, outstanding forward sale commitments, or negotiations with prospective purchasers, if any.
  - Originated as held for investment AIG determines the fair value of finance receivables originated as held for investment based on negotiations with prospective purchasers, if any, or by using projected cash flows discounted at the weighted average interest rates offered in the marketplace for similar finance receivables. Cash flows are projected based on contractual payment terms, adjusted for delinquencies and estimates of prepayments and credit-related losses.
  - Businesses Held for Sale: When AIG determines that a business qualifies as held for sale and AIG's carrying amount is greater than the sale price less cost to sell, AIG records an impairment loss for the difference.

# The following table presents assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis on which impairment charges were recorded, and the related impairment charges:

				Assets at 1	Faiı	r Value		Impairment Charges Three Months Ended March 31,				
	_		]	Non-Recu	rrin	ıg Basis						
(in millions)		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total		2010		2009	
At March 31, 2010												
Investment real estate	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,804	\$ 2,804	\$	284	\$	158	
Other investments		-		-		757	757		73		290	
Aircraft		-		-		1,881	1,881		347		-	
Other assets		-		-		173	173		18		72	
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,615	\$ 5,615	\$	722	\$	520	
At December 31, 2009												
Investment real estate	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,148	\$ 3,148					
Finance receivables		-		-		694	694					
Other investments		99		-		1,005	1,104					
Aircraft		-		-		62	62					
Other assets		-		85		227	312					
Total	\$	99	\$	85	\$	5,136	\$ 5,320					

The fair value disclosed in the table above is unadjusted for transaction costs. The amounts recorded on the consolidated balance sheet are net of transaction costs.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## Fair Value Option

AIG may choose to measure at fair value many financial instruments and certain other assets and liabilities that are not required to be measured at fair value. Subsequent changes in fair value for designated items are required to be reported in earnings. Unrealized gains and losses on financial instruments in AIG's insurance businesses and in AIGFP for which the fair value option was elected are classified in Other income in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

# The following table presents the gains or losses recorded during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 related to the eligible instruments for which AIG elected the fair value option:

	Gain (Loss) T M	hree Mon arch 31,	ths Ended
(in millions)	20	10	2009
Assets:			
Mortgage and other loans receivable	\$	IO \$	(47)
Trading securities	1,4	87	(1,671)
Trading – Maiden Lane Interests	9	1	(2,194)
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		(4)	(16)
Other invested assets	(1	LO)	(22)
Short-term investments		-	(2)
Liabilities:			
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		52	121
Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased	(1	L <b>8</b> )	(34)
Trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors		-	11
Debt	(44	35)	2,587
Other liabilities		-	138
Total gain (loss) <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	\$ 1,9	23 \$	(1,129)

(a) Excludes businesses held for sale in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(b) Not included in the table above were gains of \$13 million and \$1.4 billion for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, that were primarily due to changes in the fair value of derivatives, trading securities and certain other invested assets for which the fair value option was not elected. Included in these amounts were unrealized market valuation gains of \$119 million and unrealized market valuation losses of \$452 million for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, related to AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio.

Interest income and expense and dividend income on assets and liabilities elected under the fair value option are recognized and classified in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) depending on the nature of the instrument and related market conventions. For AIGFP related activity, interest, dividend income, and interest expense are included in Other income. Otherwise, interest and dividend income are included in Net investment income in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss). See Note 1(a) to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information about AIG's policies for recognition, measurement, and disclosure of interest and dividend income and interest expense.

During the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, AIG recognized a loss of \$378 million and a gain of \$1.2 billion, respectively, attributable to the observable effect of changes in credit spreads on AIG's own liabilities for which the fair value option was elected. AIG calculates the effect of these credit spread changes using discounted cash flow techniques that incorporate current market interest rates, AIG's observable credit spreads on these liabilities and other factors that mitigate the risk of nonperformance such as collateral posted.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

The following table presents the difference between fair values and the aggregate contractual principal amounts of mortgage and other loans receivable and long-term borrowings, for which the fair value option was elected:

		At March 31, 2010		9					
	 Fair	Outstanding			Fair		Outstanding		
(in millions)	Value	Principal Amount	Diffei	rence	Value	Princij	pal Amount	Diffe	erence
Assets:									
Mortgage and other loans receivable	\$ 157	\$ 258	\$	(101) \$	119	\$	253	\$	(134)
Liabilities:									
Long-term debt	\$ 11,094	\$ 9,755	<b>\$</b>	1,339 \$	11,308	\$	10,111	\$	1,197

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, there were no significant mortgage or other loans receivable for which the fair value option was elected that were 90 days or more past due and in non-accrual status.

#### Fair Value Information about Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

Information regarding the estimation of fair value for financial instruments not carried at fair value (excluding insurance contracts and lease contracts) is discussed below:

- *Mortgage and other loans receivable:* Fair values of loans on real estate and collateral loans were estimated for disclosure purposes using discounted cash flow calculations based upon discount rates that AIG believes market participants would use in determining the price they would pay for such assets. For certain loans, AIG's current incremental lending rates for similar type loans is used as the discount rate, as it is believed that this rate approximates the rates market participants would use. The fair values of policy loans were not estimated as AIG believes it would have to expend excessive costs for the benefits derived.
- *Finance receivables:* Fair values of net finance receivables, less allowance for finance receivable losses, were estimated for disclosure purposes using projected cash flows, computed by category of finance receivable, discounted at the weighted average interest rates offered for similar finance receivables at the balance sheet date. Cash flows were projected based on contractual payment terms adjusted for delinquencies and estimates of losses. The fair value estimates do not reflect the underlying customer relationships or the related distribution systems.
- *Cash, short-term investments, trade receivables, trade payables, securities purchased (sold) under agreements to resell (repurchase), and commercial paper and other short-term debt:* The carrying values of these assets and liabilities approximate fair values because of the relatively short period of time between origination and expected realization.
- Policyholder contract deposits associated with investment-type contracts: Fair values for policyholder contract deposits associated with investment-type contracts not accounted for at fair value were estimated for disclosure purposes using discounted cash flow calculations based upon interest rates currently being offered for similar contracts with maturities consistent with those remaining for the contracts being valued. Where no similar contracts are being offered, the discount rate is the appropriate tenor swap rates (if available) or current risk-free interest rates consistent with the currency in which the cash flows are denominated.
- *Trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors:* The fair values of certificates of deposit which mature in more than one year are estimated for disclosure purposes using discounted cash flow calculations based upon interest rates currently offered for deposits with similar maturities. For demand deposits and certificates of deposit which mature in less than one year, carrying values approximate fair value.
- *Long-term debt*: Fair values of these obligations were determined for disclosure purposes by reference to quoted market prices, where available and appropriate, or discounted cash flow calculations based upon

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

AIG's current market-observable implicit-credit-spread rates for similar types of borrowings with maturities consistent with those remaining for the debt being valued.

## The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of AIG's financial instruments:

	March 31	, 2010	December 3	31, 2009
(in millions)	 Carrying Value	Fair Value	 Carrying Value	Fair Value
Assets:				
Fixed maturities	\$ 283,235	\$ 283,235	\$ 396,794	\$ 396,794
Equity securities	7,444	7,444	17,840	17,840
Mortgage and other loans receivable	22,533	21,536	27,461	25,957
Finance receivables, net of allowance	18,912	17,234	20,327	18,974
Other invested assets <sup>*</sup>	31,784	30,776	43,737	42,474
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	1,615	1,615	2,154	2,154
Short-term investments	38,800	38,800	47,263	47,263
Cash	2,133	2,133	4,400	4,400
Unrealized gain on swaps, options and forward transactions	7,383	7,383	9,130	9,130
Liabilities:				
Policyholder contract deposits associated with investment-type contracts	108,096	115,581	168,846	175,612
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	3,418	3,418	3,505	3,505
Securities and spot commodities sold but not yet purchased	458	458	1,030	1,030
Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward transactions	6,296	6,296	5,403	5,403
Trust deposits and deposits due to banks and other depositors	1,030	1,030	1,641	1,641
Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility	2,285	2,285	4,739	4,739
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility	27,400	27,916	23,435	23,390
Other long-term debt	109,744	108,707	113,298	94,458

Excludes aircraft asset investments held by non-Financial Services subsidiaries.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

6. Investments

## **Securities Available for Sale**

The following table presents the amortized cost or cost and fair value of AIG's available for sale securities:

(in millions)	A	mortized Cost or Cost	Um	Gross realized Gains	U	Gross nrealized Losses	Fair Value	Te Imp	er-Than- emporary pairments h AOCI <sup>(a)</sup>
March 31, 2010									
Bonds available for sale:									
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$	4,777	\$	106	\$	(27)	\$ 4,856	\$	-
Obligations of states, municipalities and political subdivisions		50,427		2,018		(292)	52,153		-
Non-U.S. governments		23,305		725		(213)	23,817		(1)
Corporate debt		127,707		8,507		(1,862)	134,352		14
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized:									
RMBS		30,089		1,027		(3,897)	27,219		(1,595)
CMBS		10,869		256		(3,180)	7,945		(451)
CDO/ABS		7,242		324		(1,038)	6,528		64
Total mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized		48,200		1,607		(8,115)	41,692		(1,982)
Total bonds available for sale <sup>(b)</sup>		254,416		12,963		(10,509)	256,870		(1,969)
Equity securities available for sale:									
Common stock		2,511		1,770		(19)	4,262		-
Preferred stock		635		103		(1)	737		-
Mutual funds		1,736		102		(6)	1,832		-
Total equity securities available for sale		4,882		1,975		(26)	6,831		-
Total <sup>(c)</sup>	\$	259,298	\$	14,938	\$	(10,535)	\$ 263,701	\$	(1,969)
December 31, 2009									
Bonds available for sale:									
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$	5,098	\$	174	\$	(49)	\$ 5,223	\$	-
Obligations of states, municipalities and political subdivisions		52,324		2,163		(385)	54,102		-
Non-U.S. governments		63,080		3,153		(649)	65,584		(1)
Corporate debt		185,188		10,826		(3,876)	192,138		119
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized:									
RMBS		32,173		991		(4,840)	28,324		(2,121)
CMBS		18,717		195		(5,623)	13,289		(739)
CDO/ABS		7,911		284		(1,304)	6,891		(63)
Total mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized		58,801		1,470		(11,767)	48,504		(2,923)
Total bonds available for sale <sup>(b)</sup>		364,491		17,786		(16,726)	365,551		(2,805)
Equity securities available for sale:									
Common stock		4,460		2,913		(75)	7,298		-
Preferred stock		740		94		(20)	814		-
Mutual funds		1,264		182		(36)	1,410		-
Total equity securities available for sale		6,464		3,189		(131)	9,522		-
Total <sup>(c)</sup>	\$	370,955	\$	20,975	\$	(16,857)	\$ 375,073	\$	(2,805)

(a) Represents the amount of other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income, which, starting on April 1, 2009, were not included in earnings. Amount includes unrealized gains and losses on impaired securities relating to changes in the value of such securities subsequent to the impairment measurement date.

(b) At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, bonds available for sale held by AIG that were below investment grade or not rated totaled \$18.2 billion and \$24.5 billion, respectively.

(c) Excludes \$163.0 billion and \$36.1 billion of available for sale investments at fair value from businesses held for sale at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. See Note 3 herein.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

### Unrealized losses on Securities Available for Sale

The following table summarizes the fair value and gross unrealized losses on AIG's available for sale securities, aggregated by major investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	12 Mon	ths or Less	More the	an 12 Months	Т	otal
		Gross		Gross		Gross
	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
(in millions)	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
March 31, 2010*						
Bonds available for sale:						
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$ 2,088	\$ 21	<b>\$</b> 123	\$6	\$ 2,211	\$ 27
Obligations of states, municipalities and political subdivisions	4,885	100	3,003	192	7,888	292
Non-U.S. governments	3,851	110	824	103	4,675	213
Corporate debt	16,165	640	13,341	1,222	29,506	1,862
RMBS	4,876	1,609	7,572	2,288	12,448	3,897
CMBS	1,854	1,224	3,428	1,956	5,282	3,180
CDO/ABS	1,441	379	2,443	659	3,884	1,038
Total bonds available for sale	35,160	4,083	30,734	6,426	65,894	10,509
Equity securities available for sale:						
Common stock	152	19	-	-	152	19
Preferred stock	7	1	-	-	7	1
Mutual funds	109	6	-	-	109	6
Total equity securities available for sale	268	26	-	-	268	26
Total	\$ 35,428	\$ 4,109	\$ 30,734	\$ 6,426	\$ 66,162	\$ 10,535
December 31, 2009*						
Bonds available for sale:						
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$ 1,414	\$ 35	\$ 105	\$ 14	\$ 1,519	\$ 49
Obligations of states, municipalities and political subdivisions	5,405	132	3,349	253	8,754	385
Non-U.S. governments	7,842	239	3,286	410	11,128	649
Corporate debt	24,696	1,386	22,139	2,490	46,835	3,876
RMBS	7,135	3,051	6,352	1,789	13,487	4,840
CMBS	5,013	3,927	4,528	1,696	9,541	5,623
CDO/ABS	2,809	1,119	1,693	185	4,502	1,304
Total bonds available for sale	54,314	9,889	41,452	6,837	95,766	16,726
Equity securities available for sale:						
Common stock	933	75	-	-	933	75
Preferred stock	172	20	-	-	172	20
Mutual funds	333	36	-	-	333	36
Total equity securities available for sale	1,438	131	-	-	1,438	131
Total	\$ 55,752	\$ 10,020	\$ 41,452	\$ 6,837	\$ 97,204	\$ 16,857

Excludes fixed maturity and equity securities of businesses held for sale. See Note 3 herein.

At March 31, 2010, AIG held 8,229 and 392 of individual fixed maturity and equity securities, respectively, that were in an unrealized loss position, of which 3,945 individual securities were in a continuous unrealized loss position for longer than twelve months.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

AIG did not recognize in earnings the unrealized losses on these fixed maturity securities at March 31, 2010, because management neither intends to sell the securities nor does it believe that it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis. Furthermore, management expects to recover the entire amortized cost basis of these securities. In performing this evaluation, management considered the recovery periods for securities in previous periods of broad market declines. For fixed maturity securities with significant declines, management performed fundamental credit analysis on a security-by-security basis, which included consideration of credit enhancements, expected defaults on underlying collateral, review of relevant industry analyst reports and forecasts and other available market data.

#### **Contractual Maturities**

The following table presents the amortized cost and fair value of fixed maturity securities available for sale by contractual maturity:

	A	Total Fixed vailable for S	0	Se	Fixed M curities in a	5
March 31, 2010 (in millions)		Amortized Cost	Fair Value		Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$	10,516	\$ 10,766	\$	1,698	\$ 1,666
Due after one year through five years		52,935	55,234		11,151	10,538
Due after five years through ten years		64,693	67,641		12,825	12,239
Due after ten years		78,072	81,537		21,000	19,837
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized		48,200	41,692		29,729	21,614
Total	\$	254,416	\$ 256,870	\$	76,403	\$ 65,894

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because certain borrowers have the right to call or prepay certain obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

The following table presents the gross realized gains and gross realized losses from sales of AIG's available for sale securities:

	Three Months Ended March 31,										
	 20	)10		2009			<u> </u>				
	 Gross Realized		Gross Realized		Gross Realized		Gross Realized				
(in millions)	Gains		Losses		Gains		Losses				
Fixed maturities	\$ 369	\$	74	\$	355	\$	355				
Equity securities	114		4		63		120				
Total	\$ 483	\$	78	\$	418	\$	475				

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, the aggregate fair value of available for sale securities sold at a loss was \$883 million, which resulted in a net realized capital loss of \$63 million. The average periods of time that securities sold at a loss during the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 were trading continuously at a price below cost or amortized cost was approximately four months.

#### **Evaluating Investments for Other-Than-Temporary Impairments**

On April 1, 2009, AIG adopted a new accounting standard on a prospective basis addressing the evaluation of fixed maturity securities for other-thantemporary impairments. These requirements have significantly altered AIG's policies and procedures for determining impairment charges recognized through earnings. The new standard requires a company to recognize the credit component (a credit impairment) of an other-than-temporary

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

impairment of a fixed maturity security in earnings and the non-credit component in Accumulated other comprehensive income when the company does not intend to sell the security or it is more likely than not that the company will not be required to sell the security prior to recovery. The new standard also changes the threshold for determining when an other-than-temporary impairment has occurred on a fixed maturity security with respect to intent and ability to hold the security until recovery and requires additional disclosures. A credit impairment, which is recognized in earnings when it occurs, is the difference between the amortized cost of the fixed maturity security and the estimated present value of cash flows expected to be collected (recovery value), as determined by management. The difference between fair value and amortized cost that is not related to a credit impairment is recognized as a separate component of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). AIG refers to both credit impairments and impairments recognized as a result of intent to sell as "impairment charges." The impairment model for equity securities was not affected by the new standard.

#### Impairment Policy — Effective April 1, 2009 and Thereafter

#### Fixed Maturity Securities

If AIG intends to sell a fixed maturity security or it is more likely than not that AIG will be required to sell a fixed maturity security before recovery of its amortized cost basis and the fair value of the security is below amortized cost, an other-than-temporary impairment has occurred and the amortized cost is written down to current fair value, with a corresponding charge to earnings.

For all other fixed maturity securities for which a credit impairment has occurred, the amortized cost is written down to the estimated recovery value with a corresponding charge to earnings. Changes in fair value compared to recovery value, if any, are charged to unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of fixed maturity investments on which other-than-temporary credit impairments were taken (a component of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)).

When assessing AIG's intent to sell a fixed maturity security, or whether it is more likely than not that AIG will be required to sell a fixed maturity security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, management evaluates relevant facts and circumstances including, but not limited to, decisions to reposition AIG's investment portfolio, sales of securities to meet cash flow needs and sales of securities to capitalize on favorable pricing.

AIG considers severe price declines and the duration of such price declines in its assessment of potential credit impairments. AIG also modifies its modeled outputs for certain securities when it determines that price declines are indicative of factors not accounted for in the cash flow models.

In periods subsequent to the recognition of an other-than-temporary impairment charge that is not foreign exchange related for available for sale fixed maturity securities, AIG generally prospectively accretes into earnings over the remaining expected holding period of the security the difference between the new amortized cost and the expected undiscounted recovery value.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## Credit Impairments

The following table presents a rollforward of the credit impairments recognized in earnings for available for sale fixed maturity securities held by AIG<sup>(a)</sup>:

(in millions)	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 7,803
Increases due to:	
Credit impairments on new securities subject to impairment losses	137
Additional credit impairments on previously impaired securities	601
Reductions due to:	
Credit impaired securities fully disposed for which there was no prior intent or requirement to sell	(381)
Credit impaired securities for which there is a current intent or anticipated requirement to sell	(2)
Accretion on securities previously impaired due to credit <sup>(b)</sup>	(95)
Foreign exchange translation adjustments	(5)
Activity of discontinued operations	(76)
Impairments on securities reclassified to Assets of businesses held for sale	(709)
Balance, end of period	\$ 7,273

(a) Includes structured, corporate, municipal and sovereign fixed maturity securities.

(b) Represents accretion recognized due to changes in cash flows expected to be collected over the remaining expected term of the credit impaired securities as well as the accretion due to the passage of time.

In assessing whether a credit impairment has occurred for a structured fixed maturity security, AIG performs evaluations of expected future cash flows. Certain critical assumptions are made with respect to the performance of the securities.

When estimating future cash flows for a structured fixed maturity security (e.g. RMBS, CMBS, CDO, ABS) management considers historical performance of underlying assets and available market information as well as bond-specific structural considerations, such as credit enhancement and priority of payment structure of the security. In addition, the process of estimating future cash flows includes, but is not limited to, the following critical inputs, which vary by asset class:

- Current delinquency rates;
- Expected default rates and timing of such defaults;
- Loss severity and timing of any such recovery;
- Expected prepayment speeds; and
- Ratings of securities underlying structured products.

For corporate, municipal and sovereign fixed maturity securities determined to be credit impaired, management considers the fair value as the recovery value when available information does not indicate that another value is more relevant or reliable. When management identifies information that supports a recovery value other than the fair value, the determination of a recovery value considers scenarios specific to the issuer and the security, and may be based upon estimates of outcomes of corporate restructurings, political and macro economic factors, stability and financial strength of the issuer, the value of any secondary sources of repayment and the disposition of assets.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### Equity Securities

The impairment model for equity securities and other cost and equity method investments was not affected by the adoption of the new accounting standard related to other-than-temporary impairments in the second quarter of 2009. AIG continues to evaluate its available for sale equity securities, equity method and cost method investments for impairment by considering such securities as candidates for other-than-temporary impairment if they meet any of the following criteria:

- The security has traded at a significant (25 percent or more) discount to cost for an extended period of time (nine consecutive months or longer);
- A discrete credit event has occurred resulting in (i) the issuer defaulting on a material outstanding obligation; (ii) the issuer seeking protection from creditors under the bankruptcy laws or any similar laws intended for court supervised reorganization of insolvent enterprises; or (iii) the issuer proposing a voluntary reorganization pursuant to which creditors are asked to exchange their claims for cash or securities having a fair value substantially lower than par value of their claims; or
- AIG has concluded that it may not realize a full recovery on its investment, regardless of the occurrence of one of the foregoing events.

The determination that an equity security is other-than-temporarily impaired requires the judgment of management and consideration of the fundamental condition of the issuer, its near-term prospects and all the relevant facts and circumstances. The above criteria also consider circumstances of a rapid and severe market valuation decline in which AIG could not reasonably assert that the impairment period would be temporary (severity losses).

#### Other Invested Assets

AIG's investments in funds and investment partnerships are evaluated for impairment consistent with the evaluation of equity securities for impairments as discussed above. Such evaluation considers market conditions, events and volatility that may impact the recoverability of the underlying investments within these funds and investment partnerships and is based on the nature of the underlying investments and specific inherent risks. Such risks may evolve based on the nature of the underlying investments.

AIG's investments in life settlement contracts are monitored for impairment based on the underlying life insurance policies, with cash flows reported monthly. An investment in a life settlement contract is considered impaired if the undiscounted cash flows resulting from the expected proceeds from the insurance policy are less than the carrying amount of the investment plus anticipated continuing costs. If an impairment loss is recognized, the investment is written down to fair value.

AIG's aircraft asset investments and investments in real estate are periodically evaluated for recoverability whenever changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may be impaired. When impairment indicators are present, AIG compares expected investment cash flows to carrying value. When the expected cash flows are less than the carrying value, the investments are written down to fair value with a corresponding charge to earnings.

#### Fixed Maturity Securities Impairment Policy - Prior to April 1, 2009

In all periods prior to April 1, 2009, AIG assessed its ability to hold any fixed maturity available for sale security in an unrealized loss position to its recovery at each balance sheet date. The decision to sell any such fixed maturity security classified as available for sale reflected the judgment of AIG's management that the security sold was unlikely to provide, on a relative value basis, as attractive a return in the future as alternative securities entailing comparable risks. With respect to distressed securities, the sale decision reflected management's judgment that the risk-adjusted ultimate recovery was less than the value achievable on sale.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

In those periods, AIG evaluated its fixed maturity securities for other-than-temporary impairments with respect to valuation as well as credit.

After a fixed maturity security had been identified as other-than-temporarily impaired, the amount of such impairment was determined as the difference between fair value and amortized cost and the entire amount was recorded as a charge to earnings.

#### 7. Variable Interest Entities

The accounting standards related to the consolidation of variable interest entities (VIEs) provide guidance for determining when to consolidate certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity that is at risk to allow the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support. Consolidation of a VIE by its primary beneficiary is not based on majority voting interest, but rather is based on other criteria.

While AIG enters into various arrangements with VIEs in the normal course of business, AIG's involvement with VIEs is primarily as a passive investor in debt securities (rated and unrated) and equity interests issued by VIEs via its insurance companies. In all instances, AIG determines whether it is the primary beneficiary or a variable interest holder based on a qualitative assessment of the VIE. This includes a review of the VIE's capital structure, contractual relationships and terms, nature of the VIE's operations and purpose, nature of the VIE's interests issued, and AIG's involvements with the entity. AIG also evaluates the design of the VIE and the related risks the entity was designed to expose the variable interest holders to in evaluating consolidation.

For VIEs with attributes consistent with that of an investment company or a money market fund, the primary beneficiary is the party or group of related parties that absorbs a majority of the expected losses of the VIE, receives the majority of the expected residual returns of the VIE, or both.

For all other variable interest entities, the primary beneficiary is the entity that has both (1) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the entity's economic performance and (2) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits that could be potentially significant to the VIE. While also considering these factors, the consolidation conclusion depends on the breadth of AIG's decision-making ability and its ability to influence activities that significantly affect the economic performance of the VIE.

#### Exposure to Loss

AIG's total off-balance sheet exposure associated with VIEs, primarily consisting of financial guarantees and commitments to real estate and investment funds, was \$1.0 billion and \$2.2 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

The following table presents AIG's total assets, total liabilities and off-balance sheet exposure associated with its variable interests in consolidated VIEs:

		VIE Assets*					iabi	lities	Off-Balance Sheet Exposure			
(in billions)	М	arch 31, 2010	De	cember 31, 2009	Ν	March 31, 2010	D	ecember 31, 2009	N	1arch 31, 2010	D	ecember 31, 2009
Real estate and investment funds	\$	7.5	\$	4.6	\$	3.4	\$	2.9	\$	0.2	\$	0.6
Commercial paper conduit		2.3		3.6		1.4		3.0		-		-
CDOs		-		0.2		-		0.1		-		-
Affordable housing partnerships		2.7		2.5		0.3		-		-		-
Other		7.6		3.4		4.7		2.1		-		-
VIEs of held-for-sale entities		8.7		-		2.5		-		-		-
Total	\$	28.8	\$	14.3	\$	12.3	\$	8.1	\$	0.2	\$	0.6

\* Each of the VIE's assets can be used only to settle specific obligations of that VIE.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

AIG calculates its maximum exposure to loss to be (i) the amount invested in the debt or equity of the VIE, (ii) the notional amount of VIE assets or liabilities where AIG has also provided credit protection to the VIE with the VIE as the referenced obligation, and (iii) other commitments and guarantees to the VIE. Interest holders in VIEs sponsored by AIG generally have recourse only to the assets and cash flows of the VIEs and do not have recourse to AIG, except in limited circumstances when AIG has provided a guarantee to the VIE's interest holders.

# The following table presents total assets of unconsolidated VIEs in which AIG holds a variable interest, as well as AIG's maximum exposure to loss associated with these VIEs:

			Ma	ximu	ım Exp	osure	to Loss	
						Off-	Balance	
			<b>On-Balance</b>	Sheet		5	Sheet	
	Total		Purchased			Con	nmitments	
	VIE	ar	nd Retained				and	
(in billions)	Assets		Interests	C	Other	C	Juarantees	Total
March 31, 2010								
Real estate and investment funds	\$ 14.9	\$	2.2	\$	0.2	\$	0.6	\$ 3.0
Affordable housing partnerships	1.3		-		1.3		-	1.3
Maiden Lane Interests	39.9		6.2		-		-	6.2
Other	0.9		0.2		-		-	0.2
VIEs of held-for-sale entities	11.5		2.6		0.6		0.2	3.4
Total	\$ 68.5	\$	11.2	\$	2.1	\$	0.8	\$ 14.1
December 31, 2009								
Real estate and investment funds	\$ 23.3	\$	3.2	\$	0.4	\$	1.6	\$ 5.2
Affordable housing partnerships	1.3		-		1.3		-	1.3
Maiden Lane Interests	38.7		5.3		-		-	5.3
Other	7.6		1.2		0.5		-	1.7
Total	\$ 70.9	\$	9.7	\$	2.2	\$	1.6	\$ 13.5

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### **Balance Sheet Classification**

AIG's interest in the assets and liabilities of consolidated and unconsolidated VIEs were classified on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as follows:

		Consoli	dated V	/IEs	Unconso	lidate	d VIEs
(in billions)	Ī	March 31, 2010	Dec	ember 31, 2009	 March 31, 2010	De	cember 31, 2009
Assets:							
Available for sale securities	\$	0.2	\$	0.9	\$ 0.2	\$	0.3
Trading securities		3.6		3.9	6.2		6.4
Other invested assets		7.0		3.6	4.4		3.6
Other asset accounts		7.5		5.9	-		1.6
Assets of businesses held for sale		10.5		-	2.5		-
Total	\$	28.8	\$	14.3	\$ 13.3	\$	11.9
Liabilities:							
FRBNY commercial paper funding facility	\$	2.3	\$	2.7	\$ -	\$	-
Other long-term debt		5.7		4.6	-		-
Other liability accounts		1.3		0.8	-		-
Liabilities of businesses held for sale		3.0		-	-		-
Total	\$	12.3	\$	8.1	\$ -	\$	-

See Note 1 — Recent Accounting Standards herein for effect of consolidation under the amended accounting standard for the consolidation of variable interest entities.

#### RMBS, CMBS, Other ABS and CDOs

AIG, through its insurance company subsidiaries, is a passive investor in RMBS, CMBS, CDOs and other ABS primarily issued by domestic special-purpose entities. AIG did not sponsor or transfer assets to, or act as the servicer to these asset-backed structures, and was not involved in the design of these entities.

AIG, via AIGFP, also invests in CDOs and similar structures, which can be cash-based or synthetic and are managed by third parties. AIGFP's role is generally limited to that of a passive investor. It does not manage such structures.

AIG's maximum exposure in these types of structures is limited to its investment in securities issued by these entities. Based on the nature of AIG's investments and its passive involvement in these types of structures, AIG has determined that it is not the primary beneficiary of these entities. The fair values of AIG's investments in these structures are reported in Notes 5 and 6 herein.

See Notes 5, 6 and 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information on VIEs and asset-backed securities.

#### 8. Derivatives and Hedge Accounting

AIG uses derivatives and other financial instruments as part of its financial risk management programs and as part of its investment operations. AIGFP has also transacted in derivatives as a dealer.

Derivatives are financial arrangements among two or more parties with returns linked to or "derived" from some underlying equity, debt, commodity or other asset, liability, or foreign exchange rate or other index or the occurrence of a specified payment event. Derivative payments may be based on interest rates, exchange rates, prices of certain securities, commodities, or financial or commodity indices or other variables. Derivatives, with the exception of bifurcated embedded derivatives, are reflected at fair value on the Consolidated Balance Sheet in

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Unrealized gain on swaps, options and forward transactions, at fair value and Unrealized loss on swaps, options and forward contracts, at fair value. Bifurcated embedded derivatives are recorded with the host contract on the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

#### The following table presents the notional amounts and fair values of AIG's derivative instruments:

		March 31, 2010									December 31, 2009							
	Derivative Assets				<b>Derivative Liabilities</b>				<b>Derivative Assets</b>				Derivative Liabilities					
	-	Notional		Fair		Notional		Fair		Notional		Fair		Notional		Fair		
(in millions)	Amount <sup>(a)</sup> Value <sup>(b)</sup>		P	Amount <sup>(a)</sup> Value <sup>(b)</sup>			Amount <sup>(a)</sup>		Value <sup>(b)</sup>		Amount <sup>(a)</sup>		Value <sup>(b)</sup>					
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:																		
Interest rate contracts <sup>(c)</sup>	\$	5,743	\$	752	\$	1,578	\$	125	\$	10,612	\$	2,129	\$	3,884	\$	375		
Derivatives not designated as hedging																		
instruments:																		
Interest rate contracts <sup>(c)</sup>		291,191		25,763		266,816		21,582		345,614		27,451		300,847		23,718		
Foreign exchange contracts		6,492		425		10,607		705		16,662		720		9,719		939		
Equity contracts		7,577		828		5,851		781		8,175		1,184		7,713		1,064		
Commodity contracts		292		66		110		53		759		883		381		373		
Credit contracts		2,277		559		142,890		5,507		3,706		1,210		190,275		5,815		
Other contracts		28,633		638		15,355		1,062		34,605		928		23,310		1,101		
Total derivatives not designated as hedging																		
instruments		336,462		28,279		441,629		29,690		409,521		32,376		532,245		33,010		
Total derivatives	\$	342,205	\$	29,031	\$	443,207	\$	29,815	\$	420,133	\$	34,505	\$	536,129	\$	33,385		

(a) Notional amount represents a standard of measurement of the volume of derivatives business of AIG. Notional amount is generally not a quantification of market risk or credit risk and is not recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Notional amounts generally represent those amounts used to calculate contractual cash flows to be exchanged and are not paid or received, except for certain contracts such as currency swaps and certain credit contracts.

(b) Fair value amounts are shown before the effects of counterparty netting adjustments and offsetting cash collateral.

(c) Includes cross currency swaps.

#### The following table presents the fair values of derivative assets and liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet:

		Marc	h 31, 2	010	December 31, 2009						
(in millions)	Deriv	vative Assets Derivative Liabilitie			Der	ivative Assets <sup>(b)</sup>	Der	ivative Liabilities <sup>(c)</sup>			
AIGFP derivatives	\$	26,152	\$	26,713	\$	31,951	\$	30,930			
Non-AIGFP derivatives		2,879		3,102		2,554		2,455			
Total derivatives, gross		29,031		29,815		34,505		33,385			
Counterparty netting <sup>(d)</sup>		(16,816)		(16,816)		(19,054)		(19,054)			
Cash collateral <sup>(e)</sup>		(4,832)		(6,061)		(6,317)		(8,166)			
Total derivatives, net	\$	7,383	\$	6,938	\$	9,134	\$	6,165			

(a) Included in non-AIGFP derivatives are \$642 million of bifurcated embedded derivatives, of which \$641 million and \$1 million, respectively, are recorded in Policyholder contract deposits and Other long-term debt.

(b) Included in non-AIGFP derivatives are \$4 million of bifurcated embedded derivatives, of which \$3 million and \$1 million, respectively, are recorded in Bonds available for sale, at fair value, and Policyholder contract deposits.

(c) Included in non-AIGFP derivatives are \$762 million of bifurcated embedded derivatives, of which \$760 million and \$2 million, respectively, are recorded in Policyholder contract deposits and Common and preferred stock.

(d) Represents netting of derivative exposures covered by a qualifying master netting agreement.

(e) Represents cash collateral posted and received.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

## Hedge Accounting

AIG designated certain derivatives entered into by AIGFP with third parties as either fair value or cash flow hedges of certain debt issued by AIG Parent (including the Matched Investment Program (MIP)), ILFC and AGF. The fair value hedges included (i) interest rate swaps that were designated as hedges of the change in the fair value of fixed rate debt attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate and (ii) foreign currency swaps designated as hedges of the change in fair value of foreign currency denominated debt attributable to changes in foreign exchange rates and in certain cases also the benchmark interest rate. With respect to the cash flow hedges, (i) interest rate swaps were designated as hedges of the changes in cash flows on floating rate debt attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate, and (ii) foreign currency swaps were designated as hedges of changes in cash flows on foreign currency denominated debt attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate, and (ii) foreign currency swaps were designated as hedges of changes in cash flows on foreign currency denominated debt attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate, and (ii) foreign currency swaps were designated as hedges of changes in cash flows on foreign currency denominated debt attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate and foreign exchange rates.

AIG assesses, both at the hedge's inception and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items. Regression analysis is employed to assess the effectiveness of these hedges both on a prospective and retrospective basis. AIG does not utilize the shortcut method to assess hedge effectiveness. For net investment hedges, the matched terms method is utilized to assess hedge effectiveness.

AIG uses debt instruments in net investment hedge relationships to mitigate the foreign exchange risk associated with AIG's non-U.S. dollar functional currency foreign subsidiaries. AIG assesses the hedge effectiveness and measures the amount of ineffectiveness for these hedge relationships based on changes in spot exchange rates. AIG records the change in the carrying amount of these investments in the foreign currency translation adjustment within Accumulated other comprehensive loss. Simultaneously, the effective portion of the hedge of this exposure is also recorded in foreign currency translation adjustment and the ineffective portion, if any, is recorded in earnings. If (1) the notional amount of the hedging debt instrument matches the designated portion of the net investment and (2) the hedging debt instrument is denominated in the same currency as the functional currency of the hedged net investment, no ineffectiveness is recorded in earnings. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, AIG recognized gains of \$48 million and \$9 million, respectively, included in Foreign currency translation adjustment in Accumulated other comprehensive loss related to the net investment hedge relationships.

# The following table presents the effect of AIG's derivative instruments in fair value hedging relationships on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss):

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)	2010	2009
Interest rate contracts <sup>(a)(b)</sup> :		
Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivative	\$ (16)	\$ (536)
Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Hedged Item <sup>(c)</sup>	44	661
Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings for Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing	9	125

(a) Gains and losses recognized in earnings on derivatives for the effective portion and hedged items are recorded in Other income. Gains and losses recognized in earnings on derivatives for the ineffective portion and amounts excluded from effectiveness testing are recorded in Net realized capital losses and Other income, respectively.

(b) Includes \$4 million and \$120 million, respectively, for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 related to the ineffective portion and \$5 million, for both the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 for amounts excluded from effectiveness testing.

(c) The three months ended March 31, 2010 includes \$19 million representing the amortization of debt basis adjustment following the discontinuation of hedge accounting on certain positions.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

The following table presents the effect of AIG's derivative instruments in cash flow hedging relationships on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss):

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	 2010	2	2009
Interest rate contracts <sup>(a)</sup> :			
Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivatives and Hedge Items	\$ 45	\$	53
Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Earnings <sup>(b)</sup>	21		27
Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings on Derivatives for Ineffective Portion	(7)		(1)

(a) Gains and losses reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss are recorded in Other income. Gains or losses recognized in earnings on derivatives for the ineffective portion are recorded in Net realized capital losses.

(b) The effective portion of the change in fair value of a derivative qualifying as a cash flow hedge is recorded in Accumulated other comprehensive loss until earnings are affected by the variability of cash flows in the hedged item. At March 31, 2010, \$106 million of the deferred net loss in Accumulated other comprehensive loss is expected to be recognized in earnings during the next 12 months.

#### **Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments**

The following table presents the effect of AIG's derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss):

		Gains (Losses) Recognized in Earnings <sup>(a)(b)</sup>			
Three Months Ended March 31,	R				
(in millions)		2010	2009		
Interest rate contracts <sup>(c)</sup>	\$	(1,036) \$	1,884		
Foreign exchange contracts		257	(98)		
Equity contracts		126	147		
Commodity contracts		(6)	145		
Credit contracts		144	(264)		
Other contracts		129	(13)		
Total	\$	(386) \$	1,801		

(a) Represents losses of \$534 million and gains of \$946 million, respectively, for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, recorded in Net realized capital gains; gains of \$119 million and losses of \$452 million, respectively, for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, recorded in Unrealized market valuation gains (losses) on AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio; and gains of \$29 million and \$1,307 million, respectively, for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, recorded in Other income.

(b) Certain cross-currency swaps previously reported in Foreign exchange contracts were reclassified to Interest rate contracts.

(c) Includes cross currency swaps.

#### **AIGFP Derivatives**

AIGFP enters into derivative transactions to mitigate risk in its exposures (interest rates, currencies, commodities, credit and equities) arising from its transactions. In most cases, AIGFP did not hedge its exposures related to the credit default swaps it had written. As a dealer, AIGFP structured and entered into derivative transactions to meet the needs of counterparties who may be seeking to hedge certain aspects of such counterparties' operations or obtain a desired financial exposure.

AIGFP's derivative transactions involving interest rate swap transactions generally involve the exchange of fixed and floating rate interest payment obligations without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts. AIGFP typically became a principal in the exchange of interest payments between the parties and, therefore, is exposed to counterparty credit risk and may be exposed to loss, if counterparties default. Currency, commodity, and equity swaps are similar to interest rate swaps, but involve the exchange of specific currencies or cash flows based on the

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

underlying commodity, equity securities or indices. Also, they may involve the exchange of notional amounts at the beginning and end of the transaction. Swaptions are options where the holder has the right but not the obligation to enter into a swap transaction or cancel an existing swap transaction.

AIGFP follows a policy of minimizing interest rate, currency, commodity, and equity risks associated with investment securities by entering into offsetting positions, on a security by security basis within its derivatives portfolio, thereby offsetting a significant portion of the unrealized appreciation and depreciation. In addition, to reduce its credit risk, AIGFP has entered into credit derivative transactions with respect to \$556 million of securities to economically hedge its credit risk.

The timing and the amount of cash flows relating to AIGFP's foreign exchange forwards and exchange traded futures and options contracts are determined by each of the respective contractual agreements.

Futures and forward contracts are contracts that obligate the holder to sell or purchase foreign currencies, commodities or financial indices in which the seller/purchaser agrees to make/take delivery at a specified future date of a specified instrument, at a specified price or yield. Options are contracts that allow the holder of the option to purchase or sell the underlying commodity, currency or index at a specified price and within, or at, a specified period of time. As a writer of options, AIGFP generally receives an option premium and then manages the risk of any unfavorable change in the value of the underlying commodity, currency or index at a specificate set. Risks arise as a result of movements in current market prices from contracted prices, and the potential inability of the counterparties to meet their obligations under the contracts.

#### AIGFP Super Senior Credit Default Swaps

AIGFP entered into credit default swap transactions with the intention of earning revenue on credit exposure. In the majority of AIGFP's credit default swap transactions, AIGFP sold credit protection on a designated portfolio of loans or debt securities. Generally, AIGFP provides such credit protection on a "second loss" basis, meaning that AIGFP would incur credit losses only after a shortfall of principal and/or interest, or other credit events, in respect of the protected loans and debt securities, exceeds a specified threshold amount or level of "first losses."

Typically, the credit risk associated with a designated portfolio of loans or debt securities has been tranched into different layers of risk, which are then analyzed and rated by the credit rating agencies. At origination, there is usually an equity layer covering the first credit losses in respect of the portfolio up to a specified percentage of the total portfolio, and then successive layers ranging generally from a BBB-rated layer to one or more AAA-rated layers. A significant majority of AIGFP transactions that were rated by rating agencies had risk layers or tranches rated AAA at origination and are immediately junior to the threshold level above which AIGFP's payment obligation would generally arise. In transactions that were not rated, AIGFP applied equivalent risk criteria for setting the threshold level for its payment obligations. Therefore, the risk layer assumed by AIGFP with respect to the designated portfolio of loans or debt securities in these transactions is often called the "super senior" risk layer, defined as a layer of credit risk senior to one or more risk layers rated AAA by the credit rating agencies, or if the transaction is not rated, structured to the equivalent thereto.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

The following table presents the net notional amount, fair value of derivative (asset) liability and unrealized market valuation gain (loss) of the AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio, including credit default swaps written on mezzanine tranches of certain regulatory capital relief transactions, by asset class:

		Net Notio	nal /	Amount	 Fair Value of Derivative (Asset) Liability at			Unrealized Market Valuation Gain (Loss)			
(in millions)	Ν	Aarch 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	De	ecember 31, 2009 <sup>(a)</sup>	March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)(c)</sup>		December 31, 2009 <sup>(b)(c)</sup>		<u>Three Months Ended Mar</u> 2010 <sup>(c)</sup>	ch 31, 2009 <sup>(c)</sup>	
Regulatory Capital:											
Corporate loans	\$	41,993	\$	55,010	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	
Prime residential mortgages		65,844		93,276	(170)		(137)		33	-	
Other		1,552		1,760	15		21		6	(14)	
Total		109,389		150,046	(155)		(116)		39	(14)	
Arbitrage:											
Multi-sector CDOs <sup>(d)(e)</sup>		7,574		7,926	4,250		4,418		158	(809)	
Corporate debt/CLOs <sup>(d)(f)</sup>		16,367		22,076	308		309		(7)	358	
Total		23,941		30,002	4,558		4,727		151	(451)	
Mezzanine tranches <sup>(g)</sup>		3,104		3,478	214		143		(71)	13	
Total	\$	136,434	\$	183,526	\$ 4,617	\$	4,754	\$	119 \$	(452)	

(a) Net notional amounts presented are net of all structural subordination below the covered tranches.

(b) Fair value amounts are shown before the effects of counterparty netting adjustments and offsetting cash collateral.

(c) Includes credit valuation adjustment losses of \$113 million and credit valuation adjustment gains of \$106 million in the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, representing the effect of changes in AIG's credit spreads on the valuation of the derivatives liabilities.

(d) During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIGFP terminated super senior CDS transactions with its counterparties with a net notional amount of \$5.4 billion, included in Corporate debt/CLOs. These transactions were terminated at approximately their fair value at the time of the termination. As a result, an \$8 million loss, which was previously included in the fair value derivative liability as an unrealized market valuation loss, was realized. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIGFP also made a payment of \$10 million to its counterparty with respect to a Multi-sector CDO. Upon payment, a \$10 million loss, which was previously included in the fair value derivative liability as an unrealized market valuation loss, was realized.

(e) Includes \$6.1 billion and \$6.3 billion in net notional amount of credit default swaps written with cash settlement provisions at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

(f) Includes \$1.4 billion in net notional amount of credit default swaps written on the super senior tranches of CLOs at both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

(g) Net of offsetting purchased CDS of \$1.4 billion and \$1.5 billion in net notional amount at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

All outstanding CDS transactions for regulatory capital purposes and the majority of the arbitrage portfolio have cash-settled structures in respect of a basket of reference obligations, where AIGFP's payment obligations, other than for posting collateral, may be triggered by payment shortfalls, bankruptcy and certain other events such as write-downs of the value of underlying assets. For the remainder of the CDS transactions in respect of the arbitrage portfolio, AIGFP's payment obligations are triggered by the occurrence of a credit event under a single reference security, and performance is limited to a single payment by AIGFP in return for physical delivery by the counterparty of the reference security.

The expected weighted average maturity of AIGFP's super senior credit derivative portfolios as of March 31, 2010 was 1.0 years for the regulatory capital corporate loan portfolio, 2.5 years for the regulatory capital prime

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

residential mortgage portfolio, 5.5 years for the regulatory capital other portfolio, 6.0 years for the multi-sector CDO arbitrage portfolio and 5.0 years for the corporate debt/CLO portfolio.

#### Regulatory Capital Portfolio

The regulatory capital portfolio represents derivatives written for financial institutions in Europe, for the purpose of providing regulatory capital relief rather than for arbitrage purposes. In exchange for a periodic fee, the counterparties receive credit protection with respect to a portfolio of diversified loans they own, thus reducing their minimum capital requirements. These CDS transactions were structured with early termination rights for counterparties allowing them to terminate these transactions at no cost to AIGFP at a certain period of time or upon a regulatory event such as the implementation of Basel II. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, \$25.6 billion in net notional amount was terminated or matured at no cost to AIGFP. Through April 30, 2010, AIGFP had also received a formal termination notice for an additional \$11.6 billion in net notional amount with an effective termination date in 2010.

The regulatory capital relief CDS transactions require cash settlement and, other than for collateral posting, AIGFP is required to make a payment in connection with a regulatory capital relief transaction only if realized credit losses in respect of the underlying portfolio exceed AIGFP's attachment point.

All of the regulatory capital transactions directly or indirectly reference tranched pools of large numbers of whole loans that were originated by the financial institution (or its affiliates) receiving the credit protection, rather than structured securities containing loans originated by other third parties. In the vast majority of transactions, the loans are intended to be retained by the originating financial institution and in all cases the originating financial institution is the purchaser of the CDS, either directly or through an intermediary.

The super senior tranches of these CDS transactions continue to be supported by high levels of subordination, which, in most instances, have increased since origination. The weighted average subordination supporting the prime residential mortgage and corporate loan referenced portfolios at March 31, 2010 was 10.74 percent and 27.19 percent, respectively. The highest level of realized losses to date in any single residential mortgage and corporate loan pool was 2.49 percent and 0.52 percent, respectively. The corporate loan transactions are each comprised of several hundred secured and unsecured loans diversified by industry and, in some instances, by country, and have per-issuer concentration limits. Both types of transactions generally allow some substitution and replenishment of loans, subject to defined constraints, as older loans mature or are prepaid. These replenishment rights generally expire within the first few years of the trade, after which the proceeds of any prepaid or maturing loans are applied first to the super senior tranche (sequentially), thereby increasing the relative level of subordination supporting the balance of AIGFP's super senior CDS exposure.

Given the current performance of the underlying portfolios, the level of subordination and AIGFP's own assessment of the credit quality of the underlying portfolio, as well as the risk mitigants inherent in the transaction structures, AIGFP does not expect that it will be required to make payments pursuant to the contractual terms of those transactions providing regulatory relief. AIGFP continues to reassess the expected maturity of this portfolio. As of March 31, 2010, AIGFP estimated that the weighted average expected maturity of the portfolio was 1.89 years. AIGFP has not been required to make any payments as part of terminations initiated by counterparties. The regulatory benefit of these transactions for AIGFP's financial institution counterparties is generally derived from the terms of Basel I that existed through the end of 2007 and which is in the process of being replaced by Basel II. It was expected that financial institution counterparties would have transitioned from Basel I to Basel II by the end of the two-year adoption period on December 31, 2009, after which they would have received little or no additional regulatory benefit from these CDS transactions, except in a small number of specific instances. However, in 2009, the Basel Committee announced that it had agreed to keep in place the Basel I capital floors beyond the end of 2009, although it remains to be seen how this extension will be implemented by the various European Central Banking districts. Should certain counterparties continue to receive

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favorable regulatory capital benefits from these transactions, those counterparties may not exercise their options to terminate the transactions in the expected time frame.

#### Arbitrage Portfolio

The arbitrage portfolio includes arbitrage-motivated transactions written on multi-sector CDOs or designated pools of investment grade senior unsecured corporate debt or CLOs.

The outstanding multi-sector CDO portfolio at March 31, 2010 was written on CDO transactions (including synthetic CDOs) that generally held a concentration of RMBS, CMBS and inner CDO securities. At March 31, 2010, approximately \$3.8 billion net notional amount (fair value liability of \$2.4 billion) of this portfolio was written on super senior multi-sector CDOs that contain some level of sub-prime RMBS collateral, with a concentration in the 2005 and earlier vintages of sub-prime RMBS. AIGFP's portfolio also included both high grade and mezzanine CDOs.

The majority of multi-sector CDO CDS transactions require cash settlement and, other than for collateral posting, AIGFP is required to make a payment in connection with such transactions only if realized credit losses in respect of the underlying portfolio exceed AIGFP's attachment point. In the remainder of the portfolio, AIGFP's payment obligations are triggered by the occurrence of a credit event under a single reference security, and performance is limited to a single payment by AIGFP in return for physical delivery by the counterparty of the reference security.

Included in the multi-sector CDO portfolio are 2a-7 Puts. Holders of securities are required, in certain circumstances, to tender their securities to the issuer at par. If an issuer's remarketing agent is unable to resell the securities so tendered, AIGFP must purchase the securities at par so long as the security has not experienced a payment default or certain bankruptcy events with respect to the issuer of such security have not occurred. At both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, there was \$1.6 billion net notional amount of 2a-7 Puts issued by AIGFP outstanding. AIGFP is not a party to any commitments to issue any additional 2a-7 Puts.

ML III has agreed not to exercise its put option on multi-sector CDOs or simultaneously to exercise its put option with a corresponding par purchase of the multi-sector CDOs with respect to the \$853 million notional amount of multi-sector CDOs held by ML III with 2a-7 Puts that may be exercised on or prior to December 31, 2010 and \$530 million notional amount of multi-sector CDOs held by ML III with 2a-7 Puts that may be exercised on or prior to April 30, 2011. In addition, there are \$182 million notional amount of multi-sector CDOs held by ML III with 2a-7 Puts that may not be exercised on or prior to December 31, 2010, for which ML III has only agreed not to exercise its put option on multi-sector CDOs or simultaneously to exercise its put option with a corresponding par purchase of the multi-sector CDOs through December 31, 2010. In exchange, AIGFP has agreed to pay to ML III the consideration that it receives for providing the put protection. Additionally, ML III has agreed that if it sells any such multi-sector CDO with a 2a-7 Put to a third-party purchaser, that such sale will be conditioned upon, among other things, such third-party purchaser agreeing that until the legal final maturity date of such multi-sector CDO it will not exercise its put option. In exchange for such commitment from the third-party purchaser, AIGFP will agree to pay to such third-party purchaser the consideration that it receives for providing the put protection.

ML III has agreed to assist AIGFP in efforts to mitigate or eliminate AIGFP's obligations under such 2a-7 Puts relating to multi-sector CDOs held by ML III prior to the expiration of ML III's obligations with respect to such multi-sector CDOs. There can be no assurances that such efforts will be successful. To the extent that such efforts are not successful with respect to a multi-sector CDO held by ML III with a 2a-7 Put and ML III has not sold such multi-sector CDO to a third-party who has committed not to exercise its put option on such multi-sector CDO or to make a corresponding par purchase of such multi-sector CDO simultaneously with the exercise of its put option then, upon the expiration of ML III's aforementioned obligations with respect to such multi-sector

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CDO, AIGFP will be obligated under the related 2a-7 Put to purchase such multi-sector CDO at par in the circumstances and subject to the limited conditions contained in the applicable agreements.

The corporate arbitrage portfolio consists principally of CDS transactions written on portfolios of senior unsecured corporate obligations that were generally rated investment grade at inception of the CDS. These CDS transactions require cash settlement. Also, included in this portfolio are CDS transactions with a net notional amount of \$1.4 billion written on the senior part of the capital structure of CLOs, which require physical settlement.

Certain of the super senior credit default swaps provide the counterparties with an additional termination right if AIG's rating level falls to BBB or Baa2. At that level, counterparties to the CDS transactions with a net notional amount of \$10.2 billion at March 31, 2010 have the right to terminate the transactions early. If counterparties exercise this right, the contracts provide for the counterparties to be compensated for the cost to replace the transactions, or an amount reasonably determined in good faith to estimate the losses the counterparties would incur as a result of the termination of the transactions.

Due to long-term maturities of the CDS in the arbitrage portfolio, AIG is unable to make reasonable estimates of the periods during which any payments would be made. However, the net notional amount represents the maximum exposure to loss on the super senior credit default swap portfolio.

#### Collateral

Most of AIGFP's super senior credit default swaps are subject to collateral posting provisions, which typically are governed by International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreements (Master Agreements) and related Credit Support Annexes (CSA). These provisions differ among counterparties and asset classes. AIGFP has received collateral calls from counterparties in respect of certain super senior credit default swaps, of which a large majority relate to multi-sector CDOs. To a lesser extent, AIGFP has also received collateral calls in respect of certain super senior credit default swaps entered into by counterparties for regulatory capital relief purposes and in respect of corporate arbitrage.

The amount of future collateral posting requirements is a function of AIG's credit ratings, the rating of the reference obligations and the market value of the relevant reference obligations, with the latter being the most significant factor. While a high level of correlation exists between the amount of collateral posted and the valuation of these contracts in respect of the arbitrage portfolio, a similar relationship does not exist with respect to the regulatory capital portfolio given the nature of how the amount of collateral for these transactions is determined. Given the severe market disruption, lack of observable data and the uncertainty of future market price movements, AIGFP is unable to reasonably estimate the amounts of collateral that it may be required to post in the future.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the amount of collateral postings with respect to AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio (prior to offsets for other transactions) was \$4.5 billion and \$4.6 billion, respectively.

#### AIGFP Written Single Name Credit Default Swaps

AIGFP has also entered into credit default swap contracts referencing single-name exposures written on corporate, index, and asset-backed credits, with the intention of earning spread income on credit exposure. Some of these transactions were entered into as part of a long short strategy allowing AIGFP to earn the net spread between CDS they wrote and ones they purchased. At March 31, 2010, the net notional amount of these written CDS contracts was \$1.9 billion. AIGFP has hedged these exposures by purchasing offsetting CDS contracts of \$314 million in net notional amount. The net unhedged position of approximately \$1.6 billion represents the maximum exposure to loss on these CDS contracts. The average maturity of the written CDS contracts is

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6.6 years. At March 31, 2010, the fair value of derivative liability (which represents the carrying value) of the portfolio of CDS was \$264 million.

Upon a triggering event (e.g., a default) with respect to the underlying credit, AIGFP would normally have the option to settle the position through an auction process (cash settlement) or pay the notional amount of the contract to the counterparty in exchange for a bond issued by the underlying credit obligor (physical settlement).

AIGFP wrote these written CDS contracts under Master Agreements. The majority of these Master Agreements include CSA, which provide for collateral postings at various ratings and threshold levels. At March 31, 2010, AIGFP had posted \$318 million of collateral under these contracts.

#### Non-AIGFP Derivatives

AIG and its subsidiaries (other than AIGFP) also use derivatives and other instruments as part of their financial risk management programs. Interest rate derivatives (such as interest rate swaps) are used to manage interest rate risk associated with investments in fixed income securities, outstanding medium- and long-term notes, and other interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. In addition, foreign exchange derivatives (principally foreign exchange forwards and options) are used to economically mitigate risk associated with non-U.S. dollar denominated debt, net capital exposures and foreign exchange transactions. The derivatives are effective economic hedges of the exposures they are meant to offset.

In addition to hedging activities, AIG also uses derivative instruments with respect to investment operations, which include, among other things, credit default swaps, and purchasing investments with embedded derivatives, such as equity linked notes and convertible bonds.

#### Matched Investment Program Written Credit Default Swaps

The MIP, which is currently in run-off, has entered into CDS contracts as a writer of protection, with the intention of earning spread income on credit exposure in an unfunded form. The portfolio of CDS contracts were single-name exposures and, at inception, were predominantly high grade corporate credits.

The MIP invested in written CDS contracts through an affiliate which then transacts directly with unaffiliated third parties under ISDA agreements. As of March 31, 2010, the notional amount of written CDS contracts was \$3.9 billion with an average credit rating of BBB+. The average maturity of the written CDS contracts is 2.2 years as of March 31, 2010. As of March 31, 2010, the fair value of the derivative liability (which represents the carrying value) of the MIP's written CDS was \$65.1 million.

The majority of the ISDA agreements include CSA provisions, which provide for collateral postings at various ratings and threshold levels. At March 31, 2010, \$26.7 million of collateral was posted for CDS contracts related to the MIP. The notional amount represents the maximum exposure to loss on the written CDS contracts. However, due to the average investment grade rating and expected default recovery rates, actual losses are expected to be less.

Upon a triggering event (e.g., a default) with respect to the underlying credit, the MIP would normally have the option to settle the position through an auction process (cash settlement) or pay the notional amount of the contract to the counterparty in exchange for a bond issued by the underlying credit (physical settlement).

#### Credit Risk-Related Contingent Features

AIG transacts in derivative transactions directly with unaffiliated third parties under ISDA agreements. Many of the ISDA agreements also include CSA provisions, which provide for collateral postings at various ratings and threshold levels. In addition, AIG attempts to reduce credit risk with certain counterparties by entering into agreements that enable collateral to be obtained from a counterparty on an upfront or contingent basis.

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The aggregate fair value of AIG's derivative instruments, including those of AIGFP, that contain credit risk-related contingent features that are in a net liability position at March 31, 2010 was approximately \$8.7 billion. The aggregate fair value of assets posted as collateral under these contracts at March 31, 2010, was \$8.7 billion.

It is estimated that as of the close of business on March 31, 2010, based on AIG's outstanding financial derivative transactions, including those of AIGFP at that date, a one-notch downgrade of AIG's long-term senior debt ratings to Baa1 by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) and BBB+ by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC, a subsidiary of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. (S&P), would permit counterparties to make additional collateral calls and permit the counterparties to elect early termination of contracts, resulting in up to approximately \$1.6 billion of corresponding collateral postings and termination payments; a two-notch downgrade to Baa2 by Moody's and BBB by S&P would result in approximately \$1.2 billion in additional collateral postings and termination payments above the one-notch downgrade amount; and a three-notch downgrade to Baa3 by Moody's and BBB- by S&P would result in approximately \$0.4 billion in additional collateral postings and termination payments above the two-notch downgrade amount. Additional collateral postings upon downgrade are estimated based on the factors in the individual collateral posting provisions of the CSA with each counterparty and current exposure as of March 31, 2010. Factors considered in estimating the termination payments upon downgrade include current market conditions, the complexity of the derivative transactions, historical termination experience and other observable market events such as bankruptcy and downgrade events that have occurred at other companies. The actual termination payments could significantly differ from management's estimates given market conditions at the time of downgrade and the level of uncertainty in estimating both the number of counterparties who may elect to exercise their right to terminate and the payment that may be triggered in connection with any such exercise.

#### 9. Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees

In the normal course of business, various commitments and contingent liabilities are entered into by AIG and certain of its subsidiaries. In addition, AIG guarantees various obligations of certain subsidiaries.

Although AIG cannot currently quantify its ultimate liability for unresolved litigation and investigation matters including those referred to below, it is possible that such liability could have a material adverse effect on AIG's consolidated financial condition or its consolidated results of operations or consolidated cash flows for an individual reporting period.

#### (a) Litigation and Investigations

Litigation Arising from Operations. AIG and its subsidiaries, in common with the insurance and financial services industries in general, are subject to litigation, including claims for punitive damages, in the normal course of their business. In AIG's insurance operations (including United Guaranty Corporation (UGC)), litigation arising from claims settlement activities is generally considered in the establishment of AIG's Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense. However, the potential for increasing jury awards and settlements makes it difficult to assess the ultimate outcome of such litigation.

Various federal, state and foreign regulatory and governmental agencies are reviewing certain public disclosures, transactions and practices of AIG and its subsidiaries in connection with, among other matters, AIG's liquidity problems, payments by AIG subsidiaries to non-U.S. persons and industry-wide and other inquiries including matters relating to compensation paid to AIGFP employees and payments made to AIGFP counterparties. These reviews include ongoing investigations by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) with respect to the valuation of AIGFP's multi-sector CDO super senior credit default swap portfolio under fair value accounting rules, and the adequacy of AIG's enterprise risk management processes with respect to AIG's exposure to the U.S. residential mortgage market, and disclosures relating thereto. There is also an investigation by the U.K. Serious Fraud Office and inquiries by the U.K. Financial Services

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Authority with respect to the U.K. operations of AIGFP. AIG has cooperated, and will continue to cooperate, in producing documents and other information in response to subpoenas and other requests.

In connection with certain SEC investigations, AIG understands that some of its employees have received Wells notices and it is possible that additional current and former employees could receive similar notices in the future. Under SEC procedures, a Wells notice is an indication that the SEC staff has made a preliminary decision to recommend enforcement action that provides recipients with an opportunity to respond to the SEC staff before a formal recommendation is finalized.

#### Litigation Relating to AIG's Subprime Exposure and AIGFP's Employee Retention Plan

Securities Actions — Southern District of New York. Between May 21, 2008 and January 15, 2009, eight purported securities class action complaints were filed against AIG and certain directors and officers of AIG and AIGFP, AIG's outside auditors, and the underwriters of various securities offerings in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (the Southern District of New York), alleging claims under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) or claims under the Securities Act of 1933 (the Securities Act). On March 20, 2009, the Court consolidated all eight of the purported securities class actions as In re American International Group, Inc. 2008 Securities Litigation (the Consolidated 2008 Securities Litigation) and appointed the State of Michigan Retirement Systems as lead plaintiff.

On May 19, 2009, lead plaintiff in the Consolidated 2008 Securities Litigation filed a consolidated complaint on behalf of purchasers of AIG stock during the alleged class period of March 16, 2006 through September 16, 2008, and on behalf of purchasers of various AIG securities offered pursuant to three shelf registration statements filed on June 12, 2003, June 12, 2007, and May 12, 2008. The consolidated complaint alleges that defendants made statements during the class period in press releases, AIG's quarterly and year-end filings, during conference calls, and in various registration statements and prospectuses in connection with the various offerings that were materially false and misleading and that artificially inflated the price of AIG's stock. The alleged false and misleading statements relate to, among other things, unrealized market valuation losses on AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio as a result of severe credit market disruption and AIG's securities lending program. The consolidated complaint alleges violations of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act and Sections 11, 12(a)(2), and 15 of the Securities Act. On August 5, 2009, defendants filed motions to dismiss the consolidated complaint, and those motions are pending.

*ERISA Actions* — *Southern District of New York.* Between June 25, 2008, and November 25, 2008, AIG, certain directors and officers of AIG, and members of AIG's Retirement Board and Investment Committee were named as defendants in eight purported class action complaints asserting claims on behalf of participants in certain pension plans sponsored by AIG or its subsidiaries. On March 19, 2009, the Court consolidated these eight actions as In re American International Group, Inc. ERISA Litigation II, and appointed interim lead plaintiffs' counsel. On June 26, 2009, lead plaintiffs' counsel filed a consolidated amended complaint. The action purports to be brought as a class action under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), on behalf of all participants in or beneficiaries of the AIG Incentive Savings Plan, American General Agents' and Managers' Thrift Plan, and the CommoLoCo Thrift Plan (the Plans) during the period June 15, 2007 through the present and whose participant accounts included shares of AIG's common stock. In the consolidated amended complaint, plaintiffs allege, among other things, that the defendants breached their fiduciary responsibilities to Plan participants and their beneficiaries under ERISA, by continuing to offer the AIG Stock Fund as an investment option in the Plans after it allegedly became imprudent to do so. The alleged ERISA violations relate to, among other things, the defendants' purported failure to monitor and/or disclose unrealized market valuation losses on AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio as a result of severe credit market disruption. On September 18, 2009, defendants filed motions to dismiss the consolidated amended complaint, and those motions are pending.

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*Derivative Action* — *Southern District of New York.* On November 20, 2007, two purported shareholder derivative actions were filed in the Southern District of New York naming as defendants directors and officers of AIG and its subsidiaries and asserting claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG. The actions were consolidated as In re American International Group, Inc. 2007 Derivative Litigation (the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation). The factual allegations involve AIG's exposure to the U.S. residential subprime mortgage market (Subprime Exposure) and are generally the same as those alleged in the Consolidated 2008 Securities Litigation. On August 6, 2008, a third purported shareholder derivative action was filed in the Southern District of New York asserting claims on behalf of AIG based generally on the same allegations as in the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation. On February 11, 2009, the Court approved a stipulation consolidating the derivative action filed on August 6, 2008 with the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation. On June 3, 2009, lead plaintiff filed a consolidated amended complaint naming additional directors and officers of AIG and its subsidiaries as defendants, adding allegations concerning AIGFP employee retention payments, and asserting claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG for breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets, unjust enrichment, contribution and violations of Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Exchange Act. On August 5 and 26, 2009, AIG and defendants filed motions to dismiss the consolidated complaint. On September 30, 2009, plaintiff in the purported derivative action discussed below filed on April 1, 2009 in the Superior Court of the State of California, Los Angeles County moved to intervene in the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation. On December 23, 2009, the Court denied the motion.

On November 20, 2009, a stipulation was filed with the Court voluntarily dismissing the claims against two of the senior officers of AIG named as defendants, Brian T. Schreiber and Frank G. Wisner, without prejudice. The requested voluntary dismissal was not the product of a settlement between lead plaintiff and Mr. Schreiber and Mr. Wisner. Neither lead plaintiff nor lead plaintiff's counsel sought or received any consideration in return for this voluntary dismissal. By order of the Court on January 21, 2010, notice of this voluntary dismissal without prejudice of Mr. Schreiber and Mr. Wisner was given to AIG's shareholders in AIG's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and any shareholder objecting to the voluntary dismissal without prejudice of Mr. Schreiber and Mr. Wisner was required to file any objections to the proposed dismissal within 30 days of the filing of the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K, *i.e.*, by March 28, 2010. No objections were received. On March 30, 2010, the Court dismissed the action due to plaintiff's failure to make a pre-suit demand on AIG's Board of Directors. On March 31, 2010, judgment was entered. As a result, no order was submitted to the Court regarding the dismissal without prejudice of Mr. Schreiber and Mr. Wisner. On April 29, 2010, plaintiff filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, seeking to reverse the Court's decision to dismiss the action.

*Derivative Action — Supreme Court of New York, Nassau County.* On February 29, 2008, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the Supreme Court of Nassau County naming as defendants certain directors and officers of AIG and its subsidiaries concerning AIG's Subprime Exposure. Plaintiff asserts claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG for breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets, and unjust enrichment in connection with AIG's public disclosures regarding its Subprime Exposure. On May 19, 2008, defendants filed a motion to dismiss or to stay the proceedings in light of the pending Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation. On March 9, 2009, the Court granted defendants' motion to stay the action.

*Derivative Action — Supreme Court of New York, New York County.* On March 20, 2009, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the Supreme Court of New York County naming as defendants certain directors and officers of AIG and recipients of AIGFP retention payments. Plaintiffs assert claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG concerning AIGFP retention payments. Plaintiff alleges claims for breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets and rescission and constructive trust.

*Derivative Actions* — *Delaware Court of Chancery*. On September 17, 2008, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery naming as defendants certain directors and officers of AIG and its subsidiaries. Plaintiff asserts claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG for breach of fiduciary duty,

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waste of corporate assets, and mismanagement in connection with AIG's public disclosures regarding its Subprime Exposure. On December 19, 2008, a motion to stay or dismiss the action in favor of the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation was filed. On July 17, 2009, the Court granted defendants' motion to stay the action.

On January 15, 2009, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery naming as defendants certain directors of AIG and Joseph Cassano, the former Chief Executive Officer of AIGFP. Plaintiff asserts claims against Mr. Cassano on behalf of nominal defendant AIGFP and AIG as the sole shareholder of AIGFP concerning AIG's and AIGFP's Subprime Exposure alleging breach of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment. On July 17, 2009, plaintiff filed an amended complaint that asserts the same claims as the original complaint. On August 5, 2009, the Court entered an order staying the action pending disposition of the motions to dismiss of the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation.

*Derivative Actions* — *Superior Court for the State of California, Los Angeles County.* On April 1, 2009, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the Superior Court for the State of California, Los Angeles County, asserting claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG against certain directors and officers of AIG. The complaint asserts claims for waste of corporate assets, breach of fiduciary duty, abuse of control, and unjust enrichment and constructive trust in connection with defendants' approval of bonuses and retention payments. On May 29, 2009, defendants moved to stay or dismiss the action in favor of the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation and to quash service of summons due to lack of personal jurisdiction over certain individual defendants. On August 27, 2009, the Court granted defendants' motion to stay the action.

On November 20, 2009, a purported shareholder derivative complaint was filed in the Superior Court for the State of California, Los Angeles County, naming as defendants certain former and present directors and officers of AIG and its subsidiaries. Plaintiff asserts claims on behalf of nominal defendant AIG concerning AIG's Subprime Exposure alleging breach of fiduciary duty, waste of corporate assets, and mismanagement. On November 24, 2009, an amended complaint was filed asserting the same claims. On February 4, 2010, the parties filed a stipulation staying the action in favor of the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation. On February 9, 2010, the Court signed a stipulation staying the action pending resolution of the Consolidated 2007 Derivative Litigation.

*Canadian Securities Class Action* — *Ontario Superior Court of Justice*. On November 12, 2008, an application was filed in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice for leave to bring a purported securities fraud class action against AIG, AIGFP, certain directors and officers of AIG and the former Chief Executive Officer of AIGFP. If the Court grants the application, a class plaintiff will be permitted to file a statement of claim against defendants. The proposed statement of claim would assert a class period of November 10, 2006 through September 16, 2008 (later amended to March 16, 2006 through September 16, 2008), and would allege that during this period defendants made false and misleading statements and omissions in quarterly and annual reports and during oral presentations in violation of the Ontario Securities Act. On April 17, 2009, defendants filed a motion record in support of their motion to stay or dismiss for lack of jurisdiction and forum non conveniens. On May 29, 2009, the applicant filed responding affidavits and an amended draft statement of claim. The factual allegations are generally the same as those alleged in the Consolidated 2008 Securities Litigation. On November 20 and 30, and December 4, 2009, defendants filed briefs in support of their motions to dismiss, and those motions are pending.

Panama Action — Tribunal del Circuito Civil, Panama City, Panama. On February 26, 2009, SICO sought permission to file a complaint in Panamanian Court against AIG. In the complaint, SICO alleges that AIG intentionally concealed from its shareholders, including SICO, its unstable financial situation and risk of losses, which ultimately resulted in losses to the value of SICO's shares of AIG Common Stock. On August 12, 2009, AIG filed a motion to dismiss the complaint and a motion for correction of the complaint. On August 13, 2009, AIG filed a motion with the Panama Supreme Court challenging on constitutional grounds a motion by SICO to amend the complaint. Under the terms of the settlement agreement and memorandum of understanding signed by AIG, on the one hand, and Greenberg, Howard I. Smith, AIG's former Chief Financial Officer, C.V. Starr & Company, Inc. (C.V. Starr) and Starr International Company, Inc. (SICO), on the other hand (the Starr Parties) that was announced on November 25, 2009 (the AIG/Greenberg MOU), SICO agreed to undertake to dismiss this action with prejudice. On February 10, 2010, the parties filed a joint request to dismiss the case. On March 2, 2010, the Court posted its approval of the dismissal of claims and the action was terminated.

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*Litigation Matter Relating to AIGFP.* On September 30, 2009, Brookfield Asset Management, Inc. and Brysons International, Ltd. (together, "Brookfield") filed a complaint against AIG and AIGFP in the Southern District of New York. Brookfield seeks a declaration that a 1990 interest rate swap agreement between Brookfield and AIGFP (guaranteed by AIG) terminated upon the occurrence of certain alleged events that Brookfield contends constituted defaults under the swap agreement's standard "bankruptcy" default provision. Brookfield claims that it is excused from all future payment obligations under the swap agreement on the basis of the purported termination. At March 31, 2010, the estimated present value of expected future cash flows discounted at LIBOR was \$1.3 billion. It is AIG's position that no termination event has occurred and that the swap agreement remains in effect. A determination that AIG triggered a "bankruptcy event of default" under the swap agreement could, depending on the Court's precise holding, affect other AIG or AIGFP agreements that contain the same or similar default provisions. Such a determination could also affect derivative agreements or other contracts between third parties, such as credit default swaps under which AIG is a reference credit, which could affect the trading price of AIG securities. On December 17, 2009 defendants filed a motion to dismiss, and that motion is pending.

## 2006 Regulatory Settlements and Related Matters

2006 Regulatory Settlements. In February 2006, AIG reached a resolution of claims and matters under investigation with the DOJ, the SEC, the Office of the New York Attorney General (NYAG) and the New York State Department of Insurance (DOI). AIG recorded an after-tax charge of \$1.15 billion relating to these settlements in the fourth quarter of 2005. The settlements resolved investigations conducted by the SEC, NYAG and DOI in connection with the accounting, financial reporting and insurance brokerage practices of AIG and its subsidiaries, as well as claims relating to the underpayment of certain workers' compensation premium taxes and other assessments. These settlements did not, however, resolve investigations by regulators from other states into insurance brokerage practices related to contingent commissions and other broker-related conduct, such as alleged bid rigging. Nor did the settlements resolve any obligations that AIG may have to state guarantee funds in connection with any of these matters.

As a result of these settlements, AIG made payments or placed amounts in escrow in 2006 totaling approximately \$1.64 billion, \$225 million of which represented fines and penalties. Amounts held in escrow totaling approximately \$338 million, including interest thereon, are included in Other assets at March 31, 2010. At that date, all of the funds were escrowed for settlement of claims resulting from the underpayment by AIG of its residual market assessments for workers' compensation.

In addition to the escrowed funds, \$800 million was deposited into a fund under the supervision of the SEC as part of the settlements to be available to resolve claims asserted against AIG by investors, including the securities class action shareholder lawsuits described below. On April 14, 2008, the Court overseeing the Fair Fund approved a plan for distribution of monies in the fund, and on May 18, 2009 ordered that the Distribution Agent was authorized to commence distribution of Fair Fund monies to approved eligible claimants.

Also, as part of the settlements, AIG agreed to retain, for a period of three years, an independent consultant to conduct a review that included, among other things, the adequacy of AIG's internal control over financial reporting, the policies, procedures and effectiveness of AIG's regulatory, compliance and legal functions and the remediation plan that AIG has implemented as a result of its own internal review.

Other Regulatory Settlements. AIG's 2006 regulatory settlements with the SEC, DOJ, NYAG and DOI did not resolve investigations by regulators from other states into insurance brokerage practices. AIG entered into agreements effective January 29, 2008 with the Attorneys General of the States of Florida, Hawaii, Maryland, Michigan, Oregon, Texas and West Virginia; the Commonwealths of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania; and the District of Columbia; as well as the Florida Department of Financial Services and the Florida Office of Insurance Regulation, relating to their respective industry-wide investigations into producer compensation and insurance placement practices. The settlements call for total payments of \$12.5 million to be allocated among the ten jurisdictions representing restitution to state agencies and reimbursement of the costs of the investigation. During

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the term of the settlement agreements, which run through early 2018, AIG will continue to maintain certain producer compensation disclosure and ongoing compliance initiatives. AIG will also continue to cooperate with the industry-wide investigations. The agreement with the Texas Attorney General also settles allegations of anticompetitive conduct relating to AIG's relationship with Allied World Assurance Company and includes an additional settlement payment of \$500,000 related thereto.

AIG entered into an agreement effective March 13, 2008 with the Pennsylvania Insurance Department relating to the Department's investigation into the affairs of AIG and certain of its Pennsylvania-domiciled insurance company subsidiaries. The settlement calls for total payments of approximately \$13.5 million, of which approximately \$4.4 million was paid under previous settlement agreements. During the term of the settlement agreement, which runs for a period of three years from May 1, 2008, AIG will provide annual reinsurance reports, as well as maintain certain producer compensation disclosure and ongoing compliance initiatives.

*NAIC Examination of Workers' Compensation Premium Reporting.* During 2006, the Settlement Review Working Group of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC), under the direction of the states of Indiana, Minnesota and Rhode Island, began an investigation into AIG's reporting of workers' compensation premiums. In late 2007, the Settlement Review Working Group recommended that a multi-state targeted market conduct examination focusing on workers' compensation insurance be commenced under the direction of the NAIC's Market Analysis Working Group. AIG was informed of the multi-state targeted market conduct examination in January 2008. The lead states in the multi-state examination are Delaware, Florida, Indiana, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New York, Pennsylvania, and Rhode Island. All other states (and the District of Columbia) have agreed to participate in the multi-state examination. To date, the examination has focused on legacy issues related to AIG's writing and reporting of workers' compensation insurance prior to 1996. AIG has also been advised that the examination will focus on current compliance with legal requirements applicable to such business. AIG has not been advised that any determinations have been made with respect to these issues, and cannot predict either the outcome of the investigation or provide any assurance regarding regulatory action that may result from the investigation.

Securities Action — Southern District of New York. Beginning in October 2004, a number of putative securities fraud class action suits were filed in the Southern District of New York against AIG and consolidated as In re American International Group, Inc. Securities Litigation. Subsequently, a separate, though similar, securities fraud action was also brought against AIG by certain Florida pension funds. The lead plaintiff in the class action is a group of public retirement systems and pension funds benefiting Ohio state employees, suing on behalf of themselves and all purchasers of AIG's publicly traded securities between October 28, 1999 and April 1, 2005. The named defendants are AIG and a number of present and former AIG officers and directors, as well as Starr, SICO, General Reinsurance Corporation (General Re), and PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (PwC), among others. The lead plaintiff alleges, among other things, that AIG: (1) concealed that it engaged in anti-competitive conduct through alleged payment of contingent commissions to brokers and participation in illegal bid-rigging; (2) concealed that it used "income smoothing" products and other techniques to inflate its earnings; (3) concealed that it marketed and sold "income smoothing" insurance products to other companies; and (4) misled investors about the scope of government investigations. In addition, the lead plaintiff alleges that AIG's former Chief Executive Officer, Maurice R. Greenberg, manipulated AIG's stock price. The lead plaintiff asserts claims for violations of Sections 11 and 15 of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder, Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act, and Section 20A of the Exchange Act. In April 2006, the Court denied the defendants' motions to dismiss the second amended class action complaint and the Florida complaint. In December 2006, a third amended class action complaint was filed, which does not differ substantially from the prior complaint. Fact discovery is currently ongoing. On February 20, 2008, the lead plaintiff filed a motion for class certification. In October 2009, the lead plaintiff advised the Court that it had entered into a settlement agreement with Maurice R. Greenberg, Howard I. Smith, Christian M. Milton, Michael J. Castelli, SICO and Starr. At the lead plaintiff's request, the Court has entered an order dismissing all of the lead plaintiff's claims against these defendants "without prejudice" to any party. The lead plaintiff has also voluntarily dismissed

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Frank Hoenemeyer, L. Michael Murphy, and Richmond Insurance Company, Ltd. On February 22, 2010, the Court issued an opinion granting, in part, lead plaintiffs' motion for class certification. The Court rejected lead plaintiffs' request to include in the class purchasers of certain AIG bonds on the grounds that (a) lead plaintiffs lack standing to pursue claims pursuant to the Securities Act with respect to such bonds, and (b) lead plaintiffs had failed to establish that common issues predominate over individual issues with regard to claims under the Exchange Act relating to AIG bonds. On that basis the Court declined to certify a class with respect to Counts I through IV of the Complaint and dismissed those claims for lack of standing. With respect the remaining claims under the Exchange Act on behalf of putative class members who had purchased AIG Common Stock, the Court declined to certify a class as to certain defendants other than AIG and rejected lead plaintiffs' claims that class members could establish injury based on disclosures on two of the six dates lead plaintiffs had proposed, but certified a class consisting of all shareholders who purchased or otherwise acquired AIG Common Stock during the class period of October 28, 1999 to April 1, 2005, and who possessed that stock over one or more of the dates October 14, 2004, October 15, 2004, March 17, 2005 or April 1, 2005, as well as persons who held AIG Common Stock in two companies at the time they were acquired by AIG in exchange for AIG Common Stock, and were allegedly damaged thereby. In light of the class certification decision, on March 5, 2010, the Court denied as moot Gen Re's and lead plaintiffs indoin to certify their proposed settlement, and on March 18, 2010, PwC withdrew its motion to approve its proposed settlement with lead plaintiffs. Lead plaintiffs and AIG have each filed petitions pursuant to Fed R. Civ. P. 23(f) requesting permission to appeal the class critification decision. The Rule 23(f) petition. The Rule 23(f) petitions remain

*Derivative Action — Southern District of New York.* Between October 25, 2004 and July 14, 2005, seven separate derivative actions were filed in the Southern District of New York, five of which were consolidated into a single action (the New York 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation). The complaint in this action contains nearly the same types of allegations made in the securities fraud action described above. The named defendants include current and former officers and directors of AIG, as well as Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. (Marsh), SICO, Starr, ACE Limited and subsidiaries (Ace), General Re, PwC, and certain employees or officers of these entity defendants. Plaintiffs assert claims for breach of fiduciary duty, gross mismanagement, waste of corporate assets, unjust enrichment, insider selling, auditor breach of contract, auditor professional negligence and disgorgement from AIG's former Chief Executive Officer, Maurice R. Greenberg, and former Chief Financial Officer, Howard I. Smith, of incentive-based compensation and AIG share proceeds under Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, among others. Plaintiffs seek, among other things, compensatory damages, corporate governance reforms, and a voiding of the election of certain AIG directors. AIG's Board of Directors has appointed a special committee of independent directors (Special Committee) to review the matters asserted in the operative consolidated derivative complaint. The Court has entered an order staying this action pending resolution of the Delaware action applies to this action without further order of the Court. On February 26, 2009, the Court dismissed those AIG officer and director defendants against whom the shareholder plaintiffs in the Delaware action had not pursued claims. It is AIG's position that the terms of the AIG/Greenberg MOU do not require dismissal of the derivative claims against Greenberg, Smith and SICO in the New York 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation. The Starr Parties have taken the opposite position.

*Derivative Actions* — *Delaware Chancery Court.* From October 2004 to April 2005, AIG shareholders filed five derivative complaints in the Delaware Chancery Court. All of these derivative lawsuits were consolidated into a single action as In re American International Group, Inc. Consolidated Derivative Litigation (the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation). The amended consolidated complaint named 43 defendants (not including nominal defendant AIG) who, as in the New York 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation, were current and former officers and directors of AIG, as well as other entities and certain of their current and former employees and directors. The factual allegations, legal claims and relief sought in this action are similar to those alleged in the

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New York 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation, except that the claims are only under state law. In early 2007, the Court approved an agreement that AIG be realigned as plaintiff, and, on June 13, 2007, acting on the direction of the Special Committee, AIG filed an amended complaint against former directors and officers Maurice R. Greenberg and Howard I. Smith, alleging breach of fiduciary duty and indemnification. Also on June 13, 2007, the Special Committee filed a motion to terminate the litigation as to certain defendants, while taking no action as to others. Defendants Greenberg and Smith filed answers to AIG's complaint and brought third-party complaints against certain current and former AIG directors and officers, PwC and INS Regulatory Insurance Services, Inc. On September 28, 2007, AIG and the shareholder plaintiffs filed a combined amended complaint in which AIG continued to assert claims against defendants Greenberg and Smith and took no position as to the claims asserted by the shareholder plaintiffs in the remainder of the combined amended complaint. In that pleading, the shareholder plaintiffs are no longer pursuing claims against certain AIG officers and directors. On February 12, 2008, the Court granted AIG's motion to stay discovery pending the resolution of claims against AIG in the New York consolidated securities action. On April 11, 2008, the shareholder plaintiffs filed the First Amended Combined Complaint, which added claims against former AIG directors and officers Maurice Greenberg, Edward Matthews, and Thomas Tizzio for breach of fiduciary duty based on alleged bid-rigging in the municipal derivatives market. On June 13, 2008, certain defendants filed motions to dismiss the shareholder plaintiffs' portions of the complaint. On February 10, 2009, the Court denied the motions to dismiss filed by Maurice Greenberg, Edward Matthews, and Thomas Tizzio; granted the motion to dismiss filed by PwC without prejudice; and granted the motion to dismiss filed by certain former employees of AIG without prejudice for lack of personal jurisdiction. On March 6, 2009, the Court granted an Order of Dismissal, Notice and Order of Voluntary Dismissal and Stipulation and Order of Dismissal to dismiss those individual defendants who were similarly situated to the individuals dismissed by the Court for lack of personal jurisdiction. On March 12, 2009, Defendant Greenberg filed his verified answer to AIG's complaint; cross-claims against Marsh, ACE, General Re, and Thomas Tizzio; and a third-party complaint against certain current and former AIG directors and officers, as well as INS Regulatory Insurance Services, Inc. Defendant Smith has also filed his answer to AIG's complaint, which was amended on July 9, 2009 to add cross-claims against Thomas Tizzio and third-party claims against certain current and former AIG directors and officers, as well as INS Regulatory Insurance Services, Inc. On June 17, 2009, the Court issued an opinion granting the motions to dismiss filed by General Re, Marsh, ACE, and Susan Rivera. On July 13, 2009 and July 17, 2009, the Court entered final judgments in favor of PwC, General Re, Marsh, ACE, and Susan Rivera. Shortly thereafter, the shareholder plaintiffs filed separate appeals: one addressing the dismissal of PwC, and the other addressing the dismissals of ACE, General Re, and Marsh. Their opening briefs were filed on September 24, 2009. By November 12, 2009, those appeals were fully briefed. Under the AIG/Greenberg MOU, AIG agreed to undertake to dismiss its direct claims against Greenberg and Smith in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation with prejudice. On November 27, 2009, counsel for the shareholder plaintiffs filed a motion for a temporary restraining order enjoining AIG from proceeding with its November 25, 2009 settlement with Greenberg. AIG opposed the motion on the ground, among other things, that the AIG/Greenberg MOU did not extinguish the shareholder plaintiffs' derivative claims. On November 30, 2009, counsel for the shareholder plaintiffs wrote to the Court and stated that "there appears to be nothing to enjoin" because the AIG/Greenberg MOU was the final, operative settlement agreement, and noted that the shareholder plaintiffs may request declaratory relief regarding the impact of the AIG/Greenberg MOU at a subsequent time. On February 5, 2010, AIG, Greenberg and Smith submitted a stipulation to the Court dismissing AIG's direct claims against Greenberg and Smith. The Starr Parties have taken the position that the AIG/Greenberg MOU also releases certain of the derivative claims being pursued by the shareholder plaintiffs. AIG has taken the opposite position.

AIG was also named as a defendant in a derivative action in the Delaware Chancery Court brought by shareholders of Marsh. On July 10, 2008, shareholder plaintiffs filed a second consolidated amended complaint, which contains claims against AIG for aiding and abetting a breach of fiduciary duty and contribution and indemnification in connection with alleged bid-rigging and steering practices in the commercial insurance market that are the subject of the Policyholder Antitrust and Racketeering Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(RICO) Actions described below. On November 10, 2008, AIG and certain defendants filed motions to dismiss the shareholder plaintiffs' portions of the complaint. On June 17, 2009, the Court dismissed the claims against AIG, Maurice R. Greenberg, and Zachary Carter with prejudice and denied the motions to dismiss filed by the remaining defendants. Final judgment was entered on June 19, 2009. The Court granted a motion by AIG for entry of final judgment under Rule 54(b), and entered final judgment dismissing AIG and Maurice R. Greenberg on September 2, 2009. The shareholder plaintiffs filed their notice of appeal on October 1, 2009. AIG moved to consolidate the appeal with the appeal of the dismissal of ACE, General Re, and Marsh in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation. The shareholders of Marsh moved to stay this appeal pending the decision in the appeal of the dismissal of ACE, General Re, and Marsh in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation. On November 10, 2009, the Delaware Supreme Court granted AIG's motion to consolidate the appeals for the purposes of oral argument and denied the Marsh shareholders' motion to stay. The shareholders of Marsh filed their opening brief on November 16, 2009. The appeal has been fully briefed, and oral argument was held before a three-judge panel of the Delaware Supreme Court on February 17, 2010. On February 22, 2010, the Court issued an order notifying the parties that the appeal would be heard by the Court *en banc*. The argument before the *en banc* court has not been scheduled.

*Derivative Action — Supreme Court of New York.* On February 11, 2009, shareholder plaintiffs in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation filed a derivative complaint in the Supreme Court of New York against the individual defendants who moved to dismiss the complaint in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation on personal jurisdiction grounds. The defendants include current and former officers and employees of AIG, Marsh, and General Re; AIG is named as a nominal defendant. The complaint in this action contains similar allegations to those made in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation described above. Discovery in this action is stayed pending the resolution of the claims against AIG in the securities actions described above under Securities Actions — Southern District of New York. Defendants filed motions to dismiss the complaint on May 1, 2009 and have completed their briefing. The shareholder plaintiffs have reached an agreement staying discovery as well as any motions to dismiss with the General Re and Marsh defendants pending final adjudication of any claims against those parties in the Delaware 2004/2005 Derivative Litigation. Oral argument on the other motions to dismiss has been adjourned until June 24, 2010.

*Policyholder Antitrust and RICO Actions.* Commencing in 2004, policyholders brought multiple federal antitrust and RICO class actions in jurisdictions across the nation against insurers and brokers, including AIG and a number of its subsidiaries, alleging that the insurers and brokers engaged in a broad conspiracy to allocate customers, steer business, and rig bids. These actions, including 24 complaints filed in different federal Courts naming AIG or an AIG subsidiary as a defendant, were consolidated by the judicial panel on multi-district litigation and transferred to the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey (District of New Jersey) for coordinated pretrial proceedings. The consolidated actions have proceeded in that Court in two parallel actions, In re Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation (the Commercial Complaint) and In re Employee Benefits Insurance Brokerage Antitrust Litigation (the Employee Benefits Complaint, and, together with the Commercial Complaint, the Multi-district Litigation).

The plaintiffs in the Commercial Complaint are a group of corporations, individuals and public entities that contracted with the broker defendants for the provision of insurance brokerage services for a variety of insurance needs. The broker defendants are alleged to have placed insurance coverage on the plaintiffs' behalf with a number of insurance companies named as defendants, including AIG subsidiaries. The Commercial Complaint also named various brokers and other insurers as defendants (three of which have since settled). The Commercial Complaint alleges, among other things, that defendants engaged in a widespread conspiracy to allocate customers through bid-rigging and steering practices. Plaintiffs assert that the defendants violated the Sherman Antitrust Act, RICO, and the antitrust laws of 48 states and the District of Columbia, and are liable under common law breach of fiduciary duty and unjust enrichment theories. Plaintiffs seek treble damages plus interest and attorneys' fees as a result of the alleged RICO and Sherman Antitrust Act violations.

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

The plaintiffs in the Employee Benefits Complaint are a group of individual employees and corporate and municipal employers alleging claims on behalf of two separate nationwide purported classes: an employee class and an employer class that acquired insurance products from the defendants from January 1, 1998 to December 31, 2004. The Employee Benefits Complaint names AIG, as well as various other brokers and insurers, as defendants. The activities alleged in the Employee Benefits Complaint, with certain exceptions, track the allegations made in the Commercial Complaint.

The Court, in connection with the Commercial Complaint, granted (without leave to amend) defendants' motions to dismiss the federal antitrust and RICO claims on August 31, 2007 and September 28, 2007, respectively. The Court declined to exercise supplemental jurisdiction over the state law claims in the Commercial Complaint and therefore dismissed it in its entirety. On January 14, 2008, the Court granted defendants' motion for summary judgment on the ERISA claims in the Employee Benefits Complaint and subsequently dismissed the remaining state law claims without prejudice, thereby dismissing the Employee Benefits Complaint in its entirety. On February 12, 2008, plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal to the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit with respect to the dismissal of the Employee Benefits Complaint. Plaintiffs previously appealed the dismissal of the Commercial Complaint to the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit on October 10, 2007. Both appeals are fully briefed and oral argument in both appeals was held on April 21, 2009.

A number of complaints making allegations similar to those in the Multi- district Litigation have been filed against AIG and other defendants in state and federal courts around the country. The defendants have thus far been successful in having the federal actions transferred to the District of New Jersey and consolidated into the Multi-district Litigation. These additional consolidated actions are still pending in the District of New Jersey, but are currently stayed. The AIG defendants have also sought to have state court actions making similar allegations stayed pending resolution of the Multi-district Litigation proceeding. These efforts have generally been successful, although discovery recently commenced in one case pending in Kansas state court. Discovery has been stayed in another case pending in Texas state court. In that case, the plaintiff filed an amended petition on July 13, 2009, and defendants filed special exceptions in connection with plaintiff's amended petition on August 14, 2009. A hearing on the special exceptions was held on November 11, 2009. AIG has settled several of the various federal and state actions alleging claims similar to those in the Multi-district Litigation, including state court actions pending in Florida and in New Jersey in which discovery had been allowed to proceed.

*Ohio Attorney General Action* — *Ohio Court of Common Pleas.* On August 24, 2007, the Ohio Attorney General filed a complaint in the Ohio Court of Common Pleas against AIG and a number of its subsidiaries, as well as several other broker and insurer defendants, asserting violation of Ohio's antitrust laws. The complaint, which is similar to the Commercial Complaint, alleges that AIG and the other broker and insurer defendants conspired to allocate customers, divide markets, and restrain competition in commercial lines of casualty insurance sold through the broker defendant. The complaint seeks treble damages on behalf of Ohio public purchasers of commercial casualty insurance, disgorgement on behalf of both public and private purchasers of commercial casualty insurance, and a \$500-per-day penalty for each day of conspiratorial conduct. On April 7, 2010, it was announced that AIG and the Ohio Attorney General agreed to settle the Ohio Attorney General's claims. Under the settlement agreement, AIG agreed to make a payment of \$9 million and to continue to maintain certain producer compensation disclosure and ongoing compliance initiatives.

Actions Relating to Workers' Compensation Premium Reporting — Northern District of Illinois. On May 24, 2007, the National Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Pool (the NWCRP), on behalf of its participant members, filed a lawsuit in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois against AIG with respect to the underpayment by AIG of its residual market assessments for workers' compensation insurance. The complaint alleged claims for violations of RICO, breach of contract, fraud and related state law claims arising out of AIG's alleged underpayment of these assessments between 1970 and the present and sought damages purportedly in excess of \$1 billion. On August 6, 2007, the Court denied AIG's motion seeking to dismiss or stay the complaint or, in the alternative, to transfer to the Southern District of New York. On December 26, 2007, the Court denied

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

AIG's motion to dismiss the complaint. On March 17, 2008, AIG filed an amended answer, counterclaims and third-party claims against the National Council on Compensation Insurance (in its capacity as attorney-in-fact for the NWCRP), the NWCRP, its board members, and certain of the other insurance companies that are members of the NWCRP alleging violations of RICO, as well as claims for conspiracy, fraud, and other state law claims. The counterclaim-defendants and third-party defendants filed motions to dismiss on June 9, 2008. On January 26, 2009, AIG filed a motion to dismiss all claims in the complaint for lack of subject-matter jurisdiction. On February 23, 2009, the Court issued a decision and order sustaining AIG's counterclaims and sustaining, in part, AIG's third-party claims. The Court also dismissed certain of AIG's third-party claims without prejudice. On April 13, 2009, third-party defendant Liberty Mutual filed third-party counterclaims against AIG, certain of its subsidiaries, and former AIG executives. On August 23, 2009, the Court granted AIG's motion to dismiss the complaint for lack of standing. On September 25, 2009, AIG filed its First Amended Complaint, reasserting its RICO claims against certain insurance companies that both underreported their workers' compensation premium and served on the NWCRP Board, and repleading its fraud and other state law claims. Defendants filed a motion to dismiss the First Amended Complaint on October 30, 2009. On October 8, 2009, Liberty Mutual filed an amended counterclaim against AIG. The amended counterclaim is substantially similar to the complaint initially filed by the NWCRP, but also seeks damages related to non-NWCRP states, guaranty funds, and special assessments, in addition to asserting claims for other violations of state law. The amended counterclaim also removes as defendants the former AIG executives. On October 30, 2009, AIG filed a motion to dismiss the Liberty amended counterclaim. Discovery is proceeding and fact discovery is currently schedu

On April 1, 2009, Safeco Insurance Company of America and Ohio Casualty Insurance Company filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, on behalf of a purported class of all NWCRP participant members, against AIG and certain of its subsidiaries with respect to the underpayment by AIG of its residual market assessments for workers' compensation insurance. The complaint was styled as an "alternative complaint," should the Court grant AIG's motion to dismiss the NWCRP lawsuit for lack of subject-matter jurisdiction. The allegations in the class action complaint are substantially similar to those filed by the NWCRP, but the complaint names former AIG executives as defendants and asserts a RICO claim against those executives. On August 28, 2009, the class action plaintiffs filed an amended complaint, removing the AIG executives as defendants. On October 30, 2009, AIG filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint. Discovery related to class certification issues has begun and is scheduled to be completed by March 12, 2010. Discovery is proceeding and is currently scheduled to be completed by March 15, 2011.

#### Litigation Matters Relating to AIG's General Insurance Operations

*Caremark.* AIG and certain of its subsidiaries have been named defendants in two putative class actions in state court in Alabama that arise out of the 1999 settlement of class and derivative litigation involving Caremark Rx, Inc. (Caremark). The plaintiffs in the second-filed action have intervened in the first-filed action, and the second-filed action has been dismissed. An excess policy issued by a subsidiary of AIG with respect to the 1999 litigation was expressly stated to be without limit of liability. In the current actions, plaintiffs allege that the judge approving the 1999 settlement was misled as to the extent of available insurance coverage and would not have approved the settlement had he known of the existence and/or unlimited nature of the excess policy. They further allege that AIG, its subsidiaries, and Caremark are liable for fraud and suppression for misrepresenting and/or concealing the nature and extent of coverage. In addition, the intervenor- plaintiffs originally alleged that various lawyers and law firms who represented parties in the underlying class and derivative litigation (the Lawyer Defendants) were also liable for fraud and suppression, misrepresentation, and breach of fiduciary duty. The complaints filed by the plaintiffs and the intervenor-plaintiffs request compensatory damages for the 1999 class in the amount of \$3.2 billion, plus punitive damages. AIG and its subsidiaries deny the allegations of fraud and suppression and have asserted that information concerning the excess policy was publicly disclosed months prior to the approval of the settlement. AIG and its subsidiaries further assert that the current claims are barred by the statute of limitations and that plaintiffs' assertions that the statute was tolled cannot stand against the public

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

disclosure of the excess coverage. The plaintiffs and intervenor-plaintiffs, in turn, have asserted that the disclosure was insufficient to inform them of the nature of the coverage and did not start the running of the statute of limitations. On November 26, 2007, the trial court issued an order that dismissed the intervenors' complaint against the Lawyer Defendants and entered a final judgment in favor of the Lawyer Defendants. The matter was stayed pending appeal to the Alabama Supreme Court. In September 2008, the Alabama Supreme Court affirmed the trial court's dismissal of the Lawyer Defendants. After the case was sent back down to the trial court, the intervenor-plaintiffs retained additional counsel — the law firm of Haskell Slaughter Young & Rediker, LLC (Haskell Slaughter) — and filed an Amended Complaint in Intervention on December 1, 2008. The Amended Complaint in Intervention names only Caremark and AIG and various subsidiaries as defendants and purports to bring claims against all defendants for deceit and conspiracy to deceive. In addition, the Amended Complaint in Intervention purports to bring a claim against AIG and its subsidiaries for aiding and abetting Caremark's alleged deception. The defendants have moved to dismiss the Amended Complaint, and, in the alternative, for a more definite statement. The intervenor-plaintiffs have yet to respond to defendants' motion but have indicated to the court that they intend to remedy any defects in their Amended Complaint by filing another amended complaint. After the appearance of the Haskell Slaughter firm on behalf of the intervenor-plaintiffs, the plaintiffs moved to disqualify all of the lawyers for the intervenor-plaintiffs because, among other things, the Haskell Slaughter firm previously represented Caremark. The intervenor-plaintiffs, in turn, moved to disqualify the lawyers for the plaintiffs in the first-filed action. The trial court heard oral argument on the motions to disqualify on February 6, 2009. On March 2, 2009, both sets of plaintiffs filed motions to withdraw their respective motions to disqualify each other after reaching an agreement among themselves that the Lauriello plaintiffs would act as lead counsel. The McArthur intervenors also moved to withdraw their Amended Complaint in Intervention. The trial court granted all motions to withdraw and ordered the parties to appear on March 26, 2009 for a status conference. Before the conference, the McArthur intervenors purported to dismiss their claims against Lauriello with prejudice pursuant to Ala. R. Civ. P. 41. The defendants argued that such dismissal was improper absent Court approval, but the Court approved the dismissal on April 2, 2009. At a class action scheduling conference held on April 14, 2009, the Court established a schedule for class action discovery that led to a hearing on class certification in March 2010. The Court then entered an order appointing a special master to resolve certain discovery disputes and requiring the parties to submit a new discovery schedule after those disputes are resolved. The parties are presently engaged in class discovery.

#### Litigation Matters Relating to AIG's Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services Operations

*Superior National.* On December 30, 2004, an arbitration panel issued its ruling in connection with a 1998 workers' compensation quota share reinsurance agreement under which Superior National Insurance Company, among others, was reinsured by USLIFE, a subsidiary of AGC. In its 2-1 ruling, the arbitration panel refused to rescind the contract as requested by USLIFE. Instead, the panel reformed the contract to reduce USLIFE's participation by ten percent. Further, the arbitration ruling established a second phase of arbitration for USLIFE to present its challenges to certain cessions to the contract. In the second phase the arbitration panel issued two awards resolving the challenges in favor of the cedents. On January 4, 2010, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the arbitration awards. USLIFE is currently considering its legal options. AIG had reserves of \$639 million as of March 31, 2010. AIG believes that the reserves should be adequate to fund unpaid claims.

#### (b) Commitments

#### Flight Equipment

At March 31, 2010, ILFC had committed to purchase 120 new aircraft deliverable from 2010 through 2019, at an estimated aggregate purchase price of \$13.7 billion, including \$243 million for 2010. ILFC will be required to find lessees for any aircraft acquired and to arrange financing for a substantial portion of the purchase price.

Included in the 120 new aircraft are 74 Boeing 787 aircraft (B787s), with the first aircraft currently scheduled to be delivered in July 2012. ILFC is in discussion with Boeing related to revisions to the delivery schedule and

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potential delay compensation and penalties for which ILFC may be eligible. ILFC has signed contracts for 29 of the 74 B787s on order. Under the terms of ILFC's B787 leases, the lessees may be entitled to share in any compensation which ILFC receives from Boeing for late delivery of the aircraft.

#### **Other Commitments**

On March 29, 2010, AIG's Compensation and Management Resources Committee approved AIG's 2010 Long Term Incentive Plan (LTIP) and an additional component to AIG's 2009 LTIP for middle management employees throughout AIG. Under both plans, recipients were offered the opportunity to receive additional compensation in the form of cash and stock appreciation rights (SARs) if certain metrics are met. The ultimate value is contingent on the achievement of performance measures aligned to the participant's business unit over a two-year period and such value could range from zero to twice the target amount. Subsequent to the performance period, portions of the earned awards are subject to an additional time-vesting period of up to two years. The awards granted to participants based on their target amounts for the 2010 LTIP totaled approximately \$380 million for the cash and SARs components, while the SARs component of the 2009 LTIP totaled approximately \$90 million. AIG recognizes compensation expense over the vesting period for these plans.

In the normal course of business, AIG enters into commitments to invest in limited partnerships, private equities, hedge funds and mutual funds and to purchase and develop real estate in the U.S. and abroad. These commitments totaled \$6.2 billion at March 31, 2010.

On June 27, 2005, AIG entered into an agreement pursuant to which AIG agreed, subject to certain conditions, to make any payment that is not promptly paid with respect to the benefits accrued by certain employees of AIG and its subsidiaries under the SICO Plans (as discussed in (c) below under "Benefits Provided by Starr International Company, Inc.").

#### (c) Contingencies

#### Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense

Although AIG regularly reviews the adequacy of the established Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense, there can be no assurance that AIG's ultimate Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense will not develop adversely and materially exceed AIG's current Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense. Estimation of ultimate net claims, claims adjustment expenses and Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense is a complex process for long-tail casualty lines of business, which include excess and umbrella liability, directors and officers liability (D&O), professional liability, medical malpractice, workers' compensation, general liability, products liability and related classes, as well as for asbestos and environmental exposures. Generally, actual historical loss development factors are used to project future loss development. However, there can be no assurance that future loss development patterns will be the same as in the past. Moreover, any deviation in loss cost trends or in loss development factors might not be discernible for an extended period of time subsequent to the recording of the initial loss reserve estimates for any accident year. Thus, there is the potential for reserves with respect to a number of years to be significantly affected by changes in loss cost trends or loss development factors that were relied upon in setting the reserves. These changes in loss cost trends or loss development, or in other social or economic phenomena affecting claims.

#### Benefits Provided by Starr International Company, Inc.

SICO has provided a series of two-year Deferred Compensation Profit Participation Plans (SICO Plans) to certain AIG employees. The SICO Plans were created in 1975 when the voting shareholders and Board of Directors of SICO, a private holding company whose principal asset is AIG Common Stock, decided that a portion of the capital value of SICO should be used to provide an incentive plan for the current and succeeding managements of all American International companies, including AIG.

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None of the costs of the various benefits provided under the SICO Plans has been paid by AIG, although AIG has recorded a charge to reported earnings for the deferred compensation amounts paid to AIG employees by SICO, with an offsetting amount credited to Additional paid-in capital reflecting amounts considered to be contributed by SICO. The SICO Plans provide that shares currently owned by SICO are set aside by SICO for the benefit of the participant and distributed upon retirement. The SICO Board of Directors currently may permit an early payout of units under certain circumstances. Prior to payout, the participant is not entitled to vote, dispose of or receive dividends with respect to such shares, and shares are subject to forfeiture under certain conditions, including but not limited to the participant's voluntary termination of employment with AIG prior to normal retirement age. Under the SICO Plans, SICO's Board of Directors may elect to pay a participant cash in lieu of shares of AIG Common Stock. Following notification from SICO to participants in the SICO Plans that it will settle specific future awards under the SICO Plans with shares rather than cash, AIG modified its accounting for the SICO Plans from variable to fixed measurement accounting. AIG gave effect to this change in settlement method beginning on December 9, 2005, the date of SICO's notice to participants in the SICO Plans.

#### (d) Guarantees

- See Note 7 herein for commitments and guarantees associated with VIEs.
- See Note 8 herein for disclosures on derivatives, including AIGFP and MIP written credit default swaps and other derivatives with credit risk-related contingent features.
- See Note 15 herein for additional disclosures on guarantees of outstanding debt.

#### **Subsidiaries**

AIG has issued unconditional guarantees with respect to the prompt payment, when due, of all present and future payment obligations and liabilities of AIG Financial Products and certain of its subsidiaries arising from transactions entered into by such companies.

In connection with AIGFP's leasing business, AIGFP has issued, in a limited number of transactions, standby letters of credit or similar facilities to equity investors in an amount equal to the termination value owing to the equity investor by the lessee in the event of a lessee default (the equity termination value). The total amount outstanding at March 31, 2010 was \$1.3 billion. In those transactions, AIGFP has agreed to pay such amount if the lessee fails to pay. The amount payable by AIGFP is usually, but not always, partially offset by amounts payable under other instruments typically equal to the accreted value of a deposit held by AIGFP. In the event AIGFP is required to make a payment to the equity investor, the lessee is unconditionally obligated to reimburse AIGFP. To the extent the equity investor is paid the equity termination value from the standby letter of credit and/or other sources, including payments by the lessee, AIGFP takes an assignment of the equity investor's rights under the lease of the underlying property. Because the obligations of the lessee under the lease transactions are generally economically defeased, lessee bankruptcy is the most likely circumstance in which AIGFP would be required to pay. AIGFP selected transactions in which it agreed to provide this product only in circumstances where lessee bankruptcy is considered remote or, in the case of certain municipal lessees, not permitted under current law.

#### Asset Dispositions

AIG is also subject to financial guarantees and indemnity arrangements in connection with the sales of businesses pursuant to its asset disposition plan, including the sales of AIA and ALICO. The various indemnities and guarantees may be triggered by, among other things, breaches of representations, warranties or covenants provided by AIG. These obligations are typically subject to various time limitations, defined by the contract or by operation of law, such as statutes of limitation. In some cases, the maximum potential obligation is subject to contractual limitations, while in other cases such limitations are not specified or applicable. AIG is unable to develop an estimate of the maximum payout under certain of these guarantees and indemnifications. However,

AIG believes that it is unlikely it will have to make any material payments under these arrangements, and no significant liabilities related to these arrangements have been recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 1 herein for additional information on sales of businesses and asset dispositions.

#### 10. Total Equity and Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The following table provides a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances of the components of total equity (excluding the effects of redeemable noncontrolling interests):

			2	010				2009	
Three Months Ended March 31, (In millions)	-	Cotal AIG eholders' Equity	Co	Non- ontrolling Interest	Tot Equi		Total AIG Shareholders' Equity	Non- Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Balance, beginning of year	\$	69,824	\$	28,252	\$ 98,0	76	\$ 52,710	\$ 8,095	\$ 60,805
Series C issuance		-		-		-	1	-	1
Series F drawdowns		2,199		-	2,1	<del>9</del> 9	-	-	-
Common stock issued under stock plans		(5)		-		(5)	(1)	-	(1)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of tax		(107)		-	(1	)7)	15	-	15
Net income (loss)		1,451		133	1,5	34	(4,353)	(792)	(5,145)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		1,636		(165)	1,4	71	(2,532)	(87)	(2,619)
Net decrease due to deconsolidation		-		(2,161)	(2,1	51)	-	476	476
Contributions from noncontrolling interest		-		210	2	10	-	391	391
Distributions to noncontrolling interests		-		(87)	(	37)	-	(589)	(589)
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by the Federal Reserve									
Bank of New York		-		519	-	19	-	-	-
Other		3		17		20	(81)	(44)	(125)
Balance, end of period	\$	75,001	\$	26,718	\$ 101,7	19	\$ 45,759	\$ 7,450	\$ 53,209

#### Preferred Stock

During the first quarter of 2010, AIG drew approximately \$2.2 billion under the Department of the Treasury Commitment and, as a result, the liquidation preference of the AIG Series F Preferred Stock increased to \$7.543 billion in the aggregate.

As a result of AIG's failure to declare and pay dividends on Series E Fixed Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, par value \$5.00 per share (AIG Series E Preferred Stock), and AIG Series F Preferred Stock for four quarterly dividend payment periods, the United States Department of the Treasury, as the sole holder of the AIG Series E Preferred Stock and AIG Series F Preferred Stock, exercised its right and elected Ronald A. Rittenmeyer and Donald H. Layton (the Preferred Directors) to the Board of Directors of AIG (the Board) by written consent effective April 1, 2010. The Preferred Directors are to hold office until the next annual meeting (or special meeting called for the purpose of electing directors) or until all the dividends payable on all outstanding shares of the AIG Series E Preferred Stock and the AIG Series F Preferred Stock have been declared and paid in full for four consecutive quarters.

See Note 16 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of AIG's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for a discussion of the terms of AIG's outstanding Preferred Stock.

#### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

A rollforward of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Fixed Maturity Investments on Which Other-Than- Temporary Credit Impairments Were Taken	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of All Other	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Net Derivative Gains (losses) Arising from Cash Flow Hedging Activities	Retirement Plan Liabilities Adjustment	Total
Balance, beginning of year, net of tax	\$ (1,810	) \$ 7,145	\$ 1,630	\$ (128)	\$ (1,144) \$	\$ 5,693
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments Net changes in foreign currency translation	993	2,531	-	-	-	3,524
adjustments		_	(958)	-	-	(958)
Net gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	24	-	24
Net actuarial gain	-	-	-	-	78	78
Prior service cost		-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Deferred tax asset (liability)	(220	) (1,374)	429	(2)	(24)	(1,191)
Total other comprehensive income	773	1,157	(529)	22	53	1,476
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle,						
net of tax	-	(276)	-	-	-	(276)
Noncontrolling interests	5	(60)	(105)	-	-	(160)
Balance, end of period, net of tax	\$ (1,042	) \$ 8,086	\$ 1,206	\$ (106)	\$ (1,091) \$	\$ 7,053

#### Noncontrolling interests

In connection with the ongoing execution of its orderly asset disposition plan, as well as plans to timely repay the FRBNY Credit Facility, on November 30, 2009, AIG transferred two of its wholly owned businesses, AIA and ALICO, to two newly-created special purpose vehicles (SPVs) in exchange for all the common and preferred interests of those SPVs. On December 1, 2009, AIG transferred the preferred interests in the SPVs to the FRBNY in consideration for a \$25 billion reduction of the outstanding loan balance and of the maximum amount of credit available under the FRBNY Credit Facility and amended the terms of the Facility as discussed below.

The common interests, which were retained by AIG, entitle AIG to 100 percent of the voting power of the SPVs. The voting power allows AIG to elect the boards of managers of the SPVs, who oversee the management and operation of the SPVs. Primarily due to the substantive participation rights of the preferred interests, the SPVs were determined to be variable interest entities. As the primary beneficiary of the SPVs, AIG consolidates the SPVs.

The preferred interests are redeemable at the option of AIG and are transferable at the FRBNY's discretion. If the FRBNY obtains control of the SPVs, through a default by AIG under the FRBNY Credit Agreement or otherwise, the agreements governing the transactions explicitly prohibit redemption of the preferred interests. In the event the board of managers of either SPV initiates a public offering, liquidation or winding up or a voluntary sale of the SPV, the proceeds must be distributed to the preferred interests until the preferred interests' redemption value has been paid. The redemption value of the preferred interests is the liquidation preference, which includes any undistributed preferred returns through the redemption date, and the amount of distributions that the preferred interests would receive in the event of a 100 percent distribution to all the common and preferred interest holders at the redemption date as described below.

See Note 16 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of AIG's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for further discussion of the terms of the junior and senior non-voting, callable preferred interests.

#### Earnings (Loss) Per Share (EPS)

Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, adjusted to reflect all stock dividends and stock splits. Diluted earnings per share is based on those shares used in basic EPS plus shares that would have been outstanding assuming issuance of common shares for all dilutive potential common shares outstanding, adjusted to reflect all stock dividends and stock splits. Basic earnings (loss) per share is not affected by outstanding stock purchase contracts. Diluted earnings per share is determined considering the potential dilution from outstanding stock purchase contracts using the treasury stock method and will not be affected by outstanding stock purchase contracts until the applicable market value per share exceeds \$912.

In connection with the issuance of the AIG Series C Perpetual, Convertible, Participating Preferred Stock, par value \$5.00 per share (AIG Series C Preferred Stock), AIG began applying the two-class method for calculating EPS. The two-class method is an earnings allocation method for computing EPS when a company's capital structure includes either two or more classes of common stock or common stock and participating securities. This method determines EPS based on dividends declared on common stock and participating securities (i.e., distributed earnings) as well as participation rights of participating securities in any undistributed earnings.

#### The following table presents computation of basic and diluted EPS:

Three Months Ended March 31,			
(dollars in millions, except per share data)		2010	2009
Numerator for EPS:			
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	926	\$ (5,213)
Net Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests:			
Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York		519	-
Other		129	(774)
Total net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		648	(774)
Net income (loss) attributable to AIG from continuing operations		278	(4,439)
Income from discontinued operations	\$	1,173	\$ 80
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		-	(6)
Net income attributable to AIG from discontinued operations		1,173	86
Cumulative dividends on AIG Series D Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, par value \$5.00 per share		-	(1,012)
Income allocated to AIG Series C Preferred Stock – continuing operations		(222)	-
Net Income (loss) attributable to AIG from continuing operations, applicable to common stock for EPS		56	(5,451)
Income allocated to AIG Series C Preferred Stock – discontinued operations		(935)	-
Net Income attributable to AIG from discontinued operations, applicable to common stock for EPS	\$	238	\$ 86
Denominator for EPS:			
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	135	,658,680	135,252,869
Dilutive shares*		66,259	-
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted	135	,724,939	135,252,869
EPS attributable to AIG:			
Basic:			
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.41	\$ (40.29)
Income from discontinued operations	\$	1.75	\$ 0.62
Diluted:			
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	0.41	()
Income from discontinued operations	\$	1.75	\$ 0.62

\* Diluted shares are calculated using the treasury stock method and include dilutive shares from share-based employee compensation plans, and the AIG Series F Warrants. The number of shares excluded from diluted shares outstanding were 12 million for both the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, because the effect would have been anti-dilutive.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 11. Restructuring

Since September 2008, AIG has been working to execute an orderly disposition plan of non-core businesses and assets, protect and enhance the value of its key businesses, and position itself for the future. AIG continually reassesses this plan to maximize value while maintaining flexibility in its liquidity and capital, and expects to accomplish this over a longer time frame than originally contemplated.

Successful execution of the restructuring plan involves significant separation activities. Accordingly, in 2008 AIG established retention programs for its key employees to maintain ongoing business operations and to facilitate the successful execution of the restructuring plan. Additionally, given the market disruption in the first quarter of 2008, AIGFP established a retention plan for its employees to manage and unwind its complex businesses. Other major activities include the separation of shared services, corporate functions, infrastructure and assets among business units.

In connection with its restructuring and separation activities, AIG expects to incur significant expenses, including legal, banking, accounting, consulting and other professional fees. In addition, AIG is contractually obligated to reimburse or advance certain professional fees and other expenses incurred by the FRBNY and the trustees of the AIG Credit Facility Trust, a trust established for the sole benefit of the United States Treasury (together with its trustees, the Trust).

Based on AIG's announced plans, AIG has made estimates of these expenses, although for some restructuring and separation activities estimates cannot be reasonably made due to the evolving nature of the plans and the uncertain timing of the transactions involved. Future reimbursement or advancement payments to the FRBNY and the trustees cannot reasonably be estimated by AIG. Even for those expenses that have been estimated, actual expenses will vary depending on the identity of the ultimate purchasers of the divested entities or counterparties to transactions, the transactions and activities that ultimately are consummated or undertaken, and the ultimate time period over which these activities occur.

For those restructuring and separation expenses that have been cumulatively incurred or can be reasonably expected to be incurred, the total expenses are approximately \$2.1 billion and \$2.3 billion, respectively, at March 31, 2010, as set forth in the table below. These amounts exclude expenses that could not be reasonably estimated at March 31, 2010, as well as expenses (principally professional fees) that are expected to be capitalized. With respect to the FRBNY and the trustees of the Trust, these amounts include only actual reimbursement and advancement payments made through March 31, 2010.

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

Restructuring expenses and related asset impairment and other expenses by reportable segment consisted of the following:

(in millions)	Б	General Isurance	Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services	Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services	Financial Services <sup>(a)</sup>	Other <sup>(b)</sup>	Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010							
Restructuring expenses	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 8	\$ -	\$ 104	\$ 112
Separation expenses		3	3	-	(9)	1	(2)
Total	\$	3	\$ 3	\$ 8	\$ (9)	\$ 105	\$ 110
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009							
Restructuring expenses	\$	-	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 58	\$ 136	\$ 196
Separation expenses		31	24	6	51	30	142
Total	\$	31	\$ 26	\$ 6	\$ 109	\$ 166	\$ 338
Cumulative amounts incurred since inception of restructuring plan	\$	270	\$ 154	\$ 110	\$ 627	\$ 915	\$ 2,076
Total amounts expected to be incurred <sup>(c)</sup>	\$	270	\$ 171	\$ 110	\$ 688	\$ 1,090	\$ 2,329

(a) Benefit in 2010 relates to returned AIGFP retention awards.

(b) Primarily includes professional fees related to (i) disposition activities and (ii) AIG's capital restructuring program with the FRBNY and the Department of the Treasury.

(c) Includes cumulative amounts incurred and future amounts to be incurred that can be reasonably estimated at March 31, 2010.

A rollforward of the restructuring liability, reported in Other liabilities on AIG's Consolidated Balance Sheet, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and the cumulative amounts incurred since inception of the restructuring plan, and the total amounts expected to be incurred are summarized as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	everance Expenses	]	Contract Fermination Expenses	Asset Write- Downs	Other Exit Expenses <sup>(a)</sup>	Re	Subtotal structuring Expenses	eparation Expenses	Total estructuring d Separation Expenses
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 125	\$	20	\$ -	\$ 81	\$	226	\$ 360	\$ 586
Additional charges	-		1	13	37		51	25	76
Cash payments	(65)		(5)	-	(64)		(134)	(216)	(350)
Non-cash items <sup>(b)</sup>	-		-	(13)	(1)		(14)	(16)	(30)
Changes in estimates	(6)		1	-	69		64	(27)	37
Activity of discontinued operations	-		(1)	-	-		(1)	(43)	(44)
Reclassified to Liabilities of businesses held for sale	(3)		(1)	-	(7)		(11)	(53)	(64)
Balance, end of period	\$ 51	\$	15	\$ -	\$ 115	\$	181	\$ 30	\$ 211
Cumulative amounts incurred since inception of restructuring plan	\$ 225	\$	79	\$ 192	\$ 668	\$	1,164	\$ 915	\$ 2,079
Total amounts expected to be incurred <sup>(c)</sup>	\$ 225	\$	112	\$ 192	\$ 865	\$	1,394	\$ 935	\$ 2,329

(a) Primarily includes professional fees related to (i) disposition activities, (ii) AIG's capital restructuring program with the FRBNY and the Department of the Treasury and (iii) unwinding most of AIGFP's businesses and portfolios.

(b) Primarily represents asset impairment charges, foreign currency translation and reclassification adjustments.

(c) Includes cumulative amounts incurred and future amounts to be incurred that can be reasonably estimated at March 31, 2010.

#### 12. Ownership

(a) According to the Schedule 13D as amended through March 17, 2010, filed by Maurice R. Greenberg, Edward E. Matthews, Starr International Company, Inc. (Starr International), C.V. Starr & Co. (CV Starr), Inc. and Universal Foundation, Inc. (Universal Foundation) (collectively, the Starr Group), the Starr Group could be deemed to beneficially own 14,105,606 shares of AIG Common Stock at that date. Each of the Maurice R. and Corinne P. Greenberg Family Foundation, Inc., the Maurice R. and Corinne P. Greenberg Joint Tenancy, LLC and C.V. Starr & Co., Inc. Trust no longer has the power to vote or direct the disposition of any shares of AIG Common Stock. Based on the shares of AIG Common Stock outstanding at April 30, 2010, this ownership would represent approximately 10.4 percent of the common stock of AIG. Although these reporting persons may have made filings under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), reporting sales of shares of common stock, no amendment to the Schedule 13D has been filed to report a change in ownership subsequent to March 17, 2010.

(b) For discussion of the AIG Series C Preferred Stock and the ownership by the Trust, see Note 16 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of AIG's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### 13. Employee Benefits

The following table presents the components of net periodic benefit cost with respect to pensions and other postretirement benefits:

	P	ensi	ons				Post	retire	ement		
	 Non U.S.		U.S.			N	Non U.S.		U.S.		
(in millions)	Plans*		Plans	]	<b>fotal</b>		Plans*	1	Plans	Т	otal
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010											
Components of net periodic benefit cost:											
Service cost	\$ 32	\$	36	\$	68	\$	2	\$	2	\$	4
Interest cost	15		54		69		1		4		5
Expected return on assets	(7)		(64)		(71)		-		-		-
Amortization of prior service credit	(2)		-		(2)		-		-		-
Amortization of net loss	11		12		23		-		-		-
Other	(1)		-		(1)		-		-		-
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 48	\$	38	\$	86	\$	3	\$	6	\$	9
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009											
Components of net periodic benefit cost:											
Service cost	\$ 31	\$	41	\$	72	\$	3	\$	3	\$	6
Interest cost	16		55		71		1		4		5
Expected return on assets	(9)		(55)		(64)		-		-		-
Amortization of prior service credit	(3)		-		(3)		-		-		-
Amortization of net loss	11		24		35		-		-		-
Other	3		-		3		-		(3)		(3)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 49	\$	65	\$	114	\$	4	\$	4	\$	8

\* Non U.S. pension and post-retirement costs shown above include \$21 million and \$2 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and \$19 million and \$2 million respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2009 associated with discontinued operations.

At December 31, 2009, AIG's non-U.S. pension and post retirement plans were underfunded by \$1.6 billion and \$106 million, respectively. Those amounts included \$548 million and \$61 million, respectively, for pension and postretirement plans that are now classified as liabilities held for sale.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

As a result of the Fuji acquisition, AIG assumed the obligations related to the Fuji plans. As of December 31, 2009, Fuji's aggregate projected benefit obligation and plan assets were \$252 million and \$292 million, respectively. See Note 4 herein for more information on the Fuji acquisition.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIG contributed \$37 million to its U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans and expects to contribute an additional \$97 million for the remainder of 2010. These estimates are subject to change since contribution decisions are affected by various factors, including AIG's liquidity, asset dispositions, market performance and management discretion.

#### 14. Income Taxes

# **Interim Period Tax Assumptions and Effective Tax Rates**

AIG's actual income tax (benefit) expense differs from the statutory U.S. federal amount computed by applying the federal income tax rate due to the following:

			2010	
Three Months Ended March 31,				Percent of Pre-
(dollars in millions)	Pre-Tax	x Income	Amount	tax Income
U.S. federal income tax at statutory rate	\$	1,871	\$ 655	35.0%
Adjustments:				
Tax exempt interest			(155)	(8.3)
Variable interest entity (income) loss			30	1.6
State income taxes			(86)	(4.6)
Other			(21)	(1.1)
Effect of discontinued operations			166	8.9
State tax valuation allowance – continuing operations			65	3.5
Reduction of valuation allowance – continuing operations			(216)	(11.6)
Reduction of valuation allowance – discontinued operations			(665)	(35.5)
Total income tax benefit			(227)	(12.1)
Amount included in discontinued operations		(1,036)	(137)	(13.2)
Tax benefit from continuing operations	\$	835	\$ (91)	(10.9)%

#### AIG's income tax benefit from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 is comprised of the following:

(in millions)	 2010	2009
Current tax provision (benefit)	\$ <b>849</b> S	5 301
Deferred tax provision (benefit)	(940)	(1,604)
Total tax provision (benefit) attributable to continuing operations	\$ (91) S	5 (1,303)

AIG is unable to estimate the annual effective tax rate for 2010 due to the significant variations in the customary relationship between income tax expense and pre-tax accounting income or loss; consequently, the actual effective tax rate for the interim period is being utilized.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, the effective tax rate on the pre-tax income from continuing operations was (10.9) percent and the effective tax rate on the pre-tax income included in discontinued operations was (13.2) percent. The effective tax rate was negative because AIG recorded a tax benefit on pre-tax income. The tax benefit was primarily due to decreases in the deferred tax asset valuation allowance of \$82 million related to certain subsidiaries that file separate income tax returns, \$140 million which principally offsets the tax expense related to the pre-tax income from continuing operations earned during the quarter, and \$665 million related to

# **NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (unaudited)

changes in value of subsidiaries to be sold and included in discontinued operations. In making its determination of the fair values of the subsidiaries to be sold, AIG considered, among other information, valuations prepared for various purposes by third parties.

The effective tax rate on the pre-tax loss from continuing operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 was 20.0 percent. The effective tax rate was lower than the statutory rate due primarily to a \$1.6 billion increase in the deferred tax asset valuation allowance against a portion of AIG's net deferred tax asset, partially offset by \$632 million of deferred tax benefits mainly attributable to the book to tax basis differences of AIG Parent's investment in subsidiaries and other discrete period items.

#### The following table provides a roll forward of the net deferred tax asset from December 31, 2009 to March 31, 2010:

	Ν	let Deferred Tax Asset Before Valuation Allowance	Valuation Allowance	Net Deferred Tax Asset
Net deferred tax asset at December 31, 2009	\$	29,589	\$ (23,705)	\$ 5,884
Benefit (provision) – continuing operations		789	151	940
Benefit (provision) – discontinued operations		(570)	665	95
Deferred taxes on components of shareholders' equity		(952)	(183)	(1,135)
Deferred taxes of acquired entities		511	(509)	2
Deferred taxes of deconsolidated entities		(158)	-	(158)
Less: Net deferred tax liabilities reclassified as held-for-sale		1,225	1,325	2,550
Net deferred tax asset at March 31, 2010	\$	30,434	\$ (22,256)	\$ 8,178

#### Valuation Allowances on Deferred Tax Assets

AIG evaluates the recoverability of the deferred tax asset and establishes a valuation allowance, if necessary, to reduce the deferred tax asset to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized (a likelihood of more than 50 percent). Significant judgment is required to determine whether a valuation allowance is necessary and the amount of such valuation allowance, if appropriate.

When making its assessment about the realization of its deferred tax asset at March 31, 2010, AIG considered all available evidence, as required by income tax accounting guidance, including:

- the nature, frequency, and severity of current and cumulative financial reporting losses;
- certain transactions, including the recognition of the gain on the sale of the Otemachi building in Tokyo, and the sales of AIA and ALICO expected to be completed in 2010;
- the carryforward periods for the net operating and capital loss and foreign tax credit carryforwards; and
- tax planning strategies that would be implemented, if necessary, to protect the loss of the deferred tax asset.

Estimates of future taxable income generated from specific transactions and tax planning strategies discussed above could change in the near term, perhaps materially, which may require AIG to adjust its valuation allowance. Such adjustment, either positive or negative, could be material to AIG's consolidated financial condition or its results of operations for an individual reporting period.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG's U.S. consolidated income tax group had a net deferred tax asset after valuation allowance of \$8.3 billion and \$8.6 billion, respectively. Realization of AIG's net deferred tax asset depends upon its ability to generate sufficient earnings from transactions expected to be completed in the

near future and tax planning strategies that would be implemented, if necessary, to protect against the loss of the deferred tax asset, but does not depend on projected future operating income.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG's U.S. consolidated income tax group had deferred tax asset valuation allowances of \$19.6 billion and \$20.4 billion, respectively. The change in the deferred tax asset valuation allowances is primarily due to an increase in estimated value to be realized on the expected sale of certain subsidiaries classified as discontinued operations.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG had net deferred tax liabilities of \$0.1 billion and \$2.7 billion, respectively, related to foreign subsidiaries, state and local tax jurisdictions, and certain domestic subsidiaries that file separate tax returns. The change is primarily due to deferred tax liabilities of \$2.6 billion reclassified as businesses held for sale.

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG had deferred tax asset valuation allowances of \$2.7 billion and \$3.3 billion, respectively, related to foreign subsidiaries, state and local tax jurisdictions, and certain domestic subsidiaries that file separate tax returns. The change is primarily due to deferred tax asset valuation allowances of \$1.3 billion reclassified as businesses held for sale offset by an additional deferred tax asset valuation allowance of \$0.5 billion associated with the purchase of additional shares of Fuji, recorded through purchase accounting.

At both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG had a deferred tax asset related to stock compensation of \$178 million. Due to AIG's current stock price, this deferred tax asset may not be realizable in the future. The accounting guidance for share based payments precludes AIG from recognizing an impairment charge on this asset until the related stock awards are exercised, vest or expire. Any charge associated with the deferred tax asset is reported in Additional paid-in capital until the pool of previously recognized tax benefits recorded in Additional paid-in capital is reduced to zero. Income tax expense would be recognized for any additional charge. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the pool of previously recognized tax benefits recorded in Additional paid-in capital was \$135.2 million and \$142.6 million, respectively.

#### Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG's unrecognized tax benefits, excluding interest and penalties, were \$4.6 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG's unrecognized tax benefits included \$1.2 billion and \$1.4 billion, respectively, related to tax positions the disallowance of which would not affect the effective tax rate as they relate to such factors as the timing, rather than the permissibility, of the deduction. Accordingly, at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the amounts of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would favorably affect the effective tax rate were \$3.4 billion and \$3.4 billion, respectively.

Interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits are recognized in income tax expense. At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 AIG had accrued \$762 million and \$835 million, respectively, for the payment of interest (net of the federal benefit) and penalties. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, AIG recognized \$11 million and \$(10) million, respectively, of interest (net of the federal benefit) and penalties in the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

AIG regularly evaluates adjustments proposed by taxing authorities. At March 31, 2010, such proposed adjustments would not have resulted in a material change to AIG's consolidated financial condition, although it is possible that the effect could be material to AIG's consolidated results of operations for an individual reporting period. Although it is reasonably possible that a change in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits may occur within the next twelve months, at this time it is not possible to estimate the range of the change due to the uncertainty of the potential outcomes.

#### 15. Information Provided in Connection With Outstanding Debt

The following condensed consolidating financial statements reflect the results of AIG Life Holdings (US), Inc. (AIGLH), formerly known as American General Corporation, a holding company and a wholly owned subsidiary of AIG. AIG provides a full and unconditional guarantee of all outstanding debt of AIGLH.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

# **Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet**

(in millions)		American Iternational Group, Inc. Guarantor)	A	IGLH <sup>(a)</sup>	Su	Other bsidiaries	Re	classifications and Eliminations	Consolidated AIG
March 31, 2010									
Assets:									
Investments <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	9,271	\$	-	\$	584,700	\$	(144,924)	
Cash		360		-		1,773		-	2,133
Loans to subsidiaries <sup>(b)</sup>		74,191		-		(74,191)		-	-
Debt issuance costs, including prepaid commitment asset of \$6,460		6,739		-		212		-	6,951
Investment in consolidated subsidiaries <sup>(b)</sup>		76,020		29,941		(1,950)		(104,011)	-
Other assets, including current and deferred income taxes Assets of businesses held for sale		11,035		2,650		138,630 253,301		(3,189) 3,139	149,126 256,440
Total assets	\$	177.010	¢	22 501	¢	902,475	¢		· · · ·
	Э	177,616	\$	32,591	\$	902,475	\$	(248,985)	\$ 863,697
Liabilities:	<i>•</i>				<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	(2.62)	*
Insurance liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	316,096	\$	(368)	
Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility		- 27.400		-		2,285		-	2,285 27,400
Other debt		43,378		2,137		208,608		(144,379)	109,744
Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup>		31,837		4,227		51,843		(144,575)	87,044
Liabilities of businesses held for sale				-,227		217,801		36	217,837
Total liabilities		102,615		6,364		796,633		(145,574)	760,038
Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries (including \$1,270 associated with		102,015		0,504		750,055		(143,374)	700,030
businesses held for sale in 2010)		_		-		1,282		658	1,940
Total AIG shareholders' equity		75,001		26,227		103,036		(129,263)	75,001
Noncontrolling interests:		75,001		20,227		105,050		(123,203)	75,001
Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interest held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York		-		-		-		25,059	25,059
Other (including \$374 million associated with businesses held for sale in 2010)		-		-		1,524		135	1,659
Total noncontrolling interests		-		-		1,524		25,194	26,718
Total equity		75.001		26,227		104,560		(104,069)	101,719
Total liabilities and equity	\$	177,616	\$	32,591	\$	902,475	\$		\$ 863,697
	Ψ	177,010	Ψ	52,551	Ψ	502,475	Ψ	(240,505)	\$ 005,057
December 31, 2009 Assets:									
Investments <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	10,702	\$	_	\$	736,977	\$	(146,514)	\$ 601,165
Cash	Э	10,702	Э	- 2	Э	4,341	Э	(140,514)	4,400
Loans to subsidiaries <sup>(b)</sup>		72,926		-		(72,926)			-,-00
Debt issuance costs, including prepaid commitment asset of \$7,099		7,383		-		159		-	7,542
Investment in consolidated subsidiaries <sup>(b)</sup>		71,419		28,580		(980)		(99,019)	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Other assets, including current and deferred income taxes		10,986		2,618		164,670		(175)	178,099
Assets of businesses held for sale		-		-		56,379		-	56,379
Total assets	\$	173,473	\$	31,200	\$	888,620	\$	(245,708)	\$ 847,585
	-			,	-	,		< <i>'</i> , ',	
			¢	-	\$	461,706	\$	(409)	\$ 461.297
Liabilities:	\$				Ψ		Ψ	(405)	4,739
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities	\$	-	φ	-		4./39		-	23,435
Liabilities:	\$	- 23,435	φ	-		4,739			113,298
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility	\$	-	J	- - 2,097		4,759 - 210,512		(144,747)	110,200
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup>	\$	- 23,435	ţ	-		-		(144,747) (1,940)	97,182
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt	\$	- 23,435 45,436	ţ	- - 2,097		- 210,512		( )	,
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup>	\$	- 23,435 45,436	ų	- - 2,097		- 210,512 60,135		( )	97,182
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale	\$	- 23,435 45,436 34,778 -	J.	- 2,097 4,209 -		210,512 60,135 48,599		(1,940)	97,182 48,599
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale Total liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries	\$	- 23,435 45,436 34,778 -	J.	- 2,097 4,209 -		210,512 60,135 48,599 785,691		(1,940) - (147,096) 782	97,182 48,599 748,550
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale Total liabilities	\$	23,435 45,436 34,778 103,649	J.	- 2,097 4,209 - 6,306		210,512 60,135 48,599 785,691 177		(1,940) - (147,096)	97,182 48,599 748,550 959
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale Total liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries Total AIG shareholders' equity Noncontrolling interests: Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interest held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York	\$	23,435 45,436 34,778 103,649	J.	- 2,097 4,209 - 6,306		210,512 60,135 48,599 785,691 177 83,303 15,596		(1,940) 	97,182 48,599 748,550 959 69,824 24,540
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale Total liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries Total AIG shareholders' equity Noncontrolling interests:	\$	23,435 45,436 34,778 103,649 - 69,824	<b>J</b>	- 2,097 4,209 - 6,306 - 24,894		210,512 60,135 48,599 785,691 177 83,303		(1,940) - (147,096) 782 (108,197)	97,182 48,599 748,550 959 69,824
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale Total liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries Total AIG shareholders' equity Noncontrolling interests: Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interest held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York	\$	23,435 45,436 34,778 103,649 - 69,824	- C	- 2,097 4,209 - 6,306 - 24,894		210,512 60,135 48,599 785,691 177 83,303 15,596		(1,940) 	97,182 48,599 748,550 959 69,824 24,540
Liabilities: Insurance liabilities Federal Reserve Bank of New York Commercial Paper Funding Facility Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility Other debt Other liabilities, including intercompany balances <sup>(a)(c)</sup> Liabilities of businesses held for sale Total liabilities Redeemable noncontrolling interests in partially owned consolidated subsidiaries Total AIG shareholders' equity Noncontrolling interests: Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interest held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York Other (including \$2.2 billion associated with businesses held for sale in 2009)	\$	23,435 45,436 34,778 103,649 - 69,824 -	- C	- 2,097 4,209 - 6,306 - 24,894 - -		210,512 60,135 48,599 785,691 177 83,303 15,596 3,853		(1,940) - (147,096) 782 (108,197) 8,944 (141)	97,182 48,599 748,550 959 69,824 24,540 3,712

(a) Includes intercompany derivative positions, which are reported at fair value before credit valuation adjustment.

(b) Eliminated in consolidation.

(c) For March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, includes intercompany tax payable of \$28.7 billion and \$28.7 billion, respectively, for American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor) and intercompany tax receivable of \$60 million and \$45 million, respectively, for AIGLH.

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

# Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income (Loss)

(in millions)	]	American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor)	AI	GLH	Othe Subsidiarie		Reclassifications and Eliminations	Con	solidated AIG
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010									
Revenues: Equity in undistributed net income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	910	\$	255	\$		\$ (1,165)	¢	
Dividend income from consolidated subsidiaries <sup>(a)</sup>	Φ	290	æ	233		-	(1,103)	Þ	-
Change in fair value of ML III		-		-	75	1	(250)		751
Other revenue <sup>(b)</sup>		981		53	14,54	5	-		15,579
Total revenues		2,181		308	15,29	6	(1,455)		16,330
Expenses:									
Accrued and compounding interest		194		-		-	(65)		129
Amortization of prepaid commitment asset		639		-		-	(118)		521
Total Interest expense on FRBNY Credit Facility		833		-		-	(183)		650
Other interest expense Restructuring expenses and related asset impairment and		607		92	38	5	-		1,084
other expenses		97		-	1	3	-		110
Other expense		58		-	13,59		-		13,651
Total expenses		1,595		92	13,99	1	(183)		15,495
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (benefit)		586		216	1,30	5	(1,272)		835
Income tax expense (benefit) <sup>(c)</sup>		(865)		(12)	78	6	-		(91)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		1,451		228	51	9	(1,272)		926
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		-		-	1,35	6	(183)		1,173
Net income (loss)		1,451		228	1,87	5	(1,455)		2,099
Less: Net Income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests:							-40		<b>F</b> 40
Noncontrolling nonvoting, callable, junior and senior preferred interests held by Federal Reserve Bank of New York Other		-		-	12	-	519		519 129
Total income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests				-	12		519		648
Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests				-	12	-	-		-
Total net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		-		-	12	9	519		648
Net income (loss) attributable to AIG	\$	1,451	\$	228	\$ 1,74	6	\$ (1,974)	\$	1,451
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009									
Revenues:									
Equity in undistributed net income (loss) of consolidated subsidiaries <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	(2,598)	\$ (	1,022)	\$	-	\$ 3,620	\$	-
Dividend income from consolidated subsidiaries <sup>(a)</sup>		226		-		-	(226)		-
Change in fair value of ML III		(1,940)		-	10.50	-	-		(1,940)
Other revenue <sup>(b)</sup>		1,436		53	13,76		-		15,255
Total revenues		(2,876)		(969)	13,76	6	3,394		13,315
Expenses: Accrued and compounding interest		708		-			(141)		567
Amortization of prepaid commitment asset		822		-		-	(141)		705
Total Interest expense on FRBNY Credit Facility		1.530				-	(258)		1.272
Other interest expense		644		82	58	9	(250)		1,315
Restructuring expenses and related asset impairment and other expenses		120		-	21		-		338
Other expenses		136		-	16,77	0	-		16,906
Total expenses		2,430		82	17,57		(258)		19,831
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (benefit)		(5,306)	(	(1,051)	(3,81	1)	3,652		(6,516)
Income tax expense (benefit) <sup>(c)</sup>		(953)		(8)	(34	2)	-		(1,303)
Income (loss) from continuing operations		(4,353)	(	(1,043)	(3,46		3,652		(5,213)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations		-		-	33		(258)		80
Net income (loss) Less:		(4,353)	(	(1,043)	(3,13	1)	3,394		(5,133)
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests Income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests		-		-	(77	4) 6)	-		(774)
Total net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		-		-	(78				(780)
Net loss attributable to AIG	\$	(4,353)	\$ (	1,043)	\$ (2,35		\$ 3,394	\$	(4,353)
	φ	(4,555)	Ψ (	1,040)	φ (2,3)	±)	φ 3,334	Ψ	(-,555)

(a) Eliminated in consolidation.

(b) Includes interest income of \$856 million and \$1.3 billion for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, for American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor).

(c) Income taxes recorded by American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor) include deferred tax expense attributable to the pending sale of foreign businesses and a valuation allowance to reduce the consolidated deferred tax asset to the amount more likely than not to be realized. See Note 14 herein for additional information.

# **Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows**

(in millions)		American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor)	AIGLH	Other Subsidiaries and Eliminations	Consolidated AIG
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	<i>•</i>	(00)	•	<b>* -</b> 22	<b>*</b> • • • •
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities – continuing operations	\$	(83)	\$ (111)	\$ 539	\$ 345
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities – discontinued operations		-	-	2,850	2,850
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(83)	(111)	3,389	3,195
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Sales of investments		490	-	17,174	17,664
Sales of divested businesses, net		262	-	1,209	1,471
Purchase of investments		(81)	-	(19,225)	(19,306)
Loans to subsidiaries – net		(881)	-	881	-
Contributions to subsidiaries		(2,171)	-	2,171	-
Other, net		(179)	-	(1,106)	(1,285)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities – continuing operations		(2,560)	-	1,104	(1,456)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities – discontinued operations		-	-	(3,060)	(3,060)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(2,560)	-	(1,956)	(4,516)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility borrowings		8,300	-	-	8,300
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility repayments		(4,520)	-	(31)	(4,551)
Issuance of other long-term debt		-	-	4,170	4,170
Repayments on other long-term debt		(1,398)	-	(5,745)	(7,143)
Drawdown on the Department of the Treasury Commitment		2,199	-	-	2,199
Intercompany loans – net		(1,635)	109	1,526	-
Other, net		-	-	(3,394)	(3,394)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities – continuing operations		2,946	109	(3,474)	(419)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities – discontinued operations		-	-	153	153
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		2,946	109	(3,321)	(266)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		-	-	(42)	(42)
Effect of consolidation/deconsolidation of variable interest entities		-	-	-	-
Change in cash		303	(2)	(1,930)	(1,629)
Cash at beginning of period		57	2	4,341	4,400
Reclassification to assets held for sale		-	-	(638)	(638)
Cash at end of period	\$	360	<b>5</b> -	\$ 1,773	\$ 2,133

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

(in millions)	Int Grou	American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor)			Othe Subsidiaries an Elimination	d	Consolidated AIG	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009								
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities – continuing operations	\$	296	\$ (1	18)	\$ 1,41	8	\$ 1,590	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities – discontinued operations		-		-	2,17	4	2,174	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		296	(1	18)	3,59	2	3,770	
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Sales of investments		405		-	26,81	2	27,217	
Sales of divested businesses, net		-		-	70	4	704	
Purchase of investments		(131)		-	(17,53	3)	(17,664	
Loans to subsidiaries – net		(4,254)		-	4,25	4		
Contributions to subsidiaries		(2,495)	(1,20	)0)	3,69	5		
Other, net		(324)		-	(6,69	7)	(7,022	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities – continuing operations		(6,799)	(1,20	)0)	11,23	5	3,230	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities – discontinued operations		-		-	(1,80	4)	(1,804	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(6,799)	(1,20	)0)	9,43	1	1,432	
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility borrowings		10,900		-		-	10,900	
Federal Reserve Bank of New York credit facility repayments		(4,600)		-		-	(4,600	
Issuance of other long-term debt		-		-	1,20	9	1,209	
Repayments on other long-term debt		(561)		-	(5,39	2)	(5,953	
Intercompany loans – net		800	1	18	(91	8)		
Other, net		-	1,20	00	(9,23	8)	(8,038	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities – continuing operations		6,539	1,3	18	(14,33	9)	(6,482	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities – discontinued operations		-		-	(3,16	2)	(3,162	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		6,539	1,3	18	(17,50	1)	(9,644	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		-		-	(17	1)	(17)	
Change in cash		36		-	(4,64	9)	(4,613	
Cash at beginning of period		103		-	8,53	9	8,642	
Cash at end of period	\$	139	\$	-	\$ 3,89	0	\$ 4,029	

# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

<u>Supplementary disclosure of cash flow information:</u>

		American			
	Int	ernational		Other	
	G	Froup, Inc.	Subsidiaries		
		(As		and	Consolidated
	C	duarantor)	AIGLH	Eliminations	AIG
Cash (paid) received during the three months ended March 31, 2010 for:					
Interest:					
Third party	\$	(383)	\$ (63)	\$ (601)	\$ (1,047)
Intercompany		(1)	(61)	62	-
Taxes:					
Income tax authorities	\$	-	\$-	\$ (604)	\$ (604)
Intercompany		1	-	(1)	-
Cash (paid) received during the three months ended March 31, 2009 for:					
Interest:					
Third party	\$	(576)	\$ (63)	\$ (827)	\$ (1,466)
Intercompany		-	(53)	53	-
Taxes:					
Income tax authorities	\$	(4)	\$-	\$ (175)	\$ (179)
Intercompany		126	-	(126)	-

# American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor) supplementary disclosure of non-cash activities:

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)	2010	2009
Intercompany non-cash financing and investing activities:		
Capital contributions to subsidiaries through forgiveness of loans	\$ 100	\$ -
Other capital contributions in the form of forgiveness of payables and contribution of assets – net	211	292
Temporary paydown of FRBNY Credit Facility by subsidiary	31	-
Settlement of payable to subsidiary with return of capital from subsidiary	-	7
Receivable offset by intercompany payable	25	-

During 2009, AIG made certain revisions to the American International Group, Inc. (as Guarantor) Condensed Statement of Cash Flows, primarily relating to the effect of reclassifying dividend income received from consolidated subsidiaries. During 2009, AIG made certain revisions to the AIGLH Condensed Statement of Cash Flows, primarily relating to revisions for the presentation of capital contributions by AIGLH. Accordingly, AIG revised the previous period presented to conform to the revised presentation. There was no effect on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows or ending cash balances.

# The revisions and their effect on the American International Group, Inc. (As Guarantor) and AIGLH Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2009		ican Internat Group, Inc. As Guarantor	AIGLH			
	Originally		As Revised	Originally		As
(in millions)	Reported	Reported Revisions		Reported	Revisions	Revised
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (856	\$ 1,152	\$ 296	\$ -	\$ (118)	\$ (118)
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	(5,647	(1,152)	(6,799)	-	(1,200)	(1,200)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	6,539	-	6,539	-	1,318	1,318

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is designed to provide the reader a narrative with respect to American International Group, Inc.'s (AIG's) operations, financial condition and liquidity and certain other significant matters.

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#### **Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other publicly available documents may include, and AIG's officers and representatives may from time to time make, projections and statements which may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These projections and statements are not historical facts but instead represent only AIG's belief regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and outside AIG's control. These projections and statements may address, among other things:

- the outcome of the transactions with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (FRBNY) and the United States Department of the Treasury (Department of the Treasury);
- the number, size, terms, cost, proceeds and timing of dispositions and their potential effect on AIG's businesses, financial condition, results of
  operations, cash flows and liquidity (and AIG at any time and from time to time may change its plans with respect to the sale of one or more
  businesses);
- AIG's long-term business mix which will depend on the outcome of AIG's asset disposition program;
- AIG's exposures to subprime mortgages, monoline insurers and the residential and commercial real estate markets;
- the separation of AIG's businesses from AIG Parent company;
- AIG's ability to retain and motivate its employees; and
- AIG's strategy for customer retention, growth, product development, market position, financial results and reserves.

It is possible that AIG's actual results and financial condition will differ, possibly materially, from the anticipated results and financial condition indicated in these projections and statements. Factors that could cause AIG's actual results to differ, possibly materially, from those in the specific projections and statements include:

- a failure to close transactions contemplated in AIG's restructuring plan;
- developments in global credit markets; and
- such other factors as discussed throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 (2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K).

AIG is not under any obligation (and expressly disclaims any obligation) to update or alter any projection or other statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

In addition to reviewing AIG's results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) supplements and updates the information and discussion included in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K, to reflect developments in or affecting AIG's business to date during 2010.

Throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, AIG presents its operations in the way it believes will be most meaningful, as well as most transparent. Certain of the measurements used by AIG management are "non-GAAP financial measures" under SEC rules and regulations. Underwriting profit (loss) is utilized to report results for AIG's General Insurance operations and pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses) is utilized to report results for AIG's life insurance and retirement services operations as these measures enhance the understanding of the underlying profitability of the ongoing operations of these businesses and allow for more meaningful comparisons with AIG's insurance competitors.

AIG has also incorporated into this discussion a number of cross-references to additional information included throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K to assist readers seeking additional information related to a particular subject.

#### **Executive Overview**

AIG reports the results of its operations through four reportable segments: General Insurance, Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services, Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services, and Financial Services.

- **General Insurance** branded as Chartis in 2009, is comprised of multiple line companies writing substantially all lines of property and casualty insurance and various personal lines both domestically and abroad.
- **Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services** branded as SunAmerica Financial Group in 2009. AIG's Domestic Life Insurance businesses offer a broad range of protection products, including individual term and universal life insurance, and group life and health products. In addition, Domestic Life Insurance offers a variety of payout annuities, which include single premium immediate annuities, structured settlements and terminal funding annuities. Domestic Retirement Services businesses offer group retirement products and individual fixed and variable annuities. Certain previously acquired closed blocks and other fixed and variable annuity blocks that have been discontinued are reported as "runoff" annuities. Domestic Retirement Services also maintains a runoff block of Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) that were written in (or issued to) the institutional market place prior to 2006.
- **Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services** provides individual insurance and investment-oriented products such as term and whole life, endowments, term and whole life medical, cancer, fixed annuities and group products including life, medical and pension. Following the classification of AIA Group Limited (AIA), American Life Insurance Company (ALICO), and Nan Shan Life Insurance Company, Ltd. (Nan Shan) as discontinued operations (see Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements) and the

reclassification of certain immaterial non-core entities to Other non-core operations, AIG's remaining Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services operations are conducted in Japan through AIG Star Life Insurance Co. Ltd and AIG Edison Life Insurance Company.

**Financial Services** — engages in diversified activities, including commercial aircraft and equipment leasing, capital markets operations, consumer finance and insurance premium financing, both in the United States and abroad.

#### Priorities for 2010

AIG is focused on the following priorities for 2010:

- continuing the stabilization and strengthening of AIG's businesses;
- realizing additional progress in restructuring and asset disposition initiatives to enable repayment of amounts outstanding under the FRBNY credit facility (the FRBNY Credit Facility) provided by the FRBNY under the Credit Agreement, dated as of September 22, 2008 (as amended, the FRBNY Credit Agreement), between AIG and the FRBNY;
- closing the pending sales transactions for AIA, ALICO and Nan Shan and implementing plans to monetize securities expected to be received upon the AIA and ALICO closings;
- beginning to address its highly leveraged capital structure;
- continuing the wind-down of AIG's exposure to certain financial products and derivatives trading activities; and
- continuing to address the long-term financing needs of International Lease Finance Corporation (ILFC) and American General Finance, Inc. (AGF).

#### 2010 Financial Overview

The continued improvement in the financial markets contributed significantly to AIG's income from continuing operations before income taxes, which amounted to \$835 million in the first quarter of 2010 compared to a loss of \$6.5 billion in the same period of 2009, as evidenced by the following:

- growth in net investment income primarily related to gains on AIG's interests in Maiden Lane II and Maiden Lane III which totaled \$911 million in the first quarter of 2010 compared to losses of \$2.2 billion in the same period of 2009, and increased income from partnership investments reflecting improvement in the equity markets;
- a decline in other-than-temporary impairments on available for sale securities due to the improved market conditions. The 2009 period included
  non-credit impairments (i.e., severity losses) that are no longer required for fixed maturity securities upon adoption of a new other-than-temporary
  impairments accounting standard commencing in the second quarter of 2009. See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements; and
  Investments Evaluating Investments for Other-Than-Temporary Impairments for more information on this accounting standard;
- a reduction in losses for Capital Markets as lower unwind costs and a decline in Unrealized market valuation losses related to AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio more than offset a decline in net credit valuation adjustment gains on AIGFP's assets and liabilities; and
- A significant improvement in earnings for the Mortgage Guaranty business.

Negatively impacting first quarter 2010 results were \$481 million of catastrophe losses in General Insurance primarily related to the Chile earthquake, U.S. wind storms and Madeira (Portugal) floods.

#### 2010 Business Outlook

The following discussion supplements and updates the Business Outlook contained in AIG's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **General Insurance**

On March 31, 2010, AIG, through a Chartis International subsidiary, purchased additional voting shares in Fuji Fire & Marine Insurance Company Limited (Fuji), a publicly traded Japanese insurance company with general insurance and some life operations. Fuji's financial information is reported on a one-quarter lag. As a result, Fuji's results will be consolidated beginning in the third quarter of 2010, and will be reported in the Foreign General Insurance operating segment. Further, AIG has not completed the determination of the fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed and, as a result, recorded an unallocated purchase price liability. Upon final determination of fair values, AIG may recognize a bargain purchase gain, which could be substantial. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for pro forma results and additional information about the terms of the acquisition.

On April 20, 2010, an explosion on the Deepwater Horizon offshore drilling rig, operating in the Gulf of Mexico off the coast of Louisiana, resulted in a fire that sank the rig and caused a massive-scale oil spill. AIG estimates that its exposure to property loss on this event was approximately \$20 million, which has been paid. It will not be possible to estimate the amount of casualty loss associated with this event, if any, until the determination of the cause and responsibility for the explosion and resulting oil spill and the assessment of damages resulting from the oil spill, as well as other factors, have been resolved. Therefore, although AIG cannot currently quantify its ultimate liabilities arising from this event, it is possible that such liabilities could have a material adverse effect on AIG's consolidated results of operations or consolidated cash flows for an individual reporting period.

#### Divestitures

In connection with the announced sale of ALICO on March 7, 2010 and management's decision that ALICO met the held-for-sale criteria on March 31, 2010, total goodwill of \$4.6 billion associated with the Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services — Japan & Other reporting unit was allocated among ALICO and the Japan & Other businesses to be retained based on their relative fair values as of March 31, 2010. This resulted in \$3.3 billion and \$1.3 billion of goodwill being allocated to ALICO and the retained businesses, respectively. Future changes in any of the assumptions used to measure the fair value of the ALICO reporting unit could result in a potential impairment of the goodwill allocated to ALICO of up to \$3.3 billion, which would be reported in Income (loss) from discontinued operations on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss). AIG will continue to monitor overall competitive, business and economic conditions, and other events or circumstances, including ALICO's operating results and the performance of MetLife, Inc.'s (MetLife) common stock, that might result in an impairment of goodwill in the future. See Critical Accounting Estimates — Goodwill Impairment for additional information.

AIG and AIA are working closely with Prudential to complete the sale of AIA, which AIG expects will close in 2010. Upon closing, AIG expects to realize a significant gain on the transaction, which will be reported in Income (loss) from discontinued operations on the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss).

#### **Mortgage Guaranty**

The improvement in UGC's results is primarily the result of lower levels of newly reported delinquencies in both the first and second-lien products, higher cure rates on existing first-lien delinquent loans, the recognition of stop loss limits on certain second-lien policies, increased rescission activity on domestic first- and second-lien claims and increased efforts to modify payment plans for currently delinquent loans. If these trends continue, UGC's financial results may show improvement in future quarters. However, there remains considerable uncertainty about the longer term outlook for the housing market, U.S. unemployment rates, the impact of future

foreclosures on domestic home prices, loan modification programs and mortgage insurance rescission rates and the effects, if any, these factors will have on UGC's financial results.

#### Significant Events in 2010

#### AIA Sale

As of March 1, 2010, AIG and AIA Aurora LLC, a special purpose vehicle formed by AIG and the FRBNY (AIA Holdings), entered into a definitive agreement (the AIA Share Purchase Agreement) with Prudential plc (Prudential) and Prudential Group Limited (formerly known as Petrohue (UK) Investments Limited), for the sale of AIA to Prudential Group Limited for approximately \$35.5 billion, consisting of \$25 billion in cash, approximately \$5.5 billion in face value of ordinary shares in the capital of Prudential Group Limited, \$3 billion in face value of mandatory convertible securities of Prudential Group Limited, and \$2 billion in face value of preferred stock of Prudential (or at Prudential's election, Prudential Group Limited), subject to closing adjustments. The obligations of Prudential Group Limited under the AIA Share Purchase Agreement are guaranteed by Prudential.

The cash portion of the proceeds from the sale will be paid to the FRBNY to redeem preferred interests with a liquidation preference of approximately \$16 billion plus accrued but unpaid preferred return held by the FRBNY in AIA Holdings, and unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, to repay approximately \$9 billion under the FRBNY Credit Facility. AIG intends to monetize the \$10.5 billion in face value of Prudential Group Limited securities over time, subject to market conditions, following the lapse of agreed-upon minimum holding periods. Unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, net cash proceeds from the monetization of these securities will be used to repay any outstanding debt under the FRBNY Credit Facility.

#### ALICO Sale

As of March 7, 2010, AIG and ALICO Holdings LLC, a special purpose vehicle formed by AIG and the FRBNY (ALICO Holdings) entered into a definitive agreement (the ALICO Stock Purchase Agreement) with MetLife for the sale of ALICO by ALICO Holdings to MetLife, and the sale of Delaware American Life Insurance Company by AIG to MetLife, for approximately \$15.5 billion, consisting of \$6.8 billion in cash and the remainder in equity securities of MetLife, subject to closing adjustments.

The cash portion of the proceeds from this sale will be paid to the FRBNY to reduce the liquidation preference of a portion of the preferred interests owned by the FRBNY in ALICO Holdings (together with the preferred interests owned by the FRBNY in AIA Holdings, the Preferred Interests). Upon the closing of this sale to MetLife, ALICO Holdings will receive and pay to the FRBNY the cash consideration and will hold the remainder of the transaction consideration, consisting of 78,239,712 shares of MetLife common stock, 6,857,000 shares of newly issued participating preferred stock convertible into 68,570,000 shares of common stock upon the approval of MetLife shareholders, and 40,000,000 equity units of MetLife with an aggregate stated value of \$3 billion. AIG intends to monetize these MetLife securities over time, subject to market conditions, following the lapse of agreed-upon minimum holding periods. Unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, net cash proceeds from the monetization of these securities will be used to reduce the liquidation preference of the Preferred Interests owned by the FRBNY in ALICO Holdings and thereafter to repay any outstanding debt under the FRBNY Credit Facility.

#### **Retained Financial Interest**

In the case of the sales of AIA and ALICO, the value of the securities consideration is subject to fluctuation from the date of signing of the AIA Share Purchase Agreement or the ALICO Stock Purchase Agreement, as the case may be, through closing of each sale until the ultimate monetization by AIG of the Prudential Group Limited securities and the MetLife securities. These fluctuations will be influenced by market prices of Prudential Group Limited securities and MetLife securities generally, and the market prices of Prudential Group Limited ordinary shares and MetLife common stock in particular, which will rise and fall in response to various factors beyond the control of AIG, including the business and financial performance of Prudential and MetLife. AIG is subject in

each case to agreed-upon minimum holding periods that also restrict AIG's ability to enter into hedging transactions that might protect AIG against fluctuations in the value of the securities consideration. These minimum holding periods and hedging restrictions cannot be altered without the consent of Prudential or MetLife, as the case may be, so AIG will bear the risk of these market price fluctuations during the applicable holding periods. The amount of any gain or loss recognized by AIG upon each sale will depend upon the fair value of the securities consideration received as of closing and the proceeds received by AIG from the monetization of the securities. This may also result in AIG realizing ultimate cash proceeds from the monetization of the securities consideration that is substantially less than what might be expected from the value of such consideration as of the date of signing of the relevant purchase agreement. During the holding period, AIG will carry these securities as available-for-sale investments, with changes in the fair value of the securities recorded to Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

For a discussion of risks surrounding the AIA and ALICO transactions, see Item 1A. — Risk Factors in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### **ILFC and AGF Liquidity**

During the first four months of 2010, ILFC and AGF made substantial progress in addressing their liquidity needs. During March and April of 2010, ILFC significantly increased its liquidity position through a combination of new secured and unsecured debt issuances of approximately \$4.0 billion and an extension of the maturity date of \$2.16 billion of its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility from October 2011 to October 2012. Availability of \$550 million of the approximately \$4.0 billion of debt issuances and the extension of the \$2.16 billion revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of certain collateralization milestones. In addition, in April 2010, ILFC signed an agreement to sell 53 aircraft, with an aggregate book value of approximately \$2.3 billion, which is expected to generate approximately \$2.0 billion in gross proceeds during 2010. As of March 31, 2010, none of these aircraft met the criteria to be recorded as held for sale. During March and April of 2010, AGF significantly enhanced its liquidity position through the following actions: AGF received cash proceeds of more than \$500 million from a \$1.0 billion asset securitization in March 2010 and executed and drew down fully a \$3.0 billion secured term loan transaction in April 2010. AGF used a portion of the proceeds from these transactions, cash on hand and proceeds from AIG's repayment of two demand promissory notes to repay all of its outstanding obligations under its \$2.45 billion one-year term loans in March 2010 and its \$2.125 billion five-year revolving credit facility in April 2010 (both of which were due in July 2010). See Capital Resources and Liquidity — Liquidity — Financial Services for a further discussion.

#### Sale of Interest in Transatlantic

On March 15, 2010, AIG closed a secondary public offering of 8,466,693 shares of Transatlantic Holdings, Inc. (Transatlantic) common stock owned by American Home Assurance Company, a subsidiary of AIG, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$452 million.

#### Consideration of AIG's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, management has assessed whether AIG has the ability to continue as a going concern. In making this assessment, AIG has considered:

- The commitment of the U.S. government to continue to work with AIG to maintain its ability to meet its obligations as they come due;
- AIG's liquidity-related actions and plans to stabilize its businesses and repay the debt outstanding under the FRBNY Credit Facility;
- The additional capital provided or committed through the Department of the Treasury Commitment (as defined below under Department of the Treasury Commitment);
- The provisions of the definitive agreements for the sales of AIA and ALICO;

- The level of AIG's realized and unrealized losses and the negative impact of these losses in shareholders' equity and on the capital levels of AIG's insurance subsidiaries;
- The continuing liquidity needs in certain of AIG's businesses and AIG's actions to address such needs; and
- The substantial risks to which AIG is subject.

In considering these items, management made significant judgments and estimates with respect to the potentially adverse financial and liquidity effects of AIG's risks and uncertainties. Management also assessed other items and risks arising in AIG's businesses and made reasonable judgments and estimates with respect thereto. After consideration, management believes that it will have adequate liquidity to finance and operate AIG's businesses and continue as a going concern for at least the next twelve months.

It is possible that the actual outcome of one or more of management's plans could be materially different or that one or more of management's significant judgments or estimates about the potential effects of the risks and uncertainties could prove to be materially incorrect. If one or more of these possible outcomes is realized and third party financing is not available, AIG may need additional U.S. government support to meet its obligations as they come due. Under these adverse assumptions, if additional support is not available in such circumstances, there could exist substantial doubt about AIG's ability to operate as a going concern.

See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding going concern considerations.

#### **Capital Resources and Liquidity**

Liquidity

#### Overview

AIG manages liquidity at both the parent and subsidiary levels. AIG believes that it has sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations for at least the next twelve months. AIG expects that dividends, distributions, and other payments from subsidiaries will support its liquidity needs; the FRBNY Credit Facility is also expected to continue to be a primary source of liquidity. In addition, the Department of the Treasury Commitment may also be used as a source of funding, primarily to support the capital needs of AIG's insurance company subsidiaries. AIG expects that its primary uses of available cash will be debt service and subsidiary funding. Unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, net proceeds from the sales of operations and assets are expected to be used to pay the Preferred Interests and to repay any outstanding debt under the FRBNY Credit Facility, after taking into account taxes, transaction expenses, settlement of intercompany loan facilities, and capital required to be retained for regulatory or ratings purposes.

At March 31, 2010, remaining amounts available under the FRBNY Credit Facility and the Department of the Treasury Commitment were \$12.5 billion and \$22.3 billion, respectively, compared to \$17.1 billion and \$24.5 billion, respectively, at December 31, 2009.

Net borrowings under the FRBNY Credit Facility increased by approximately \$1.5 billion from March 31, 2010 to April 28, 2010. The proceeds were primarily used to repay \$2.3 billion of commercial paper outstanding under the FRBNY Commercial Paper Funding Facility (CPFF) for Curzon Funding LLC and Nightingale Finance LLC (Nightingale) on April 26, 2010.

#### FRBNY Credit Facility

The following table presents changes in net borrowings outstanding and the remaining available amount that can be borrowed under the FRBNY Credit Facility:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	_
Net borrowings outstanding, January 1, 2010	\$ 17,900
Loans to AIGFP for collateral postings, GIA and other maturities	700
AIGFP repayments to AIG	(454)
Debt payments	1,615
AIG Funding commercial paper maturities	2,000
Dividends from subsidiaries	(256)
Return of deposit to AGF	1,550
Net cash proceeds from asset sales applied as mandatory prepayments	(844)
Other borrowings and repayments, net	(562)
Net borrowings outstanding, March 31, 2010	21,649
Accrued compounding interest and fees inception through December 31, 2009	5,535
Accrued compounding interest and fees January 1, 2010 through March 31, 2010*	216
Total balance outstanding, March 31, 2010	\$ 27,400
Total FRBNY Credit Facility, January 1, 2010	\$ 35,000
Mandatory prepayments	(844)
Total FRBNY Credit Facility, March 31, 2010	\$ 34,156
Less: borrowings outstanding, March 31, 2010	(21,649)
Remaining available amount, March 31, 2010	\$ 12,507

\* Excludes interest payable of \$3 million at March 31, 2010, which was included in Other liabilities.

## **Department of the Treasury Commitment**

On April 17, 2009, AIG entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with the Department of the Treasury, pursuant to which (i) AIG issued to the Department of the Treasury (a) 300,000 shares of AIG Series F Fixed Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, par value \$5.00 per share (AIG Series F Preferred Stock), and (b) a warrant to purchase 150 shares of AIG Common Stock, par value \$2.50 per share, and (ii) the Department of the Treasury agreed to provide up to \$29.835 billion (Department of the Treasury Commitment) in exchange for increases in the liquidation preference of the AIG Series F Preferred Stock. See Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in AIG's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for further discussion.

The following table presents changes in drawdowns and the remaining available amount under the Department of the Treasury Commitment:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	
Total drawdowns, January 1, 2010	\$ 5,344
Redemption and repurchase of securities held by insurance subsidiaries	2,148
UGC related restructuring transactions	48
Temporary repayment of FRBNY Credit Facility	3
Total drawdowns, March 31, 2010	\$ 7,543
Total Department of the Treasury commitment, January 1, 2010	\$ 29,835
Less: drawdowns, March 31, 2010	(7,543)
Remaining available amount, March 31, 2010	\$ 22,292

Additional details regarding liquidity sources are included in Liquidity of Parent and Subsidiaries below.

### AIG's Strategy for Stabilization and Repayment of its Obligations as They Come Due

#### Future Cash Requirements

AIG expects that the repayment of future debt maturities and the payment of the preferred returns and liquidation preference on the Preferred Interests will be its primary uses of available cash. Unless otherwise agreed with the FRBNY, the net proceeds from the cash consideration and the monetization of the securities consideration from the sales of AIA and ALICO will first be used to pay the Preferred Interests, and then to repay the FRBNY Credit Facility.

#### The following table summarizes the maturing debt at March 31, 2010 of AIG and its subsidiaries for the next four quarters:

(in millions)	Second Quarter 2010	Third Quarter 2010	Fourth Quarter 2010	First Quarter 2011	Total
ILFC	\$ 1,485	\$ 2,003	\$ 2,501	\$ 1,642	\$ 7,631
AGF	659	2,797	210	679	4,345
AIG Matched Investment Program	-	888	776	-	1,664
AIGFP	600	270	269	189	1,328
AIG	-	-	500	12	512
Other	19	511	7	6	543
Total	\$ 2,763	\$ 6,469	\$ 4,263	\$ 2,528	\$ 16,023

AIG's plans for meeting these maturing obligations are as follows:

- ILFC's sources of liquidity available to meet these needs include existing cash, future cash flows from operations, debt issuances and aircraft sales (see Liquidity of Parent and Subsidiaries Financial Services ILFC below). During March and April of 2010, ILFC significantly enhanced its liquidity position through a combination of new secured and unsecured debt issuances of approximately \$4.0 billion and an extension of the maturity date of \$2.16 billion of its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility from October 2011 to October 2012. Availability of \$550 million of the approximate \$4.0 billion of debt issuances and the extension of \$2.16 billion of the revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of certain collateralization milestones. In addition, in April 2010, ILFC signed an agreement to sell 53 aircraft, with an aggregate book value of approximately \$2.3 billion, which is expected to generate approximately \$2.0 billion in gross proceeds during 2010. Based on this level of increased liquidity and expected future sources of funding, including future cash flows from operations and potential aircraft sales, AIG now expects that ILFC will be able to meet its existing obligations as they become due for at least the next twelve months solely from its own future cash flows. Therefore, while AIG has acknowledged its intent to support ILFC through February 28, 2011, at the current time AIG believes that any further extension of such support will not be necessary.
- AGF anticipates that its primary sources of liquidity will be customer receivable collections, additional on-balance sheet securitizations, portfolio sales and borrowings (see Liquidity of Parent and Subsidiaries Financial Services AGF below). During March and April of 2010, AGF significantly enhanced its liquidity position through the following actions: AGF received cash proceeds of more than \$500 million from a \$1.0 billion asset securitization in March 2010 and executed and fully drew down a \$3.0 billion secured term loan transaction in April 2010. AGF used a portion of the proceeds from these transactions, cash on hand and proceeds from AIG's repayment of two demand promissory notes to repay all of its outstanding obligations under its \$2.45 billion one-year term loans in March 2010 and its \$2.125 billion five-year revolving credit facility in April 2010 (both of which were due in July 2010). Based on this level of increased

liquidity and expected future sources of funding, including future cash flows from operations, AIG now expects that AGF will be able to meet its existing obligations as they become due for at least the next twelve months solely from its own future cash flows. Therefore, while AIG has acknowledged its intent to support AGF through February 28, 2011, at the current time AIG believes that any further extension of such support will not be necessary. AIG is continuing to explore strategic alternatives for AGF, including a potential sale of a majority interest.

- Debt maturities for the Matched Investment Program (MIP) are expected to be funded through cash flows generated from invested assets, as well as the sale or financing of the asset portfolios in the program. However, mismatches in the timing of cash flows of the MIP, as well as any shortfalls due to impairments of MIP assets, would need to be funded by AIG Parent. In addition, as a result of AIG's restructuring activities, AIG expects to utilize assets from its noncore businesses and subsidiaries to provide future cash flow enhancement and help the MIP meet its maturing debt obligations.
- Approximately \$813 million of AIGFP's debt maturities through March 31, 2011 are fully collateralized, with assets backing the corresponding liabilities; however, mismatches in the timing of cash inflows on the assets and outflows with respect to the liabilities may require assets to be sold to satisfy maturing liabilities. Depending on market conditions and AIGFP's ability to sell assets at that time, proceeds from sales may not be sufficient to satisfy the full amount due on maturing liabilities. Any shortfalls would need to be funded by AIG Parent.
- AIG expects to meet its debt maturities primarily through borrowings under the FRBNY Credit Facility, and dividends, distributions, and other payments from subsidiaries. The Department of the Treasury Commitment is primarily used for capital support of subsidiaries. In the future, AIG may need to provide additional capital support for its subsidiaries. AIG has developed certain plans, some of which have already been implemented, to provide stability to its businesses and to provide for the timely repayment of the FRBNY Credit Facility. In addition, certain of AIG's outstanding financial derivative transactions could require collateral calls or termination payments based on a downgrade in AIG's credit rating. See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Sales of Other Businesses

Since September 2008 and through April 28, 2010, AIG entered into agreements to sell or completed the sale of operations and assets, excluding AIA, ALICO and assets held by AIG Financial Products Corp. and AIG Trading Group Inc. and their respective subsidiaries (collectively, AIGFP), that had aggregate assets and liabilities with carrying values of \$95.5 billion and \$77.5 billion, respectively, at March 31, 2010 or the date of sale. Of these amounts, pending transactions with aggregate assets and liabilities of \$54.7 billion and \$49.2, respectively, at March 31, 2010 are expected to generate approximately \$709 million of aggregate net cash proceeds that will be available to reduce the amount of the FRBNY Credit Facility, after taking into account taxes, transaction expenses, settlement of intercompany loan facilities, and capital required to be retained for regulatory or ratings purposes. Gains and losses recorded in connection with the dispositions of businesses include estimates that are subject to subsequent adjustment. Based on the transactions closed to date, AIG does not believe that such adjustments will be material to future consolidated results of operations or cash flows.

See Notes 1 and 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

#### **Liquidity of Parent and Subsidiaries**

#### AIG Parent

The following table presents AIG Parent's sources of liquidity:

	As of							
(In millions)		h 31, 2010	April 28, 2010					
Available borrowing under the FRBNY Credit Facility	\$	12,507 \$	11,007					
Cash and short-term investments		372	375					
Available capacity under the Department of the Treasury Commitment		22,292	22,292					
Total	\$	35,171 \$	33,674					

AIG believes that it has sufficient liquidity at the AIG Parent level to meet its obligations through at least the next twelve months. However, no assurance can be given that AIG's cash needs will not exceed projected amounts. Additional collateral calls, deterioration in investment portfolios affecting statutory surplus, higher surrenders of annuities and other policies, further downgrades in AIG's credit ratings, catastrophic losses or reserve strengthening, or a further deterioration in the super senior credit default swap portfolio may result in significant additional cash needs, or loss of some sources of liquidity, or both. Regulatory and other legal restrictions could limit AIG's ability to transfer funds freely, either to or from its subsidiaries.

Historically, AIG has depended on dividends, distributions, and other payments from subsidiaries to fund payments on its obligations. In light of AIG's current financial situation, certain of its regulated subsidiaries are restricted from making dividend payments, or advancing funds, to AIG. As a result, AIG has also been dependent on the FRBNY as a primary source of liquidity, and on the Department of the Treasury Commitment to support the capital needs of AIG's insurance company subsidiaries. In the first three months of 2010, AIG Parent collected \$323 million in dividends and other payments from subsidiaries (primarily from insurance company subsidiaries), which included \$250 million in dividends from Chartis U.S.

AIG's primary uses of cash flow are for debt service and subsidiary funding. In the first three months of 2010, AIG Parent retired \$850 million of debt and made interest payments totaling \$345 million, excluding MIP and Series AIGFP debt. AIG Parent made \$2.2 billion in net capital contributions to subsidiaries in the three months ended March 31, 2010, of which the majority was contributed to AIG Capital Corporation, enabling AIG Capital Corporation to redeem its preferred securities held by a Chartis U.S. subsidiary. In addition, in March 2010, AIG Parent repurchased AIG common stock from an insurance subsidiary and repaid \$1.6 billion in loans to AGF.

At the current time, AIG Parent has no access to the commercial paper market, one of its traditional sources for its short-term working capital needs. While no assurance can be given that AIG will be able to access its traditional sources of long-term or short-term financing through the public debt markets again, AIG periodically evaluates its ability to access the capital markets.

#### General Insurance

AIG currently expects that its Chartis subsidiaries will be able to continue to meet their obligations as they come due through cash from operations and, to the extent necessary, asset dispositions. One or more large catastrophes, however, may require AIG to provide additional support to the affected General Insurance operations. In addition, further downgrades in AIG's credit ratings could put pressure on the insurer financial strength ratings of its subsidiaries. A downgrade in the insurer financial strength ratings of an insurance company subsidiary could result in non-renewals or cancellations by policyholders and adversely affect the subsidiary's ability to meet its own obligations and require AIG to provide capital or liquidity support to the subsidiary. Increases in market interest rates may adversely affect the financial strength ratings of General Insurance subsidiaries as rating agency capital models may reduce the amount of available capital relative to required capital.

Given the size and liquidity profile of AIG's General Insurance investment portfolios, AIG believes that deviations from its projected claim experience do not constitute a significant liquidity risk. AIG's asset/liability

management process takes into account the expected maturity of investments and the specific nature and risk profile of liabilities. Historically, there has been no significant variation between the expected maturities of AIG's General Insurance investments and the payment of claims. See Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Investments for further information.

# Domestic and Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services operations

The most significant potential liquidity needs of AIG's Domestic and Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services companies are the funding of surrenders and withdrawals. A substantial increase in these needs could place stress on the liquidity of these companies. However, management considers the sources of liquidity for Domestic and Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services subsidiaries adequate to meet foreseeable liquidity needs. These subsidiaries generally have been lengthening their maturity profile by purchasing investment grade fixed income securities, in order to reduce the high levels of liquidity which had been maintained during 2009. Given the size and liquidity profile of AIG's Domestic and Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services investment portfolios, AIG believes that deviations from their projected claim experience do not constitute a significant liquidity risk. A significant increase in policy surrenders and withdrawals, which could be triggered by a variety of factors, including AIG specific concerns, could result in a substantial liquidity strain. Other potential events causing a liquidity strain could include economic collapse of a nation or region significant to Domestic and Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services operations, nationalization, catastrophic terrorist acts, pandemics or other economic or political upheaval.

AIG believes that its Domestic and Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services companies currently have adequate capital to support their business plans. However, to the extent that these subsidiaries experience significant future losses or declines in their investment portfolios, AIG may need to contribute capital to these companies.

#### Financial Services

AIG's major Financial Services operating subsidiaries consist of ILFC, AIGFP, AGF and AIG Consumer Finance Group, Inc (AIGCFG). Traditional sources of funds to meet the liquidity needs of these operations are generally no longer available. These sources included issuances of guaranteed investment agreements (GIAs), issuance of long- and short-term debt, issuance of commercial paper, bank loans and bank credit facilities. However, during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and through April 30, 2010, ILFC and AGF made significant progress in addressing their foreseeable liquidity needs, as further described below. In addition, AIGCFG has been able to retain a significant portion of customer deposits, providing a measure of liquidity.

#### <u>ILFC</u>

During the first three months of 2010, ILFC refinanced five aircraft under its ECA Facility, borrowed \$1.3 billion through secured financing arrangements and issued \$2.0 billion senior notes as part of a private placement. Subsequent to March 31, 2010, ILFC issued an additional \$750 million of senior notes under the same indenture as that used in the private placement.

At March 31, 2010, ILFC had reached the maximum amount available for secured financing under its revolving credit facilities and term loans. The capacity was approximately \$5.3 billion. In addition, ILFC also reached the maximum amount of secured financing available for ILFC and its restricted subsidiaries under its bond indentures. Subsequent to March 31, 2010, ILFC amended its bank facilities and term loans to increase its capacity to enter into secured financings to 35 percent of its consolidated tangible net assets as defined in its revolving credit facilities, which assets approximated \$15.0 billion at March 31, 2010 (subject to certain prepayment requirements), and extended the maturity date of \$2.16 billion of its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility from October 2011 to October 2012. This agreement is subject to the satisfaction of certain collateralization milestones.

In addition, in April 2010, ILFC signed an agreement to sell 53 aircraft, with an aggregate book value of approximately \$2.3 billion, which is expected to generate approximately \$2.0 billion in gross proceeds during 2010.

The sales of the individual aircraft are expected to be consummated during the remainder of 2010 and the related proceeds are receivable upon the completion of each individual sale. ILFC is currently pursuing additional potential aircraft sales. Proposed portfolios have been presented to potential buyers; some bids have been received and are being evaluated. In evaluating these bids, ILFC management is balancing the need for funds with the long-term value of holding aircraft and other financing alternatives. Significant uncertainties currently exist about the possibility of additional sales, including the aircraft comprising an actual sale portfolio, the sale price and whether a sale agreement could be reached on acceptable terms.

Because the current market for aircraft is depressed due to the economic downturn and limited availability of buyer financing, it is likely that if additional aircraft are sold to meet liquidity needs, realized losses may be incurred. For the three months ended March 31, 2010, ILFC recorded asset impairment charges aggregating \$347 million and operating lease related losses of \$84 million on aircraft under contract to be sold.

AIG expects that ILFC's existing cash balances, future cash flows from operations, including potential debt issuances and aircraft sales will be sufficient for ILFC to meet its existing obligations for at least the next twelve months.

#### ILFC Notes and Bonds Payable

As of March 31, 2010 notes and bonds aggregating \$18.2 billion were outstanding with maturity dates ranging from 2010 to 2016. To the extent considered appropriate, ILFC may enter into swap transactions to manage its effective borrowing rates with respect to these notes and bonds.

On October 13, 2009, ILFC entered into two term loan agreements (the Term Loans) with AIG Funding comprised of a new \$2.0 billion credit agreement and a \$1.7 billion amended and restated credit agreement. The Term Loans are secured by a portfolio of aircraft and all related equipment and leases. ILFC used the proceeds from the \$2.0 billion loan to repay in full its obligations under its \$2.0 billion revolving credit facility that matured on October 15, 2009. The second credit agreement amended and restated the two demand note agreements aggregating \$1.7 billion that ILFC entered into in March 2009 with AIG Funding, including extending the maturity date of such demand notes. Both Term Loans mature on September 13, 2013 and currently bear interest at 3-month LIBOR plus 6.025 percent, of which 3.0 percent is permitted to be paid-in-kind and is added to the principal balance of the loans. The Term Loans are due in full at maturity with no scheduled amortization. On December 4, 2009, the new \$2.0 billion credit agreement was increased to \$2.2 billion. The funds for the Term Loans were provided to AIG Funding through the FRBNY Credit Facility. As a condition of the FRBNY approving the Term Loans, ILFC entered into agreements to guarantee the repayment of AIG's obligations under the FRBNY Credit Agreement up to an amount equal to the aggregate outstanding balance of the Term Loans.

#### **ILFC ECA Facilities**

ILFC has a \$4.3 billion 1999 ECA Facility that was used in connection with the purchase of 62 Airbus aircraft delivered through 2001. This facility is guaranteed by various European Export Credit Agencies. The interest rate varies from 5.81 percent to 5.86 percent on these amortizing ten-year borrowings depending on the delivery date of the aircraft. At March 31, 2010, ILFC had 27 loans with a remaining principal balance of \$120 million outstanding under this facility. At March 31, 2010, the net book value of the related aircraft was \$1.7 billion. The debt is collateralized by a pledge of shares of an ILFC subsidiary, which holds title to the aircraft financed under the facility.

ILFC has a similarly structured 2004 ECA Facility, which was amended in May 2009 to allow ILFC to borrow up to a maximum of \$4.6 billion to fund the purchase of Airbus aircraft delivered through June 30, 2010. The facility becomes available as the various European Export Credit Agencies provide their guarantees for aircraft based on a forward-looking calendar, and the interest rate is determined through a bid process. The interest rates are either LIBOR based with spreads ranging from (0.04) percent to 2.25 percent or at fixed rates ranging from 4.20 percent to 4.71 percent. At March 31, 2010, ILFC had financed 71 aircraft using approximately \$4.1 billion under this facility and approximately \$2.9 billion was outstanding. At March 31, 2010, the interest rate of the loans

outstanding ranged from 0.35 percent to 4.71 percent. The debt is collateralized by a pledge of shares of a subsidiary of ILFC, which holds title to the aircraft financed under the facility. At March 31, 2010, the net book value of the related aircraft was approximately \$4.2 billion. Borrowings with respect to these facilities are included in ILFC's notes and bonds payable in the table below.

Under its current long-term debt ratings, ILFC needs written consent from the security trustee of its 2004 ECA Facility before it can fund Airbus aircraft deliveries under the facility. As of April 30, 2010, ILFC had approximately \$500 million available under the 2004 ECA Facility to finance its Airbus aircraft purchases through June 2010. ILFC refinanced five aircraft under the 2004 ECA Facility during the first three months of 2010. ILFC's current credit ratings also require (i) the segregation of security deposits, maintenance reserves and rental payments received for aircraft funded under both its 1999 and 2004 ECA Facilities into separate accounts, controlled by the trustees of the 1999 and 2004 ECA Facilities; and (ii) the filings of individual mortgages on the aircraft funded under the facility in the respective local jurisdictions in which the aircraft is registered. At March 31, 2010, ILFC had segregated security deposits, maintenance reserves and rental payments are used to pay principal and interest on the ECA facilities as they become due.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, ILFC entered into agreements to cross-collateralize the two ECA Facilities. In conjunction with the agreement, ILFC agreed to an acceleration event, which would accelerate all debt related to aircraft funded during 2010 if, among other things, ILFC were to sell aircraft with an aggregate book value exceeding an agreed upon amount, currently approximately \$10.8 billion, within a period starting from the date of the agreement until December 31, 2012.

### ILFC Bank Financings

At March 31, 2010, the total funded amount of ILFC's bank financings was \$5.0 billion, which includes \$4.5 billion of revolving credit facilities. The fundings mature through February 2012. The interest rates are LIBOR-based, with spreads ranging from 0.25 percent to 0.40 percent. At March 31, 2010, the interest rates ranged from 0.56 percent to 0.90 percent. AIG does not guarantee any of the debt obligations of ILFC.

Subsequent to March 31, 2010, ILFC amended covenants under its revolving credit facilities and term loans to increase its capacity to enter into secured financings from 12.5 percent to 35 percent of its consolidated tangible net assets, as defined in its credit facility agreement, which assets approximated \$15.0 billion at March 31, 2010 (subject to certain prepayment requirements). In conjunction with the amendment, ILFC (i) extended the maturity date of \$2.16 billion of its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility from October 2011 to October 2012 (subject to the satisfaction of certain collateralization milestones), with the loan secured by aircraft with an initial loan-to-value ratio of 75 percent, and increased the interest rate by 1.5 percent; (ii) pre-paid \$410 million of bank term debt with original maturity dates through 2012; and, (iii) increased the interest rate by 1.5 percent on \$75 million principal amount of bank term debt.

#### <u>AIGFP</u>

Prior to September 2008, AIGFP had historically funded its operations through the issuance of notes and bonds, GIA borrowings, other structured financing transactions and repurchase agreements.

On April 26, 2010, an aggregate of \$2.3 billion of commercial paper of Curzon Funding LLC and Nightingale Finance LLC outstanding under the CPFF was repaid through an increase in borrowings under the FRBNY Credit Facility. AIGFP continues to rely on AIG Parent to meet most of its liquidity needs.

#### The following table presents a rollforward of the amount of collateral posted by AIGFP:

	Additional								
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	Collateral Posted as of December 31, 2009		ľ	Postings, Netted by Iterparty	Re	Collateral eturned by iterparties	Р	Collateral osted as of h 31, 2010	
	¢		¢	1 5	¢	1	¢		
Collateralized GIAs and other borrowings	\$	6,129	\$	112	\$	217	\$	6,024	
Super senior CDS portfolio		4,590		60		198		4,452	
All other derivatives		5,217		450		1,414		4,253	
Total	\$	15,936	\$	622	\$	1,829	\$	14,729	

#### AIGFP Wind-down

AIGFP has continued unwinding its businesses and portfolios. During 2010, AIGFP reduced the notional amount of its derivative portfolio by 20 percent, from \$940.7 billion at December 31, 2009 to \$755.4 billion at March 31, 2010. AIGFP reduced the number of its outstanding trade positions by approximately 1,800, from approximately 16,100 at December 31, 2009 to approximately 14,300 at March 31, 2010. In connection with these activities, AIGFP has disaggregated its portfolio of existing transactions into a number of separate "books" and has developed a plan for addressing each book, including assessing each book's risks, risk mitigation options, monitoring metrics and certain implications of various potential outcomes. Each plan has been reviewed by a steering committee whose membership includes senior executives of AIG. The plans are subject to change as efforts progress and as conditions in the financial markets evolve, and they contemplate, depending on the book in question, alternative strategies, including sales, assignments or other transfers of positions, terminations of positions, and/or run-offs of positions in accordance with existing terms. Execution of these plans is overseen by a transaction approval process involving senior members of AIGFP's and AIG's respective management groups as specific actions entail greater liquidity and financial consequences. Successful execution of these plans is subject, to varying degrees depending on the transactions of a given book, to market conditions and, in many circumstances, counterparty negotiation and agreement.

In connection with the wind-down, certain assets were sold. The proceeds from these sales have been used to fund AIGFP's wind-down and are not included in the amounts described above under AIG's Strategy for Stabilization and Repayment of its Obligations as They Come Due. The FRBNY waived the requirement under the FRBNY Credit Agreement that the proceeds of these specific sales be applied as a mandatory prepayment under the FRBNY Credit Facility, which would have resulted in a permanent reduction of the FRBNY's commitment to lend to AIG. Instead, the FRBNY has given AIGFP permission to retain the proceeds of these completed sales, and has required that such proceeds received from certain future sales be used to voluntarily prepay the FRBNY Credit Facility, with the amounts prepaid available for future reborrowing subject to the terms of the FRBNY Credit Facility. AIGFP is also opportunistically terminating contracts. As a consequence of its wind-down strategy, AIGFP is entering into new derivative transactions only to hedge its current portfolio, reduce risk and hedge the currency, interest rate and other market risks associated with its affiliated businesses. AIGFP has already reduced the size of certain portions of its portfolio, including effecting a substantial reduction in credit derivative transactions in respect of multi-sector collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) in connection with Maiden Lane III LLC (ML III), a sale of its commodity index business, termination and sale of its activities as a foreign exchange prime broker, and sale and other disposition of its energy/infrastructure investment portfolio. Due to the long-term duration of AIGFP's derivative contracts and the complexity of AIGFP's portfolio, AIG expects that an orderly wind-down of AIGFP's businesses and portfolios will take a substantial period of time. The cost of executing the wind-down will depend on many factors, many of which are not within AIG's control, including market conditions, AIGFP's access to markets via market counterparties, the availability of liquidity and the potential implications of further rating downgrades. In addition, the Determination Memoranda issued by the Special Master for TARP Executive Compensation place significant new restrictions on the compensation of AIGFP employees included in the five executives named in AIG's Proxy Statement and the next twenty highest paid employees of AIG (Top 25) and AIG's next 75 most highly compensated employees and executive officers

(together, the Top 100) and may impair AIGFP's ability to retain these employees, and consequently negatively impact the wind-down of AIGFP's businesses and portfolios.

#### <u>AGF</u>

Prior to September 2008, AGF's traditional source of liquidity had been collections of customer receivables and borrowings in the public markets.

AGF anticipates that its primary sources of funds to support its operations and repay its obligations will be customer receivable collections, additional onbalance sheet securitizations, portfolio sales and other borrowings. In order to improve cash flow from operations, AGF has significantly limited its lending activities and aggressively managed its expenses. Since year end 2009, AGF has continued to manage its liquidity with proceeds of more than \$500 million from a real estate loan securitization in March 2010 and the execution and full drawdown of a \$3.0 billion five-year secured term loan in April 2010. In addition, AIG is exploring other strategic alternatives for AGF, including a potential sale of a majority interest. AIG made an \$11 million capital contribution to AGF (through AIG Capital Corporation) during the first three months of 2010. In March 2010, AGF repaid the \$2.45 billion one-year term loans and in April 2010, AGF repaid the \$2.125 billion revolving credit facility, both prior to their due dates in July 2010. AIG manages its liquidity on a consolidated basis, which may include making or receiving short-term loans with AGF.

#### AGF Notes and Bonds Payable

As of March 31, 2010, notes and bonds payable aggregating \$16.9 billion were outstanding with maturity dates ranging from 2010 to 2031 at interest rates ranging from 0.51 percent to 9.00 percent. To the extent considered appropriate, AGF may enter into swap transactions to manage its effective borrowing rates with respect to these notes and bonds. AIG does not guarantee any of the debt obligations of AGF.

#### <u>AIGCFG</u>

AIG believes that the funding needs of AIGCFG have stabilized, as AIGCFG has been able to retain a significant portion of customer deposits, but it is possible that renewed customer and counterparty concerns could increase AIGCFG's liquidity needs in 2010.

#### <u>Debt</u>

# The following table provides the rollforward of AIG's total debt outstanding:

Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	Balance at December 31, 2009	Issuances	Maturities and Repayments	Effect of Foreign Exchange	Other Non-Cash Changes <sup>(a)</sup>	Activity of Discontinued Operations	Reclassified to Liabilities of Businesses Held for Sale	Balance at March 31, 2010
Debt issued by AIG:								
FRBNY Credit Facility	\$ 23,435	\$ 8,300	\$ (4,551)			\$-	\$-	\$ 27,400
Notes and bonds payable	10,419	-	(850)	(109)	(3)	-	-	9,457
Junior subordinated debt	12,001	-	-	(302)	-	-	-	11,699
Junior subordinated debt attributable to equity units	5,880	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,880
Loans and mortgages payable	438	-	-	(11)	-	-	-	427
MIP matched notes and bonds payable Series AIGFP matched notes and bonds payable	13,371 3,913	-	(500)	(152)	(77)	-	-	12,642
* *			(48)	-	-			3,868
Total AIG debt	69,457	8,300	(5,949)	(574)	139	-	-	71,373
Debt guaranteed by AIG:								
AIGFP, at fair value <sup>(b)</sup> :								
FRBNY commercial paper funding facility	2,742	2,272	(3,837)	-	1,108	-	-	2,285
GIAs	8,257	100	(295)	-	291	-	-	8,353
Notes and bonds payable Loans and mortgages payable	2,029 1.022	12 18	(162) (162)	-	37 (53)	-	-	1,916 825
Hybrid financial instrument liabilities	1,022	10	(102)	-	(147)	-		1,706
Total AIGFP debt	15,937	2,402	(4,490)		1,236			15,085
	13,937	2,402	(4,490)	-	1,230	-	-	13,003
AIG Funding – FRBNY commercial paper funding facility	1,997		(2,000)	-	3	-		
			(2,000)		3		-	-
AIGLH notes and bonds payable	798	-	-	-	-	-	-	798
Liabilities connected to trust preferred stock	1,339	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,339
Total debt issued or guaranteed by AIG	89,528	10,702	(12,439)	(574)	1,378	-	-	88,595
Debt not guaranteed by AIG:								
ILFC:								
Notes and bonds payable, ECA facilities, bank financings and								
other secured financings <sup>(c)</sup>	25,174	3,407	(740)	(131)	1	-	-	27,711
Junior subordinated debt	999	-	-	-	-	-	-	999
Total ILFC debt	26,173	3,407	(740)	(131)	1	-	-	28,710
AGF:								
Notes and bonds payable <sup>(d)</sup>	19,770	501	(3,292)	(61)	16	-	-	16,934
Junior subordinated debt	349	-	-	-	-	-	-	349
Total AGF debt	20,119	501	(3,292)	(61)	16	-	-	17,283
AIGCFG loans and mortgages payable	216	62	(62)	(8)	(140)	-	-	68
Other subsidiaries	295	14	(4)	(4)	164	-	(7)	458
Total debt of consolidated investments <sup>(e)</sup>	5,141	55	(1,063)	(14)	834	(63)	(575)	4,315
Total debt not guaranteed by AIG	51,944	4,039	(5,161)	(218)	875	(63)	(582)	50,834
Total debt:							. ,	
Total long-term debt	136,733	12,469	(11,763)	(792)	1,142	(63)	(582)	137,144
FRBNY commercial paper funding facility	4,739	2,272	(5,837)	-	1,111	-	-	2,285
Total debt	\$ 141,472	\$ 14,741	\$ (17,600)	\$ (792)	\$ 2,253	\$ (63)	\$ (582)	\$ 139,429

(a) FRBNY Credit Facility reflects \$216 million of accrued compounding interest and fees. Other subsidiaries include \$164 million of debt assumed on the acquisition of Fuji. AIGFP FRBNY commercial paper funding facility, which was repaid on April 26, 2010, includes the consolidation of Nightingale during the first quarter of 2010.

(b) Includes increases of \$690 million in the fair value of AIGFP debt.

(c) Includes \$410 million of bank debt that ILFC has prepaid in April 2010 and \$126 million of secured financings that are non-recourse to ILFC.

(d) Includes \$2.125 billion that AGF repaid in April 2010 on a revolving credit facility prior to its July 2010 maturity date.

(e) Includes debt of consolidated investments held through AIG Global Real Estate Investment of \$3.8 billion, AIG Credit of \$363 million and SunAmerica of \$123 million at March 31, 2010.

#### The following table summarizes maturities of long-term debt, excluding borrowings of consolidated investments:

At March 31, 2010		Remainde	er	r Year Ending					
(in millions)	Total	of 201	0	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	Thereafter
AIG:									
FRBNY Credit Facility	\$ 27,400	\$	- 5	\$-	\$-	\$ 27,400	\$-	\$-	\$-
Notes and bonds payable	9,457	50	00	543	27	998	-	998	6,391
Junior subordinated debt	11,699		-	-	-	-	-	-	11,699
Junior subordinated debt attributable to equity units	5,880		-	-	-	-	-	-	5,880
Loans and mortgages payable	427		-	-	-	358	-	2	67
MIP matched notes and bonds payable	12,642	1,66	64	3,090	2,138	856	436	363	4,095
Series AIGFP matched notes and bonds payable	3,868		-	27	56	3	-	-	3,782
Total AIG	71,373	2,16	64	3,660	2,221	29,615	436	1,363	31,914
AIGFP, at fair value:									
GIAs	8,353	79	91	272	268	303	670	570	5,479
Notes and bonds payable	1,916	10	00	171	707	5	67	113	753
Loans and mortgages payable	825	3	39	222	192	81	140	-	151
Hybrid financial instrument liabilities	1,706	20	)9	276	96	161	57	178	729
Total AIGFP	12,800	1,13	39	941	1,263	550	934	861	7,112
AIGLH notes and bonds payable	798	50	)0	-	-	-	-	-	298
Liabilities connected to trust preferred stock	1,339		-	-	-	-	-	-	1,339
ILFC <sup>(a)</sup> :									
Notes and bonds payable	18,234	3,55	58	4,560	3,571	3,542	1,041	1,011	951
Junior subordinated debt	999		-	-	-	-	-	-	999
ECA Facilities <sup>(b)</sup>	3,021	37	73	443	414	414	409	321	647
Bank financings and other secured financings <sup>(c)</sup>	6,456	2,05	58	2,849	165	16	37	760	571
Total ILFC	28,710	5,98	39	7,852	4,150	3,972	1,487	2,092	3,168
$AGF^{(a)}$ :									
Notes and bonds payable <sup>(<math>d</math>)</sup>	16,934	3,66	66	3,436	2,379	2,339	595	855	3,664
Junior subordinated debt	349		-	-	-	-	-	-	349
Total AGF	17,283	3,66	66	3,436	2,379	2,339	595	855	4,013
AIGCFG Loans and mortgages payable <sup>(a)</sup>	68	3	32	13	9	8	4	2	_
Other subsidiaries $(a)$	458		5	8	7	5	8	19	406
Total	\$ 132,829	\$ 13,49	95 5	\$ 15,910	\$ 10,029	\$ 36,489	\$ 3,464	\$ 5,192	\$ 48,250

(a) AIG does not guarantee these borrowings.

(b) Reflects future minimum payment for ILFC's borrowings under the 1999 and 2004 ECA Facilities.

(c) Includes \$126 million of secured financings that are non-recourse to ILFC. On April 16, 2010, ILFC extended the maturity date of \$2.16 billion of its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility from October 2011 to October 2012 (subject to the satisfaction of certain collateralization milestones). Includes \$410 million of bank debt that ILFC prepaid in April 2010.

(d) Includes \$2.125 billion that AGF repaid in April 2010 on a revolving credit facility prior to its July 2010 maturity date.

#### Credit Ratings

The cost and availability of unsecured financing for AIG and its subsidiaries are generally dependent on their short-and long-term debt ratings. The following table presents the credit ratings of AIG and certain of its subsidiaries as of April 30, 2010. In parentheses, following the initial occurrence in the table of each rating, is an indication of that rating's relative rank within the agency's rating categories. That ranking refers only to the

generic or major rating category and not to the modifiers appended to the rating by the rating agencies to denote relative position within such generic or major category.

	Sl	ort-Term Debt		Senior Long-Term Debt					
	Moody's	S&P	Fitch	Moody's <sup>(a)</sup>	S&P <sup>(b)</sup>	Fitch <sup>(c)</sup>			
AIG	P-1 (1st of 3) <sup>(d)</sup>	A-1 (1st of 8)	F1 (1st of 5)	A3 (3rd of 9) <sup>(d)</sup>	A- (3rd of 8) <sup>(d)</sup>	BBB (4th of 9) <sup>(e)</sup>			
AIG Financial Products Corp. <sup>(f)</sup>	P-1 <sup>(d)</sup>	A-1	-	A3 <sup>(d)</sup>	A- <sup>(d)</sup>	-			
AIG Funding, Inc. <sup>(f)</sup>	P-1 <sup>(d)</sup>	A-1	F1	-	-	-			
ILFC	Not prime <sup>(d)</sup>	-	-	B1 (6th of 9) <sup>(d)</sup>	BBB- (4th of 8) <sup>(g)</sup>	BB (5th of 9) <sup>(e)</sup>			
American General Finance Corporation	Not prime <sup>(d)</sup>	C (5th of 8)	-	B2 (6th of 9) <sup>(d)</sup>	B (6th of 8) <sup>(d)</sup>	B- (6th of 9) <sup>(d)</sup>			
American General Finance, Inc.	Not prime	C (5th of 8)	-	-	-	B- (6th of 9) <sup>(d)</sup>			

(a) Moody's appends numerical modifiers 1, 2 and 3 to the generic rating categories to show relative position within the rating categories.

(b) S&P ratings may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

(c) Fitch ratings may be modified by the addition of a plus or minus sign to show relative standing within the major rating categories.

- (d) Negative Outlook.
- (e) Evolving Outlook.

(f) AIG guarantees all obligations of AIG Financial Products Corp. and AIG Funding.

- (g) Credit Watch Negative.
- (h) Rating Watch Negative.

These credit ratings are current opinions of the rating agencies. As such, they may be changed, suspended or withdrawn at any time by the rating agencies as a result of changes in, or unavailability of, information or based on other circumstances. Ratings may also be withdrawn at AIG management's request. This discussion of ratings is not a complete list of ratings of AIG and its subsidiaries.

"Ratings triggers" have been defined by one independent rating agency to include clauses or agreements the outcome of which depends upon the level of ratings maintained by one or more rating agencies. "Ratings triggers" generally relate to events that (i) could result in the termination or limitation of credit availability, or require accelerated repayment, (ii) could result in the termination of business contracts or (iii) could require a company to post collateral for the benefit of counterparties.

A significant portion of AIGFP's GIAs, structured financing arrangements and financial derivative transactions include provisions that require AIGFP, upon a downgrade of AIG's long-term debt ratings, to post collateral or, with the consent of the counterparties, assign or repay its positions or arrange a substitute guarantee of its obligations by an obligor with higher debt ratings. Furthermore, certain downgrades of AIG's long-term senior debt ratings would permit either AIG or the counterparties to elect early termination of contracts.

The actual amount of collateral that AIGFP would be required to post to counterparties in the event of such downgrades, or the aggregate amount of payments that AIG could be required to make, depends on market conditions, the fair value of outstanding affected transactions and other factors prevailing at the time of the downgrade. For a discussion of the effect of a downgrade in AIG's credit ratings on AIGFP's financial derivative transactions, see Item 1A. Risk Factors in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K and Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Contractual Obligations**

The following table summarizes contractual obligations in total, and by remaining maturity:

	Payments due by Period											
At March 31, 2010	Total	R	emainder of	2011 -	2013 -	2015	ar)	L				
(in millions)	Payments		2010	2012	2014	2015	1	hereafter				
Borrowings <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 105,429	\$	13,495	\$ 25,939	\$ 12,553	\$ 5,192	\$	48,250				
FRBNY Credit Facility	27,400		-	-	27,400	-		-				
Interest payments on borrowings	62,116		3,635	8,865	10,436	3,119		36,061				
Loss reserves <sup>(b)</sup>	86,489		15,049	25,774	14,357	4,670		26,639				
Insurance and investment contract liabilities <sup>(c)</sup>	670,735		19,514	41,449	47,608	21,710		540,454				
GIC liabilities <sup>(d)</sup>	8,828		220	2,530	2,463	263		3,352				
Aircraft purchase commitments	13,745		243	887	2,926	1,568		8,121				
Other long-term obligations <sup>(e)</sup>	578		209	187	63	4		115				
Total <sup>(f)(g)</sup>	\$ 975,320	\$	52,365	\$ 105,631	\$ 117,806	\$ 36,526	\$	662,992				

(a) Excludes borrowings incurred by consolidated investments and includes hybrid financial instrument liabilities recorded at fair value.

(b) Represents future loss and loss adjustment expense payments estimated based on historical loss development payment patterns. Due to the significance of the assumptions used, the periodic amounts presented could be materially different from actual required payments.

(c) Insurance and investment contract liabilities include various investment-type products with contractually scheduled maturities, including periodic payments of a term certain nature. Insurance and investment contract liabilities also include benefit and claim liabilities, of which a significant portion represents policies and contracts that do not have stated contractual maturity dates and may not result in any future payment obligations. For these policies and contracts (i) AIG is currently not making payments until the occurrence of an insurable event, such as death or disability, (ii) payments are conditional on survivorship, or (iii) payment may occur due to a surrender or other non-scheduled event out of AIG's control. AIG has made significant asymptions to determine the estimated undiscounted cash flows of these contractual policy benefits, which assumptions include mortality, morbidity, future lapse rates, expenses, investment returns and inferce policies. Due to the significance of the assumptions used, the periodic amounts presented could be materially different from actual required payments. The amounts presented in this table are undiscounted and therefore exceed the future policy benefits and policyholder contract deposits included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

(d) Represents guaranteed maturities under GICs.

(e) Primarily includes contracts to purchase future services and other capital expenditures.

(f) Does not reflect unrecognized tax benefits of \$4.6 billion, the timing of which is uncertain.

(g) The majority of AIGFP's credit default swaps require AIGFP to provide credit protection on a designated portfolio of loans or debt securities. At March 31, 2010, the fair value derivative liability was \$4.3 billion relating to AIGFP's super senior multi-sector CDO credit default swap portfolio, net of amounts realized in extinguishing derivative obligations. Due to the long-term maturities of these credit default swaps, AIG is unable to make reasonable estimates of the periods during which any payments would be made. However, AIGFP has posted collateral of \$3.7 billion with respect to these swaps (prior to offsets for other transactions).

The repayment of long-term debt maturities, net borrowings under the FRBNY Credit Facility, and interest payments on borrowings by AIG and its subsidiaries are expected to be made through the disposition of assets, future cash flows from operations, cash flows generated from invested assets, future debt issuance and other financing arrangements, as more fully described in AIG's Strategy for Stabilization and Repayment of its Obligations as They Come Due above.

Loss reserves relate primarily to General Insurance business. Management believes that adequate financial resources are maintained by the individual General Insurance subsidiaries to meet the actual required payments under these obligations. These subsidiaries maintain substantial liquidity in the form of cash and short-term investments and investment-grade fixed income securities, including substantial holdings in government and corporate bonds (see Investments herein). Generally, these assets are not transferable across various legal entities; however, management believes there are generally sufficient resources within those legal entities such that they can meet their individual needs.

Insurance and investment contract liabilities, and GIC liabilities, relate primarily to Life Insurance and Retirement Services business. Management believes that adequate financial resources are maintained by individual Life Insurance and Retirement Services subsidiaries to meet the actual required payments under these obligations. These subsidiaries maintain substantial liquidity in the form of cash and short-term investments and investment-grade fixed income securities, including substantial holdings in government and corporate bonds (see Investments herein). Generally, these assets are not transferable across various legal entities; however, management believes there are generally sufficient resources within those legal entities such that they can meet their individual needs.

At March 31, 2010, ILFC has committed to purchase 120 new aircraft deliverable from 2010 through 2019, at an estimated aggregate purchase price of \$13.7 billion. See Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements and Commercial Commitments**

#### The following table summarizes Off Balance Sheet Arrangements and Commercial Commitments in total, and by remaining maturity:

At March 31, 2010		Amount of Commitment Expiration								
(in millions)	Amounts ommitted	Re	emainder of 2010		011 - 2012	2013 - 2014		2015	Th	ereafter
Guarantees:										
Liquidity facilities <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 856	\$	-	\$	755	\$-	\$	-	\$	101
Standby letters of credit	1,263		1,094		28	18		-		123
Construction guarantees <sup>(b)</sup>	92		2		21	-		-		69
Guarantees of indebtedness	213		-		-	-		-		213
All other guarantees <sup>(c)</sup>	813		32		178	159		243		201
Commitments:										
Investment commitments <sup>(d)</sup>	6,239		1,710	2	2,056	1,398		241		834
Commitments to extend credit	179		50		97	28		2		2
Letters of credit	245		161		84	-		-		-
Other commercial commitments <sup>(e)</sup>	767		10		-	-		-		757
Total <sup>(f)</sup>	\$ 10,667	\$	3,059	<b>\$</b> 3	3,219	\$ 1,603	\$	486	\$	2,300

(a) Primarily liquidity facilities provided in connection with certain municipal swap transactions and collateralized bond obligations.

(b) Primarily SunAmerica construction guarantees connected to affordable housing investments.

(c) Excludes potential amounts attributable to indemnifications included in asset sales agreements.

(d) Includes commitments to invest in limited partnerships, private equity, hedge funds and mutual funds and commitments to purchase and develop real estate in the United States and abroad. The commitments to invest in limited partnerships and other funds are called at the discretion of each fund, as needed for funding new investments or expenses of the fund. The expiration of these commitments is estimated in the table above based on the expected life cycle of the related fund, consistent with past trends of requirements for funding. Investors under these commitments are primarily insurance and real estate businesses.

(e) Includes options to acquire aircraft. Excludes commitments with respect to pension plans. The remaining pension contribution for 2010 is expected to be approximately \$97 million for U.S. and non-U.S. plans.

(f) Does not include guarantees or other support arrangements among AIG consolidated entities.

The fair value of securities transferred under repurchase agreements accounted for as sales was \$2.1 billion and \$2.3 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, and the related cash collateral obtained was \$1.7 billion and \$1.5 billion at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

See Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for discussion on restrictions on payments of dividends.

# Arrangements with Variable Interest Entities

While AIG enters into various arrangements with variable interest entities (VIEs) in the normal course of business, AIG's involvement with VIEs is primarily as a passive investor in debt securities (rated and unrated) and equity interests issued by VIEs. AIG consolidates a VIE when it is the primary beneficiary of the entity. For a further discussion of AIG's involvement with VIEs, see Notes 1 and 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# **Results of Operations**

AIG reports the results of its operations through four reportable segments: General Insurance, Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services, Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services, and Financial Services. Through these reportable segments, AIG provides insurance, financial and investment products and services to both businesses and individuals in more than 130 countries and jurisdictions. AIG's Other operations category consists of business and items not allocated to AIG's reportable segments. AIG's subsidiaries serve commercial, institutional and individual customers through an extensive property-casualty and life insurance and retirement services network. AIG's Financial Services businesses include commercial aircraft and equipment leasing, capital markets operations and consumer finance, both in the United States and abroad.

The following discussion of consolidated and segment results represent comparisons of the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 compared to the threemonth period March 31, 2009.

#### **Consolidated Results**

# The following table presents AIG's condensed consolidated results of operations:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Revenues:			
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 10,067	\$ 12,841	(22)%
Net investment income	4,836	915	429
Net realized capital losses	(548)	(2,774)	-
Unrealized market valuation gains (losses) on AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio	119	(452)	-
Other income	1,856	2,785	(33)
Total revenues	16,330	13,315	23
Benefits, claims and expenses:			
Policyholder benefits and claims incurred	8,519	11,353	(25)
Policy acquisition and other insurance expenses	3,262	3,576	(9)
Interest expense	1,734	2,587	(33)
Restructuring expenses and related asset impairment and other expenses	110	338	(67)
Net (gain) loss on sale of divested businesses	77	(262)	-
Other expenses	1,793	2,239	(20)
Total benefits, claims and expenses	15,495	19,831	(22)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax benefit	835	(6,516)	-
Income tax benefit	(91)	(1,303)	-
Income (loss) from continuing operations	926	(5,213)	-
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income tax expense (benefit)	1,173	80	-
Net income (loss)	2,099	(5,133)	-
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	648	(780)	-
Net income (loss) attributable to AIG	\$ 1,451	\$ (4,353)	-%

# **Premiums and Other Considerations**

Premiums and other considerations decreased due to:

- a reduction of \$1.9 billion in 2010 from dispositions during 2009, including the sales of HSB Group, Inc. (HSB) and 21<sup>st</sup> Century Insurance Group (21<sup>st</sup> Century), and the deconsolidation of Transatlantic; and
- a decline in Commercial Insurance net premiums earned due to the continued unfavorable pricing environment and weak economy. The decline also reflects price discipline in workers' compensation and capital management initiatives.

### **Net Investment Income**

The following table summarizes the components of consolidated Net investment income:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Fixed maturities, including short-term investments	\$ 3,186	\$ 3,630	(12)%
Maiden Lane interests	911	(2,194)	-
Equity securities	40	68	(41)
Interest on mortgage and other loans	104	124	(16)
Partnerships	388	(787)	-
Mutual funds	16	(27)	-
Real estate	222	226	(2)
Other investments	7	87	(92)
Total investment income before policyholder income and trading gains (losses)	4,874	1,127	332
Policyholder investment income and trading losses	5	(35)	-
Total investment income	4,879	1,092	347
Investment expenses	43	177	(76)
Net investment income	\$ 4,836	\$ 915	429%

Net investment income increased primarily due to:

- a gain of \$751 million in 2010 associated with the change in fair value of AIG's interest in ML III and a gain of \$160 million in 2010 associated with the change in fair value of ML II compared to losses of \$2.2 billion in 2009. This improvement was due to favorable valuation changes, primarily resulting from:
  - the shortening of the weighted average lives;
  - the narrowing of credit spreads; and
  - the improvement in credit quality of the underlying collateral securities.
- increased income from partnership investments in 2010 compared to losses in 2009, reflecting stronger market conditions in 2010.

These increases were partially offset by:

- lower levels of invested assets, including the effect of divested businesses; and
- lower returns as a result of increased levels of short-term investments that were held for liquidity purposes.

# Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses)

Three Months Ended March 31,		_
(in millions)	2010	2009
Sales of fixed maturity securities \$	<b>295</b> \$	-
Sales of equity securities	110	(57)
Sales of real estate and loans	(9)	(29)
Other-than-temporary impairments:		
Severity	(51)	(1,610)
Change in intent	(28)	(700)
Foreign currency declines	(32)	(78)
Issuer-specific credit events	(963)	(1,120)
Adverse projected cash flows on structured securities	-	(141)
Provision for loan losses	(123)	-
Foreign exchange transactions	645	272
Derivative instruments	(460)	964
Other	68	(275)
Total \$	(548) \$	(2,774)

Net realized capital losses decreased primarily due to the following:

- lower other-than-temporary impairment charges for the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 included non-credit impairments (i.e. severity losses) that are no longer required for fixed maturity securities due to the adoption of the new other-than-temporary impairments accounting standard commencing in the second quarter of 2009. See Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements; and Investments — Other-Than-Temporary Impairments;
- gains on sales of fixed maturity and equity securities in the current year reflecting improvement in the credit markets; and
- increased foreign exchange transaction gains.

Partially offsetting the above items were losses on derivative instruments not qualifying for hedge accounting treatment compared to gains in the year-ago period due primarily to the tightening of credit spreads.

# Unrealized Market Valuation Gains (Losses) on AIGFP Super Senior Credit Default Swap Portfolio

AIG recognized unrealized market valuation gains related to AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio in 2010 compared to losses in 2009 due to the improvement in market conditions as well as the narrowing of corporate credit spreads.

See Segment Results — Financial Services Operations — Financial Services Results — Capital Markets Results and Critical Accounting Estimates — Valuation of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities and Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### **Other Income**

Other income decreased due to:

• a decline of \$1.6 billion in net credit valuation adjustment gains on AIGFP's assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value, excluding gains and losses which are reflected in Unrealized gains (losses) on AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio, partially offset by reduced losses from Capital Markets from lower unwind costs and lower unrealized market valuation losses; and

lower aircraft leasing revenues resulting from ILFC aircraft asset impairment charges of \$347 million with respect to aircraft which will be sold subsequent to March 31, 2010, and operating lease related charges totaling \$84 million related to those aircraft for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010.

# **Policyholder Benefits and Claims Incurred**

Policyholder benefits and claims incurred decreased due to:

- a reduction of \$1.3 billion as a result of dispositions in 2009, including the sales of HSB and 21<sup>st</sup> Century, and the deconsolidation of Transatlantic;
- lower production levels for General Insurance and Domestic Life & Retirement Services; and
- a decrease in claims and claims adjustment expense for Mortgage Guaranty operations of \$794 million primarily due to lower levels of newly reported delinquencies and higher cure rates on existing first-lien delinquent loans and the recognition of stop loss limits on certain second-lien policies.

Partially offsetting the items above were catastrophe losses for General Insurance in 2010 totaling \$481 million primarily related to the Chile earthquake, U.S. wind storms and Madeira (Portugal) floods.

## **Policy Acquisition and Other Insurance Expenses**

Policy acquisition and other insurance expenses decreased primarily due a reduction of \$580 million as a result of dispositions during 2009, including the sales of HSB, 21<sup>st</sup> Century and the deconsolidation of Transatlantic, partially offset by the effects of \$222 million of amortization of a premium deficiency reserve by UGC in 2009.

#### Interest Expense

Interest expense decreased primarily due to lower interest expense on the FRBNY Credit Facility. Interest expense on the FRBNY Credit Facility benefited from a reduced interest rate of 3.25 percent in 2010 compared to 6.5 percent in 2009 as well as a lower outstanding balance of \$27.4 billion at March 31, 2010 compared to \$47.4 billion at March 31, 2009. Interest expense on the FRBNY Credit Facility was \$650 million in 2010 compared to \$1.3 billion in 2009. Interest expense in 2010 included \$521 million of amortization of the prepaid commitment fee asset associated with the FRBNY Credit Facility compared to \$705 million in 2009.

#### **Restructuring Expenses and Related Asset Impairment and Other Expenses**

Restructuring expenses decreased in 2010 reflecting progress made under the restructuring plan and asset disposition initiatives. See Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding restructuring and separation expenses.

#### Net (gain) loss on Sale of Divested Businesses

Net gain (loss) on sale of divested businesses includes the net gain (loss) on the sale of divested businesses that did not qualify as discontinued operations. In 2009, included a gain of \$251 million from the sale of HSB. See Segment Results — Other Operations — Other Results herein for further information.

## Other Expenses

Other expenses decreased primarily due to lower compensation-related costs for the noncore Asset Management businesses reflecting the effect of the deconsolidation of certain portfolio investments, as well as a decline in Consumer Finance provision for loan losses of \$226 million.

# **Income Tax Benefits**

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, the effective tax rate on the pre-tax income from continuing operations was (10.9) percent and the effective tax rate on the pre-tax income included in discontinued operations

was (13.2) percent. The effective tax rate was negative because AIG recorded a tax benefit on pre-tax income. The tax benefit was primarily due to decreases in the deferred tax asset valuation allowance of \$82 million related to certain subsidiaries that file separate income tax returns, \$140 million which principally offsets the tax expense related to the pre-tax income from continuing operations earned during the quarter, and \$665 million related to changes in value of subsidiaries to be sold and included in discontinued operations.

The effective tax rate on the pre-tax loss from continuing operations for the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 was 20.0 percent. The effective tax rate was lower than the statutory rate due primarily to a \$1.6 billion increase in the deferred tax asset valuation allowance against a portion of AIG's net deferred tax asset, partially offset by \$632 million of deferred tax benefits mainly attributable to the book to tax basis differences of AIG Parent's investment in subsidiaries and other discrete period items.

At March 31, 2010 AIG's net deferred tax asset was comprised of \$8.3 billion of net deferred tax asset related to its U.S. consolidated income tax group (net of \$19.6 billion valuation allowance) and \$0.1 billion of net deferred tax liability related to foreign subsidiaries, state and local tax jurisdictions, and certain domestic subsidiaries that file separate tax returns. AIG assesses its ability to realize the deferred tax asset based on AIG's ability to generate sufficient earnings from transactions expected to be completed in the near future and tax planning strategies that would be implemented, if necessary, to protect against the loss of the deferred tax asset. This assessment does not depend on projected future operating income.

In any interim period, the U.S. consolidated income tax group may generate income or loss. To the extent that any operating income is generated, the related tax expense may be offset by a reduction in the valuation allowance. Conversely, any tax benefits arising from operating losses may be offset by an additional valuation allowance to reduce the net deferred tax asset to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Any reduction of the valuation allowance will be allocated to continuing operations, discontinued operations and components of shareholder's equity based on the intraperiod tax allocation rules. AIG's foreign subsidiaries and U.S. subsidiaries filing separate returns will continue to recognize tax expense and tax benefits, based on their income or loss, which will be reflected in AIG's consolidated provision.

See Critical Accounting Estimates — Valuation Allowance on Deferred Tax Assets and Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Discontinued Operations**

Total revenues and pre-tax income (loss) for entities reported as discontinued operations were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31,	Percentage Total Revenues Increase/		Pre-tax (Lo	ome	Percentage Increase/			
(in millions)		2010	2009	(Decrease)	2010		2009	(Decrease)
AIA	\$	3,175	\$ 2,787	14% 5	\$ 658	\$	390	69%
ALICO		3,522	2,461	43	543		175	210
Nan Shan		2,143	1,638	31	18		(158)	-
Interest allocation*		-	-	-	(183)	)	(258)	-
Total	\$	8,840	\$ 6,886	28% \$	\$ 1,036	\$	149	-%

\* Represents interest expense, including periodic amortization of the prepaid commitment fee asset, on debt to be assumed by the buyers of AIA and ALICO and on the estimated portion of the FRBNY Credit Facility required to be repaid as a result of the disposition transactions.

# American International Assurance Company, Ltd.

AIA total revenues for the first quarter of 2010 increased over the same period last year reflecting increased business growth, higher net investment income, realized capital gains and the positive effect of foreign exchange. Premiums and other considerations increased 7 percent to \$2.4 billion from continued strength in new and renewal business. Net investment income increased 27 percent to \$0.7 billion as higher investment yields and

growth in assets under management offset higher net investment losses related to policyholder investment income and trading gains (losses) which are offset in policyholder benefits and claims incurred. In the first quarter of 2010 AIA reported net realized capital gains of \$107 million compared to \$25 million in the same period last year. The improvement in net realized capital gains was due to lower impairment charges and equity gains realized in 2010.

Pre-tax income increased significantly over last year largely due to growth in business, higher realized capital gains, higher investment returns, and the positive effect of foreign exchange.

#### American Life Insurance Company

ALICO total revenues for the first quarter of 2010 increased over the same period last year reflecting increased business growth, higher net investment income and lower net realized capital losses. Premiums and other considerations increased 7 percent to \$2.5 billion from continued strength in new and renewal business. Net investment income more than doubled from last year to \$1.1 billion due to net investment income related to policyholder investment income and trading gains (losses) of \$292 million in 2010 compared to a net investment loss related to policyholder investment income and trading gains (losses) of \$292 million in 2010 compared to a net investment loss related to policyholder investment income and trading gains (losses) of \$292 million in 2009, as well as fair value gains on trading account assets in the U.K. Net investment income related to policyholder investment income and trading gains (losses) is offset in policyholder benefits and claims incurred. Realized capital losses declined in the first quarter of 2010 compared to the prior year primarily due to lower other-than-temporary impairment charges.

Pre-tax income increased significantly over last year largely due to lower realized capital losses and higher investment returns from trading gains in 2010 compared to trading losses in 2009. In addition, 2009 included a DAC benefit related to net realized capital losses of \$232 million which more than offset the negative effect of market volatility on Japan annuity and investment-linked products.

# Nan Shan Life Insurance Company

Nan Shan total revenues increased over the same period last year primarily due to net realized capital gains of \$74 million in 2010 compared to net realized capital losses of \$243 million in 2009, growth in business and the favorable effect of foreign exchange. Net realized capital gains in 2010 were driven mainly by realized capital gains on equity securities which more than offset impairment and derivative losses. The net realized capital losses in 2009 were comprised primarily of losses on derivatives hedging currency risk and other-than-temporary impairment charges.

Nan Shan reported pre-tax income in 2010 compared to a loss in 2009 primarily due to the realized capital gains which offset the effect of increased negative interest rate spreads.

Net income from discontinued operations also reflects a partial release of a valuation allowance attributable to an increase in estimated value to be realized on the expected sales of AIA and ALICO, which are classified as discontinued operations. See Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Segment Results

AIG believes it should present and discuss its financial information in a manner most meaningful to its financial statement users. In managing its businesses, AIG analyzes the operating performance of each business based on pre-tax income (loss), excluding net realized capital gains (losses), results from discontinued operations and net gains (losses) on sales of divested businesses, because AIG believes that this permits better assessment and enhances understanding of the operating performance of each business by highlighting the results from ongoing operations and the underlying profitability of its businesses. When such measures are disclosed, reconciliations to GAAP pre-tax income are provided.

# The following table summarizes the operations of each reportable segment. (See also Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.)

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)	2010	2009
Total revenues:		
General Insurance	\$ 8,849	\$ 8,099
Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services	3,226	1,703
Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services	1,075	763
Financial Services	1,508	1,265
Other	2,062	2,180
Consolidation and eliminations	(390)	(695)
Total	16,330	13,315
Pre-tax income (loss) :		
General Insurance	1,016	102
Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services	327	(1,827)
Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services	85	(128)
Financial Services	(439)	(1,130)
Other	(294)	(3,444)
Consolidation and eliminations	140	(89)
Total	<b>\$ 835</b>	\$ (6,516)

# **General Insurance Operations**

AIG's General Insurance subsidiaries, branded as Chartis in 2009, are multiple line companies writing substantially all lines of property and casualty insurance both domestically and abroad.

As previously noted, AIG believes it should present and discuss its financial information in a manner most meaningful to its financial statement users. Accordingly, in its General Insurance business, AIG uses underwriting profit (loss) to assess performance of the General Insurance business rather than statutory underwriting profit (loss).

Commercial Insurance writes substantially all classes of business insurance, accepting such business mainly from insurance brokers. This provides Commercial Insurance the opportunity to select specialized markets and retain underwriting control. Any licensed broker is able to submit business to Commercial Insurance without the traditional agent-company contractual relationship, but such broker usually has no authority to commit Commercial Insurance to accept a risk.

AIG's Foreign General insurance group writes both commercial and consumer lines of insurance through a network of branches and foreign based insurance subsidiaries. Foreign General insurance group uses various marketing methods and multiple distribution channels to write both commercial and consumer lines insurance with certain refinements for local laws, customs and needs. Foreign General insurance group operates in Asia, the Pacific Rim, Europe, the U.K., Africa, the Middle East and Latin America.

# **General Insurance Results**

## The following table presents General Insurance results:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Underwriting results:			
Net premiums written	\$ 7,644	\$ 7,727	(1)%
Decrease (increase) in unearned premiums	(3)	545	-
Net premiums earned	7,641	8,272	(8)
Claims and claims adjustment expenses incurred	5,459	5,787	(6)
Change in deferred acquisition costs	(18)	5	-
Other underwriting expenses	2,392	2,205	8
Underwriting profit (loss)	(192)	275	-
Net investment income	1,071	435	146
Net realized capital gains (losses)	137	(608)	-
Pre-tax income	\$ 1,016	\$ 102	-%

#### General Insurance Underwriting Results

In managing its general insurance businesses, AIG analyzes the operating performance of its businesses using underwriting profit. Underwriting profit is derived by reducing net premiums earned by claims and claims adjustment expenses incurred and underwriting expenses, including the change in deferred acquisition costs.

AIG, along with most property and casualty insurance companies, uses the loss ratio, the expense ratio and the combined ratio as measures of underwriting performance. The loss ratio is the sum of claims and claims adjustment expenses divided by net premiums earned. The expense ratio is underwriting expenses divided by net premiums earned. These ratios are relative measurements that describe, for every \$100 of net premiums earned, the cost of claims and expenses, respectively. A combined ratio of less than 100 indicates an underwriting profit and over 100 indicates an underwriting loss.

Net premiums written are initially deferred and earned based upon the terms of the underlying policies. The net unearned premium reserve constitutes deferred revenues which are generally earned ratably over the policy period.

The underwriting environment varies from country to country, as does the degree of litigation activity. Regulation, product type and competition have a direct effect on pricing and consequently on profitability as reflected in underwriting profit and the combined ratio.

# General Insurance Net Premiums Written

General Insurance recorded \$7.6 billion in net premiums written in the first quarter of 2010, a 1 percent decrease from the first quarter of 2009. The modest decline reflects General Insurance's price discipline where market rates are unsatisfactory, including workers' compensation, strategic growth in high margin lines of business, and the favorable effect of foreign exchange. While the business continues to see increased business retention, new business submissions, and a continued stable rate environment, net premium writings continue to be affected by challenging economic conditions.

# AIG transacts business in most major foreign currencies. The following table summarizes the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on General Insurance net premiums written:

Three Months Ended March 31,	2010 vs. 2009
Decrease in original currency*	(3.8)%
Foreign exchange effect	2.7
Decrease as reported in U.S. dollars	(1.1)%

Computed using a constant exchange rate for each period.

## General Insurance Underwriting Ratios

# The following table summarizes General Insurance GAAP combined ratios:

Three Months Ended March 31,	2010	2009
Loss ratio	71.4	70.0
Expense ratio	31.1	26.7
Combined ratio	102.5	96.7

The increase in the General Insurance combined ratio primarily resulted from the following:

- a loss ratio for accident year 2010 recorded in 2010 which was 7.0 points higher than the loss ratio for accident year 2009. This increase is the product of higher catastrophe losses driven by a \$310 million loss due to the earthquake in Chile, \$119 million in losses due to two severe windstorms in the Northeastern United States and \$52 million in losses due to flooding in Madeira (Portugal), in total accounting for a 6.0 point increase in the accident year loss ratio;
- an increase of 4.4 points in the expense ratio primarily due to a decline in earned premiums and higher expenses, driven by increased pension costs and higher transition and financial remediation costs; and
- the effects of premium rate decreases and adverse changes in loss trends.

These increases were partially offset by favorable prior year development which amounted to \$244 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to adverse development of \$172 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The current period includes \$204 million of favorable development in the Lexington businesses of Commercial Insurance, while the three months ended March 31, 2009 includes \$169 million of adverse development related to the Excess Casualty business.

## General Insurance Net Loss Development

General Insurance experienced \$244 million of favorable development in the three months ended March 31, 2010. This is primarily attributable to strong favorable development in Commercial Insurance's Lexington lines of business, partially offset by adverse development in Risk Finance and Reinsurance. Foreign General Insurance also experienced favorable development, primarily in its directors & officers' liability (D&O) lines.

# General Insurance Investing Results and Other Income

Net investment income for General Insurance increased primarily due to improvement in returns from partnership investments. Net realized capital gains were recognized in 2010 compared to losses in 2009 primarily due to lower other-than-temporary impairments on investments.

See Consolidated Results for further discussion on Net investment income and Net realized capital gains (losses).

## Commercial Insurance Results

# The following table presents Commercial Insurance results:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Underwriting results:			
Net premiums written	\$ 3,787	\$ 4,184	(9)%
Decrease in unearned premiums	775	1,043	(26)
Net premiums earned	4,562	5,227	(13)
Claims and claims adjustment expenses incurred	3,474	4,094	(15)
Change in deferred acquisition costs	129	130	(1)
Other underwriting expenses	1,070	1,024	4
Underwriting loss	(111)	(21)	-
Vet investment income	844	300	181
Vet realized capital losses	(3)	(503)	-
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ 730	\$ (224)	-%

# Commercial Insurance Underwriting Results

# Commercial Insurance Net Premiums written

# The following table presents Commercial Insurance net premiums written by line of business:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
General liability/auto liability	\$ 582	\$ 669	(13)%
Workers' compensation	547	719	(24)
Property	418	427	(2)
A&H products	385	331	16
Management/professional liability	353	345	2
Commercial umbrella/excess	325	353	(8)
Multinational P&C	236	268	(12)
Private client group	227	210	8
Programs	158	168	(6)
Healthcare	113	158	(28)
Environmental	109	119	(8)
Aviation	32	34	(6)
Other	302	383	(21)
Total	\$ 3,787	\$ 4,184	(9)%

Commercial Insurance net premiums written decreased primarily due to:

• lower U.S. workers' compensation premiums due to declining rates, lower employment levels, increased competition and a strategy to remain price disciplined; and

• declines in the construction, real estate and transportation lines of business, which were more negatively affected by the credit crisis compared to other lines of businesses. In addition, limited capital for new projects reduced the demand for general liability and commercial umbrella insurance.

## Commercial Insurance Underwriting Ratios

## The following table presents Commercial Insurance GAAP combined ratios:

Three Months Ended March 31,	2010	2009
Loss ratio	76.2	78.3
Expense ratio	26.3	22.1
Combined ratio	102.5	100.4

The increase in the Commercial Insurance combined ratio primarily resulted from the following:

- an accident year loss ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2010 that was 5.5 points higher than the accident year loss ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2009, resulting from an increase in catastrophe-related losses of \$177 million attributable to the combined losses of two severe windstorms in the Northeastern US and the earthquake in Chile;
- an increase in the expense ratio of 4.2 points due to a decline in earned premiums and higher expenses driven by increased pension costs and transition and financial remediation costs; and
- the effects of premium rate decreases and adverse changes in loss trends.

These increases were partially offset by a change in prior-year development. For the three month period ended March 31, 2010 Commercial Insurance recorded favorable development of \$190 million compared to adverse development of \$164 million in the same period of 2009. The net favorable development for 2010 includes \$59 million of favorable development related to loss sensitive policies compared to \$100 million of favorable development related to loss sensitive policies in the same period in 2009.

# Commercial Insurance Net Loss Development

The \$190 million of favorable development in the three months ended March 31, 2010 is primarily attributable to favorable development in the Lexington lines of business, with property contributing \$127 million and catastrophe excess liability contributing \$40 million. Lexington's development was partially offset by \$35 million of adverse development in Risk Finance and \$21 million of adverse development in Reinsurance. Excess casualty and excess workers' compensation, while not contributing to the favorable development in 2010, did not experience any further adverse development.

# Commercial Insurance Investing Results

Net investment income for Commercial Insurance increased primarily due to improvement in returns from partnership investments of \$463 million.

Net realized capital losses for Commercial Insurance declined due to lower other-than-temporary impairments on investments.

See Consolidated Results for further discussion on Net investment income and Net realized capital gains (losses).

# Foreign General Insurance Results

# The following table presents Foreign General Insurance results:

Chree Months Ended March 31, in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Jnderwriting results:			
Net premiums written	\$ 3,857	\$ 3,543	9%
Increase in unearned premiums	(778)	(498)	-
Net premiums earned	3,079	3,045	1
Claims and claims adjustment expenses incurred	1,985	1,693	17
Change in deferred acquisition costs	(147)	(125)	-
Other underwriting expenses	1,322	1,181	12
Underwriting profit (loss)	(81)	296	-
Vet investment income	227	135	68
Net realized capital gains (losses)	140	(105)	-
re-tax income	\$ 286	\$ 326	(12)%

# Foreign General Insurance Underwriting Results

Foreign General Insurance Net Premiums Written

# The following table presents Foreign General Insurance net premiums written by line of business:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)		010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
A&H products	\$	982	\$ 937	5%
Specialty lines		781	689	13
Casualty		671	579	16
Personal lines		567	553	3
Marine & Energy		259	204	27
Lloyds		235	231	2
Property		174	165	5
Aviation		104	102	2
Other		84	83	1
Total	\$ 3	857	\$ 3,543	9%

Foreign General Insurance net premiums written increased primarily due to:

- positive effect of changes in foreign exchange rates, which contributed 6 percent to the increase; and
- new business as global economic conditions improved.

From a regional perspective, Europe achieved growth of 6.0 percent in its critical renewal season. In addition, positive growth of 1.6 percent in the U.K and Ireland operations contributed to the continuing upward trend in production since the third quarter of 2009 which is attributable to improved retention and strong new business submissions.

AIG transacts business in most major foreign currencies. The following table summarizes the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on the growth of Foreign General Insurance net premiums written:

Three Months Ended March 31,	2010 vs. 2009
Increase in original currency*	2.9%
Foreign exchange effect	6.0
Increase as reported in U.S. dollars	8.9 <mark>%</mark>

\* Computed using a constant exchange rate for each period.

## Foreign General Insurance Underwriting Ratios

# The following table presents Foreign General Insurance combined ratios:

Three Months Ended March 31,	2010	2009
Loss ratio	64.5	55.6
Expense ratio	38.2	34.7
Combined ratio	102.7	90.3

The increase in the Foreign General Insurance combined ratio primarily resulted from the following:

significant catastrophe related losses in the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to none in the three months ended March 31, 2009, contributed 9 points to the loss ratio. Catastrophe losses included \$252 million due to the earthquake in Chile and \$52 million due to the flooding in Madeira (Portugal); and

an increase in the expense ratio was primarily due to higher general operating expenses and acquisition costs.

# Foreign General Insurance Net Loss Development

Foreign General Insurance experienced \$54 million of favorable development in the three months ended March 31, 2010, including \$28 million of favorable development from the D&O line of business. The remainder was spread throughout the other lines of business.

### Foreign General Insurance Investing Results and Other Income

Foreign General Insurance Net investment income increased primarily due to higher partnership and mutual fund results partially offset by lower interest and dividend income.

Foreign General Insurance recorded Net realized capital gains in 2010 due to gains in the sales of fixed maturity securities, the favorable effect of foreign exchange and lower other-than-temporary impairments on investments.

On March 31, 2010, a subsidiary of Chartis International purchased additional voting shares in Fuji. Investment income for the three months ended March 31, 2010 includes an equity pick-up of \$56 million pertaining to the minority ownership as well as a gain of \$47 million reflecting remeasurement of the equity interest in Fuji held prior to the acquisition of the additional shares, offset by a \$72 million charge resulting from the reversal through income of Chartis' share of Fuji's other comprehensive income. See Note 4 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

# Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense

The following discussion on the consolidated liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses (loss reserves) presents loss reserves for the Commercial Insurance and Foreign General Insurance reporting units in

the General Insurance operating segment and loss reserves pertaining to divested and/or Noncore businesses, comprising the Mortgage Guaranty reporting unit reported in AIG's Other category.

# The following table presents the components of the loss reserves by major lines of business on a statutory annual statement basis<sup>(a)</sup>:

(in millions)	March 31, 2010	Dec	ember 31, 2009
Other liability occurrence	\$ 20,473	\$	20,344
International <sup>(b)</sup>	16,269		12,582
Workers' compensation	15,632		15,200
Other liability claims made	11,650		12,619
Mortgage Guaranty/Credit	5,253		5,477
Property	3,868		3,872
Auto liability	3,175		4,164
Products liability	2,338		2,414
Medical malpractice	1,757		1,672
Accident and health	1,361		1,677
Aircraft	1,172		1,388
Commercial multiple peril	1,006		1,081
Fidelity/surety	943		875
Reinsurance	130		154
Other	1,462		1,867
Total	\$ 86,489	\$	85,386

(a) Presented by lines of business pursuant to statutory reporting requirements as prescribed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

(b) Includes \$1.5 billion related to the acquisition of Fuji on March 31, 2010.

AIG's gross loss reserves represent the accumulation of estimates of ultimate losses, including estimates for incurred but not yet reported reserves (IBNR) and loss expenses. The methods used to determine loss reserve estimates and to establish the resulting reserves are continually reviewed and updated. Any adjustments resulting from this review are currently reflected in pre-tax income. Because loss reserve estimates are subject to the outcome of future events, changes in estimates are unavoidable given that loss trends vary and time is often required for changes in trends to be recognized and confirmed. Reserve changes that increase previous estimates of ultimate cost are referred to as unfavorable or adverse development or reserve strengthening. Reserve changes that decrease previous estimates of ultimate cost are referred to as favorable development.

The net loss reserves represent loss reserves reduced by reinsurance recoverable, net of an allowance for unrecoverable reinsurance and applicable discount for future investment income.

# The following table classifies the components of the net liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense by business unit:

(in millions)	Mar	ch 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
General Insurance segment:			
Commercial Insurance	\$	50,089	\$ 50,498
Foreign General Insurance		13,956	12,688
Total General Insurance		64,045	63,186
Mortgage Guaranty		4,504	4,713
Total net loss reserves	\$	68,549	\$ 67,899

# Discounting of Reserves

At March 31, 2010, net loss reserves reflect a loss reserve discount of \$2.66 billion, including tabular and non-tabular calculations. The tabular workers' compensation discount is calculated using a 3.5 percent interest rate and the 1979-81 Decennial Mortality Table. The non-tabular workers' compensation discount is calculated separately for companies domiciled in New York and Pennsylvania, and follows the statutory regulations for each state. For New York companies, the discount is based on a five percent interest rate and the companies' own payout patterns. For Pennsylvania companies, the statute has specified discount factors for accident years 2001 and prior, which are based on a six percent interest rate and an industry payout pattern. For accident years 2002 and subsequent, the discount is based on the payout patterns and investment yields of the companies. The discount is comprised of the following: \$669 million — tabular discount for workers' compensation in Commercial Insurance and \$1.99 billion — non-tabular discount for workers' compensation in Commercial Insurance.

# Quarterly Reserving Process

AIG believes that the net loss reserves are adequate to cover net losses and loss expenses as of March 31, 2010. While AIG regularly reviews the adequacy of established loss reserves, there can be no assurance that AIG's ultimate loss reserves will not develop adversely and materially exceed AIG's loss reserves as of March 31, 2010. In the opinion of management, such adverse development and resulting increase in reserves is not likely to have a material adverse effect on AIG's consolidated financial condition, although it could have a material adverse effect on AIG's consolidated results of operations for an individual reporting period.

# The following table presents the reconciliation of net loss reserves:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009
Net liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at beginning of year	\$ 67,899	\$ 72,455
Foreign exchange effect	(553)	(290)
Acquisitions <sup>(a)</sup>	1,538	-
Dispositions	(25)	(287)
Losses and loss expenses incurred: <sup>(c)</sup>		
Current year	5,998	7,862
Prior years, other than accretion of discount	(476)	64
Prior years, accretion of discount	86	98
Losses and loss expenses incurred	5,608	8,024
Losses and loss expenses paid <sup>(c)</sup>	5,916	7,648
Reclassified to liabilities of businesses held for sale	(2)	-
Net liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at end of period	\$ 68,549	\$ 72,254

(a) Represents the acquisition of Fuji on March 31, 2010.

(b) HSB was sold during the first quarter of 2009.

(c) Includes amounts related to dispositions through the date of disposition.

The following tables summarize development, (favorable) or unfavorable, of incurred losses and loss expenses for prior years (other than accretion of discount):

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)	 2010	2009
Prior Accident Year Development by Reporting Unit:		
General Insurance segment:		
Commercial Insurance	\$ (190) \$	164
Foreign General Insurance	(54)	8
Total General Insurance segment	(244)	172
Noncore businesses:		
Mortgage Guaranty	(232)	(94)
Other noncore insurance businesses <sup>*</sup>	-	(14)
Total Noncore businesses	(232)	(108)
Prior years, other than accretion of discount	\$ (476) \$	64

Entities were sold during 2009.

Three Months Ended March 31,	Calendar Y	Year
(in millions)	 2010	2009
Prior Accident Year Development by Accident Year:		
Accident Year		
2009	\$ (263)	
2008	(116) \$	(147)
2007	(58)	115
2006	(56)	(25)
2005	(35)	(83)
2004	29	5
2003 and prior	23	199
Prior years, other than accretion of discount	\$ (476) \$	64

In determining the loss development from prior accident years, AIG conducts analyses to determine the change in estimated ultimate loss for each accident year for each class of business. For example, if loss emergence for a class of business is different than expected for certain accident years, the actuaries examine the indicated effect such emergence would have on the reserves of that class of business. In some cases, the higher or lower than expected emergence may result in no clear change in the ultimate loss estimate for the accident years in question, and no adjustment would be made to the reserves for the class of business for prior accident years. In other cases, the higher or lower than expected emergence may result in a larger change, either favorable or unfavorable, than the difference between the actual and expected loss emergence. Such additional analyses were conducted for each class of business, as appropriate, in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 to determine the loss development from prior accident years for three-month period ended March 31, 2010. As part of its reserving process, AIG also considers notices of claims received with respect to emerging issues, such as those related to the U.S. mortgage and housing market.

See General Insurance Results herein for further discussion of net loss development.

#### Asbestos and Environmental Reserves

The estimation of loss reserves relating to asbestos and environmental claims on insurance policies written many years ago is subject to greater uncertainty than other types of claims due to inconsistent court decisions as well as judicial interpretations and legislative actions that in some cases have tended to broaden coverage beyond the original intent of such policies and in others have expanded theories of liability.

As described more fully in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K, AIG's reserves relating to asbestos and environmental claims reflect a comprehensive ground-up analysis.

The following table provides a summary of reserve activity, including estimates for applicable IBNR, relating to asbestos and environmental claims separately and combined:

Three Months Ended March 31,	<b>20</b> 1	10		200	)9	
(in millions)	 Gross		Net	Gross		Net
Asbestos:						
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at beginning of year	\$ 3,236	\$	1,151	\$ 3,443	\$	1,200
Losses and loss expenses incurred $^*$	1		2	27		12
Losses and loss expenses paid $^{st}$	(188)		(48)	(140)		(17)
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at end of period	\$ 3,049	\$	1,105	\$ 3,330	\$	1,195
Environmental:						
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at beginning of year	\$ 338	\$	159	\$ 417	\$	194
Losses and loss expenses incurred $*$	-		1	3		-
Losses and loss expenses paid $^*$	(12)		(8)	(12)		(12)
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at end of period	\$ 326	\$	152	\$ 408	\$	182
Combined:						
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at beginning of year	\$ 3,574	\$	1,310	\$ 3,860	\$	1,394
Losses and loss expenses incurred <sup>*</sup>	1		3	30		12
Losses and loss expenses paid $^{st}$	(200)		(56)	(152)		(29)
Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense at end of period	\$ 3,375	\$	1,257	\$ 3,738	\$	1,377

\* All amounts pertain to policies underwritten in prior years, primarily to policies issued in 1984 and prior years.

The following table presents the estimate of the gross and net IBNR included in the Liability for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense, relating to asbestos and environmental claims separately and combined:

Three Months Ended March 31,	2010		2009	
(in millions)	 Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Asbestos	\$ 2,016 \$	838 \$	2,246 \$	929
Environmental	159	63	246	93
Combined	\$ 2,175 \$	901 \$	2,492 \$	1,022

The following table presents a summary of asbestos and environmental claims count activity:

		2010			2009	
Three Months Ended March 31,	Asbestos	Environmental	Combined	Asbestos	Environmental	Combined
Claims at beginning of year	5,417	5,994	11,411	5,780	6,674	12,454
Claims during year:						
Opened	133	111	244	232	181	413
Settled	(55)	(44)	(99)	(133)	(38)	(171)
Dismissed or otherwise resolved	(287)	(1,321)	(1,608)	(178)	(289)	(467)
Claims at end of period	5,208	4,740	9,948	5,701	6,528	12,229

Survival Ratios — Asbestos and Environmental

The following table presents AIG's survival ratios for asbestos and environmental claims at March 31, 2010 and 2009. The survival ratio is derived by dividing the current carried loss reserve by the average payments for the three most recent calendar years for these claims. Therefore, the survival ratio is a simplistic measure estimating

the number of years it would be before the current ending loss reserves for these claims would be paid off using recent year average payments. The March 31, 2010 gross asbestos survival ratio is lower than the ratio at March 31, 2009 because the more recent periods included in the rolling average reflect higher claims payments. In addition, AIG's survival ratio for asbestos claims was negatively affected by certain favorable settlements during 2008 and 2007. These settlements reduced gross and net asbestos survival ratios at March 31, 2010 by approximately 0.5 years and 1.4 years, respectively; and reduced gross and net asbestos survival ratios at March 31, 2010 by approximately 0.5 years and 1.4 years, respectively; and reduced gross and net asbestos survival ratios at March 31, 2010 by approximately 0.5 years and 1.4 years, respectively; and reduced gross and net asbestos and level of coverage provided, have a significant effect on the amount of asbestos and environmental reserves and payments and the resultant survival ratio. Moreover, as discussed above, the primary basis for AIG's determination of its reserves is not survival ratios, but instead the ground-up and top-down analysis. Thus, caution should be exercised in attempting to determine reserve adequacy for these claims based simply on this survival ratio.

# The following table presents AIG's survival ratios for asbestos and environmental claims, separately and combined, which were based upon a three-year average payment:

		2010		2009	9
Three Months Ended March 31,	Gr	oss l	Net	Gross	Net
Survival ratios:					
Asbestos		4.5	3.9	5.0	3.9
Environmental		4.4	3.3	4.4	3.2
Combined		4.5	3.8	4.9	3.8

# **Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services Operations**

AIG's Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services segment, operating as SunAmerica Financial Group, is comprised of several life insurance and retirement services businesses that offer a comprehensive suite of life insurance, retirement savings products and guaranteed income solutions through an established multi-channel distribution network that includes banks, national, regional and independent broker-dealers, career financial advisors, wholesale life brokers, insurance agents and a direct-to-consumer platform.

AIG's Domestic Life Insurance businesses offer a broad range of protection products, including individual term and universal life insurance, and group life and health products. In addition, Domestic Life Insurance offers a variety of payout annuities, which include single premium immediate annuities, structured settlements and terminal funding annuities. Domestic Retirement Services businesses offer group retirement products, individual fixed and variable annuities, mutual funds and financial planning and investment advisory services. Certain previously acquired closed blocks and fixed and variable annuity blocks that have been discontinued are reported as "runoff" annuities. Domestic Retirement Services also maintains a runoff block of Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) that were written in (or issued to) the institutional market place prior to 2006.

In managing its Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services businesses, AIG analyzes the operating performance of each business using pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses). Pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses) is not a substitute for pre-tax income determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. However, AIG believes that the presentation of pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses) enhances the understanding of the underlying profitability of the ongoing operations of the Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services businesses. The reconciliations to pre-tax income are provided in the tables that follow.

# **Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services Results**

## The following table presents Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services results:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 1,315	\$ 1,440	(9)%
Net investment income	2,707	1,930	40
Policyholder benefits and claims incurred	2,201	2,590	(15)
Policy acquisition and other expenses	698	940	(26)
Pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital losses	1,123	(160)	-
Net realized capital losses	(796)	(1,667)	-
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ 327	\$ (1,827)	-%

Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services reported higher pre-tax income before net realized capital losses primarily due to the following:

- an increase in net investment income as a result of growth in partnership returns, which amounted to \$235 million in the three month period ended March 31, 2010 compared to losses of \$373 million in the same period of 2009, as well as higher income from valuation adjustments from the interest in ML II, which offset the negative effects of higher liquidity in the investment portfolios; and
- lower DAC and SIA unlocking and related reserve strengthening of \$558 million. There were no unlockings in the three months ended March 31, 2010. Unlockings in the three months ended March 31, 2009 primarily were the result of reductions in the long-term growth assumptions for group retirement products and individual variable annuities and deteriorating equity market conditions early in 2009.

These improvements were partially offset by lower DAC and sale inducement assets (SIA) benefits related to net realized capital losses of \$4 million in the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to \$349 million in the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Pre-tax income for Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services reflected a decline in net realized capital losses due principally to the significant decline in other-than-temporary impairments. See Results of Operations — Consolidated Results — Premiums and Other Considerations; — Net Investment Income; and — Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses).

Domestic Life Insurance Results

# The following table presents Domestic Life Insurance results:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 1,040	\$ 1,182	(12)%
Net investment income	1,034	825	25
Policyholder benefits and claims incurred	1,320	1,373	(4)
Policy acquisition and other expenses	387	451	(14)
Pre-tax income before net realized capital losses	367	183	101
Net realized capital losses	(140)	(481)	-
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ 227	\$ (298)	-%

Domestic Life Insurance pre-tax income before net realized capital losses increased primarily due to the following:

- higher net investment income due to a \$141 million increase in partnership income and a \$129 million increase in the fair value of the interest in ML II; and
- favorable life insurance mortality experience.

Partially offsetting these increases was a lower DAC benefit related to net realized capital losses of \$2 million in 2010 compared to a benefit of \$25 million in 2009.

Domestic Life Insurance premiums and other considerations declined primarily due to the sale of AIG Life Canada on April 1, 2009. Policy acquisition and other insurance expenses declined primarily due to expense reductions.

Domestic Life Insurance reported pre-tax income in the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to a pre-tax loss in the three months ended March 31, 2009 reflecting lower levels of net realized capital losses in 2010, due principally to a \$291 million decline in other-than-temporary impairment charges.

Domestic Life Insurance Sales and Deposits

# The following table summarizes Domestic Life Insurance sales and deposits by product<sup>(a)</sup>:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	201	)	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Life insurance				
Periodic premium by product:				
Universal life	\$	<b>)</b> \$	14	(36)%
Variable universal life		-	8	-
Term life	1	6	24	(33)
Whole life/other		1	2	(50)
Total periodic premiums by product	2	6	48	(46)
Group life/health	2	2	55	(60)
Unscheduled and single deposits	1	5	37	(59)
Total life insurance	6	3	140	(55)
Career distribution				
By product:				
Periodic life insurance premiums	1	Ð	16	19
Unscheduled and single deposits		5	4	25
Accident and health insurance		2	1	100
Fixed annuities	1	7	56	(70)
Total career distribution	4	3	77	(44)
Payout annuities	21	7	191	14
Individual fixed and runoff annuities	16	l	195	(17)
Total sales and deposits <sup>(b)</sup>	\$ 48	1\$	603	(20)%

(a) Includes divested operations. Life insurance sales include periodic premiums from new business expected to be collected over a one-year period and unscheduled and single premiums from new and existing policyholders. Sales of group accident and health insurance represent annualized first-year premium from new policies. Annuity sales represent deposits from new and existing customers.

(b) The sales and deposit amounts presented for payout annuities have been revised in the first quarter of 2010 to better align with how management views the business. Prior periods have been revised to conform with the current period presentation.

Total Domestic Life Insurance sales and deposits decreased primarily due to lower fixed annuity deposits, life insurance premiums and the sale of AIG Life Canada, partially offset by increased payout annuity sales. Life

insurance premiums decreased primarily due to lower Domestic Life Insurance financial strength ratings while fixed annuity sales declined as a result of the low interest rate environment. Payout annuity sales increased as a result of improved structured settlement, immediate annuity and terminal funding sales.

# Domestic Retirement Services Results

# The following table presents Domestic Retirement Services results:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 275	\$ 258	7%
Net investment income	1,673	1,105	51
Policyholder benefits and claims incurred	881	1,217	(28)
Policy acquisition and other expenses	311	489	(36)
Pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital losses	756	(343)	-
Net realized capital losses	(656)	(1,186)	-
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ 100	\$ (1,529)	-%

Domestic Retirement Services pre-tax income before net realized capital gains (losses) increased primarily due to the following:

- higher net investment income due to a \$467 million increase in partnership income and \$276 million higher income from valuation adjustments in ML II; and
- lower DAC and SIA unlockings and related reserve strengthening of \$558 million. There were no unlockings in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010. Unlockings in the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 primarily were the result of reductions in the long-term growth assumptions for group retirement products and individual variable annuities and deteriorating equity market conditions early in 2009.

Partially offsetting these benefits were:

- reduced DAC and SIA benefits of \$322 million from lower net realized capital losses; and
- a decrease in investment income due to lower reserves and assets in the GIC and fixed annuity blocks. As the GIC block is in runoff, AIG anticipates reserve and asset declines in future periods.

Pre-tax income for Domestic Retirement Services reflected lower levels of net realized capital losses principally from lower other-than-temporary impairment charges of \$1.2 billion, partially offset by an increase of \$853 million related to derivative fair value losses on interest rate and foreign exchange derivatives used to economically hedge the effect of interest rate and foreign exchange movements on GIC reserves.

Domestic Retirement Services Sales and Deposits

The following table presents the account value rollforward for Domestic Retirement Services:

(in millions)		2010	2009
Group retirement products			
Balance, beginning of year	\$	63,419 \$	56,861
Deposits – annuities		1,254	1,228
Deposits – mutual funds		354	401
Total Deposits		1,608	1,629
Surrenders and other withdrawals		(1,676)	(1,669)
Death benefits		(73)	(68)
Net inflows (outflows)		(141)	(108)
Change in fair value of underlying investments, interest credited, net of fees		1,591	(1,889)
Balance, end of period	\$	64,869 \$	54,864
Individual fixed annuities		-	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	47,202 \$	48,394
Deposits		1,153	1,474
Surrenders and other withdrawals		(905)	(2,369)
Death benefits		(370)	(433)
Net inflows (outflows)		(122)	(1,328)
Change in fair value of underlying investments, interest credited, net of fees		467	464
Balance, end of period	\$	47,547 \$	47,530
Individual variable annuities	<del>`</del>		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	24,637 \$	23,593
Deposits	-	357	262
Surrenders and other withdrawals		(674)	(732)
Death benefits		(120)	(110)
Net inflows (outflows)		(437)	(580)
Change in fair value of underlying investments, interest credited, net of fees		666	(1,516)
Balance, end of period	\$	24,866 \$	21,497
Total Domestic Retirement Services		-	
Balance, beginning of year	\$	135,258 \$	128,848
Deposits		3,118	3,365
Surrenders and other withdrawals		(3,255)	(4,770)
Death benefits		(563)	(611)
Net inflows (outflows)		(700)	(2,016)
Change in fair value of underlying investments, interest credited, net of fees		2,724	(2,941)
Balance, end of year, excluding runoff		137,282	123,891
Individual annuities runoff		4,579	4,898
GICs runoff		8,427	11,928
Balance at end of period	\$	150,288 \$	140,717
General and separate account reserves and mutual funds			
General account reserve	\$	95,400 \$	100,243
Separate account reserve		46,639	34,513
Total general and separate account reserves		142,039	134,756
Group retirement mutual funds		8,249	5,961
Total reserves and mutual funds	¢	150,288 \$	

Deposits for individual fixed annuities decreased primarily as a result of a slowdown in industry fixed annuity sales primarily due to less competitive rates and increased pricing on long term certificate of deposit products at certain banks. Variable annuity sales increased due to competitive product enhancements, reinstatements at a number of key broker-dealers, and increased wholesaler productivity.

Surrender rates and withdrawals have improved for individual fixed annuities and individual variable annuities as surrenders have returned to more normal levels.

#### The following table presents reserves by surrender charge category and surrender rates:

		Ma	rch 31, 2010				Ma	rch 31, 2009		
(in millions)	Group Retirement Products <sup>*</sup>		Individual Fixed Annuities		Individual Variable Annuities	Group Retirement Products <sup>*</sup>		Individual Fixed Annuities		Individual Variable Annuities
No surrender charge	\$ 48,590	\$	12,211	\$	11,488	\$ 42,196	\$	9,986	\$	7,945
0% – 2%	1,952		3,029		4,216	1,119		3,184		2,878
Greater than 2% – 4%	1,906		5,660		2,040	1,739		6,570		1,891
Greater than 4%	3,338		23,483		6,692	2,849		24,572		6,907
Non-Surrenderable	834		3,164		430	1,000		3,218		1,876
Total Reserves	\$ 56,620	\$	47,547	\$	24,866	\$ 48,903	\$	47,530	\$	21,497
Surrender rates	10.6%	<b>b</b>	7.7%	1	11.2%	12.2%	6	19.8%	Ď	14.6%

\* Excludes mutual funds of \$8.2 billion and \$6.0 billion at March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

## Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services Operations

AIG's Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services operations include individual insurance and investment-oriented products such as term and whole life, endowments, term and whole life medical, cancer, fixed annuities and group products including life, medical and pension. The Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services products are sold through career agents, independent producers, financial institutions and direct marketing channels.

In managing its Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services businesses, AIG analyzes the operating performance of each business using pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses). Pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses) is not a substitute for pre-tax income determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. However, AIG believes that the presentation of pre-tax income (loss) before net realized capital gains (losses) enhances the understanding of the operating performance of the Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services businesses by highlighting the results from ongoing operations and the underlying profitability of its businesses. The reconciliations to pre-tax income are provided in the table that follows.

Following the classification of AIA, ALICO, and Nan Shan as discontinued operations (see Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements), AIG's remaining Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services operations are conducted through AIG Star Life Insurance Co. Ltd (AIG Star) and AIG Edison Life Insurance Company (AIG Edison).

# Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services Results

# The following table presents Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services results:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Premiums and other considerations	\$ 864	\$ 925	(7)%
Net investment income	346	324	7
Policyholder benefits and claims incurred	726	700	4
Policy acquisition and other expenses	264	191	38
re-tax income before net realized capital losses	220	358	(39)
Vet realized capital losses	(135)	(486)	-
Pre-tax income (loss)	\$ 85	\$ (128)	-%

AIG's foreign life operations transact business solely in Japan and therefore Premiums and other considerations reported in U.S. dollars vary by volume and from changes in the Yen to U.S. dollar translation exchange rate.

# The following table summarizes the effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services Premiums and other considerations:

	2010 vs.
Three Months Ended March 31,	2009
Decrease in original currency*	(5.6)%
Foreign exchange effect	(1.0)
Decline as reported in U.S. dollars	(6.6)%

#### Computed using a constant exchange rate each period.

Premiums and other considerations declined due to lower in-force business as a result of surrenders and low sales volumes throughout 2009. Net investment income increased modestly due to higher returns from partnerships and mutual funds. The increase in policy acquisition and other expenses resulted from \$74 million of lower DAC benefit, net of unearned revenue liability, related to higher realized capital losses in 2010 compared to a year ago.

Pre-tax income before net realized capital losses for Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services declined primarily due to the lower DAC benefit and decline of in-force business. Those declines were partially offset by the increase in net investment income.

Pre-tax income for Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services reflected a decline in net realized capital losses due principally to a significant decline in other-than-temporary impairments.

## Foreign Life Insurance and Retirement Services Sales

As a consequence of the classification of AIA, ALICO and Nan Shan as discontinued operations, the segment is now comprised of Japan operations. In managing the Japan operations, management analyzes sales performance on an annualized new business premium basis. Annualized new business premiums represent the amount of premium expected to be collected over a twelve month period and also include 10 percent of first year premiums or deposits from single pay products.

## The following table summarizes annualized new business premiums for Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services:

Three Months Ended March 31,			Percentage Increase/
(in millions)	2010	2009	(Decrease)
Life	\$ 72	\$ 63	14%
Medical	53	45	18
Annuity	33	27	22
Total	\$ 158	\$ 135	17%

Sales are transacted primarily in yen and therefore annualized new business premiums reported in U.S. dollars vary by volume and from changes in the Yen/U.S. dollar translation exchange rate. Annualized new business premiums measured on a constant exchange rate basis are as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31,				Percentage Increase/
(in millions)	2010	20	09	(Decrease)
Life	\$ 65	\$	58	12%
Medical	48		41	17
Annuity	30		24	25
Total	\$ 143	\$ 1	23	16%

Life sales increased as independent producers have gradually returned to selling products of AIG Star and AIG Edison. Medical sales growth was supported by the launch of new products early in 2010, resulting in increased sales by both the captive agent and independent producer channels. Annuity sales increased due to a high rate of recapture of maturing annuities driven by a strong Yen exchange rate, and by gradually improving sales from banks that had previously suspended sales of products of AIG Star and AIG Edison.

## **Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs**

DAC for Life Insurance & Retirement Services products arises from the deferral of costs that vary with, and are directly related to, the acquisition of new or renewal business. Policy acquisition costs for life insurance products are generally deferred and amortized over the premium paying period. Policy acquisition costs that relate to universal life and investment-type products are generally deferred and amortized, with interest in relation to the incidence of estimated gross profits to be realized over the estimated lives of the contracts. Value of Business Acquired (VOBA) is determined at the time of acquisition and is reported on the consolidated balance sheet with DAC and amortized over the life of the business similar to DAC.

#### The following table summarizes the major components of the changes in DAC/VOBA:

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)	2010	2009
Domestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 11,098 \$	14,447
Acquisition costs deferred	233	282
Amortization charged to pre-tax income	(267)	(463)
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on securities	(422)	(503)
Decrease due to foreign exchange	(1)	(15)
Consolidation and eliminations	48	54
Balance at end of period	\$ 10,689 \$	13,802
Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 24,792 \$	26,166
Acquisition costs deferred	169	204
Amortization charged to pre-tax income	(129)	(56)
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on securities	(32)	(12)
Decrease due to foreign exchange	(84)	(64)
Other	-	(10)
Activity of discontinued operations	(184)	(568)
Reclassified to Assets of businesses held for sale	(20,925)	-
Balance at end of period	\$ 3,607 \$	25,660

As AIG operates in various global markets, the estimated gross profits used to amortize DAC and VOBA are subject to differing market returns and interest rate environments in any single period. The combination of market

returns and interest rates may lead to acceleration of amortization in some products and regions and simultaneous deceleration of amortization in other products and regions.

DAC and VOBA for insurance-oriented, investment-oriented and retirement services products are reviewed for recoverability, which involves estimating the future profitability of current business. This review involves significant management judgment. If actual future profitability is substantially lower than estimated, AIG's DAC and VOBA may be subject to an impairment charge and AIG's results of operations could be significantly affected in future periods.

#### **Financial Services Operations**

AIG's Financial Services subsidiaries engage in diversified activities including aircraft leasing, capital markets, and consumer finance and insurance premium finance. Together, the Aircraft Leasing, Capital Markets and Consumer Finance operations generate the majority of the revenues produced by the Financial Services operations.

### **Aircraft Leasing**

AIG's Aircraft Leasing operations are the operations of ILFC, which generates its revenues primarily from leasing new and used commercial jet aircraft to foreign and domestic airlines. Revenues also result from the remarketing of commercial jet aircraft for ILFC's own account, and remarketing and fleet management services for airlines and other aircraft fleet owners.

# **Capital Markets**

Capital Markets represents the operations of AIGFP, which engaged as principal in a wide variety of financial transactions, including standard and customized financial products involving commodities, credit, currencies, energy, equities and interest rates. AIGFP also invests in a diversified portfolio of securities and engaged in borrowing activities that involve issuing standard and structured notes and other securities and entering into GIAs. AIGFP has continued to unwind its businesses and portfolios, including those associated with credit protection written through credit default swaps on super senior risk tranches of diversified pools of loans and debt securities. See Liquidity of Parent and Subsidiaries — Financial Services — AIGFP Wind-down.

Historically, AIG's Capital Markets operations derived a significant portion of their revenues from hedged financial positions entered into in connection with counterparty transactions. AIGFP has also participated as a dealer in a wide variety of financial derivatives transactions. Revenues and pre-tax income of the Capital Markets operations and the percentage change in these amounts for any given period are significantly affected by changes in the fair value of AIGFP's assets and liabilities and by the number, size and profitability of transactions entered into during that period relative to those entered into during the comparative period.

### **Consumer Finance**

AIG's Consumer Finance operations in North America are principally conducted through AGF. AGF derives most of its revenues from finance charges assessed on real estate loans, secured and unsecured non-real estate loans and retail sales finance receivables.

AIG's foreign consumer finance operations are principally conducted through AIGCFG. AIGCFG operates primarily in emerging and developing markets. At March 31, 2010, AIGCFG had operations in Argentina, Poland, Taiwan, India and Colombia. During 2009 and through April 30, 2010, AIG has completed the sale of the AIGCFG operations in China, Colombia, Thailand, the Philippines, Mexico, Hong Kong, Brazil, Russia and Taiwan. AIG has also entered into contracts to sell the AIGCFG operations in Argentina, India and Poland.

# **Financial Services Results**

Financial Services results were as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)	2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Revenues:			
Aircraft Leasing	\$ 882	\$ 1,281	(31)%
Capital Markets	(234)	(969)	) -
Consumer Finance	779	813	(4)
Other, including intercompany adjustments	81	140	(42)
Total	\$ 1,508	\$ 1,265	19%
Pre-tax income (loss):			
Aircraft Leasing	\$ (81)	\$ 316	-%
Capital Markets	(298)	(1,121)	) -
Consumer Finance	(25)	(306	) -
Other, including intercompany adjustments	(35)	(19)	) -
Total	\$ (439)	\$ (1,130)	) -%

Financial Services reported a lower pre-tax loss for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009 due to the following:

- AIGFP reported a pre-tax loss of \$298 million for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 compared to a pre-tax loss of \$1.1 billion during the first quarter of 2009. AIGFP reported unrealized market valuation gains related to its super senior credit default swap portfolio of \$119 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 and unrealized market valuation losses of \$452 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 and unrealized market valuation losses of \$452 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2009. The operating results in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 include a net loss of \$49 million and a net gain of \$1.8 billion, respectively, representing the effect of changes in credit spreads on the valuation of AIGFP's assets and liabilities, including a credit valuation adjustment loss of \$113 million and a credit valuation adjustment gain of \$106 million, respectively, reflected in Unrealized market valuation gains (losses) on AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio. Interest expense on intercompany borrowings and the effect on operating results related to the continued wind-down of AIGFP's portfolios were significantly lower during the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 compared to the same period in 2009.
  - ILFC reported a pre-tax loss of \$81 million for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 due to impairment charges taken primarily on aircraft under contract to be sold subsequent to March 31, 2010. ILFC signed an agreement to sell 53 aircraft. Due to current market conditions, ILFC recorded asset impairment losses aggregating \$347 million and operating lease related charges aggregating \$84 million related to those aircraft under contract to sell and two aircraft that are subject to a letter of intent between ILFC and a potential buyer. These charges more than offset the benefit from a larger fleet and lower administrative expenses.
  - Consumer Finance operations reported a decrease in pre-tax losses of \$281 million primarily due to improvement in AGF results. AGF's pre-tax loss decreased primarily from a decline in provision for loan losses as a result of amounts provided for allowance for loan losses in first quarter 2009; foreign exchange gains on AGF's foreign currency denominated debt; lower interest expense due to lower average debt; and lower operating expenses due to management expense reductions across all AGF operations. These favorable variances were partially offset by a decline in AGF's finance charges reflecting the 2009 sales of real estate portfolios as part of AGF's liquidity management efforts.

# Capital Markets Results

AIGFP reported a lower pre-tax loss in 2010 compared to 2009 primarily due to lower interest expense on intercompany borrowings and the effect on operating results related to the continued wind-down of AIGFP's portfolios along with a market valuation gain in 2010 compared to a loss in 2009 on its super senior credit default swap portfolio. These positive results were partially offset by the significant decrease related to the net effect of

changes in credit spreads on the valuation of AIGFP's assets and liabilities. For a further discussion, see Executive Overview — 2010 Business Outlook — Financial Services — Capital Markets.

The principal components of AIGFP's valuation gains and losses recognized on its super senior credit default swap portfolio were as follows:

- AIGFP recognized an unrealized market valuation loss of \$7 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, with respect to CDS transactions in the corporate arbitrage portfolio, compared to an unrealized market valuation gain of \$358 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 as a result of a reduced portfolio size and shorter maturities.
- AIGFP recognized an unrealized market valuation gain of \$158 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, with respect to CDS transactions written on multi-sector CDOs, compared to unrealized market valuation losses of \$809 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2009.
- AIGFP recognized an unrealized market valuation gain of \$33 million in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, with respect to CDS transactions written on regulatory capital prime residential mortgage transactions. During the fourth quarter of 2009, one counterparty notified AIG that it would not terminate early two of its prime residential mortgage transactions. With respect to these two transactions, the counterparty no longer has any rights to terminate the transaction early and is required to pay fees on the original notional amounts reduced only by realized losses through the final maturity. Because these two transactions have weighted average lives that are considerably less than their final legal maturities, there is value to AIGFP due to the counterparty paying its contractual fees beyond the date at which the net notional amounts have fully amortized through the final maturity date. The gain was more than offset by losses on the mezzanine tranches of those transactions.

See Critical Accounting Estimates — Level 3 Assets and Liabilities — Valuation of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities for a discussion of AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio.

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIGFP:

- recognized a gain of \$17 million on credit default swap contracts referencing single-name exposures written on corporate, index and asset backed credits which are not included in the super senior credit default swap portfolio; and
- incurred interest charges of \$521 million compared to \$933 million relating to intercompany borrowings with AIG that are eliminated in consolidation.

The following table presents AIGFP's credit valuation adjustment gains (losses) (excluding intercompany transactions):

(in millions)					
	Counterparty Cr Valuation Adjustment on As			AIG's Own Valuation Adjustment on Lial	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010					
Bond trading securities	\$	823	Notes and bonds payable	\$	(196)
Loans and other assets		46	Hybrid financial instrument liabilities		(249)
Derivative assets		<b>(</b> 57)	GIAs		(145)
			Other liabilities		(37)
			Derivative liabilities*		(234)
Increase in assets	\$	812	Increase in liabilities	\$	(861)
Net pre-tax decrease to Other income	\$	(49)			
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009					
Bond trading securities	\$ (1	,131)	Notes and bonds payable	\$	644
Loans and other assets		(48)	Hybrid financial instrument liabilities		604
Derivative assets		441	GIAs		451
			Other liabilities		104
			Derivative liabilities*		722
Decrease in assets	\$	(738)	Decrease in liabilities	\$	2,525
Net pre-tax increase to Other income	\$ 1	,787			

Includes super senior credit default swap portfolio.

AIGFP's pre-tax loss in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 includes a net loss representing the effect of changes in credit spreads on the valuation of AIGFP's assets and liabilities, including \$113 million of losses reflected in the unrealized market valuation gain on super senior credit default swaps. The loss was primarily the result of tightening of AIG's credit spreads during the first quarter, and was partially offset by the continued tightening of spreads on asset-backed securities and CDOs, which represent a significant segment of AIGFP's investment portfolio.

AIGFP's operating loss in the three-month period ended March 31, 2009 includes a net gain representing the effect of changes in credit spreads on the valuation of AIGFP's assets and liabilities, including \$106 million of gains reflected in the unrealized market valuation loss on super senior credit default swaps. The gain in the first quarter of 2009 was primarily the result of significant widening in AIG's credit spreads during the quarter, and was partially offset by continued widening of spreads on asset-backed securities and CDOs, which represent a significant component of AIGFP's investment portfolio.

# **Other Operations**

AIG's Other operations includes results from Parent & Other operations, after allocations to AIG's business segments, and results from noncore businesses.

AIG's Parent & Other operations consist primarily of interest expense, restructuring costs, expenses of corporate staff not attributable to specific reportable segments, expenses related to efforts to improve internal controls, corporate initiatives, certain compensation plan expenses, corporate level net realized capital gains and losses, certain litigation related charges and net gains and losses on sale of divested businesses.

Noncore businesses include results of certain businesses that have been divested or are being wound down or repositioned.

# **Other Results**

The pre-tax income (loss) of AIG's Other operations was as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31, (in millions)		2010	2009	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	
Parent & Other:					
Interest income	\$	<b>588</b>	\$ 976	(40)%	
Accrued and compounding interest		(194)	(708)	-	
Amortization of prepaid commitment asset		(639)	(822)	-	
Total interest expense on FRBNY Credit Facility <sup>(a)</sup>		(833)	(1,530)	-	
Other interest expense		(540)	(546)	-	
Unallocated corporate expenses		(83)	(63)	-	
Restructuring expenses		(97)	(120)	-	
Change in fair value of ML III <sup>(b)</sup>		-	(1,940)	-	
Net realized capital gains		285	732	(61)	
Net gain (loss) on sale of divested businesses		(77)	262	-	
Other miscellaneous, net		112	172	(35)	
Total Parent & Other	\$	(645)	\$ (2,057)	-%	
Noncore businesses:					
Mortgage Guaranty	\$	96	\$ (480)	-%	
Change in fair value of ML III <sup>(b)</sup>		751	-	-	
Noncore Asset Management		(463)	(1,012)	-	
Other noncore insurance		(33)	105	-	
Total Noncore businesses	\$	351	\$ (1,387)	-%	
Total Other operations	\$	(294)	\$ (3,444)	-%	

(a) Includes interest expense of \$183 million and \$258 million for the first three months of 2010 and 2009, respectively, allocated to discontinued operations in consolidation.

(b) Parent & Other contributed its equity interest in ML III to an AIG subsidiary, reported above in Noncore businesses, during the second quarter of 2009.

Parent & Other

Parent & Other pre-tax loss decreased primarily due to a decline in interest expense on the FRBNY Credit Facility and the reclassification of ML III to Noncore businesses in the second quarter of 2009. These decreases were partially offset by lower interest income on intercompany loans, which is eliminated in consolidation and a decline in net realized capital gains. See Consolidated Results — Interest Expense herein for further discussion of the decline in interest expense.

# The following table summarizes the net gain (loss) on sale of divested businesses:

Three Months Ended March 31,		Gain/(loss)	
in millions)		2010	2009
HSB	\$	- \$	251
Consumer Finance businesses		(16)	11
AIG Credit businesses		(33)	-
AIG Capital India		(42)	-
AIG Life Canada		(8)	-
Other businesses		22	-
otal net gain (loss)	\$	(77) \$	262

### Noncore businesses

#### Mortgage Guaranty

The main business of the subsidiaries of UGC is the issuance of residential mortgage guaranty insurance, both domestically and internationally, that covers the first loss for credit defaults on high loan-to-value conventional first-lien mortgages for the purchase or refinance of one- to four-family residences.

Mortgage Guaranty reported pre-tax income of \$96 million compared to a pre-tax loss of \$480 million in 2009. This improvement reflected a decline in claim and claims adjustment expenses incurred of \$794 million, offset in part by an amortization of the second-lien premium deficiency reserve of \$222 million in the first quarter of 2009. Domestic first-lien and second-lien businesses reported pre-tax income of \$19 million and \$67 million respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 which was \$423 million and \$104 million, respectively, higher than the three months ended March 31, 2009. The improvement in pre-tax income reflects the decline in loss and loss expenses of \$414 million for first liens and \$343 million for second liens. The improved operating results correspond to lower levels of newly reported delinquencies in both the first- and second-lien products, higher mortgage cure rates on existing first-lien delinquent loans and the recognition of stop loss limits on certain second-lien policies.

UGC, like other participants in the mortgage insurance industry, has made claims against various counterparties in relation to alleged underwriting failures, and received similar claims from counterparties. These claims and counterclaims allege breach of contract, breach of good faith and fraud among other allegations.

UGC has found increased occurrences of fraudulent claims, underwriting guideline violations and other deviations from contractual terms, mostly related to the 2006 and 2007 vintage books of business. These policy violations have resulted in increased loan rescissions and increased claims denials (collectively referred to as rescissions). UGC rescinded \$58 million of claims on first lien business during the first quarter of 2010. UGC expects this increased rescission activity to continue during 2010 and to affect its financial results, but cannot reasonably estimate the ultimate financial impact from these rescissions. AIG believes it has provided appropriate reserves for currently delinquent loans, consistent with industry practice.

In December 2009, UGC entered into two stock purchase agreements for the sale of its Canadian and Israel operations. The Israel transaction closed on January 21, 2010 and the Canadian transaction closed on April 16, 2010.

UGC's domestic first-lien mortgage risk in force totaled \$26.1 billion as of March 31, 2010 and the 60+ day delinquency ratio on primary loans was 18.7 percent (based on number of policies, consistent with mortgage industry practice) compared to domestic first-lien mortgage risk in force of \$27.1 billion and a delinquency ratio of 12.4 percent at March 31, 2009.

The second-lien risk in force at March 31, 2010 totaled \$2.5 billion compared to \$2.9 billion of risk in force at March 31, 2009. Risk in force represents the full amount of second-lien loans insured reduced for contractual aggregate loss limits on certain pools of loans, usually 10 percent of the full amount of loans insured in each pool. Certain second-lien pools have reinstatement provisions.

## Change in Fair Value of ML III

Gains in the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 resulted from improvements in valuation, primarily resulting from the shortening of weighted average life from 9.6 years to 9.0 years, and the narrowing of credit spreads by approximately 128 basis points. Positively affecting the fair value was a decrease in projected credit losses in the underlying collateral securities.

# Noncore Asset Management Operations

AIG's Noncore Asset Management operations include the results of the MIP program and Institutional Asset Management businesses.

On March 26, 2010, AIG completed the sale of its third party asset management business. The results of operations from January 1 through the closing of the sale are included in the Institutional Asset Management results. Subsequent to the sale of AIG's third party asset management business, the revenues of the Institutional Asset Management business (excluding AIG Global Real Estate) are derived from providing asset management services to AIG and its subsidiaries. Both AIG Global Real Estate and the MIP's operating results are impacted by performance in the credit, equity and real estate markets.

# MIP Results

The MIP reported a lower pre-tax loss due to significantly lower other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity investments due primarily to the improved credit environment and the adoption of the new accounting standard on other-than-temporary impairments. The results were also affected by the discontinuation of hedge accounting in the first quarter of 2010 as a result of the novation of certain intercompany derivative transactions with AIGFP to another AIG subsidiary, AIG Markets, which is part of Institutional Asset Management. These novations were done in conjunction with the wind-down of AIGFP. The discontinuation of hedge accounting resulted in additional income statement volatility which will continue for the foreseeable future until hedge accounting is reestablished. Residual balances from de-designated hedges will be amortized prospectively into operating income.

AIG enters into derivative arrangements to hedge the effect of changes in currency and interest rates associated with the fixed and floating rate and foreign currency denominated obligations issued under these programs. Further, the MIP invests in short single name credit default swaps in order to obtain unfunded credit exposure.

#### Institutional Asset Management Results

Institutional Asset Management recognized higher pre-tax operating losses primarily resulting from higher real estate impairments and the negative impact of AIG's narrowing credit spreads on the valuation of derivative liabilities held through AIG Markets. These losses were partially offset by lower operating losses on investments originally acquired for warehouse purposes, as many of these investments have been divested, and lower unrealized carried interest losses.

Real estate impairments of \$309 million during 2010 were incurred in the direct investment portfolio as well as through real estate joint ventures as a result of continued pressure on real estate values, occupancy rates and leasing activity. Approximately \$37 million of these impairments was included in noncontrolling interests, which is not part of pre-tax income (loss). The availability of refinancing and required capital has caused management to reduce the estimated time period before sale for certain investments, resulting in impairments. AIG Markets acts as a derivative intermediary transacting with AIG and its subsidiaries and the third parities.

#### Other Noncore Insurance Businesses

Other noncore insurance businesses include the operating results of the following divested businesses through the date of their sale.

#### Transatlantic

Transatlantic offers reinsurance capacity on both a treaty and facultative basis both in the U.S. and abroad. Transatlantic structures programs for a full range of property and casualty products with an emphasis on specialty risk.

On June 10, 2009, AIG closed a secondary public offering of 29.9 million shares of Transatlantic common stock owned directly and indirectly by AIG for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1.1 billion. At the close of the public offering, AIG indirectly retained 13.9 percent of the Transatlantic common stock issued and outstanding. As a result, AIG deconsolidated Transatlantic, which resulted in a \$1.4 billion reduction in Noncontrolling interests, a component of Total equity. On March 15, 2010, AIG closed a secondary public

offering of 8,466,693 shares of Transatlantic common stock owned by American Home Assurance Company, a subsidiary of AIG, for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately \$452 million.

21st Century

On July 1, 2009, AIG closed the sale of 21st Century Insurance Group and the Agency Auto Division (excluding AIG Private Client Group).

• HSB

On March 31, 2009, AIG closed the sale of HSB, the parent company of the Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the application of accounting policies that often involve a significant degree of judgment. AIG considers its accounting policies that are most dependent on the application of estimates and assumptions, and therefore viewed as critical accounting estimates, to be those relating to items considered by management in the determination of:

- AIG's ability to continue as a going concern. See Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding going concern considerations;
- liability for general insurance unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses;
- future policy benefits for life and accident and health contracts;
- recoverability of DAC;
- estimated gross profits for investment-oriented products;
- the allowance for finance receivable losses;
- flight equipment recoverability;
- other-than-temporary impairments of investments;
- goodwill impairment;
- liability for legal contingencies;
- estimates with respect to income taxes;
- fair value measurements of certain financial assets and liabilities, including credit default swaps and AIG's interests in ML II and ML III (Maiden Lane Interests);
- classification of entities as discontinued operations; and
- measurement of the fair values of the assets and liabilities including noncontrolling interests related to acquisitions.

These accounting estimates require the use of assumptions about matters, some of which are highly uncertain at the time of estimation. To the extent actual experience differs from the assumptions used, AIG's financial condition and results of operations would be directly affected. Refer to the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K for more information on AIG's accounting estimates.

# Allowance for Finance Receivable Losses

AGF estimates its allowance for finance receivable losses primarily using migration analysis and the Monte Carlo technique applied to sub-portfolios of large numbers of relatively small homogenous accounts. Both techniques are historically-based statistical techniques that attempt to predict the future amount of losses for existing pools of finance receivables. AGF adjusts the amounts determined by migration and Monte Carlo for

AGF management's estimate of the effects of model imprecision, any changes to its underwriting criteria, portfolio seasoning, and current economic conditions, including the levels of unemployment and personal bankruptcies.

AGF uses its internal data of net charge-offs and delinquency by sub-portfolio as the basis to determine the historical loss experience component of its allowance for finance receivable losses. AGF used monthly bankruptcy statistics, monthly unemployment statistics, and various other monthly or periodic economic statistics published by departments of the U.S. government and other economic statistics providers to determine the economic component of its allowance for finance receivable losses.

AGF also establishes troubled debt restructuring (TDR) reserves for impaired loans, which are included in its allowance for finance receivable losses. The allowance for finance receivable losses related to AGF's TDRs is calculated in homogeneous aggregated pools of impaired loans that have common risk characteristics. AGF establishes its allowance for finance receivable losses related to its TDRs by calculating the present value (discounted at the loan's effective interest rate prior to modification) of all expected cash flows less the recorded investment in the aggregated pool. AGF uses certain assumptions to estimate the expected cash flows from its TDRs. The primary assumptions for AGF's model are prepayment speeds, default rates, and severity rates.

# Goodwill Impairment:

Goodwill is the excess of the cost of an acquired business over the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the acquired business. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred. As a result of entering into the ALICO Stock Purchase Agreement, AIG performed a goodwill impairment test at March 31, 2010 for ALICO and separately for the businesses to be retained that previously composed the Japan & Other reporting unit.

The impairment assessment involves a two-step process in which an initial assessment for potential impairment is performed and, if potential impairment is present, the amount of impairment is measured (if any) and recorded. Impairment is tested at the reporting unit level.

Management initially assesses the potential for impairment by estimating the fair value of each of AIG's reporting units and comparing the estimated fair values with the carrying amounts of those reporting units, including allocated goodwill. The estimate of a reporting unit's fair value may be based on one or a combination of approaches including market-based earning multiples of the unit's peer companies, discounted expected future cash flows, external appraisals or, in the case of reporting units being considered for sale, third-party indications of fair value, if available. Management considers one or more of these estimates when determining the fair value of a reporting unit to be used in the impairment test. As part of the impairment test, management compares the sum of the estimated fair values of all of AIG's reporting units with AIG's market capitalization as a basis for concluding on the reasonableness of the estimated reporting unit fair values.

If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, goodwill is not impaired. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, goodwill associated with that reporting unit potentially is impaired. The amount of impairment, if any, is measured as the excess of the carrying value of goodwill over the estimated fair value of the goodwill. The estimated fair value of the goodwill is measured as the excess of the fair value of the reporting unit over the amounts that would be assigned to the reporting unit's assets and liabilities in a hypothetical business combination. An impairment charge is recognized in earnings to the extent of the excess.

In connection with the announced sale of ALICO on March 7, 2010 and management's decision that ALICO met the held-for-sale criteria on March 31, 2010, total goodwill of \$4.6 billion associated with the Foreign Life Insurance & Retirement Services — Japan & Other reporting unit was allocated among ALICO and the Japan & Other businesses to be retained based on their relative fair values as of March 31, 2010. This resulted in \$3.3 billion and \$1.3 billion of goodwill being allocated to ALICO and the retained businesses, respectively. Management tested goodwill for impairment in both groups and determined the fair values of ALICO and the retained businesses exceeded book value at March 31, 2010, by 1 percent and 51 percent, respectively, and, therefore, the goodwill of these reporting units was considered not impaired.

The fair value of ALICO used to test goodwill for impairment was determined by AIG by considering, among other information, a third-party valuation at March 31, 2010 of the announced proceeds from the sale of ALICO to MetLife. Given the significance of the equity component of the consideration, the fair value of ALICO is sensitive to the market value and volatility of MetLife common stock, the risk-free interest rate yield curve and discount rate assumptions used in estimating fair value. Given that the amount of estimated fair value of ALICO only exceeded the book value by 1 percent, a relatively modest change in any of these assumptions could have resulted in a potential impairment of the goodwill allocated to ALICO, ranging from zero to \$3.3 billion. The evaluation of the potential impairment is an ongoing requirement. As such, an increase in the net assets of ALICO through future operating or comprehensive income generation could result in impairment when compared to the fair value of consideration at that future time.

AIG will continue to monitor overall competitive, business and economic conditions, and other events or circumstances, including ALICO's operating results and level of net assets and the performance of MetLife's common stock, that might result in an impairment of goodwill in the future.

## Valuation Allowance on Deferred Tax Assets:

At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, AIG recorded a net deferred tax asset after valuation allowance of \$8.2 billion and \$5.9 billion, respectively. A valuation allowance is established, if necessary, to reduce the deferred tax asset to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized (a likelihood of more than 50 percent). Realization of AIG's net deferred tax asset depends upon its ability to generate sufficient earnings from transactions expected to be completed in the near future and tax planning strategies that would be implemented, if necessary, to protect against the loss of the deferred tax asset, but does not depend on projected future operating income.

When making its assessment about the realization of its deferred tax asset at March 31, 2010, AIG considered all available evidence, including:

- the nature, frequency, and severity of current and cumulative financial reporting losses;
- transactions completed, including the sale of the Otemachi building in Tokyo, and the sales of AIA and ALICO expected to be completed in 2010;
- the carryforward periods for the net operating and capital loss and foreign tax credit carryforwards; and
- tax planning strategies that would be implemented, if necessary, to protect against the loss of the deferred tax asset.

Estimates of future taxable income generated from specific transactions and tax planning strategies discussed above could change in the near term, perhaps materially, which may require AIG to adjust its valuation allowance. Such adjustment, either positive or negative, could be material to AIG's consolidated financial condition or its results of operations for an individual reporting period.

U.S. Income Taxes on Earnings of Certain Foreign Subsidiaries:

Due to the complexity of the U.S. federal income tax laws involved in determining the amount of income taxes incurred on potential dispositions, as well as AIG's reliance on reasonable assumptions and estimates in calculating this liability, AIG considers the U.S. federal income taxes accrued on the earnings of certain foreign subsidiaries to be a critical accounting estimate.

Measurement of the Fair Values of the Assets Acquired, Liabilities Assumed, and Noncontrolling Interests of Fuji

On March 31, 2010, AIG, through a Chartis International subsidiary, purchased additional voting shares in Fuji. The acquisition of the additional voting shares for \$145 million increased Chartis' total voting ownership interest in Fuji from 41.7 percent to 54.8 percent, which resulted in Chartis obtaining control of Fuji.

Chartis' acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. The identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interest in Fuji were recorded at their respective acquisition date estimated fair values. The fair values were determined based on information available to Chartis. Chartis is in the process of obtaining appraisals to support the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Therefore, the fair values are provisional and subject to refinement for up to one year after the closing date as information relative to closing date fair values become available. The assumptions used in determining the provisional fair values are subject to a significant amount of sensitivity, which may result in significant differences between the estimated fair values recorded as of March 31, 2010 and the appraisals. Upon completion of the appraisals, AIG will adjust the allocated acquisition price for any significant differences to the provisional amounts. An adjustment of the allocated acquisition price may also occur if new information on Fuji becomes known or discovered during the allocation period, the period of time required to identify and measure the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired in the business combination.

Based on the fair values assigned to the assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interests, Chartis recorded an unallocated purchase price of \$581 million in Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Chartis is in the process of reassessing the recognition and measurement of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Upon completion of the reassessment process, Chartis will adjust the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed for any significant differences to the provisional fair values. Upon final determination of fair values, AIG may recognize a bargain purchase gain, which could be substantial. It is anticipated that any gain recognized will not be subject to U.S. or foreign income tax, since such gain would only be recognized for tax purposes upon sale of the Fuji shares.

For a discussion regarding the Liability for general insurance unpaid claims and claims adjustment expense and flight equipment recoverability, see General Insurance Operations — Liability for Unpaid Claims and Claims Adjustment Expense, and Financial Services Operations — Financial Services Results, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements of Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities:

#### Overview

#### The following table presents the fair value of fixed income and equity securities by source of value determination:

At March 31, 2010 (in billions)	,	Fair Value	Percent of Total
Fair value based on external sources <sup>(a)</sup>	\$	265	91%
Fair value based on internal sources		26	9
Total fixed income and equity securities <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	291	100%

(a) Includes \$19 billion for which the primary source is broker quotes.

(b) Includes available for sale, trading and securities lending invested collateral securities.

See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for more detailed information about AIG's accounting policy for the incorporation of credit risk in fair value measurements and the measurement of fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities.

# Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are classified in a hierarchy for disclosure purposes consisting of three "levels" based on the observability of inputs available in the marketplace used to measure the fair value. See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information about the three levels of observability.

At March 31, 2010, AIG classified \$35.9 billion and \$9.1 billion of assets and liabilities, respectively, measured at fair value on a recurring basis as Level 3. This represented 4.2 percent and 1.2 percent of the total assets and liabilities, respectively, at March 31, 2010. At December 31, 2009, AIG classified \$38.9 billion and \$13.9 billion of assets and liabilities, respectively, at March 31, 2010. At December 31, 2009, AIG classified \$38.9 billion and \$13.9 billion of assets and liabilities, respectively, measured at fair value on a recurring basis as Level 3. This represented 4.6 percent and 1.9 percent of the total assets and liabilities, respectively, at December 31, 2009. Level 3 fair value measurements are based on valuation techniques that use at least one significant input that is unobservable. These measurements are made under circumstances in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. AIG's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment.

In making the assessment, AIG considers factors specific to the asset or liability. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value of an asset or a liability may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety is classified is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

# Level 3 Transfers

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIG transferred into Level 3 approximately \$1.2 billion of assets, primarily representing investments in certain ABS, RMBS and CMBS, which coincided with a decrease in market transparency and downward credit migration of these securities, and investments in private placement corporate debt securities, for which pricing adjustments were made to reflect an additional risk premium not captured in the matrix pricing. In addition certain municipal bonds related to SunAmerica Affordable Housing partnerships were transferred into Level 3 based on limitations on market activity and related input for their valuation. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIG transferred approximately \$1.1 billion of assets out of Level 3. These transfers out of Level 3 primarily related to investments in certain ABS and RMBS and investments in private placement corporate debt. See Note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information about transfers into and out of Level 3.

# Valuation of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities

AIG values its assets and liabilities classified as Level 3 using judgment and valuation models or other pricing techniques that require a variety of inputs including contractual terms, market prices and rates, yield curves, credit curves, measures of volatility, prepayment rates and correlations of such inputs, some of which may be unobservable. The following paragraphs describe the methods AIG uses to measure on a recurring basis the fair value of the major classes of assets and liabilities classified in Level 3.

*Private equity and real estate fund investments:* These assets initially are valued at the transaction price, i.e., the price paid to acquire the asset. Subsequently, they are measured based on net asset value using information provided by the general partner or manager of these investments, the accounts of which generally are audited on an annual basis. AIG considers observable market data and performs diligence procedures in validating the appropriateness of using the net asset value as a fair value measurement.

*Corporate bonds and private placement debt:* These assets initially are valued at the transaction price. Subsequently, they are valued using market data for similar instruments (e.g., recent transactions, bond spreads or credit default swap spreads). When observable price quotations are not available, fair value is determined based on cash flow models using yield curves observed from indices or credit default swap spreads.

*Certain RMBS and CMBS:* These assets initially are valued at the transaction price. Subsequently, they may be valued by comparison to transactions in instruments with similar collateral and risk profiles considering remittances received and updated cumulative loss data on underlying obligations, or discounted cash flow techniques.

*Certain ABS* — *non-mortgage:* These assets initially are valued at the transaction price. Subsequently, they may be valued based on external price/spread data. When position-specific external price data are not observable, the valuation is based on prices of comparable securities.

*CDOs:* These assets initially are valued at the transaction price. Subsequently, they are valued based on external price/spread data from independent third parties, dealer quotations, matrix pricing, the Binomial Expansion Technique (BET) model or a combination of these methods.

*Interests in the Maiden Lane Interests:* At their inception, ML II and ML III were valued at the transaction prices of \$1 billion and \$5 billion, respectively. Subsequently, Maiden Lane Interests are valued using a discounted cash flow methodology that uses the estimated future cash flows of the assets to which the Maiden Lane Interests are entitled and the discount rates applicable to such interests as derived from the fair value of the entire asset pool. The implicit discount rates are calibrated to the changes in the estimated asset values for the underlying assets commensurate with AIG's interests in the capital structure of the respective entities. Estimated cash flows and discount rates used in the valuations are validated, to the extent possible, using market observable information for securities with similar asset pools, structure and terms.

The fair value methodology used assumes that the underlying collateral in the Maiden Lane Interests will continue to be held and generate cash flows into the foreseeable future and does not assume a current liquidation of the assets of the Maiden Lane Interests. Other methodologies employed or assumptions made in determining fair value for these investments could result in amounts that differ significantly from the amounts reported.

Refer to Note 5 for sensitivity analysis disclosures with respect to the Maiden Lane Interests.

AIGFP's Super Senior Credit Default Swap Portfolio: AIGFP wrote credit protection on the super senior risk layer of collateralized loan obligations (CLOs), multi-sector CDOs and diversified portfolios of corporate debt, and prime residential mortgages. In these transactions, AIGFP is at risk of credit performance on the super senior risk layer related to such assets. To a lesser extent, AIGFP also wrote protection on tranches below the super senior risk layer, primarily in respect of regulatory capital relief transactions.

The following table presents the net notional amount, fair value of derivative (asset) liability and unrealized market valuation gain (loss) of the AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio, including credit default swaps written on mezzanine tranches of certain regulatory capital relief transactions, by asset class:

	 Net Notion	ıal Aı	nount	 Fair Value ( (Asset) L			Unrealized Market Valuati Gain (Loss) Three Month		
(in millions)	March 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	De	ecember 31, 2009 <sup>(a)</sup>	March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)(c)</sup>	Ľ	December 31, 2009 <sup>(b)(c)</sup>		Ended March 2010 <sup>(c)</sup>	
Regulatory Capital:									
Corporate loans	\$ 41,993	\$	55,010	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Prime residential mortgages	65,844		93,276	(170)		(137)		33	-
Other	1,552		1,760	15		21		6	(14)
Total	109,389		150,046	(155)		(116)		39	(14)
Arbitrage:									
Multi-sector CDOs <sup>(d)(e)</sup>	7,574		7,926	4,250		4,418		158	(809)
Corporate debt/CLOs <sup>(d)(f)</sup>	16,367		22,076	308		309		(7)	358
Total	23,941		30,002	4,558		4,727		151	(451)
Mezzanine tranches <sup>(g)</sup>	3,104		3,478	214		143		(71)	13
Total	\$ 136,434	\$	183,526	\$ 4,617	\$	4,754	\$	119 \$	(452)

(a) Net notional amounts presented are net of all structural subordination below the covered tranches.

- (b) Fair value amounts are shown before the effects of counterparty netting adjustments and offsetting cash collateral.
- (c) Includes credit valuation adjustment losses of \$113 million and credit valuation adjustment gains of \$106 million in the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, representing the effect of changes in AIG's credit spreads on the valuation of the derivatives liabilities.
- (d) During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIGFP terminated super senior CDS transactions with its counterparties with a net notional amount of \$5.4 billion, included in Corporate debt/CLOs. These transactions were terminated at approximately their fair value at the time of the termination. As a result, an \$8 million loss, which was previously included in the fair value derivative liability as an unrealized market valuation loss, was realized. During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, AIGFP also made a payment of \$10 million to its counterparty with respect to a Multi-sector CDO. Upon payment, a \$10 million loss, which was previously included in the fair value derivative liability as an unrealized market valuation loss, was realized.
- (e) Includes \$6.1 billion and \$6.3 billion in net notional amount of credit default swaps written with cash settlement provisions at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.
- (f) Includes \$1.4 billion in net notional amount of credit default swaps written on the super senior tranches of CLOs at both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.
- (g) Net of offsetting purchased CDS of \$1.4 billion and \$1.5 billion in net notional amount at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

# The following table presents changes in the net notional amount of the AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio, including credit default swaps written on mezzanine tranches of certain regulatory capital relief transactions:

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 (in millions)	Notional Amount mber 31, 2009 <sup>(a)</sup>	Teri	ninations	Ma	aturities	E	Effect of Foreign kchange Rates <sup>(b)</sup>	Amortization/ Reclassification, net of Replenishments	et Notional Amount March 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>
Regulatory Capital:									
Corporate loans	\$ 55,010	\$	(3,058)	\$	-	\$	(2,857)	\$ (7,102)	\$ 41,993
Prime residential mortgages	93,276		(22,577)		-		(3,725)	(1,130)	65,844
Other	1,760		-		-		(105)	(103)	1,552
Total	150,046		(25,635)		-		(6,687)	(8,335)	109,389
Arbitrage:									
Multi-sector CDOs <sup>(c)</sup>	7,926		-		-		(176)	(176)	7,574
Corporate debt/CLOs <sup>(d)</sup>	22,076		(5,379)		-		(404)	74	16,367
Total	30,002		(5,379)		-		(580)	(102)	23,941
Mezzanine tranches <sup>(e)</sup>	3,478		(226)		-		(141)	(7)	3,104
Total	\$ 183,526	\$	(31,240)	\$	-	\$	(7,408)	\$ (8,444)	\$ 136,434

(a) Net notional amounts presented are net of all structural subordination below the covered tranches.

(b) Relates to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar, primarily against the Euro and the British Pound.

(c) Includes \$6.1 billion and \$6.3 billion in net notional amount of credit default swaps written with cash settlement provisions at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

(d) Includes \$1.4 billion in net notional amount of credit default swaps written on the super senior tranches of CLOs at both March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

(e) Net of offsetting purchased CDS of \$1.4 billion and \$1.5 billion in net notional amount at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

## The following table presents summary statistics for AIGFP's super senior credit default swaps at March 31, 2010 and totals for December 31, 2009:

	Regulatory Capital Portfolio							Arbitrage Portfolio								Total				
	C	orporate	q	Prime Lesidential					С	orporate Debt/	N	Aulti-Sector CDOs w/		Aulti-Sector CDOs w/ No				March 31.		December 31.
Category	C	Loans		Mortgages	Oth	er		Subtotal		CLOs		Subprime	`	Subprime		Subtotal		2010		2009
Gross Transaction Notional Amount (in millions)	\$	59,264	\$	73,736 \$	1,8	9 9	\$	134,809	\$	23,461	\$	7,034	\$	9,732	\$	40,227	\$	175,036	\$	246,215
Net Notional Amount (in millions)	\$	41,993	\$	65,844 \$	1,5	52 5	\$	109,389	\$	16,367	\$	3,752	\$	3,822	\$	23,941	\$	133,330	\$	180,048
Number of Transactions		15		15		1		31		17		10		6		33		64		71
Weighted Average Subordination (%)		27.19%	6	10.74%	14.	.7%		18.02%	6	23.55%	5	35.22%	5	22.57%	5	25.35%	6	19.70%	%	18.67%
Weighted Average Number of loans/ Transaction		1,056		91,777	2,0	5		50,691		122		146		96						
Weighted Average Expected Maturity (Years)		1.05		2.48	5.	64		1.89		5.01		5.80		6.22						

#### Regulatory Capital Portfolio

During the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, \$25.6 billion in net notional amount was terminated or matured at no cost to AIGFP. Through April 30, 2010, AIGFP had also received a formal termination notice with respect to an additional \$11.6 billion in net notional amount with an effective termination date in 2010. AIGFP continues to reassess the expected maturity of this portfolio. As of March 31, 2010, AIGFP estimated that the weighted average expected maturity of the portfolio was 1.89 years. AIGFP has not been required to make any payments as part of terminations initiated by counterparties. The regulatory benefit of these transactions for AIGFP's financial institution counterparties is generally derived from the terms of Basel I that existed through the end of 2007 and which is in the process of being replaced by Basel II. It was expected that financial institution counterparties would have transitioned from Basel I to Basel II by the end of the two-year adoption period on December 31, 2009, after which they would have received little or no additional regulatory benefit from these CDS transactions, except in a small number of specific instances. However, in 2009, the Basel Committee announced that it had agreed to keep in place the Basel I capital floors beyond the end of 2009, although it remains to be seen how this extension will be implemented by the various European Central Banking districts. Should certain counterparties continue to receive favorable regulatory capital benefits from these transactions, those counterparties may not exercise their options to terminate the transactions in the expected time frame.

The weighted average expected maturity of the Regulatory Capital Portfolio increased as of March 31, 2010 by 0.5 years from December 31, 2009 due to certain counterparties not terminating transactions with a combined net notional amount of \$33.1 billion. Where these counterparties continue to have a right to terminate the transaction early, AIGFP has extended the expected maturity dates by one year, which is based on how long AIGFP believes the Basel I extension will be effective. Where the counterparties no longer have the right to terminate early, AIGFP has used the weighted average life of those transactions as their expected maturity. These counterparties in the Corporate Loan and Prime Residential Mortgage portfolios continue to receive favorable regulatory capital benefits as a result of the extension of the Basel I capital floor announced by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision and, thus, AIG continues to categorize them as Regulatory Capital transactions.

In addition, as of March 31, 2010, AIG had expected \$304 million of Regulatory Capital CDS transactions to terminate early between April 1, 2010 and April 30, 2010. Of that amount, none had been called. The counterparties to these transactions continue to receive favorable regulatory benefits as a result of the extension of the Basel I capital floor. Since all of these counterparties retain the right to terminate the transactions early, the expected maturity for these transactions has been extended by one year.

Included in the Regulatory Capital portfolio are transactions with one counterparty that notified AIG that it would not terminate early two of its Prime Residential Mortgage transactions with a combined net notional amount of \$29.7 billion that were expected to be terminated in the first quarter of 2010. With respect to these transactions, the counterparty no longer has any rights to terminate the transactions early and is required to pay AIG fees on the original notional amounts reduced only by realized losses through the final contractual maturity. Since the two transactions have weighted average lives that are considerably less than their final contractual maturities, there is value to AIGFP representing counterparty contractual fees to be received beyond the date at which the net notional amounts have fully amortized through to the final contractual maturity date. The fair value of these two super senior transactions as of March 31, 2010 was a derivative asset of \$170 million. With respect to these two transactions, AIGFP has also written CDS transactions on the mezzanine tranches of these portfolios; however, the majority of the transactions on the mezzanine tranches were hedged by AIGFP with other third party CDS transactions. The fair value of the net derivative liability for all mezzanine tranches (including hedge transactions) increased from \$143 million as of December 31, 2009 to \$214 million as of March 31, 2010. For more information on AIGFP collateral calls, see Collateral Calls below.

In light of early termination experience to date and after analyses of other market data, to the extent deemed relevant and available, AIG determined that there was no unrealized market valuation adjustment for any of the transactions in this regulatory capital relief portfolio for the three-month period ended March 31, 2010 other than (1) for transactions where AIGFP believes the counterparty is no longer using the transaction to obtain regulatory capital relief as discussed above and (2) for transactions where the counterparty has failed to terminate the transaction early as expected and no longer has any rights to terminate early in the future. Although AIGFP believes the value of contractual fees receivable on these transactions through maturity exceeds the economic benefits of any potential payments to the counterparties, the counterparties' early termination rights, and AIGFP's expectation that such rights will be exercised, preclude the recognition of a derivative asset for these transactions.

The following table presents, for each of the regulatory capital CDS transactions in the corporate loan portfolio, the gross transaction notional amount, net notional amount, attachment points, inception to date realized losses and percent non-investment grade:

(dollars in millions) CDS	 s Transaction al Amount at March 31, 2010	-	otional ount at cch 31, 2010	Attachment Point at Inception <sup>(a)</sup>	Attachment Point at March 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	Realized Losses through March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)</sup>	Percent Non- investment Grade at March 31, 2010 <sup>(c)</sup>
1	\$ 588	\$	492	10.03%	16.38%	0.52%	25.57%
2 <sup>(d)</sup>	8,609		2,662	44.00%	69.08%	0.00%	9.29%
3	1,839		1,599	10.00%	13.02%	0.16%	25.86%
4	8,001		7,094	11.00%	11.33%	0.00%	10.84%
5	369		126	18.00%	65.90%	0.00%	67.80%
6	10,241		9,073	10.80%	11.41%	0.00%	6.78%
7 <sup>(e)</sup>	5,619		4,223	11.30%	24.84%	0.19%	32.30%
8	5,052		4,462	11.00%	11.68%	0.09%	12.71%
9	3,757		3,210	13.26%	14.54%	0.00%	70.12%
10 <sup>(f)</sup>	2,907		617	12.00%	39.06%	0.00%	8.21%
11	2,369		1,973	15.85%	16.73%	0.00%	11.57%
12	1,122		657	14.00%	32.54%	0.16%	36.34%
13	710		386	14.00%	32.54%	0.16%	36.34%
14	1,735		1,363	14.00%	32.54%	0.16%	36.34%
15 <sup>(g)</sup>	6,346		4,056	17.00%	36.10%	0.05%	17.48%
Total	\$ 59,264	\$ 4	41,993				

(a) Expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount of the referenced obligations. As a result of participation ratios and replenishment rights, the attachment point may not always be computed by dividing net notional amount by gross transaction notional amount.

- (b) Represents realized losses incurred by the transaction (defaulted amounts less amounts recovered) from inception through March 31, 2010 expressed as a percentage of the initial gross transaction notional amount.
- (c) Represents non-investment grade obligations in the underlying pools of corporate loans expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount.
- (d) Terminated effective June 15, 2010.
- (e) Terminated effective April 1, 2010.
- (f) Terminated effective June 21, 2010.
- (g) Terminated effective May 19, 2010.

The following table presents, for each of the regulatory capital CDS transactions — prime residential mortgage portfolio, the gross transaction notional amount, net notional amount, attachment points, and inception to date realized losses:

(dollars in millions) CDS	Gross Transaction Notional Amount at March 31, 2010		Net Notional Amount at March 31, 2010	Attachment Point at Inception <sup>(a)</sup>	Attachment Point at March 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	Realized Losses through March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)</sup>
1	\$ 466	\$	255	17.01%	44.27%	2.49%
2	295		154	18.48%	47.54%	1.86%
3	271		177	16.81%	34.51%	1.42%
4	1,232		1,097	10.00%	10.97%	0.00%
5	391		304	13.19%	22.15%	0.40%
6 <sup>(c)</sup>	5,242		4,770	7.95%	9.19%	0.03%
7 <sup>(c)</sup>	1,749		1,391	7.95%	20.33%	0.05%
8 <sup>(c)</sup>	4,994		4,571	8.00%	8.62%	0.04%
9 <sup>(c)</sup>	6,184		5,707	7.85%	7.86%	0.01%
10	10,889		10,077	7.50%	7.46%	0.04%
11 <sup>(c)</sup>	8,198		7,555	7.95%	7.95%	0.01%
12	2,301		1,814	12.40%	21.15%	0.00%
13	21,704		19,603	9.20%	9.68%	0.06%
14	8,454		7,452	11.50%	11.86%	0.00%
15	1,366	1	917	14.57%	32.86%	0.00%
Total	\$ 73,736	\$	65,844			

(a) Expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount of the referenced obligations. As a result of participation ratios and replenishment rights, the attachment point may not always be computed by dividing net notional amount by gross transaction notional amount.

(b) Represents realized losses incurred by the transaction (defaulted amounts less amounts recovered) from inception through March 31, 2010 expressed as a percentage of the initial gross transaction notional amount.

(c) Delinquency information is not provided to AIGFP for the underlying pools of residential mortgages of these transactions. However, information with respect to principal amount outstanding, defaults, recoveries, remaining term, property use, geography, interest rates, and ratings of the underlying junior tranches are provided to AIGFP for such referenced pools.

All of the regulatory capital CDS transactions directly or indirectly reference tranched pools of large numbers of whole loans that were originated by the financial institution (or its affiliates) receiving the credit protection, rather than structured securities containing loans originated by other third parties. In the vast majority of transactions, the loans are intended to be retained by the originating financial institution and in all cases the originating financial institution is the purchaser of the CDS, either directly or through an intermediary.

As further discussed below, AIGFP receives information monthly or quarterly regarding the performance and credit quality of the underlying referenced assets. AIGFP also obtains other information, such as ratings of the tranches below the super senior risk layer. The nature of the information provided or otherwise available to AIGFP with respect to the underlying assets in each regulatory capital CDS transaction is not consistent across all transactions. Furthermore, in a majority of corporate loan transactions and all of the residential mortgage transactions, the pools are blind, meaning that the identities of the obligors are not disclosed to AIGFP. In

addition, although AIGFP receives periodic reports on the underlying asset pools, virtually all of the regulatory capital CDS transactions contain confidentiality restrictions that preclude AIGFP's public disclosure of information relating to the underlying referenced assets. The originating financial institutions, calculation agents or trustees (each a Report Provider) provide periodic reports on all underlying referenced assets as described below, including for those within the blind pools. While much of this information received by AIGFP cannot be aggregated in a comparable way for disclosure purposes because of the confidentiality restrictions and the inconsistency of the information, it does provide a sufficient basis for AIGFP to evaluate the risks of the portfolio and to determine a reasonable estimate of fair value.

For regulatory capital CDS transactions written on underlying pools of corporate loans, AIGFP receives monthly or quarterly updates from one or more Report Providers for each such referenced pool detailing, with respect to the corporate loans comprising such pool, the principal amount outstanding and defaults. In virtually all of these reports, AIGFP also receives information on recoveries and realized losses. AIGFP also receives quarterly stratification tables for each pool incorporating geography, industry and, when not publicly rated, the counterparty's assessment of the credit quality of the underlying corporate loans. Additionally, for a significant majority of these regulatory capital CDS transactions, upon the occurrence of a credit event with respect to any corporate loan included in any such pool, AIG receives a notice detailing the identity or identification number of the borrower, notional amount of such loan and the effective date of such credit event.

Ratings from independent ratings agencies for the underlying assets of the corporate loan portfolio are not universally available, but AIGFP estimates the ratings for the assets not rated by independent agencies by mapping the information obtained from the Report Providers to rating agency criteria. The "Percent Non-Investment Grade" information in the table above is provided as an indication of the nature of loans underlying the transactions, not necessarily as an indicator of relative risk of the CDS transactions, which is determined by the individual transaction structures. For example, Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) loan balances tend to be rated lower than loans to large, well-established enterprises. However, the greater number of loans and the smaller average size of the SME loans mitigate the risk profile of the pools. In addition, the transaction structures reflect AIGFP's assessment of the loan collateral arrangements, expected recovery values, and reserve accounts in determining the level of subordination required to minimize the risk of loss. The percentage of non-investment grade obligations in the underlying pools of corporate loans varies considerably. The two pools containing the highest percentages of non-investment grade obligations, which include all transactions with pools having non-investment grade percentages greater than 40.00 percent, are all granular SME loan pools which benefit from collateral arrangements made by the originating financial institutions and from work out of recoveries by the originating financial institutions. The average number of loans in each pool is over 4,800. This large number of SME loans increases the predictability of the expected loss and lessens the probability that discrete events will have a meaningful impact on the results of the overall pool. These transactions benefit from a tranche junior to it which was still rated AAA by at least two rating agencies at March 31, 2010. Three other pools, with a total net notional amount of \$2.4 billion, have non-investment grade percentages greater than 35.00 percent, each with a remaining life to maturity of 16.0 years. These pools have realized losses of 0.16 percent from inception through March 31, 2010 and have current weighted average attachment points of 32.54 percent. Approximately 0.47 percent of the assets underlying the corporate loan transactions are in default. The percentage of assets in default by transaction was available for all transactions and ranged from 0.00 percent to 2.86 percent.

For regulatory capital CDS transactions written on underlying pools of residential mortgages, AIGFP receives quarterly reports for each such referenced pool detailing, with respect to the residential mortgages comprising such pool, the aggregate principal amount outstanding, defaults and realized losses. These reports include additional information on delinquencies for the large majority of the transactions and recoveries for substantially all transactions. AIGFP also receives quarterly stratification tables for each pool incorporating geography for the underlying residential mortgages. The stratification tables also include information on remaining term, property use and interest rates for a large majority of the transactions.

Delinquency information for the mortgages underlying the residential mortgage transactions was available on approximately 64.24 percent of the total gross transaction notional amount and mortgages delinquent more than 30 days ranged from 0.08 percent to 3.49 percent, averaging 0.86 percent. For all but three transactions, which comprised less than 1.50 percent of the total gross transaction notional amount, the average default rate (expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount) was 0.22 percent and ranged from 0.00 percent to 2.42 percent. The default rate on the remaining three transactions ranged from 4.53 percent to 16.71 percent. The subordination on these three transactions ranged from 34.51 percent.

For all regulatory capital transactions, where the rating agencies directly rate the junior tranches of the pools, AIG monitors the rating agencies' releases for any affirmations or changes in such ratings, as well as any changes in rating methodologies or assumptions used by the rating agencies to the extent available. The tables below show the percentage of regulatory capital CDS transactions where there is an immediately junior tranche that is rated and the average rating of that tranche across all rated transactions.

AIGFP analyzes the information regarding the performance and credit quality of the underlying pools of assets to make its own risk assessment and to determine any changes in credit quality with respect to such pools of assets. This analysis includes a review of changes in pool balances, subordination levels, delinquencies, realized losses, and expected performance under more adverse credit conditions. Using data provided by the Report Providers, and information available from rating agencies, governments, and other public sources that relate to macroeconomic trends and loan performance, AIGFP is able to analyze the expected performance of the overall portfolio because of the large number of loans that comprise the collateral pools.

Given the current performance of the underlying portfolios, the level of subordination and AIGFP's own assessment of the credit quality, as well as the risk mitigants inherent in the transaction structures, AIGFP does not expect that it will be required to make payments pursuant to the contractual terms of those transactions providing regulatory relief. Further, AIGFP expects that counterparties will terminate these transactions prior to their maturity.

#### The following table presents AIGFP's Regulatory Capital — Corporate loans portfolio by geographic location:

At March 31, 2010	Net		Current	Realized Losses	0	erage Maturity ears)		Ratings o Tranc	
Exposure Portfolio	Notional Amount nillions)	Percent of Total	Average Attachment Point <sup>(a)</sup>	through March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)</sup>	To First Call <sup>(c)</sup>	To Maturity	Number of Transactions	Percent Rated	Average Rating
Primarily Single Country:									
Germany	\$ 5,301	12.62%	14.27%	0.09%	2.50	8.90	3	100%	A+
Finland	126	0.30%	65.90%	-	0.79	4.79	1	100	AAA
Subtotal Single Country	5,427	12.92%	17.17%	0.08	2.40	8.66	4	100	A+
Regional:									
Asia	1,973	4.70%	16.73%	-	0.76	2.00	1	100	AAA
Europe	34,593	82.38%	28.99%	0.06%	0.88	4.36	10	100	AA+
Subtotal Regional	36,566	87.08%	28.44%	0.06	0.88	4.26	11	100	AA+
Total	\$ 41,993	100.00%	27.19%	0.06	1.05	4.74	15	100	AA

(a) Expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount of the referenced obligations.

(b) Represents realized losses incurred by the transaction (defaulted amounts less amounts recovered) from inception through March 31, 2010 expressed as a percentage of the initial gross transaction notional amount.

(c) Where no call right remains, the weighted average expected maturity is used.

(d) Represents the weighted average ratings, when available, of the tranches immediately junior to AIGFP's super senior tranche. The percentage rated represents the percentage of net notional amount where there exists a rated tranche immediately junior to AIGFP's super senior tranche.

The following table presents AIGFP's Regulatory Capital — Prime residential mortgage portfolio summarized by geographic location:

At March 31, 2010		Net Notional	Percent	Current Average	Realized Losses through	0	l Average y (Years)		Ratings o Tranc	
	(in	Amount millions)		Attachment Point <sup>(a)</sup>	March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)</sup>	To First Call <sup>(c)</sup>	To Maturity	Number of Transactions	Percent Rated	Average Rating
Country:										
Denmark	\$	29,680	45.08%	8.94%	0.05%	4.36	29.48	2	100.00%	AAA
France		23,994	36.44	9.12%	0.03%	0.96	29.95	5	100.00	AAA
Germany		3,621	5.50	28.73%	0.59%	1.53	43.41	6	75.00	AAA
Netherlands		1,097	1.66	10.97%	0.00%	0.75	70.75	1	-	Not rated
Sweden		7,452	11.32	11.86%	0.00%	0.85	29.85	1	100.00	AAA
Total	\$	65,844	100.00%	10.74%	0.10%	2.48	31.34	15	97.00%	AAA

(a) Expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount of the referenced obligations.

(b) Represents realized losses incurred by the transaction (defaulted amounts less amounts recovered) from inception through March 31, 2010 expressed as a percentage of the initial gross transaction notional amount.

(c) Where no call right remains, the weighted average expected maturity is used.

(d) Represents the weighted average ratings, when available, of the tranches immediately junior to AIGFP's super senior tranche. The percentage rated represents the percentage of net notional amount where there exists a rated tranche immediately junior to AIGFP's super senior tranche.

## Arbitrage Portfolio

A portion of AIGFP's super senior credit default swaps as of March 31, 2010 are arbitrage-motivated transactions written on multi-sector CDOs or designated pools of investment grade senior unsecured corporate debt or CLOs.

## Multi-Sector CDOs

The following table summarizes gross transaction notional amount of the multi-sector CDOs on which AIGFP wrote protection on the super senior tranche, subordination below the super senior risk layer, net notional amount and fair value of derivative liability by underlying collateral type:

At March 31, 2010 (in millions)	 Gross insaction Notional mount <sup>(a)</sup>	Sup	rdination Below the er Senior isk Layer		Net ional ount	D	Value of erivative Liability
High grade with sub-prime collateral	\$ 3,459	\$	1,847	\$ 1	1,612	\$	681
High grade with no sub-prime collateral	8,057		5,032	3	3,025		1,263
Total high grade <sup>(b)</sup>	11,516		6,879	4	1,637		1,944
Mezzanine with sub-prime collateral	3,575		1,435	2	2,140		1,693
Mezzanine with no sub-prime collateral	1,675		878		797		613
Total mezzanine <sup>(c)</sup>	5,250		2,313	2	2,937		2,306
Total	\$ 16,766	\$	9,192	\$ 7	7,574	\$	4,250

(a) Total outstanding principal amount of securities held by a CDO.

(b) "High grade" refers to transactions in which the underlying collateral credit ratings on a stand-alone basis were predominantly AA or higher at origination.

(c) "Mezzanine" refers to transactions in which the underlying collateral credit ratings on a stand-alone basis were predominantly A or lower at origination.

The following table summarizes net notional amounts of the remaining multi-sector CDOs on which AIGFP wrote protection on the super senior tranche, by settlement alternative:

(in millions)	Mar	ch 31, 2010	Deceml	oer 31, 2009
CDS transactions with cash settlement provisions				
U.S. dollar-denominated	\$	4,545	\$	4,580
Euro-denominated		1,574		1,720
Total CDS transactions with cash settlement provisions		6,119		6,300
CDS transactions with physical settlement provisions				
U.S. dollar-denominated		201		265
Euro-denominated		1,254		1,361
Total CDS transactions with physical settlement provisions		1,455		1,626
Total	\$	7,574	\$	7,926

The following table summarizes changes in the fair values of the derivative liability of the AIGFP super senior multi-sector CDO credit default swap portfolio:

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	Year En December 31, 2	
Fair value of derivative liability, beginning of year	\$ 4,418	\$ 5	5,906
Unrealized market valuation (gain) loss	(158)		669
Purchases of underlying CDO securities <sup>*</sup>	-	(	(234)
Other terminations and realized losses	(10)	(1	,923)
Fair value of derivative liability, end of period	\$ 4,250	\$ 4	4,418

\* In connection with the exercise of the maturity-shortening puts that allow the holders of the securities issued by certain CDOs to treat the securities as short-term 2a-7 eligible investments under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (2a-7 Puts) by counterparties, AIGFP acquired the underlying CDO securities. In certain cases, simultaneously with the exercise of the 2a-7 Puts by AIGFP's counterparties, AIGFP accessed financing arrangements previously entered into with such counterparties, pursuant to which the counterparties remained the legal owners of the underlying CDO securities. However, these securities were reported as part of AIGFP's investment portfolio as required by generally accepted accounting principles. Most of these underlying CDO securities were later acquired by ML III from AIGFP's counterparties. In a separate case, AIGFP extinguished its obligations with respect to one CDS by purchasing the protected CDO security.

The following table presents, for each multi-sector CDO that is a reference obligation in a CDS written by AIGFP, the gross and net notional amounts, attachment points and percentage of gross notional amount rated less than B-/B-3:

(dollars in millions) CDO	Gross Notional Amount at March 31, 2010	et Notional Amount at March 31, 2010	Attachment Point at Inception <sup>*</sup>	Attachment Point at March 31, 2010 <sup>*</sup>	Percentage of Gross Notional Amount Rated Less than B-/B-3 at March 31, 2010
1	\$ 1,075	\$ 443	40.00%	58.84%	52.75%
2	687	326	53.00%	52.52%	27.45%
3	988	470	53.00%	52.39%	56.07%
4	1,192	322	76.00%	73.00%	69.62%
5	880	3	10.83%	8.17%	25.75%
6	268	192	39.33%	28.38%	84.04%
7	982	497	12.27%	6.30%	5.70%
8	1,058	757	25.24%	23.23%	7.43%
9	1,387	1,287	10.00%	7.25%	24.21%
10	387	296	33.00%	23.62%	72.55%
11	2,311	1,574	16.50%	18.75%	2.51%
12	376	197	32.00%	47.51%	68.61%
13	653	420	24.49%	35.66%	72.55%
14	543	402	32.90%	26.04%	91.83%
15	272	191	34.51%	29.98%	91.89%
16	3,707	197	9.72%	15.58%	63.58%
Total	\$ 16,766	\$ 7,574			

\* Expressed as a percentage of gross notional amount of the referenced obligations. As a result of participation ratios and partial terminations, the attachment point may not always be computed by dividing net notional amount by gross notional amount.

In a number of instances, the level of subordination with respect to individual CDOs has increased since inception relative to the overall size of the CDO. While the super senior tranches are amortizing, subordinate layers have not been reduced by realized losses to date. Such losses are expected to emerge in the future. At inception, substantially all of the underlying assets were rated B-/B3 or higher and in most cases at least BBB or Baa. Thus, the percentage of gross notional amount rated less than B-/B3 represents deterioration in the credit quality of the underlying assets.

The following table summarizes the gross transaction notional amount, percentage of the total CDO collateral pools, and ratings and vintage breakdown of collateral securities in the multi-sector CDOs, by asset-backed securities (ABS) category:

At March 31, 2010 (in millions)															
	Tr	Gross ansaction Notional	Percent				Ratings						Vintage		
ABS Category		Amount	of Total	AAA	AA	Α	BBB	BB	< <b>BB</b>	NR	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005+P
RMBS PRIME	\$	2,030	12.11%	0.47%	0.46%	0.45%	0.59%	1.90%	8.24%	0.00%	0.00%	0.41%	6.98%	3.35%	1.37%
RMBS ALT-A		2,808	16.75%	0.12%	0.09%	0.32%	1.41%	0.52%	14.29%	0.00%	0.00%	0.62%	4.73%	6.21%	5.19%
RMBS SUBPRIME		3,604	21.50%	0.70%	1.01%	0.52%	0.66%	1.18%	17.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.03%	1.87%	18.60%
CMBS		3,270	19.50%	0.76%	1.88%	2.19%	3.18%	1.87%	9.50%	0.12%	0.00%	0.10%	1.71%	8.41%	9.28%
CDO		1,781	10.62%	0.12%	0.86%	0.83%	0.92%	0.99%	6.79%	0.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.67%	1.77%	8.18%
OTHER		3,273	19.52%	5.45%	4.54%	4.75%	3.03%	0.79%	0.84%	0.12%	0.00%	0.62%	1.09%	5.14%	12.67%
Total	\$	16,766	100.00%	7.62%	8.84%	9.06%	9.79%	7.25%	57.09%	0.35%	0.00%	1.75%	16.21%	26.75%	55.29%

# Corporate Debt/CLOs

The corporate arbitrage portfolio consists principally of CDS written on portfolios of corporate obligations that were generally rated investment grade at the inception of the CDS. These CDS transactions require cash settlement. This portfolio also includes CDS with a net notional amount of \$1.4 billion written on the senior part of the capital structure of CLOs, which require physical settlement.

The following table summarizes gross transaction notional amount of CDS transactions written on portfolios of corporate obligations, percentage of the total referenced portfolios, and ratings by industry sector, in addition to the subordinations below the super senior risk layer, AIGFP's net notional amounts and fair value of derivative liability:

At March 31, 2010	Gross 7	ransaction	Percent			Rat	ings		
(in millions)	Notio	al Amount	of Total	Aa	Α	Baa	Ba	<ba< th=""><th>NR</th></ba<>	NR
Industry Sector									
United States									
Industrial	\$	8,660	36.9%	0.2%	5.1%	17.4%	4.1%	8.1%	2.0%
Financial		2,336	10.0%	0.2%	3.3%	3.3%	0.2%	1.8%	1.2%
Utilities		672	2.9%	0.0%	0.3%	2.4%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Other		162	0.7%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%
Total United States		11,830	50.5%	0.4%	8.8%	23.2%	4.4%	10.0%	3.7%
Non-United States									
Industrial		9,199	39.2%	0.2%	6.0%	12.7%	4.3%	4.8%	11.2%
Financial		1,152	4.9%	0.0%	2.5%	1.7%	0.1%	0.2%	0.4%
Government		884	3.8%	0.1%	1.6%	1.5%	0.4%	0.0%	0.2%
Utilities		314	1.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.7%	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%
Other		82	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Total Non-United States		11,631	49.5%	0.3%	10.3%	16.6%	4.8%	5.2%	12.3%
Total gross transaction notional amount		23,461	100.0%	0.7%	19.1%	39.8%	9.2%	15.2%	16.0%
Subordination		7,094							
Net Notional Amount	\$	16,367							
Fair Value of Derivative Liability	\$	308							

The following table presents, for each of the corporate debt and CLO CDS transactions, the net notional amounts, attachment points and inception to date defaults:

(dollars in millions) CDS	Туре	Net Notional Amount at March 31, 2010	Attachment Point at Inception <sup>(a)</sup>	Attachment Point at March 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	Defaults through March 31, 2010 <sup>(b)</sup>
1	Corporate Debt	\$ 2,520	20.68%	19.52%	6.10%
2	Corporate Debt	989	22.14%	20.60%	3.58%
3	Corporate Debt	5,338	22.00%	20.68%	3.73%
4	Corporate Debt	989	22.14%	20.60%	3.58%
5	Corporate Debt	1,967	22.15%	20.93%	3.78%
6	Corporate Debt	983	20.80%	18.91%	4.17%
7	Corporate Debt	216	28.00%	27.68%	1.01%
8	Corporate Debt	641	24.00%	22.98%	3.54%
9	Corporate Debt	1,288	24.00%	22.89%	3.67%
10	CLO	249	35.85%	30.14%	3.96%
11	CLO	127	43.76%	42.36%	2.58%
12	CLO	198	44.20%	45.62%	1.86%
13	CLO	80	44.20%	45.62%	1.86%
14	CLO	151	44.20%	45.62%	1.86%
15	CLO	167	31.76%	34.10%	1.39%
16	CLO	337	30.40%	28.75%	0.00%
17	CLO	127	31.23%	29.08%	0.03%
Total		\$ 16,367			

(a) Expressed as a percentage of gross transaction notional amount of the referenced obligations.

(b) Represents defaults (assets that are technically defaulted but for which the losses have not yet been realized) from inception through March 31, 2010 expressed as a percentage of the gross transaction notional amount at March 31, 2010.

#### Collateral

Most of AIGFP's credit default swaps are subject to collateral posting provisions. These provisions differ among counterparties and asset classes. Although AIGFP has collateral posting obligations associated with both regulatory capital relief transactions and arbitrage transactions, the large majority of these obligations to date have been associated with arbitrage transactions in respect of multi-sector CDOs.

## Regulatory Capital Relief Transactions

As of March 31, 2010, 61.5 percent of AIGFP's regulatory capital relief transactions (measured by net notional amount) were subject to Credit Support Annexes (CSA) linked to AIG's credit rating and 38.5 percent of the regulatory capital relief transactions were not subject to collateral posting provisions. In general, each regulatory capital relief transaction is subject to a stand-alone International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. (ISDA) Master Agreement (Master Agreement) or similar agreement, under which the aggregate Exposure is calculated with reference to only a single transaction.

The underlying mechanism that determines the amount of collateral to be posted varies by counterparty, and there is no standard formula. The varied mechanisms resulted from individual negotiations with different counterparties. The following is a brief description of the primary mechanisms that are currently being employed to determine the amount of collateral posting for this portfolio.

*Reference to Market Indices*—Under this mechanism, the amount of collateral to be posted is determined based on a formula that references certain tranches of a market index, such as either iTraxx or CDX. This mechanism is used for CDS transactions that reference either corporate loans, or residential mortgages. While the market index is not a direct proxy, it has the advantage of being readily obtainable.

*Expected Loss Models*—Under this mechanism, the amount of collateral to be posted is determined based on the amount of expected credit losses, generally determined using a rating-agency model.

*Negotiated Amount*—Under this mechanism, the amount of collateral to be posted is determined based on terms negotiated between AIGFP and the counterparty, which could be a fixed percentage of the notional amount or present value of premiums to be earned by AIGFP.

The following table presents the amount of collateral postings by underlying mechanism as described above with respect to the regulatory capital relief portfolio (prior to consideration of transactions other than AIGFP's super senior credit default swaps subject to the same Master Agreements) as of the periods ended:

(in millions)	December	31, 2009	March	31, 2010	April	30, 2010
Reference to market indices	\$	60	\$	28	\$	36
Expected loss models		20		19		19
Negotiated amount		230		219		220
Total	\$	310	\$	266	\$	275

## Arbitrage Portfolio — Multi-Sector CDOs

In the CDS transactions, with physical settlement provisions, in respect of multi-sector CDOs, the standard CSA provisions for the calculation of Exposure have been modified, with the Exposure amount determined pursuant to an agreed formula that is based on the difference between the net notional amount of such transaction and the market value of the relevant underlying CDO security, rather than the replacement value of the transaction. As of any date, the "market value" of the relevant CDO security is the price at which a marketplace participant would be willing to purchase such CDO security in a market transaction on such date, while the "replacement value of the transaction" is the cost on such date of entering into a credit default swap transaction with substantially the same terms on the same referenced obligation (e.g., the CDO security). In cases where a formula is utilized, a transaction-specific threshold is generally factored into the calculation of Exposure, which reduces the amount of collateral required to be posted. These thresholds typically vary based on the credit ratings of AIG and/or the reference obligations, with greater posting obligations arising in the context of lower ratings. For the large majority of counterparties to these transactions, the Master Agreement and CSA cover non-CDS transactions (e.g., interest rate and cross currency swap transactions) as well as CDS transactions. As a result, the amount of collateral to be posted by AIGFP in relation to the CDS transactions will be added to or offset by the amount, if any, of the Exposure AIG has to the counterparty on the non-CDS transactions.

## Arbitrage Portfolio — Corporate Debt/CLOs

All of AIGFP's corporate arbitrage transactions are subject to CSAs. None of these transactions (measured by net notional amount) contains a special collateral posting provision, but each is subject to a Master Agreement that includes a CSA. These transactions are treated the same as other transactions subject to the same Master Agreement and CSA, with the calculation of collateral in accordance with the standard CSA procedures outlined above. None of these transactions, although subject to a Master Agreement and CSA, has specific valuation and threshold provisions.

## Collateral Calls

AIGFP has received collateral calls from counterparties in respect of certain super senior credit default swaps, of which a large majority relate to multi-sector CDOs. To a lesser extent, AIGFP has also received collateral calls in respect of certain super senior credit default swaps entered into by counterparties for regulatory capital relief purposes and in respect of corporate arbitrage.

From time to time, valuation methodologies used and estimates made by counterparties with respect to certain super senior credit default swaps or the underlying reference CDO securities, for purposes of determining the amount of collateral required to be posted by AIGFP in connection with such instruments, have resulted in estimates that differ, at times significantly, from AIGFP's estimates. In almost all cases, AIGFP has been able to successfully resolve the differences or otherwise reach an accommodation with respect to collateral posting levels, including in certain cases by entering into compromise collateral arrangements. Due to the ongoing nature of

collateral arrangements, AIGFP regularly is engaged in discussions with one or more counterparties in respect of these differences, including at the present time. Valuation estimates made by counterparties for collateral purposes are, like any other third-party valuation, considered in the determination of the fair value estimates of AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio.

# The following table presents the amount of collateral postings with respect to AIGFP's super senior credit default swap portfolio (prior to offsets for other transactions) as of the periods ended:

(in millions)	Decemb	oer 31, 2009	Marc	ch 31, 2010	April	30, 2010
Regulatory capital	\$	310	\$	266	\$	275
Arbitrage – multi-sector CDO		3,715		3,683		3,606
Arbitrage – corporate		565		503		538
Total	\$	4,590	\$	4,452	\$	4,419

The amount of future collateral posting requirements is a function of AIG's credit ratings, the rating of the reference obligations and any further decline in the market value of the relevant reference obligations, with the latter being the most significant factor. While a high level of correlation exists between the amount of collateral posted and the valuation of these contracts in respect of the arbitrage portfolio, a similar relationship does not exist with respect to the regulatory capital portfolio given the nature of how the amount of collateral for these transactions is determined. Given the severe market disruption, lack of observable data and the uncertainty regarding the potential effects on market prices of measures recently undertaken by the federal government to address the credit market disruption, AIGFP is unable to reasonably estimate the amounts of collateral that it may be required to post in the future.

## Valuation Sensitivity — Arbitrage Portfolio

## Multi-Sector CDOs

AIG utilizes sensitivity analyses that estimate the effects of using alternative pricing and other key inputs on AIG's calculation of the unrealized market valuation loss related to the AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio. While AIG believes that the ranges used in these analyses are reasonable, given the current difficult market conditions, AIG is unable to predict which of the scenarios is most likely to occur. As recent experience demonstrates, actual results in any period are likely to vary, perhaps materially, from the modeled scenarios, and there can be no assurance that the unrealized market valuation loss related to the AIGFP super senior credit default swap portfolio will be consistent with any of the sensitivity analyses. On average, prices for CDOs increased 0.90 percent of the notional amount outstanding for the first quarter of 2010. Further, it is difficult to extrapolate future experience based on current market conditions.

For the purposes of estimating sensitivities for the super senior multi- sector CDO credit default swap portfolio, the change in valuation derived using the BET model is used to estimate the change in the fair value of the derivative liability. Out of the total \$7.6 billion net notional amount of CDS written on multi-sector CDOs outstanding at March 31, 2010, a BET value is available for \$4.8 billion net notional amount. No BET value is determined for \$2.8 billion of CDS written on European multi-sector CDOs as prices on the underlying securities held by the CDOs are not provided by collateral managers; instead these CDS are valued using counterparty prices. Therefore, sensitivities disclosed below apply only to the net notional amount of \$4.8 billion.

The most significant assumption used in the BET model is the estimated price of the securities within the CDO collateral pools. If the actual price of the securities within the collateral pools differs from the price used in estimating the fair value of the super senior credit default swap portfolio, there is potential for material variation in the fair value estimate. Any further declines in the value of the underlying collateral securities held by a CDO will similarly affect the value of the super senior CDO securities. While the models attempt to predict changes in the prices of underlying collateral securities held within a CDO, the changes are subject to actual market conditions which have proved to be highly volatile, especially given current market conditions. AIG cannot predict reasonably likely changes in the prices of the underlying collateral securities held within a CDO at this time.

The following table presents key inputs used in the BET model, and the potential increase (decrease) to the fair value of the derivative liability by ABS category at March 31, 2010 corresponding to changes in these key inputs:

	Average		_	]	Increase (Decrease) to Fair Value of Derivative Liability											
(dollars in millions)	Inputs Used at March 31, 2010	Change	Р	Entire ortfolio		RMBS PRIME		RMBS ALT-A	S	RMBS ubprime	C	MBS	(	CDOs	0	Other
Bond prices	42 points	Increase of 5 points Decrease of 5 points	\$	(299) 258	\$	6 (11) 12	\$	(25) 24	\$	(134) 103	\$	(82) 83	\$	(32) 13	\$	(15) 23
Weighted average life	5.98 years	Increase of 1 year Decrease of 1 year		49 (90)		1 (3)		6 (3)		38 (86)		- 4		1 (1)		3 (1)
Recovery rates	23%	Increase of 10% Decrease of 10%		(38) 41		(1)		(1) 1		(10) 16		(23) 23		(1)		(2) 1
Diversity score <sup>(a)</sup>	13	Increase of 5 Decrease of 5		(9) 31												
Discount curve <sup>(b)</sup>	N/A	Increase of 100bps		13												

(a) The diversity score is an input at the CDO level. A calculation of sensitivity to this input by type of security is not possible.

(b) The discount curve is an input at the CDO level. A calculation of sensitivity to this input by type of security is not possible. Furthermore, for this input it is not possible to disclose a weighted average input as a discount curve consists of a series of data points.

These results are calculated by stressing a particular assumption independently of changes in any other assumption. No assurance can be given that the actual levels of the key inputs will not exceed, perhaps significantly, the ranges assumed by AIG for purposes of the above analysis. No assumption should be made that results calculated from the use of other changes in these key inputs can be interpolated or extrapolated from the results set forth above.

## Corporate Debt

The following table represents the relevant market credit inputs used to estimate the sensitivity for the credit default swap portfolio written on investment-grade corporate debt and the estimated increase (decrease) to fair value of derivative liability at March 31, 2010 corresponding to changes in these market credit inputs:

Input Used at March 31, 2010 (in millions)	Increase (Decrease) To Fair Value of Derivative Liability
Credit spreads for all names	
Effect of an increase by 10 basis points	\$23
Effect of a decrease by 10 basis points	\$(23)
All base correlations	
Effect of an increase by 1%	\$6
Effect of a decrease by 1%	\$(6)
Assumed recovery rate	
Effect of an increase by 1%	\$(5)
Effect of a decrease by 1%	\$5

These results are calculated by stressing a particular assumption independently of changes in any other assumption. No assurance can be given that the actual levels of the indices and maturity will not exceed, perhaps significantly, the ranges assumed by AIGFP for purposes of the above analysis. No assumption should be made that results calculated from the use of other changes in these indices and maturity can be interpolated or extrapolated from the results set forth above.

*Other derivatives.* Valuation models that incorporate unobservable inputs initially are calibrated to the transaction price. Subsequent valuations are based on observable inputs to the valuation model (e.g., interest rates, credit spreads, volatilities, etc.). Model inputs are changed only when corroborated by observable market data.

# Investments

Investments by Segment

# The following tables summarize the composition of AIG's investments by segment:

				omestic Life		reign Life			
		General	1	Insurance & Retirement		urance & etirement	Financial		
(in millions)	]	insurance		Services	К	Services	Services	Other	Total
At March 31, 2010									
Fixed maturity securities:									
Bonds available for sale, at fair value	\$	86,560	\$	122,669	\$	35,553	\$ 2,025	\$ 10,063	\$256,870
Bond trading securities, at fair value		-		960		208	19,927	5,270	26,365
Equity securities:									
Common and preferred stock available for sale, at fair value		4,466		293		1,383	22	667	6,831
Common and preferred stock trading, at fair value		50		1		238	317	7	613
Mortgage and other loans receivable, net of allowance		623		17,222		1,587	467	2,634	22,533
Finance receivables, net of allowance		-		-		-	18,912	-	18,912
Flight equipment primarily under operating leases, net of accumulated									
depreciation		-		-		-	43,258	-	43,258
Other invested assets		12,184		13,131		1,754	182	5,999	33,250
Securities purchased under agreements to resell, at fair value		-		-		-	1,615	-	1,615
Short-term investments		13,094		14,808		838	7,056	3,004	38,800
Total investments <sup>(a)</sup>		116,977		169,084		41,561	93,781	27,644	449,047
Cash		694		299		168	460	512	2,133
Total cash and investments <sup>(b)</sup>	\$	117,671	\$	169,383	\$	41,729	\$ 94,241	\$ 28,156	\$ 451,180

		Ι	Domestic Life Insurance &	oreign Life Surance &			
(m. m.;11);	General		Retirement	letirement	Financial	Other	T- 4-1
(in millions)	Insurance		Services	Services	Services	Other	Total
At December 31, 2009							
Fixed maturity securities:							
Bonds available for sale, at fair value	\$ 79,507	\$	5 116,629	\$ 158,279	\$ 2,057	\$ 9,079	\$ 365,551
Bond trading securities, at fair value	-		846	6,227	19,651	4,519	31,243
Equity securities:							
Common and preferred stock available for sale, at fair value	2,770		320	5,781	22	629	9,522
Common and preferred stock trading, at fair value	48		1	7,881	388	-	8,318
Mortgage and other loans receivable, net of allowance	9		17,728	6,810	428	2,486	27,461
Finance receivables, net of allowance	-		-	-	20,327	-	20,327
Flight equipment primarily under operating leases, net of accumulated							
depreciation	-		-	-	44,091	-	44,091
Other invested assets	11,668		13,141	13,749	213	6,464	45,235
Securities purchased under agreements to resell, at fair value	-		-	-	2,154	-	2,154
Short-term investments	12,094		17,456	10,840	3,767	3,106	47,263
Total investments <sup>(a)</sup>	106,096		166,121	209,567	93,098	26,283	601,165
Cash	780		63	1,151	1,847	559	4,400
Total cash and investments	\$ 106,876	\$	5 166,184	\$ 210,718	\$ 94,945	\$ 26,842	\$605,565

(a) At March 31, 2010, approximately 82 percent and 18 percent of investments were held by domestic and foreign entities, respectively, compared to approximately 60 percent and 40 percent, respectively, at December 31, 2009.

(b) Total cash and investments of businesses held for sale amounted to \$216.2 billion at March 31, 2010. See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# Investment Strategy

AIG's investment strategies are tailored to the specific business needs of each operating unit. The investment objectives are driven by the business model for each of the businesses: General Insurance, life insurance, retirement services and the Matched Investment Program. The primary objectives are generation of investment income, preservation of capital, liquidity management and growth of surplus to support the insurance products.

At the local operating unit level, investment strategies are based on considerations that include the local market, liability duration and cash flow characteristics, rating agency and regulatory capital considerations, legal investment limitations, tax optimization and diversification.

The majority of assets backing insurance liabilities at AIG consist of intermediate and long duration fixed maturity securities. In the case of life insurance & retirement services companies, as well as in the MIP portfolio, the fundamental investment strategy is, as nearly as is practicable, to match the duration characteristics of the liabilities with comparable duration assets. Fixed maturity securities held by the insurance companies included in the Commercial Insurance Group historically have consisted primarily of laddered holdings of tax-exempt municipal bonds, which provided attractive after-tax returns and limited credit risk. In order to meet the Commercial Insurance Group's current risk/return and tax objectives, the domestic property and casualty companies have begun to shift investment allocations away from tax exempt municipal bonds towards taxable instruments which meet the companies' liquidity, duration and quality objectives as well as current risk-return and tax objectives. Fixed maturity securities held by Foreign General Insurance companies consist primarily of intermediate duration high grade securities.

The market price of fixed maturity securities reflects numerous components, including interest rate environment, credit spread, embedded optionality (such as call features), liquidity, structural complexity, foreign exchange risk, and other credit and non-credit factors. However, in most circumstances, pricing is most sensitive to interest rates, such that the market price declines as interest rates rise, and increases as interest rates fall. This effect is more pronounced for longer duration securities.

AIG accounts for the vast majority of the invested assets held by its insurance companies at fair value. However, with limited exceptions (primarily with respect to separate account products on AIG's Consolidated Balance Sheet), AIG does not mark-to-market its insurance liabilities for changes in interest rates, even though rising interest rates have the effect of reducing the fair value of such liabilities, and falling interest rates have the opposite effect. This results in the recording of changes in unrealized gains (losses) on securities in Accumulated other comprehensive income resulting from changes in interest rates without any correlative, inverse changes in gains (losses) on AIG's liabilities. Because AIG's asset duration in certain low-yield currencies, particularly Japan and Taiwan, is shorter than its liability duration, AIG views increasing interest rates in these countries as economically advantageous, notwithstanding the effect that higher rates have on the market value of its fixed maturity portfolio.

At March 31, 2010, approximately 78 percent of the fixed maturity securities were in domestic entities. Approximately 29 percent of such securities were rated AAA by one or more of the principal rating agencies. Approximately 11 percent were below investment grade or not rated. AIG's investment decision process relies primarily on internally generated fundamental analysis and internal risk ratings. Third-party rating services' ratings and opinions provide one source of independent perspectives for consideration in the internal analysis.

A significant portion of the foreign fixed maturity portfolio is rated by Moody's, S&P or similar foreign rating services. Rating services are not available in all overseas locations. AIG's Credit Risk Committee closely reviews the credit quality of the foreign portfolio's non-rated fixed maturity securities. At March 31, 2010, approximately 17 percent of the foreign fixed income investments were either rated AAA or, on the basis of AIG's internal analysis, were equivalent from a credit standpoint to securities so rated. Approximately 2 percent were below investment grade or not rated at that date. Approximately one third of the foreign fixed maturity portfolio is sovereign fixed maturity securities supporting policy liabilities in the country of issuance.

# The following table presents the credit ratings of AIG's fixed maturity investments:

	March 31, 2010*	December 31, 2009
Rating:		
AAA	27%	23%
AA	24	24
A	21	28
BBB	19	17
Below investment grade	7	6
Non-rated	2	2
Total	100%	100%

\* Excludes fixed maturity securities of businesses held for sale as of March 31, 2010.

Available for Sale Investments

The following table presents the amortized cost or cost and fair value of AIG's available for sale securities:

(in millions)	A	mortized Cost or Cost	Un	Gross realized Gains	U	Gross nrealized Losses	Fair Value	Te Imp	er-Than- emporary pairments AOCI <sup>(a)</sup>
March 31, 2010									
Bonds available for sale:									
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$	4,777	\$	106	\$	(27)	\$ 4,856	\$	-
Obligations of states, municipalities and political subdivisions		50,427		2,018		(292)	52,153		-
Non-U.S. governments		23,305		725		(213)	23,817		(1)
Corporate debt		127,707		8,507		(1,862)	134,352		14
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized:									
RMBS		30,089		1,027		(3,897)	27,219		(1,595)
CMBS		10,869		256		(3,180)	7,945		(451)
CDO/ABS		7,242		324		(1,038)	6,528		64
Total mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized		48,200		1,607		(8,115)	41,692		(1,982)
Total bonds available for sale <sup>(b)</sup>		254,416		12,963		(10,509)	256,870		(1,969)
Equity securities available for sale:									
Common stock		2,511		1,770		(19)	4,262		-
Preferred stock		635		103		(1)	737		-
Mutual funds		1,736		102		(6)	1,832		-
Total equity securities available for sale		4,882		1,975		(26)	6,831		-
Total <sup>(c)</sup>	\$	259,298	\$	14,938	\$	(10,535)	\$ 263,701	\$	(1,969)
December 31, 2009									
Bonds available for sale:									
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$	5,098	\$	174	\$	(49)	\$ 5,223	\$	-
Obligations of states, municipalities and political subdivisions		52,324		2,163		(385)	54,102		-
Non-U.S. governments		63,080		3,153		(649)	65,584		(1)
Corporate debt		185,188		10,826		(3,876)	192,138		119
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized:									
RMBS		32,173		991		(4,840)	28,324		(2,121)
CMBS		18,717		195		(5,623)	13,289		(739)
CDO/ABS		7,911		284		(1,304)	6,891		(63)
Total mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized		58,801		1,470		(11,767)	48,504		(2,923)
Total bonds available for sale <sup>(b)</sup>		364,491		17,786		(16,726)	365,551		(2,805)
Equity securities available for sale:									
Common stock		4,460		2,913		(75)	7,298		-
Preferred stock		740		94		(20)	814		-
Mutual funds		1,264		182		(36)	1,410		-
Total equity securities available for sale		6,464		3,189		(131)	9,522		-
Total	\$	370,955	\$	20,975	\$	(16,857)	\$ 375,073	\$	(2,805)

(a) Represents the amount of other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income, which, starting on April 1, 2009, were not included in earnings. Amount includes unrealized gains and losses on impaired securities relating to changes in the value of such securities subsequent to the impairment measurement date.

(b) At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, bonds available for sale held by AIG that were below investment grade or not rated totaled \$18.2 billion and \$24.5 billion, respectively.

(c) Excludes \$163.0 billion and \$36.1 billion of available for sale investments at fair value from businesses held for sale at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. See Note 3 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# The following table presents the industry categories of AIG's available for sale corporate debt securities:

Industry Category	March 31, 2010 <sup>(a)</sup>	December 31, 2009
Financial institutions:		
Money Center /Global Bank Groups	14%	18%
Regional banks – other	4	5
Life insurance	4	4
Securities firms and other finance companies	2	2
Insurance non-life	3	3
Regional banks – North America	3	2
Other financial institutions	5	4
Utilities	16	14
Communications	7	8
Consumer noncyclical	9	8
Capital goods	7	7
Consumer cyclical	5	5
Energy	6	6
Other	15	14
Total <sup>(b)</sup>	100%	100%

(a) Excludes corporate debt of businesses held for sale as of March 31, 2010.

(b) At March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, approximately 92 percent and 94 percent, respectively, of these investments were rated investment grade.

## **Structured Securities**

Excluded in the tables below as of March 31, 2010 are structured securities of businesses held for sale with a fair value of \$7.8 billion.

#### Investments in RMBS

### The following table presents AIG's RMBS investments by year of vintage:

			Ma	rch 31, 2010					Dece	mber 31, 2009		
			Gross	Gross		Percent of			Gross	Gross		Percent of
	Α	mortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Amortized	F	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Amortized
(in millions)		Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Cost		Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Cost
Total RMBS <sup>(a)</sup>												
2010	\$	537 \$	- 5	- \$	537	2%	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	-9
2009		1,794	27	(5)	1,816	6		1,716	19	(6)	1,729	5
2008		3,110	146	-	3,256	10		3,418	135	(1)	3,552	11
2007		4,523	146	(703)	3,966	15		4,982	135	(881)	4,236	16
2006		4,979	193	(907)	4,265	17		5,206	197	(1,161)	4,242	16
2005 and prior		15,146	515	(2,282)	13,379	50		16,851	505	(2,791)	14,565	52
Total RMBS	\$	30,089 \$	1,027 \$	(3,897) \$	27,219	100%	\$	32,173 \$	991 \$	(4,840) \$	28,324	1009
Alt-A												
2010	\$	71 \$	- 5	i - \$	71	1%	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	-9
2009		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
2008		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
2007		1,431	37	(331)	1,137	27		1,490	21	(408)	1,103	28
2006		1,458	10	(467)	1,001	28		1,484	9	(568)	925	28
2005 and prior		2,269	15	(595)	1,689	44		2,397	13	(705)	1,705	44
Total Alt-A	\$	5,229 \$	62 \$	5 (1,393) \$	3,898	100%	\$	5,371 \$	43 \$	(1,681) \$	3,733	1009
Subprime												
2010	\$	- \$	- 1	- \$	-	-%	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	-9
2009		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
2008		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
2007		58	17	(15)	60	4		61	16	(18)	59	4
2006		150	8	(24)	134	10		180	6	(42)	144	11
2005 and prior		1,329	1	(578)	752	86		1,358	-	(659)	699	85
Total Subprime	\$	1,537 \$	26 \$	617) \$	946	100%	\$	1,599 \$	22 \$	(719) \$	902	1009
Prime non-agency <sup>(b)</sup>												
2010	\$	79 \$	- 5	i - \$	79	1%	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-	-9
2009		334	6	(1)	339	3		387	6	-	393	3
2008		55	6	-	61	1		109	9	-	118	1
2007		1,638	13	(259)	1,392	16		1,920	21	(340)	1,601	17
2006		2,163	99	(309)	1,953	21		2,259	91	(415)	1,935	20
2005 and prior		5,861	49	(981)	4,929	58		6,783	42	(1,272)	5,553	59
Total Prime non-agency	\$	10,130 \$	173 \$	5 (1,550) <b>\$</b>	8,753	100%	\$	11.458 \$	169 \$	(2,027) \$	9,600	1009

(a) Includes \$13.2 billion in agency backed securities.

(b) Includes foreign and jumbo RMBS-related securities.

AIG's operations held investments in RMBS with an estimated fair value of \$27.2 billion or approximately 6 percent of AIG's total invested assets at March 31, 2010. In addition, AIG's insurance operations held investments with a fair value totaling \$6.2 billion in CDOs/ABS, of which \$6 million included some level of subprime exposure. AIG's RMBS investments are predominantly in tranches that contain substantial protection features through collateral subordination. As of April 30, 2010, \$11.5 billion of AIG's RMBS portfolio had been downgraded as a result of rating agency actions since January 1, 2007, and \$121 million of such investments had been upgraded. Of the downgrades, \$10.0 billion were AAA rated securities. In addition to the downgrades, as of April 30, 2010, the rating agencies had \$1.4 billion of RMBS on watch for downgrade.

In the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, AIG collected approximately \$1.3 billion and \$1.0 billion, respectively, of principal payments on RMBS.

# The following table presents AIG's RMBS investments by credit rating:

			Mai	ch 31, 2010				December 31, 2009							
						Percent						Percent			
			Gross	Gross		of			Gross	Gross		of			
		Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Amortized	1	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	Amortized			
(in millions)		Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Cost		Cost	Gains	Losses	Value	Cost			
Rating:															
Total RMBS															
AAA	\$	19,119 \$	812 \$	(830) \$	19,101	64%	\$	20,503 \$	793 \$	(1,256) \$	20,040	64%			
AA		1,442	1	(377)	1,066	5		1,547	22	(447)	1,122	5			
A		858	-	(319)	539	3		1,423	6	(451)	978	4			
BBB		991	29	(274)	746	3		1,428	30	(440)	1,018	5			
Below investment grade		7,607	174	(2,095)	5,686	25		7,204	131	(2,245)	5,090	22			
Non-rated		72	11	(2)	81	-		68	9	(1)	76	-			
Total RMBS <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	\$	30,089 \$	1,027 \$	(3,897) \$	27,219	100%	\$	32,173 \$	991 \$	(4,840) \$	28,324	100%			
Alt-A RMBS											,				
AAA	\$	1,460 \$	27 \$	(262) \$	1,225	28%	\$	1,707 \$	15 \$	(406) \$	1,316	32%			
АА	•	364	-	(115)	249	7		296	-	(108)	188	5			
A		156	-	(63)	93	3		247	-	(95)	152	5			
BBB		151	-	(41)	110	3		141	3	(46)	98	3			
Below investment grade		3,098	34	(912)	2,220	59		2,980	25	(1,026)	1,979	55			
Non-rated		-	1	-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-			
Total Alt-A	\$	5,229 \$	62 \$	(1,393) \$	3,898	100%	\$	5,371 \$	43 \$	(1,681) \$	3,733	100%			
Subprime RMBS															
AÂA	\$	581 \$	13 \$	(151) \$	443	38%	\$	677 \$	13 \$	(207) \$	483	42%			
AA		185	-	(75)	110	12		150	1	(70)	81	10			
A		135	-	(65)	70	9		191	1	(107)	85	12			
BBB		102	-	(48)	54	6		160	-	(99)	61	10			
Below investment grade		534	13	(278)	269	35		421	7	(236)	192	26			
Non-rated		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-			
Total Subprime	\$	1,537 \$	26 \$	(617) \$	946	100%	\$	1,599 \$	22 \$	(719) \$	902	100%			
Prime non-agency															
AAA	\$	4,591 \$	18 \$	(392) \$	4,217	44%	\$	5,191 \$	40 \$	(600) \$	4,631	45%			
AA		863	-	(177)	686	9		1,018	21	(258)	781	9			
А		474	-	(138)	336	5		879	5	(187)	697	8			
BBB		600	29	(139)	490	6		957	4	(225)	736	8			
Below investment grade		3,530	115	(704)	2,941	35		3,345	90	(757)	2,678	29			
Non-rated		72	11	-	83	1		68	9	-	77	1			
Total prime non-agency	\$	10,130 \$	173 \$	(1,550) \$	8,753	100%	\$	11,458 \$	169 \$	(2,027) \$	9,600	100%			

(a) The weighted average expected life is 6 years.

(b) Includes \$13.2 billion in agency backed securities.

AIG's underwriting practices for investing in RMBS, other asset-backed securities and CDOs take into consideration the quality of the originator, the manager, the servicer, security credit ratings, underlying characteristics of the mortgages, borrower characteristics, and the level of credit enhancement in the transaction. AIG's strategy is typically to invest in securities rated AA or better at the time of the investment.

# **Investments in CMBS**

The following table presents the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains (losses) and fair value of AIG's CMBS investments:

			Ma	rch 31, 2010			December 31, 2009									
(in millions)	Ar	nortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost	A	amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost				
CMBS (traditional)	\$	9,657 \$	5 161 5	\$ (2,733) \$	7,085	89%	\$	16,599 \$	161 \$	\$ (4,925) \$	11,835	89%				
ReRemic/CRE CDO		696	29	(390)	335	6		932	20	(578)	374	5				
Agency		216	9	-	225	2		200	8	(3)	205	1				
Other		300	57	(57)	300	3		986	6	(117)	875	5				
Total	\$	10,869 \$	256 9	\$ (3,180) \$	7,945	100%	\$	18,717 \$	195 3	\$ (5,623) \$	13,289	100%				

The following table presents AIG's CMBS investments by credit rating:

			Ma	rch 31, 2010				December 31, 2009							
(in millions)	An	nortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost	A	amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost			
Rating:															
AAĀ	\$	3,626 9	\$ 115 \$	(241) \$	3,500	33%	\$	8,579 \$	127 3	\$ (997) \$	7,709	45%			
AA		1,179	1	(346)	834	11		2,265	2	(839)	1,428	12			
А		1,429	10	(374)	1,065	13		1,967	13	(832)	1,148	11			
BBB		2,107	23	(918)	1,212	19		2,188	15	(1,009)	1,194	12			
Below investment grade		2,449	86	(1,286)	1,249	23		3,155	38	(1,844)	1,349	17			
Non-rated		79	21	(15)	85	1		563	-	(102)	461	3			
Total	\$	10,869	\$ 256 \$	(3,180) \$	7,945	100%	\$	18,717 \$	195 3	\$ (5,623) \$	13,289	100%			

The following table presents AIG's CMBS investments by year of vintage:

			Ma	rch 31, 2010			December 31, 2009									
(in millions)	Аг	nortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost	A	mortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost				
Year:																
2009	\$	35 \$	- 5	5 - 5	35	-%	\$	35 \$	- 5	5 (1) \$	34	-%				
2008		256	2	(51)	207	2		263	-	(70)	193	1				
2007		3,476	119	(1,383)	2,212	32		4,968	42	(2,134)	2,876	27				
2006		1,455	33	(538)	950	13		2,842	19	(1,250)	1,611	15				
2005 and prior		5,647	102	(1,208)	4,541	53		10,609	134	(2,168)	8,575	57				
Total	\$	10,869 \$	256 \$	6 (3,180) \$	7,945	100%	\$	18,717 \$	195 \$	6 (5,623) \$	13,289	100%				

# The following table presents the percentage of AIG's CMBS investments by geographic region:

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Geographic region:		
New York	15%	15%
California	13	14
Texas	6	7
Florida	6	6
Virginia	4	3
Illinois	3	3
New Jersey	3	3
Maryland	3	2
Georgia	3	3
Pennsylvania	2	3
All Other*	42	41
Total	100%	100%

Includes Non-U.S. locations.

## The following table presents the percentage of AIG's CMBS investments by industry:

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Industry:		
Office	31%	30%
Retail	28	30
Multi-family	17	15
Lodging	8	7
Industrial	7	7
Other	9	11
Total	100%	100%

There have been disruptions in the CMBS market due to weakness in underlying commercial real estate fundamentals and the market's anticipation of increasing delinquencies and defaults. Although the market value has improved and CMBS spreads have tightened during the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, the market value of the holdings continues to be below amortized cost. The majority of AIG's investments in CMBS are in tranches that contain substantial protection features through collateral subordination. As indicated in the tables, downgrades have occurred on many CMBS holdings. The majority of CMBS holdings are traditional conduit transactions, broadly diversified across property types and geographical areas.

# **Investments in CDOs**

# The following table presents AIG's CDO investments, other than those of AIGFP, by collateral type:

		Marc	h 31, 2010				Decem	ber 31, 2009		
(in millions)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost
Collateral Type:										
Bank loans (CLO)	\$ 1,884 \$	61 \$	(495) \$	1,450	78% \$	2,015 \$	63 \$	(596) \$	1,482	75%
Synthetic investment grade	116	87	(8)	195	5	220	83	(21)	282	8
Other	380	29	(97)	312	16	443	27	(107)	363	16
Subprime ABS	30	1	(25)	6	1	33	1	(27)	7	1
Total	\$ 2,410 \$	178 \$	(625) \$	1,963	100% \$	2,711 \$	174 \$	(751) \$	2,134	100%

## The following table presents AIG's CDO investments, other than those of AIGFP, by credit rating:

		Marcl	n 31, 2010				Deceml	oer 31, 2009		
(in millions)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Percent of Amortized Cost
Rating:										
AAĂ	\$ 216 \$	2 \$	(25) \$	193	9% \$	326 \$	5\$	(42) \$	289	12%
AA	151	1	(26)	126	6	135	1	(29)	107	5
А	813	23	(217)	619	34	1,028	22	(311)	739	38
BBB	690	22	(210)	502	29	670	19	(214)	475	25
Below investment grade	540	130	(147)	523	22	550	108	(155)	503	20
Non-rated	-	-	-	-	-	2	19		21	-
Total	\$ 2,410 \$	178 \$	(625) \$	1,963	100% \$	2,711 \$	174 \$	(751) \$	2,134	100%

Commercial Mortgage Loans

At March 31, 2010, AIG had direct commercial mortgage loan exposure of \$14.8 billion, with \$14.4 billion representing U.S. loan exposure. At that date, over 98 percent of the U.S. loans were current. Foreign commercial mortgage loans of \$0.3 billion are secured predominantly by properties in Japan. A total of \$1.0 billion of commercial mortgage loans are recorded in assets of businesses held for sale.

# The following table presents the U.S. commercial mortgage loan exposure by state and type of loan:

At March 31, 2010 (dollars in millions)	Number of Loans			ŀ	Iotels	Others	Percent of Total						
State:													
California	210	\$ 3,856	5 \$	117	\$ 1,5	87	\$ 2	31	\$ 980	\$	403	\$ 538	27%
New York	75	1,579	)	305	9	28	1	73	40		48	85	11
New Jersey	72	1,272	2	591	2	81	2	74	49		-	77	9
Texas	70	1,019	)	74	4	50	1	25	259		81	30	7
Florida	102	985	5	41	3	55	2	34	114		29	212	7
Pennsylvania	64	518	}	94	1	34	1	41	116		18	15	4
Ohio	62	421	-	198		51		71	47		40	14	3
Maryland	23	398	}	28	1	92	1	69	1		4	4	3
Arizona	18	329	)	107		55		61	11		9	86	2
Colorado	25	328	}	18	2	08		4	11		27	60	2
Other states	412	3,742	2	308	1,5	13	7	35	404		324	458	25
Total	1,133	\$ 14,447	′\$	1,881	\$ 5,7	54	\$ 2,2	18	\$ 2,032	\$	983	\$ 1,579	100%

Excludes portfolio valuation losses.

## AIGFP Trading Investments

The following table presents the fair value of AIGFP's fixed maturity trading investments:

	March 3	1, 2010	Ι	December	31, 2009
(in millions)	 Fair Value	Percent of Total		Fair Value	Percent of Total
U.S. government and government sponsored entities	\$ 6,284	32%	\$	6,292	33%
Non-U.S. governments	224	1		247	1
Corporate debt	1,633	8		1,342	7
State, territories and political subdivisions	348	2		365	2
Mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized:					
RMBS	2,539	13		2,806	15
CMBS	2,534	13		2,219	12
CDO/ABS and other collateralized	5,933	31		5,991	30
Total mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized	11,006	57		11,016	57
Total	\$ 19,495	100%	\$	19,262	100%

The following table presents the credit ratings of AIGFP's fixed maturity trading investments:

	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Rating:		
AAA	56%	64%
AA	16	13
A	13	12
BBB	4	3
Below investment grade	11	8
Total	100%	100%

## Other-Than-Temporary Impairments

As a result of AIG's periodic evaluation of its securities for other-than-temporary impairments in value, AIG recorded impairment charges in earnings of \$1.1 billion and \$3.6 billion in the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Refer to Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of AIG's other-than-temporary impairment accounting policy.

# The following table presents other-than-temporary impairment charges in earnings by segment:

(in millions)	-	eneral ırance	omestic Life Insurance & Retirement Services	In	oreign Life surance & Retirement Services	nancial Services	C	Other	Т	otal
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010										
Impairment Type:										
Severity	\$	20	\$ 8	\$	23	\$ -	\$	-	\$	51
Change in intent		1	6		21	-		-		28
Foreign currency declines		2	-		30	-		-		32
Issuer-specific credit events		78	577		140	6		162	9	963
Adverse projected cash flows on structured securities		-	-		-	-		-		-
Total	\$	101	\$ 591	\$	214	\$ 6	\$	162	\$ 1,	074
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009										
Impairment Type:										
Severity	\$	110	\$ 813	\$	195	\$ 2	\$	490	\$ 1,	610
Change in intent		121	537		-	-		42		700
Foreign currency declines		-	-		78	-		-		78
Issuer-specific credit events		252	588		3	7		270	1,	120
Adverse projected cash flows on structured securities		-	116		-	4		21		141
Total	\$	483	\$ 2,054	\$	276	\$ 13	\$	823	\$ 3,	649

# The following table presents other-than-temporary impairment charges in earnings by type of security and type of impairment:

(in millions)	R	MBS	CI	DO/ABS	С	MBS	Ot	her Fixed Income	quities/Other ested Assets*	Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010										
Impairment Type:										
Severity	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 51	\$ 51
Change in intent		-		-		6		7	15	28
Foreign currency declines		-		-		-		32	-	32
Issuer-specific credit events		248		4		466		20	225	963
Adverse projected cash flows on structured securities		-		-		-		-	-	-
Total	\$	248	\$	4	\$	472	\$	59	\$ 291	\$ 1,074
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009										
Impairment Type:										
Severity	\$	824	\$	440	\$	23	\$	98	\$ 225	\$ 1,610
Change in intent		-		-		-		585	115	700
Foreign currency declines		-		-		17		61	-	78
Issuer-specific credit events		690		64		97		126	143	1,120
Adverse projected cash flows on structured securities		140		1		-		-	-	141
Total	\$	1,654	\$	505	\$	137	\$	870	\$ 483	\$ 3,649

\* Includes other-than-temporary impairment charges on partnership investments and direct private equity investments.

# The following table presents other-than-temporary impairment charges in earnings by type of security and credit rating:

(in millions)	R	MBS	CI	DO/ABS	C	MBS	Ot	her Fixed Income	quities/Other ested Assets*	Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010										
Rating:										
AAA	\$	2	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14	\$ -	\$ 16
AA		7		1		-		10	-	18
А		19		-		6		13	3	41
BBB		23		-		36		1	4	64
Below investment grade		197		3		292		21	-	513
Non-rated		-		-		138		-	284	422
Total	\$	248	\$	4	\$	472	\$	59	\$ 291	\$ 1,074
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009										
Rating:										
AAA	\$	755	\$	15	\$	50	\$	26	\$ -	\$ 846
AA		316		17		41		61	10	445
A		174		330		29		209	14	756
BBB		122		77		13		208	28	448
Below investment grade		287		65		4		346	132	834
Non-rated		-		1		-		20	299	320
Total	\$	1,654	\$	505	\$	137	\$	870	\$ 483	\$ 3,649

\* Includes other-than-temporary impairment charges on partnership investments and direct private equity investments.

AIG has recognized the other-than-temporary impairment charges (severity losses) shown above in the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. With the adoption of the new other-than-temporary impairments accounting standard on April 1, 2009, such severity loss charges subsequent to that date exclusively related to equity securities and other invested assets. In all prior periods, such charges primarily related to mortgage-backed, asset-backed and collateralized securities, corporate debt securities of financial institutions and other equity securities. Notwithstanding AIG's intent and ability to hold such securities until they had recovered their cost or amortized cost basis, and despite structures that indicated, at the time, that a substantial amount of the securities should have continued to perform in accordance with original terms, AIG concluded, at the time, that it could not reasonably assert that the impairment would be temporary.

Determinations of other-than-temporary impairments are based on fundamental credit analyses of individual securities without regard to rating agency ratings. Based on this analysis, AIG expects to receive cash flows sufficient to cover the amortized cost of all below investment grade securities for which credit losses were not recognized.

In addition to the above severity losses, AIG recorded other-than-temporary impairment charges in the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 related to:

- securities for which AIG has changed its intent to hold or sell;
- declines due to foreign exchange rates;
- issuer-specific credit events;
- certain structured securities; and
- other impairments, including equity securities, partnership investments and private equity investments.

With respect to the issuer-specific credit events shown above, no other-than-temporary impairment charge with respect to any one single credit was significant to AIG's consolidated financial condition or results of operations, and no individual other-than-temporary impairment charge exceeded 0.10 percent and 0.06 percent of Total equity in the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

In periods subsequent to the recognition of an other-than-temporary impairment charge for available for sale fixed maturity securities that is not foreign exchange related, AIG generally prospectively accretes into earnings the difference between the new amortized cost and the expected undiscounted recovery value over the remaining expected holding period of the security. The amounts of accretion recognized in earnings for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were \$92 million and \$445 million, respectively. For a discussion of recent accounting standards affecting fair values and other-than-temporary impairments, see Notes 1 and 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

An aging of the pre-tax unrealized losses of fixed maturity and equity securities, distributed as a percentage of cost relative to unrealized loss (the extent by which the fair value is less than amortized cost or cost), including the number of respective items was as follows:

At March 31, 2010		ess than or o 20% of C					eater than 20% 50% of Cost <sup>(b)</sup>	-		G	reater than 50° of Cost <sup>(b)</sup>	%			Total	
Aging <sup>(a)</sup> (dollars in millions)	Cost <sup>(c)</sup>	Unreal		Items <sup>(e)</sup>	Co	st <sup>(c)</sup>	Unrealized Loss	Items <sup>(e)</sup>	,	Cost <sup>(c)</sup>	Unrealized Loss	Items <sup>(e)</sup>	Co	st <sup>(c)</sup>	Unrealized Loss <sup>(d)</sup>	Items <sup>(e)</sup>
Investment grade bonds																
0-6 months	\$ 22,520	\$	419	2,536	\$	161	\$ 40	21	\$	41	\$ 21	8	\$ 22	722	\$ 480	2,565
7-12 months	6,554		477	465	2,	520	819	254		884	561	104	9	958	1,857	823
> 12 months	23,422	1	,659	2,347	5,	175	1,520	604		1,449	1,001	168	30	046	4,180	3,119
Total	\$ 52,496	\$ 2	,555	5,348	\$7,	856	\$ 2,379	879	\$	2,374	\$ 1,583	280	\$ 62	726	\$ 6,517	6,507
Below investment grade bonds																
0-6 months	\$ 855	\$	45	170	\$	67	\$ 17	18	\$	29	\$ 18	57	\$	951	\$ 80	245
7-12 months	2,676		289	337	1,	643	525	198		1,293	852	116	5	612	1,666	651
> 12 months	2,466		233	282	3,	170	1,012	311		1,478	1,001	233	7	114	2,246	826
Total	\$ 5,997	\$	567	789	\$4,	880	\$ 1,554	527	\$	2,800	\$ 1,871	406	\$ 13	677	\$ 3,992	1,722
Total bonds																
0-6 months	\$ 23,375	\$	464	2,706	\$	228	\$ 57	39	\$	70	\$ 39	65	\$ 23	673	\$ 560	2,810
7-12 months	9,230		766	802	4,	163	1,344	452		2,177	1,413	220	15	570	3,523	1,474
> 12 months	25,888	1	,892	2,629	8,	345	2,532	915		2,927	2,002	401	37	160	6,426	3,945
Total <sup>(e)</sup>	\$ 58,493	\$ 3	,122	6,137	\$ 12,	736	\$ 3,933	1,406	\$	5,174	\$ 3,454	686	\$ 76	403	\$ 10,509	8,229
Equity securities																
0-6 months	\$ 262	\$	18	351	\$	19	\$ 5	16	\$	-	\$ -	1	\$	281	\$ 23	368
7-12 months	7		1	15		6	2	9		-	-	-		13	3	24
> 12 months	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Total	\$ 269	\$	19	366	\$	25	\$ 7	25	\$	-	\$ -	1	\$	294	\$ 26	392

(a) Represents the number of consecutive months that fair value has been less than cost by any amount.

(b) Represents the percentage by which fair value is less than cost at the balance sheet date.

(c) For bonds, represents amortized cost.

(d) The effect on Net income of unrealized losses after taxes will be mitigated upon realization because certain realized losses will be charged to participating policyholder accounts, or realization will result in current decreases in the amortization of certain DAC.

(e) Item count is by CUSIP by subsidiary.

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2010, net unrealized gains related to fixed maturity and equity securities increased by \$3.8 billion reflecting an increase in fair value primarily due to the narrowing of credit spreads.

See also Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Regulation

Directive 2002/87/EC (Directive) issued by the European Parliament provides that certain financial conglomerates with regulated entities in the European Union are subject to supplementary supervision. Pursuant to the Directive, the Commission Bancaire (the French banking regulator) was appointed as AIG's supervisory coordinator. From February 2007 until March 2010, with the approval of the Commission Bancaire, the Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS) acted as AIG's equivalent supervisor, as permitted by the Directive in circumstances in which a financial conglomerate organized outside the European Union (such as AIG) has proposed to have one of its existing regulators recognized as its coordinator and such regulator's supervision is determined to be equivalent to that required by the Directive. Since March 2010, AIG has been in discussions with the Commission Bancaire regarding the possibility of proposing another of AIG's existing regulators as its equivalent supervisor.

For additional information concerning the regulation of AIG and its businesses, see Item 1. Business — Regulation in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **Risk Management**

For a complete discussion of AIG's risk management program, see Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Risk Management in the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

# Overview

AIG continues to focus on enhancing its risk management control environment, risk management processes and its enterprise risk management functions, at the board, corporate and individual business levels. AIG continues to explore process improvements and risk mitigation strategies, both at the corporate and business levels in an effort to minimize the capital and liquidity needs of AIG's local legal entities.

# **Credit Risk Management**

AIG defines its aggregate credit exposures to a counterparty as the sum of its fixed maturities, loans, finance leases, reinsurance recoverables, derivatives (mark-to-market), deposits and letters of credit (both in the case of financial institutions) and the specified credit equivalent exposure to certain insurance products which embody credit risk.

### The following table presents AIG's largest credit exposures as a percentage of Total equity:

At March 31, 2010 Category	Risk Rating <sup>(a)</sup>	Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Equity
Investment Grade:		
10 largest combined	A-(b)	112.9% <sup>(c)</sup>
Single largest non-sovereign (financial institution)	BBB-	9.2
Single largest corporate	AA	3.3
Single largest sovereign	AAA	26.1
Ion-Investment Grade:		
Single largest sovereign	BB-	2.0
Single largest non-sovereign	BB	0.6

(a) Reflects AIG's internal risk ratings.

(b) Six of the ten largest credit exposures are to financial institutions and four are to investment-grade rated sovereigns. Based on support from the US Government, the exposure to government-sponsored entities is included in the US Government total, rather than in financial institutions. None of the top ten is rated lower than BBB- or its equivalent.

(c) Exposure to the ten largest combined as a percentage of Total equity was 102.8 percent at December 31, 2009.

AIG monitors its aggregate cross-border exposures by country and regional group of countries. AIG defines its cross-border exposure to include both crossborder credit exposures and its cross-border investments in its own international subsidiaries. Nine countries had cross-border exposures in excess of 10 percent of Total equity at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009. Based on AIG's internal risk ratings, at that date, six were rated AAA, two were rated AA and one was rated A. The two largest sovereign exposures are to Bermuda and the United Kingdom.

In addition, AIG reviews and manages its industry concentrations. AIG's single largest industry credit exposure is to the global financial institutions sector, which includes banks and finance companies, securities firms and insurance and reinsurance companies.

## The following table presents AIG's largest credit exposures to the global financial institution sector as a percentage of Total equity:

At March 31, 2010	Credit Exposure as a Percentage of Total Equity <sup>(a)</sup>
ndustry Category:	
Money Center / Global Bank Groups	82.6% <sup>(b)</sup>
European Regional Financial Institutions	14.7
Global Life Insurance Companies	13.2
Global Reinsurance Companies	12.4
Asian Regional Financial Institutions	10.1
Supranational Banks	8.0
North American Based Regional Financial Institutions	7.7

(a) The table includes amounts related to AIA, ALICO and Nan Shan because their respective sales have not yet closed.

(b) Exposure to Money Center/Global Bank Groups as a percentage of Total equity was 83.9 percent at December 31, 2009.

AIG's exposure to its five largest money center/global bank group institutions was 34.0 percent of Total equity at March 31, 2010 compared to 33.5 percent of Total equity at December 31, 2009.

AIG also has a risk concentration through the investment portfolios of its insurance companies in the U.S. municipal sector. AIG holds approximately \$48.8 billion of tax-exempt and taxable securities issued by a wide number of municipal authorities across the U.S. and its territories. A majority of these securities are held in available-for-sale portfolios of AIG's domestic property-casualty insurance companies. These securities are comprised of the general obligations of states and local governments, revenue bonds issued by these same governments and bonds issued by transportation authorities, universities, state housing finance agencies and hospital systems. The average credit quality of these issuers is A-.

Currently, several states, local governments and other issuers are facing pressures on their budget revenues from the effects of the recession and have had to cut spending and draw on reserve funds. Consequently, several municipal issuers in AIG's portfolios have been downgraded one or more notches by the rating agencies. The most notable of these issuers is the State of California, of which AIG holds approximately \$1.1 billion of general obligation bonds, \$95.7 million of which are defeased, and which at March 31, 2010 was also the largest single issuer in AIG's municipal finance portfolio. Nevertheless, despite the budget pressures facing the sector, AIG does not expect any significant defaults in portfolio holdings of municipal issuers.

On April 27, 2010 one nationally recognized statistical rating agency lowered its rating of the government of Greece to sub-investment grade. As of May 4, 2010, AIG holds sovereign bonds issued by the Greek government amounting to \$1.03 billion, the majority of which is in ALICO and its subsidiaries. AIG also holds sovereign bonds issued by the governments of Italy, Spain, Portugal and Ireland which collectively total approximately \$2.0 billion. Although all are still investment grade, both Spain and Portugal were recently downgraded. The majority (approximately \$1.2 billion) is held by ALICO and its subsidiaries.

The Credit Risk Committee (CRC) reviews quarterly concentration reports in all categories listed above as well as credit trends by risk ratings. The CRC may adjust limits to provide reasonable assurance that AIG does not incur excessive levels of credit risk and that AIG's credit risk profile is properly calibrated across business units.

# ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Included in Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

# ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

In connection with the preparation of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, an evaluation was carried out by AIG's management, with the participation of AIG's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of AIG's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act)). Disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Based on that evaluation, AIG's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 31, 2010, AIG's disclosure controls and procedures were effective. There has been no change in AIG's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2010 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, AIG's internal control over financial reporting.

## Part II — OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

Included in Note 9(a) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

The following updates the "Execution of Restructuring Plan" risk factor in Item 1A. Risk Factors of the 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## Significant conditions precedent must be satisfied in order to complete the AIA and ALICO sales on the agreed terms.

Completion of the AIA sale is subject to the satisfaction (or waiver) of a number of conditions precedent, including:

- the approval of the transaction by 75 percent of Prudential shareholders;
- the approval of the scheme of arrangement between Prudential and existing Prudential shareholders by The High Court of Justice in England and Wales;
- regulatory approvals in various foreign jurisdictions in connection with the acquisition by Prudential of the transferred businesses; and
- regulatory approvals in certain U.S. states and various foreign jurisdictions in connection with the acquisition by AIG of the securities consideration.

The ALICO sale also is subject to the satisfaction (or waiver) of similar regulatory approvals in both the United States and various foreign jurisdictions.

Any relevant regulatory body may refuse its approval or may seek to make its approval subject to compliance by Prudential or MetLife, as the case may be, with unanticipated or onerous conditions, or, even if approval is not required, the regulator may impose requirements on Prudential or MetLife or the local operations of the transferred businesses. Prudential or MetLife, as the case may be, may not agree to those requirements.

Because of the closing conditions applicable to each transaction, completion of either or both of the AIA sale and ALICO sale is not assured or may be delayed or, even if completed, may need to be significantly restructured.

# Failure to complete the sales of AIA and ALICO could negatively affect AIG's businesses and financial results.

If the sale of AIA or ALICO is not completed, the ongoing businesses of AIG may be adversely affected and AIG will be subject to several risks, including the following:

- alternative plans to dispose of AIA or ALICO may be difficult to structure and may take extended periods of time to implement;
- AIG may not be able to realize equivalent value for AIA or ALICO under an alternative asset disposition plan;
- AIG will have incurred certain significant costs relating to the sales without receiving the benefits of the sales; and
- negative customer perception could adversely affect the ability of the retained businesses to compete for, or to win, new and renewal business in the marketplace.

## ITEM 6. Exhibits

See accompanying Exhibit Index.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC.

(Registrant)

# /s/ DAVID L. HERZOG

David L. Herzog Executive Vice President Chief Financial Officer Principal Financial Officer

# /s/ JOSEPH D. COOK

Joseph D.Cook Vice President Controller Principal Accounting Officer

Dated: May 7, 2010

# **Exhibit Index**

Exhibit Number	Description	Location
2.1	Share Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2010 between AIA Aurora LLC, American International Group, Inc., Prudential Group Limited and Prudential plc	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to AIG's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 5, 2010 (File No. 1-8787)
2.2	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 7, 2010, among American International Group, Inc., ALICO Holdings LLC and MetLife, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to AIG's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 11, 2010 (File No. 1-8787)
10.1	Determination Memorandum, dated March 23, 2010, from the Office of the Special Master for TARP Executive Compensation to AIG	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to AIG's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on April 2, 2010 (File No. 1-8787)
10.2	Determination Memorandum, dated April 16, 2010, from the Office of the Special Master for TARP Executive Compensation to AIG	Filed herewith.
10.3	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008, among the Sellers party thereto, AIF Securities Lending Corp., AIG, Maiden Lane II LLC and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York	Filed herewith.
11	Statement re computation of per share earnings	Included in Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.
12	Computation of ratios of earnings to fixed charges	Filed herewith.
31	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications	Filed herewith.
32	Section 1350 Certifications	Filed herewith.
101	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009, (ii) the Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009, (iii) the Consolidated Statement of Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2010, (iv) the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009, (v) the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text.*	Filed herewith.

As provided in Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this information is furnished and not filed for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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April 16, 2010

Mr. Robert Benmosche President and Chief Executive Officer American International Group, Inc. 70 Pine Street New York, NY 10270

# Re: Proposed Compensation Structures for Certain Executive Officers and Most Highly Compensated Employees ("Covered Employees 26 –100")

Dear Mr. Benmosche:

Pursuant to the Department of the Treasury's Interim Final Rule on TARP Standards for Compensation and Corporate Governance (the "Rule"), the Office of the Special Master has completed its review of your 2010 compensation submission on behalf of employees who are either executive officers of American International Group, Inc. ("AIG") or one of AIG's 100 most highly compensated employees, excluding those employees subject to Section 30.10 of the Rule ("Covered Employees 26 – 100"). The Special Master's compensation reviews for Covered Employees 26 – 100 differ from the reviews of AIG's "Top 25" employees, which addressed individual "amounts payable" to those employees, 31 C.F.R. § 30.16(a)(3)(i). For Covered Employees 26 – 100, the Rule does not require individual payment determinations; instead, the Special Master must determine only whether the proposed compensation structures "will or may result in payments that are inconsistent with the purposes of Section 111 of EESA or TARP, or are otherwise contrary to the public interest" (as applied to Covered Employees 26 – 100 of AIG, the "Public Interest Standard"). *Id.* § 30.16(a)(3)(i).

On December 11, 2009, the Special Master issued determinations (the "2009 Determinations") designed to ensure that 2009 compensation structures for AIG's 2009 Covered Employees 26 – 100 met the Public Interest Standard. The 2009 Determinations were informed by a number of considerations, including each of the principles articulated in the Rule. *Id.* § 30.16(b)(1). In particular, the determinations emphasized allocating significant portions of compensation to long-term structures tied to AIG's overall value, using structures that are performance-based and easily understood by shareholders, and protecting the Company's ability to remain a competitive enterprise and ultimately to repay the its taxpayer assistance.

The Special Master has concluded that, for the reasons provided in the 2009 Determinations, the principles and requirements of those determinations should generally continue to apply in 2010. Accordingly, the Special Master has determined that the compensation structures described in *Annex A*, which reaffirm the compensation structures approved in 2009, are consistent with the Public Interest Standard. AIG's proposed compensation structures, with minor modifications, are consistent with the Special Master's prescriptions, which require that:

- Compensation may be provided in three primary components: cash salary, stock salary, and incentive compensation. The amounts and conditions of the components for each Covered Employee will be determined by AIG's compensation committee.
- Compensation must be performance-based. Fixed compensation should consist only of cash salaries and stock salaries at levels sufficient to attract and retain employees and provide them a reasonable level of liquidity. Cash salaries should not exceed \$500,000 per year, except in exceptional cases for good cause shown, as certified by the Company's independent compensation committee.
- Compensation must emphasize long-term results. At least 50% of any incentive payment to a Covered Employee must be delivered in long-term stock. In most cases, half of total pay whatever the overall mix of components for that individual must not be transferable for at least three years.
- Stock compensation must constitute a significant portion of each Covered Employee's compensation structure. For employees who earn more than \$500,000 in total cash, that portion must be 55% at the minimum.
- Incentives may be paid if—and only if—the payments are appropriate in light of AIG's overall circumstances and a particular Covered Employee achieves objective performance metrics. Incentive payments must be subject to "clawback" if the performance assessment resulting in the compensation is later discovered to be inaccurate.
- Incentive payments must be payable over time and delivered in a mix of cash and stock, and the total value of all incentive compensation payments cannot exceed a specified percentage of the company's eligible earnings, to be determined by the compensation committee.
- The restrictions described in the Special Master's previous determinations pertaining to perquisites, severance benefits, hedging transactions, tax "gross-ups" and supplemental executive retirement plans shall continue to apply to Covered Employees 26 100.

The Special Master's determinations are limited to the compensation structures described in *Annex A*, and shall not be relied upon with respect to any other employee. The determinations have relied upon, and are qualified in their entirety by, the accuracy of the materials submitted by AIG to the Office of the Special Master, and the absence of any material misstatement or omission in such materials. Pursuant to the Interim Final Rule, AIG may, within 30 days of the date hereof, request in writing that the Special Master reconsider the determinations set forth in *Annex A*. If the Company does not request reconsideration within 30 days, these initial determinations will be treated as final determinations. *Id.* § 30.16(c)(1).

/s/ Kenneth R. Feinberg Kenneth R. Feinberg Office of the Special Master for TARP Executive Compensation

Attachments cc: Jeffrey Hurd, Esq. Marc R. Trevino, Esq.

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### ANNEX A APPROVED 2010 COMPENSATION STRUCTURES

This Annex sets forth terms and conditions for the 2010 compensation structures for AIG's 2010 Covered Employees 26 – 100. (For the avoidance of doubt, if the compensation structure for a Covered Employee fits within the \$500,000 "safe harbor" exemption set forth in Section 30.16(a)(3)(ii) of the Rule, the Special Master's approval is not required for that employee's compensation structure.) Capitalized terms used in this Annex have the meaning given to them in the preceding letter. To the extent that AIG's proposed structures do not meet the principles and requirements of this Annex, AIG must make such modifications as are necessary to comply with such principles and requirements.

## 1. Primary Components of Compensation

- Cash salary. Covered Employees should not receive cash salaries payments in excess of \$500,000, other than in exceptional circumstances for good cause shown. Any such exceptions must be individually certified to the Office of the Special Master by AIG's compensation committee, which is comprised solely of independent directors.
- Stock salary. Stock salary must be determined as a dollar amount through the date salary is earned, be accrued at the same time or times as the salary would otherwise be paid in cash, and vest immediately upon grant, with the number of shares or units based on the fair market value on the date of grant. Whether a grant or payment that is labeled stock salary is salary or a bonus for purposes of the Rule is determined based on all the facts and circumstances.
- Incentive compensation. Under any incentive compensation structure, payments to a Covered Employee must be conditioned upon achievement of objective performance criteria (other than continued service), with such achievement to be assessed and certified by the compensation committee. Performance criteria must be developed by the compensation committee and may be reviewed by the Office of the Special Master. The aggregate amount of incentives paid to Covered Employees for performance achieved only in 2010 may not exceed a specified percentage of AIG's eligible earnings. The amount and calculation of such eligible earnings will be determined by the compensation committee and may be reviewed by the Office of the Special Master.

## 2. Allocation Rules

- Application of allocation rules. The allocation rules apply to each Covered Employee's 2010 "primary compensation structure," which is equal to the sum of the amounts potentially payable to a Covered Employee (1) in 2010 cash salary, (2) in 2010 stock salary, or (3) under 2010 incentive plans. For purposes of these determinations, 2010 incentive plans are plans for which incentives are earned (a) solely with respect to 2010, and (b) under a multi-year incentive plan established in 2010. Compliance with the allocation rules is to be assessed based on a Covered Employee's primary compensation structure as designed and established in 2010, assuming both target level of achievement under each incentive plan and maximum level of achievement under each incentive plan.
- *Equity allocation.* For a Covered Employee whose 2010 primary compensation structure includes more than \$500,000 of cash compensation, at least 55% of his or her 2010 primary compensation structure must be allocated to stock compensation. AIG may allocate less than 55% of a Covered Employee's 2010 primary compensation structure to stock compensation if the cash allocation of the employee's primary compensation structure does not exceed \$500,000, provided that for such employee the allocation in the employee's 2010 primary compensation

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structure to stock compensation must constitute a significant portion of the primary compensation structure.

Long-term allocation. At least 50% of each Covered Employee's 2010 primary compensation structure must be allocated to primary components of compensation that will not be paid or become transferable prior to the third anniversary of grant. For a Covered Employee whose 2010 primary compensation structure does not include more than \$500,000 of cash compensation, the long-term allocation rule excludes cash salary.

### 3. Additional Terms and Conditions

Payment of incentives. No payment or stock compensation grant under a 2010 incentive plan may be made prior to the conclusion of the applicable performance period. Payment under each 2010 incentive plan must consist of at least 50% stock compensation; however, no cash may be paid under an incentive plan to a Covered Employee unless either (1) 50% of the target incentive amount under such plan has been first paid in the form of stock compensation, or (2) at the time of such payment, the percentage of compensation actually received in stock under such Covered Employee's 2010 primary compensation structure equals or exceeds the percentage of stock compensation required in such Covered Employee's compensation structure.\* The stock compensation paid under a 2010 incentive plan may not be transferred or otherwise redeemed prior to the third anniversary of grant, provided that any performance period exceeding one year in an incentive plan may be counted toward this three-year holding period. For a Covered Employee whose 2010 primary compensation structure includes more than \$500,000 of cash compensation, at least 50% of the amount payable in cash under each incentive plan must be deferred at least one year after the date of the initial cash payment under that plan.

- **Stock compensation generally.** For purposes of these determinations, "stock" compensation means the securities referenced by the "basket" described in Part IV of the March 23, 2010, determinations for AIG's "Top 25" executives, or, for purposes of "long-term restricted stock" (as defined in the Rule) only, AIG common stock or common stock units. No stock compensation paid to a Covered Employee may be redeemed or become transferable prior to the first anniversary of the date on which such stock compensation vests. Notwithstanding the requirements of the foregoing sentence and the transferability restrictions otherwise applicable to any stock compensation, (1) an amount of stock sufficient to cover an employee's tax withholding obligations may become immediately transferable to the extent necessary to satisfy the employee's obligations, and (2) to the extent permitted by the Rule, stock may become immediately transferable upon an employee's death or separation from service resulting from disability, as defined in the Company's broad-based long-term disability plan.
- \* For example: E, a Covered Employee, participates in an incentive program that meets the structural requirements of this Annex, and has a target incentive payment of \$100. If E achieves the applicable performance criteria, E would be eligible for a payment of \$100, consisting of stock compensation of at least \$50, and up to \$50 in cash. On the other hand, if E fails to fully meet the performance criteria and as a result is eligible to receive \$75 in incentive payments, the amount of E's incentive payable in cash will depend on whether E previously received 2010 stock compensation, such as stock salary. If E had not received other stock compensation, only \$25 of the payment could be in cash because no cash could be paid prior to the payment of 50% of the target payment \$50 in this case in stock compensation. If, however, E had received other stock compensation, the amount of cash payable under the incentive plan could exceed \$25, but only to the extent the cash proportion of compensation actually paid to E with respect to 2010 would not exceed the portion required to be allocated to cash in E's primary compensation structure.

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- Clawbacks and hedging. Any incentive payment must be subject to "clawback" if the payment or the amount thereof was based on materially inaccurate financial statements (which term includes, but is not limited to, statements of earnings, revenues, or gains) or any other materially inaccurate performance metric criteria, or if the Covered Employee is terminated due to misconduct that occurred during the period the incentive was earned. In addition, the compensation structure for each Covered Employee must prohibit the employee from engaging in any derivative or similar transaction with respect to AIG that would undermine the long-term performance incentives created by the compensation structures set forth in this Annex.
- *Employees entering the "Top 25".* If AIG reasonably concludes that a Covered Employee may become one of the "Top 25" employees in 2011, the compensation structure for that Covered Employee will be subject to the following additional terms and conditions to assure compliance with pertinent statutory and regulatory requirements. Any payment under a 2010 incentive plan that would be payable to the Covered Employee in cash in the first quarter of 2011 consistent with the terms of this Annex may be paid on or before December 31, 2010. In addition, notwithstanding the other requirements of this Annex, any incentive compensation for performance in 2010 may be paid to the Covered Employee in the form of AIG common stock (but not stock units) that vests on or before December 31, 2010, provided that the transferability of such stock shall be consistent with the structural principles of this Annex. Finally, notwithstanding the other requirements of this Annex, up to one-third of the Covered Employee's "annual compensation" for 2010 may be paid in the form of "long-term restricted stock," as those terms are defined in the Rule.
- *Severance.* No 2010 compensation structure may establish the right to a "golden parachute" payment (as defined in the Rule) or permit an increase in the amount of such a payment under an already-existing arrangement.

### 4. Other components of compensation

- *Tax gross-ups.* AIG is prohibited from providing (formally or informally) tax gross-ups to any of the Covered Employees, in the same manner as the gross-up prohibition applies to "Top 25" employees under the Rule.
- Other compensation and perquisites. No more than \$25,000 in total other compensation and perquisites may be provided to any Covered Employee, absent exceptional circumstances for good cause shown, as defined by pertinent SEC regulations. Payments to Covered Employees under expatriate arrangements, not to exceed \$350,000 per employee (excluding "tax equalization agreements" as defined in the Rule), are excluded from the limitation in the foregoing sentence.
- Supplemental executive retirement plans and non-qualified deferred compensation plans. No amounts may be accrued under supplemental
  executive retirement plans, and no Company contributions may be made to other "non-qualified deferred compensation" plans, as defined by
  pertinent SEC regulations, for any Covered Employee for 2010. For the avoidance of doubt, neither the foregoing limitation nor the corresponding
  limitation in the 2009 Determinations (1) applies to employee-funded elective deferral arrangements, or (2) precludes continuing recognition of age
  and service credit for Company employees for the purposes of vesting in previously accrued benefits under any plans referred to in this paragraph.
- Qualified plans. For the avoidance of doubt, the Special Master has determined that participation by the Covered Employees in broad-based, taxqualified retirement and health and welfare plans is consistent with the Public Interest Standard, and amounts contributed to or payable under such plans are not counted against the \$25,000 limit on other compensation and perquisites.

# ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT among

### THE SELLERS PARTY HERETO AIG SECURITIES LENDING CORP.,

as AIG Agent

# AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC.,

## MAIDEN LANE II LLC,

as Buyer

# and FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK,

as Controlling Party

Dated as of December 12, 2008

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### ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This ASSET PURCHASE AGREEMENT (this "Agreement") is entered into as of December , 2008 among American General Life Insurance Company ("Seller 1"), American General Life and Accident Insurance Company ("Seller 2"), The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York ("Seller 3"), AIG Life Insurance Company ("Seller 4"), American International Life Assurance Company of New York ("Seller 5"), American Life Insurance Company ("Seller 6"), AIG Annuity Insurance Company ("Seller 7"), The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company ("Seller 8"), SunAmerica Life Insurance Company ("Seller 9"), First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company ("Seller 10"), AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company ("Seller 11"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent of the Sellers (the "AIG Agent"), American International Group, Inc. ("AIG"), Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Buyer") and Federal Reserve Bank of New York in its capacity as Controlling Party (the "Controlling Party"). Each of Seller 1, Seller 2, Seller 3, Seller 4, Seller 5, Seller 6, Seller 7, Seller 8, Seller 9, Seller 10, and Seller 11 are referred to herein as a "Seller" and such entities are collectively referred to herein as the "Sellers." Each Seller and the AIG Agent are referred to herein as a "Seller Parties" or individually as a "Party."

### RECITALS

A. Each Seller wishes to sell to the Buyer, effective as of the Closing Date, all of its Share of each RMBS Issue.

B. The Buyer proposes to purchase from each Seller such Seller's Share of each RMBS Issue on the Closing Date by payment to it of its Share of the Cash Purchase Price, the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price and the Variable Deferred Purchase Price.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the covenants and agreements set forth below, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

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#### ARTICLE 1 PURCHASE AND SALE OF RMBS POOL; LIMITED RECOURSE; ASSIGNMENTS

Section 1.01. *Purchase and Sale of RMBS Pool*. Subject to the terms and conditions hereof, effective on the Closing Date, each Seller shall sell, transfer, convey and deliver to the Buyer all of its right, title and interest in and to its Share of each RMBS Issue and the Buyer hereby accepts each Seller's Share of each such RMBS Issue in exchange for such Seller's Share of the Cash Purchase Price and of the Deferred Purchase Price. Immediately upon the sale by all Sellers to the Buyer of all of their Shares in all of the RMBS Issues on the Closing Date, all Sellers shall instruct the AIG Agent to, and the AIG Agent shall, deliver all RMBS Issues to the Collateral Agent in accordance with Section 1.06 hereof.

#### Section 1.02. Determination and Payment of the Cash Purchase Price.

(a) The Buyer shall pay to each Seller on the Closing Date its Share of an amount equal to the Cash Purchase Price (as adjusted for the estimated Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount) by paying such amount to the Escrow Account to be released for purposes only of payment to Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as counterparty, to close out outstanding securities lending transactions later on the Closing Date.

(b) Within 30 days after the Closing Date, the AIG Agent shall deliver to the Controlling Party a final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate describing the AIG Agent's calculation of the final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount and such other information as shall permit the Controlling Party to review such calculation. If the Controlling Party and the AIG Agent agree on the amount of the final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount and such amount differs from the estimated Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount as of the Closing Date, then within five Business Days after such agreement is reached each Seller shall pay to the Buyer its Share of the amount by which the final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount or the Buyer shall pay to the AIG Agent for the account of each Seller its Share of the amount by which the final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount is less than the estimated Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount.

(c) If the AIG Agent or the Controlling Party determines at any time after a determination of the actual Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount is made and before the 90<sup>th</sup> day following the Closing Date (and notifies the other party of the same within that same 90-day period) that such Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount must be revised because of the discovery subsequent to such prior determination of relevant facts, then the AIG Agent shall deliver to the Controlling Party a revised final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate describing the AIG Agent's calculation of the revised final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount and such other information as shall permit the Controlling Party to review such calculation. Any further challenges to the Cash

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Purchase Price Adjustment that have not been raised by the AIG Agent or the Controlling Party within 90 days after the Closing Date will be deemed waived; *provided* that such 90-day period may be extended by mutual agreement of the Parties in which case any further challenges to the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment may be raised in accordance with this Section within such other mutually-agreed period of time. If the Controlling Party and the AIG Agent agree on the actual amount of the revised final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount and such amount differs from the prior final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount, then within five Business Days after such agreement is reached each Seller shall pay to the Buyer its Share of the amount by which the revised final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount exceeds the prior final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount or the Buyer shall pay to the AIG Agent for the account of each Seller its Share of the amount by which the revised final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount is less than the prior final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount.

(d) All calculations and determinations made by the AIG Agent and the Controlling Party under this Section shall be made in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and each such Person shall provide each other such Person reasonable cooperation in connection with the process of making such calculations and determinations. In furtherance of the foregoing, the AIG Agent and each of the Sellers agrees to provide access to its books and records relating to each RMBS Issue to the Controlling Party and its designees during regular business hours to aid the Controlling Party and its agents and advisors in their calculations and determinations under this Section. The Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificates delivered pursuant to subsection (b) and (c) of this Section shall be prepared on a basis consistent with the preparation of Exhibit A hereto and shall be complete and correct as of the time when delivered by AIG Agent to the Buyer.

(e) If the AIG Agent and the Controlling Party are unable to reach an agreement on the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount or any other calculation or determination under Section 1.02(b) or (c) above, they shall promptly thereafter cause independent accountants (who shall not have any material relationship with the AIG Agent or any of its Affiliates) of nationally recognized standing reasonably satisfactory to the AIG Agent and the Controlling Party, promptly to review this Agreement and the disputed items or amounts for the purpose of calculating the applicable Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount. Such independent accountants shall deliver to the AIG Agent and the Controlling Party, as promptly as practicable, a report setting forth such calculation. Such report shall be final and binding upon the AIG Agent, each Seller, the Buyer, the Senior Lender and the Controlling Party. The cost of such review and report shall be borne by the Buyer.

(f) If on the scheduled Closing Date any RMBS Issue is delivered to the Collateral Account in anticipation of purchase by the Buyer but is not purchased in accordance with Section 1.02(a) by 1:30 pm, EST on such day, the Buyer will

instruct the Collateral Agent to redeliver such RMBS Issues to the account of the AIG Agent for the account of the Sellers.

Section 1.03. Payment and Priority of the Deferred Purchase Price.

(a) After the Closing Date the Deferred Purchase Price shall be paid by the Buyer only in accordance with the Waterfall. Each Seller shall be entitled to such Seller's Share of the Deferred Purchase Price. Interest on the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price shall accrue during each Calculation Period on a daily basis on the amount of the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price outstanding as of each day and at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR in effect for such Calculation Period

plus 3.00%; *provided* that interest on the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price shall accrue during the initial Calculation Period at the rate of 4.635% per annum. Interest shall be calculated during any Calculation Period on the basis of the actual days elapsed and the actual number of days in the calendar year during which such Calculation Period occurs. Interest on the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price shall be capitalized as of the start of each Interest Capitalization Date by increasing the outstanding amount of the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price by the amount of accrued but unpaid interest on the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price as of such time and thereafter deeming such accrued interest paid in full as of such time. Interest shall not accrue on the Variable Deferred Purchase Price.

(b) All rights of the Sellers to payment of the Deferred Purchase Price and any amounts owed by the Buyer to the Seller Parties under any Transaction Document (other than pursuant to Section 1.02 hereof) or otherwise (collectively, the "**Junior Obligations**") are subordinate and junior in right of payment to (i) the Obligations (excluding the Contingent Interest) owing to the Senior Lender pursuant to the Credit Agreement, including in respect of principal and interest on the Senior Loan (excluding the Contingent Interest), and (ii) all other items above the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price in the priority of payments set forth in the Waterfall (the amounts in clauses (i) and (ii) being, collectively, the "**Senior Debt**") to the extent and in the manner provided in the Credit Agreement and in the Security Agreement.

(c) Unless and until all Senior Debt shall have been paid in full in cash in accordance with its terms, the Buyer shall not, directly or indirectly, make or agree to make:

(i) any payment (in cash or property, by set-off or otherwise), direct or indirect, of or on account of Junior Obligations (except for payments relating to the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount under Section 1.02(b) or (c) above) and no such payment shall be accepted by any Seller Party; or

(ii) any purchase, prepayment or other acquisition, direct or indirect, in respect of the Junior Obligations, and no such payment shall be accepted by any Seller Party.

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(d) Upon any payment by the Buyer of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, to creditors upon any dissolution or winding up or total or partial liquidation or reorganization of the Buyer, whether voluntary or involuntary or in bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or other statutory or common law proceedings or arrangements, then and in any such event all principal and interest and all other amounts due or that become due upon the Senior Debt shall first be paid in full in cash before any Seller Party shall be entitled to retain any amounts so paid in respect of the Junior Obligations and, upon any such dissolution or winding up or liquidation or reorganization, any payment of any kind or character, whether in cash, property or securities, to which any Seller Party would be entitled, except as otherwise provided herein, shall be paid by the Buyer or by any receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, liquidating trustee, agent or other Person making such payment, or by any Seller Party if received by them, to the Collateral Agent for distribution in accordance with the Waterfall, to the extent necessary to pay all the Senior Debt in full in cash, after giving effect to any concurrent payment to or for any holder of the Senior Debt, before any payment is made to any Seller Party on account of the Junior Obligations.

(e) Until the Senior Debt shall have been paid in full in cash, each Seller Party irrevocably authorizes and empowers (without imposing any obligation on) the Senior Lender and its representatives, under the circumstances set forth in paragraph (c) above, to demand, sue for, collect and receive every such payment described therein and give acquittance therefor and to file claims and proofs of claims in any statutory or nonstatutory proceeding. Each Seller Party shall execute and deliver to the Senior Lender and its representatives all such further instruments confirming the foregoing authorization, and all such powers of attorney, proofs of claim, assignments of claim and other instruments, and shall take all such other action as may be requested by the Senior Lender or its representatives in order to enable the Senior Lender to enforce all of its claims upon or in respect of the Junior Obligations.

(f) Until the Senior Debt shall have been paid in full in cash, should any payment be collected or received by any Seller Party or should any Seller Party acquire custody, control or possession of all or any portion of the Collateral or the proceeds thereof other than, in each case, pursuant to or in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, any such Seller Party shall promptly (but in any event within five Business Days) turn over the same to the Collateral Agent in the form received (except for the endorsement or the assignment of any such Seller Party when necessary) and, until so turned over, the same shall be held in trust by any such Seller Party as the property of the Senior Lender.

(g) Each Seller Party agrees that it will not at any time, without the prior written consent of the Controlling Party, (i) commence or institute against the Buyer or join with or facilitate any other Person in commencing or instituting against the Buyer, any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, readjustment of debt, dissolution, receivership, insolvency or liquidation proceedings, or other proceedings under any United States Federal or state, or other jurisdiction,

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bankruptcy or similar law or statute now or hereafter in effect in connection with any obligations relating to this Agreement or any of the other Transaction Documents or (ii) participate in any assignment for benefit of creditors, compositions, or arrangements with respect to the Buyer's debts. The agreements in this Section 1.03 shall survive termination of this Agreement and payment in full of the Senior Debt.

(h) No Seller Party shall have any right to demand payment of, or institute any proceedings in respect of, the Junior Obligations, or exercise any remedies under this Agreement or any of the Transaction Documents or request or instruct the Controlling Party or the Collateral Agent to exercise any such remedies until the Senior Debt is paid in full in cash.

(i) Application of the foregoing provisions to the Junior Obligations, the subordination effected thereby and the rights of the Senior Lender shall not be affected by (i) any amendment of or addition or supplement to any Transaction Document or the Senior Debt or any instrument or agreement relating thereto or providing collateral security for any Senior Debt, (ii) any exercise or non-exercise of any right, power or remedy under or in respect of any Transaction Document or the Senior Debt or any instrument or agreement relating thereto, or any release of any collateral securing the Senior Debt or (iii) any waiver, consent, release, indulgence, extension, renewal, modification, delay or any other action, inaction or omission in respect of any Transaction Document or the Senior Debt or any instrument or agreement relating thereto or providing collateral security for the Senior Debt, in each case whether or not any Seller Party shall have had notice or knowledge of any of the foregoing.

(j) Each Seller Party hereby waives notice of or proof of reliance by the Senior Lender upon the provisions hereof, and the Senior Debt shall conclusively be deemed to have been created, contracted, incurred or maintained in reliance upon the provisions hereof.

(k) The Buyer hereby waives diligence, presentment, demand, protest and notice of any kind whatsoever. The non-exercise by any holder of Senior Debt, the Controlling Party or the Collateral Agent of any of its rights hereunder or under any other Transaction Document in any particular instance shall not constitute a waiver thereof in that or any subsequent instance.

(1) The subordination provisions contained herein are for the benefit of the holders of Senior Debt and their respective successors and assigns and may not be rescinded or cancelled or modified in any way without the prior written consent of the Controlling Party.

(m) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, neither the Controlling Party nor any holder of Senior Debt shall have any obligation to take the interests of any Seller Party into consideration when making decisions

concerning the exercise of any rights or remedies as against the Buyer or in respect of the Collateral.

(n) Notwithstanding anything in this Section to the contrary, the Contingent Interest and the Variable Deferred Purchase Price will rank *pari passu* with each other and subordinate to the Senior Debt.

(o) In addition, none of the foregoing provisions of this Section 1.03 is intended or will be interpreted as requiring any Seller to return to the Buyer any amounts received by it pursuant to the Waterfall.

Section 1.04. Treatment.

(a) It is the intention of each Party that the sale, transfer, conveyance and delivery of the RMBS Pool and each Seller's Share thereof shall constitute a true sale and absolute assignment, without recourse (except as specifically provided herein), and not for security of RMBS Pool from the applicable Seller Party to the Buyer and that neither any RMBS Issue nor the RMBS Pool nor any Seller's Share thereof be a part of any Seller's property or estate for any purpose under any state or federal law, including without limitation in the event of the insolvency of any Seller, after the Closing Date. Although it is not the intent of the Parties, if the sale, transfer, conveyance and delivery of any RMBS Issue, the RMBS Pool or any Seller's Share thereof contemplated by this Agreement is deemed to be other than a true sale notwithstanding the express intent of the Parties hereto, this Agreement shall be deemed to be a security agreement that grants as of the date hereof a first priority security interest from the relevant Seller to the Buyer, and the Buyer shall have all the rights, powers and privileges of a secured party under the UCC. In such event, each Seller agrees, at the Buyer's expense, to take such action and execute and file such documents as shall be necessary or requested by the Buyer in order to fully realize the benefits of such secured party status, including, without limitation, powers of attorney, financing statements, notices of lien or other instruments or documents.

(b) In accordance with Section 1.04(a), each Party will report the transfer, conveyance, and delivery of the RMBS Pool, as applicable to such Party, contemplated hereunder as an absolute sale in any general ledger or other accounting record and, as to each Seller, the separate unconsolidated financial statements of such Seller. In addition, the transfer, conveyance and delivery of the RMBS Pool (i) is intended to constitute a sale of such assets and will be reported as such under United States generally accepted accounting principles or statutory accounting principles (or such recognized accounting principles applicable to the respective reporting Party) and for United States federal income tax purposes such that the RMBS Pool will no longer be included in any consolidated financial statements in which any financial statements of any Seller are included and (ii) meet all of the requirements for such accounting and tax treatment. Except as described herein, neither the Sellers nor the AIG Agent now has or intends to acquire any other direct or indirect ownership or other economic

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interest in, or swap, cap or other hedge or derivative instrument or other right or obligation with respect to, any RMBS Issue or security backed thereby.

(c) Each of the parties hereto hereby agrees that, with respect to any RMBS Issue or other property, assets or rights purported to be transferred, in whole or in part, by Seller 4 or Seller 6 (together, the "Delaware Sellers" and each a "Delaware Seller") pursuant to this Agreement, such transfer shall be deemed to constitute a "securitization transaction" as the term is defined in the Asset-Backed Securities Facilitation Act, 6 <u>Del</u>. <u>C</u>. § 2701A <u>et seq</u>.(the "**Securitization Act**"). In addition, each of the Parties agrees that any transfer of any RMBS Issue or other property, assets or rights, in whole or in part, by the Delaware Sellers pursuant to this Agreement shall be subject to the provisions of the Securitization Act, all of which are incorporated herein by reference. For purposes of complying with the requirements of the Securitization Act, each of the Parties hereby further agrees that:

(i) Any property, assets or rights purported to be transferred, in whole or in part, by a Seller Party pursuant to this Agreement shall be deemed to no longer be the property, assets or rights of such Seller Party;

(ii) None of the Delaware Sellers, their respective creditors or, in any insolvency proceeding with respect to a Delaware Sellers or its property, a bankruptcy trustee, receiver, debtor, debtor in possession or similar person, to the extent the issue is governed by Delaware law, shall have any rights, legal or equitable, whatsoever to reacquire (except pursuant to provision of this Agreement), reclaim, recover, repudiate, disaffirm, redeem or recharacterize as property of the Delaware Sellers any property, assets or rights purported to be transferred, in whole or in part, by the Delaware Sellers pursuant to this Agreement; and

(iii) In the event of a bankruptcy, receivership or other insolvency proceeding with respect to a Delaware Seller or its property, to the extent the issue is governed by Delaware law, such property, assets and rights shall not be deemed to be part of such Delaware Seller's property, assets, rights or estate.

Section 1.05. *Misallocated Assets*. If, at any time or from time to time (whether prior to or after the Closing Date), any Party hereto shall receive or otherwise possess any asset that is allocated to any other Person pursuant to this Agreement, such Party shall promptly transfer, or cause to be transferred, such asset to the Person so entitled thereto. Prior to any such transfer, the Person receiving or possessing such asset shall hold such asset in trust for the other Person entitled to such asset.

Section 1.06. *Delivery of RMBS Issues*. In furtherance of the assignment, transfer, conveyance and delivery of the RMBS Pool, (a) on the Closing Date each Seller shall instruct the AIG Agent to, and the AIG Agent shall, execute and

deliver such stock powers, certificates of title, assignments of contracts and other instruments of assignment, transfer and conveyance as and to the extent necessary to evidence the sale, assignment, transfer, conveyance and delivery of all of the Seller Parties' right, title and interest in and to each RMBS Issue to the Buyer and (b) on the Closing Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter (but, in any event, not later than 30 days following the date of this Agreement), the AIG Agent shall use commercially reasonable efforts to provide to the Collateral Agent the originals (or, if originals, are not held by the AIG Agent, true and complete copies) and to the Investment Manager electronic copies of all Related Instruments, if any, in its possession relating to the RMBS Issues sold to the Buyer under this Agreement. Without limiting the foregoing, the AIG Agent shall, prior to 10 a.m., New York time, on the Closing Date, cause The Bank of New York Mellon, as custodian for the RMBS Pool for the benefit of the AIG Agent, to (i) debit the RMBS Issues to the AIG Agent's account with The Bank of New York Mellon and credit such RMBS Issues to the Collateral Account established under the Control Agreement and (ii) confirm in writing to the Buyer, the Controlling Party and the AIG Agent that all RMBS Issues have been so credited to the Collateral Account; *provided* that, if any RMBS Issues have not been so transferred by such time, the Cash Purchase Price for such RMBS Issues, adjusted as provided in Section 1.02(a) hereof, shall be subtracted from the Cash Purchase Price payable by the Buyer at the Closing Date. If less than all RMBS Issues are credited to the Collateral Account as of the Closing Date, each Seller Party agrees to take all further action that may be required to cause all RMBS Issues to be credited to the Collateral Account promptly following the Closing Date and in no event later than five Business Days after the Closing Date.

Section 1.07. *Purchase Prices of RMBS Issues*. Each of the Parties hereto hereby acknowledges that: (a) the Investment Manager provided certain midmarket pricing estimates of the RMBS Issues to the Parties and advised them that they were as of October 31, 2008, that such estimates do not purport to be current as of the Closing Date and are based on projected cash flows relating to such RMBS Issues (based in turn on agreed upon assumptions); (b) such estimates, like any estimates provided under or in connection with the Transaction (including, without limitation, any estimates of the market value for each RMBS Issue), are inherently uncertain, do not purport to reflect prices at which transactions in any such RMBS Issues could actually be effected (if any transactions could be effected) and do not necessarily reflect discounts that would be reflected in actual market transactions as a result of, among other things, the highly illiquid nature of the RMBS Issues and related markets; and (c) the parties used such estimates as the basis for their negotiation of the Purchase Price of the RMBS Issues.

# ARTICLE 2

#### REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF EACH SELLER PARTY

Each Seller Party, as to itself, represents and warrants to the Buyer that:

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Section 2.01. *Organization; Powers*. Such Seller (a) is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization, (b) has all requisite power and authority to (i) own its Share of each RMBS Issue, (ii) sell, transfer, convey and deliver its Share of each RMBS Issue to the Buyer hereunder and (iii) execute, deliver and perform its obligations under each Transaction Document and each other agreement or instrument contemplated thereby to which it is a party and (c) has authorized the Agent to transfer its Share to the RMBS Pool to ML II and accept the Cash Purchase Price proceeds on such Seller's behalf as provided in this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents.

The AIG Agent represents and warrants to the Buyer that it (a) is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization and (b) has all requisite power and authority to (i) act as agent for each Seller, (ii) sell, transfer, convey and deliver the RMBS Pool as agent on behalf of the Sellers hereunder and (iii) execute, deliver and perform its obligations under each Transaction Document and each other agreement or instrument contemplated thereby to which it is or will be a party.

Section 2.02. *Authorization; No Conflict.* The execution, delivery and performance of each Transaction Document (to which it is a party) by such Seller Party (a) have been duly authorized by all requisite corporate and, if required, stockholder action and (b) will not (i) result in the violation by such Seller Party of (A) any provision of law, statute, rule or regulation, or of the certificate or articles of incorporation or other constitutive documents or bylaws of such Seller Party, (B) any order of any Governmental Authority or (C) any provision of any indenture, agreement or other instrument to which such Seller Party is a party or by which it or any of its property is or may be bound, (ii) be in conflict with, result in a breach of or constitute (alone or with notice or lapse of time or both) a default under, or give rise to any right to accelerate or to require the prepayment, repurchase or redemption of any obligation under any such indenture, agreement or other instrument or (iii) result in the creation or imposition of any Lien upon or with respect to any property or assets now owned or hereafter acquired by such Seller Party.

Section 2.03. *Enforceability*. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by such Seller Party and constitutes, and each other Transaction Document to which it is a party, when executed and delivered by such Seller Party, will constitute, a legal, valid and binding agreement of such Seller Party enforceable against such Seller Party in accordance with its terms, except that such enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by the court's discretion in relation to equitable remedies.

Section 2.04. *Governmental Approvals*. No action, consent or approval of, notice, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any Governmental Authority is or will be required to be taken, obtained or made by such Seller Party

in connection with the Transactions except such as (i) have been made or obtained and are in full force and effect and (ii) with respect to any Governmental Authority of the United States or any state thereof, if the failure to take such action, obtain such consent or approval or register to file with such Governmental Authority could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 2.05. *Litigation; Compliance With Laws*. Except as set forth in AIG's most recent Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, there are no actions, suits or proceedings at law or in equity or by or before any Governmental Authority or arbitrator now pending or, to the knowledge of such Seller Party, threatened against or affecting such Seller Party or any business, property or rights of any such Seller Party (i) that involve any Transaction

Document or the Transactions or (ii) as to which there is a reasonable possibility of an adverse determination and that, if adversely determined, could reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 2.06. *Margin Regulations*. No part of the proceeds of such Seller's Share of the Purchase Price will be used, whether directly or indirectly, and whether immediately, incidentally or ultimately, for any purpose that entails a violation of, or that is inconsistent with, the provisions of the regulations of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, including Regulation T, Regulation U or Regulation X.

Section 2.07. *Investment Company Act*. The AIG Agent represents that it is not, and in the case of each Seller, such Seller represents that it is not, and after application of the proceeds of its portion of the Purchase Price will not be, required to register as an "investment company" as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

#### Section 2.08. Sanctioned Persons.

(a) Each Seller Party represents that neither such Seller Party nor, to the knowledge of such Seller Party, any director, officer, agent or Affiliate of such Seller Party is a Person that is, or is owned or controlled by a Person that is, currently:

(i) the subject of any U.S. sanctions administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Treasury Department or other relevant non-U.S. sanctions authority (collectively "Sanctions") or

(ii) located, organized or resident in a country or territory that is the subject of Sanctions (including, without limitation, Burma/Myanmar, Cuba, Iran, North Korea, Sudan and Syria).

(b) Each Seller Party represents and covenants that such Seller Party will not, directly or indirectly, use the proceeds of its Share of the Cash Purchase

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Price or the Deferred Purchase Price of the RMBS Pool, or otherwise make available such proceeds to any Person, for the purposes of financing any activities or business of or with any Person or in any country or territory that, at the time of such financing, is the subject of Sanctions.

Section 2.09. *Participation Percentage*. Such Seller agrees that the Participation Percentage set forth opposite its name in the definition thereof is its Participation Percentage.

Section 2.10. *Certain Information*. The exact legal name of such Seller and jurisdiction of organization of such Seller is set forth on Schedule B and such information is correct and complete.

Section 2.11. *Solvency*. (a) As of the date hereof and immediately after the Closing, (i) the consolidated fair value of the assets of such Seller, at a fair valuation, do and will exceed such Seller's consolidated debts and liabilities, subordinated, contingent or otherwise; (ii) the consolidated present fair saleable value of the property of such Seller is and will be greater than the amount that will be required to pay the probable amount of such Seller's consolidated debts and other liabilities become absolute and matured; (iii) such Seller is and will be able to pay its consolidated debts and liabilities, subordinated, contingent or otherwise, as such debts and liabilities become absolute and matured; (iii) such Seller is and will be able to pay its consolidated debts and liabilities, subordinated, contingent or otherwise, as such debts and liabilities become absolute and matured and (iv) such Seller does not have and will not have unreasonably small capital with which to conduct the business in which such Seller is engaged as such business is now conducted and is proposed to be conducted after the Closing.

(b) With respect to each Seller which is a regulated insurance company, as of the date hereof and immediately after the Closing: (a) such Seller's assets exceeded and will exceed its liabilities as measured in accordance with statutory accounting principals permitted or prescribed by such Seller's primary regulator; (b) net realizable value of the property of such Seller is and will be greater than the amount that will be required to pay the probable amount of such Seller's debts and other liabilities, subordinate, contingent or otherwise, as such debts and other liabilities become absolute and matured; (c) such Seller is and will be able to pay its liabilities, subordinated, continent or otherwise, as such liabilities become absolute and matured; and (d) such Seller has and will have capital in excess of company action levels (or, in the case of Seller 6, its equivalent).

(c) In any proceeding involving, or determining, any of the matters set forth in subsection (a) of this Section, if and to the extent that the laws of the State of New York other than the insurance laws are applicable, the provisions of subsection (a) and not subsection (b) shall be applicable. In any proceeding involving, or determining, any of the matters set forth in subsection (b) of this Section, if and to the extent insurance laws are applicable, the provisions of subsection (b) and not subsection (a) shall be applicable, the provisions of subsection (b) and not subsection (a) shall be applicable.

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### ARTICLE 3 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF AIG

AIG represents to the Buyer that:

Section 3.01. *RMBS Issues*. (a) Each Seller has good and marketable title to its Share of each of the RMBS Issues and has full right to sell and assign its Share of each RMBS Issue to the Buyer free and clear of any Lien or impediment to sale, or any other adverse claim (as defined in Article 8 of the NYUCC), and has full right and authority to sell and assign its Share of each RMBS Issue pursuant to this Agreement. On the Closing Date, upon the sale, conveyance and delivery to the Buyer of all of such Seller's right, title and interest in and to its Share of each RMBS Issue in accordance with Section 1.06 hereof and on payment of the Cash Purchase Price by the Buyer to the Sellers, the Buyer shall have good and marketable title to 100% of all of the right, title and interest in each RMBS Issue free and clear of all Liens and any other adverse claims other than by or on behalf of the Buyer and will be a bona fide holder for value with respect to each RMBS Issue.

(b) Each RMBS Issue is in the custody of or maintained on the books of the Depository Trust Company.

Section 3.02. *Litigation; Compliance With Laws.* Except as set forth in AIG's most recent Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, there are no actions, suits or proceedings at law or in equity or by or before any Governmental Authority or arbitrator now pending or, to the knowledge of AIG, threatened against or affecting AIG or any business, property or rights of AIG (i) that involve any RMBS Issue or (ii) as to which there is a reasonable possibility of an adverse determination and that, if adversely determined, could reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

Section 3.03. *No Material Misstatements*. No information, report, certificate, financial statement, exhibit or schedule furnished by AIG or by the Seller Parties to the Buyer in connection with the negotiation of any Transaction Document or in connection with the acquisition of any RMBS Issue, when taken as a whole, contained any material misstatement of fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; *provided* that to the extent any such information, report, certificate, financial statement, exhibit or schedule was based upon or constitutes a forecast or projection, AIG represents only that it or the Seller Parties, as the case may be, acted in good faith and utilized assumptions reasonable at the time made (based upon accounting principles consistent with the historical audited financial statements of AIG or such Seller Party, as the case may be) and exercised due care in the preparation of such information, report, certificate, financial statement, exhibit or schedule.

Section 3.04. *Book Value of RMBS Pool*. The AIG Agent's October 31, 2008 valuation of the RMBS Pool, as previously provided to Buyer, was prepared applying the same policies, processes and procedures that are used for valuations performed for use in AIG's quarter-end financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 115 *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities* and FASB Statement No. 157 *Fair Value Measurement*.

Section 3.05. *Reasonable Consideration*. Prior to entering into this Agreement, AIG Agent explored various means of monetizing the RMBS Pool on behalf of the Sellers. These efforts included, among other things, internal analysis and retaining and consulting with BlackRock Financial Management, Inc. ("**BlackRock**") and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated to assist the AIG Agent in determining available options for disposing of the RMBS Pool. Based upon (a) the foregoing efforts, (b) the AIG Agent's valuation of the RMBS Pool for purposes of AIG's third quarter financial statements and also as of October 31, 2008, (c) the AIG Agent's assessment of market conditions and pricing provided by third-party pricing services and (d) the valuations determined by Blackrock in consultation with the Controlling Person and Buyer, the Seller Parties concluded that the Purchase Price was reasonable consideration for the RMBS Pool.

#### ARTICLE 4 REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF THE BUYER

The Buyer represents to each Seller Party as of the date hereof that:

Section 4.01. *Organization; Powers*. The Buyer (i) is duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, (ii) is in good standing under the laws of such state and (iii) has full power and authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement and each of the other Transaction Documents to which it will be a party.

Section 4.02. *Authorization; No Conflict.* The Buyer's execution, delivery, and performance of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents to which it is a party have not resulted, and will not result, in a breach or violation of any provision of (i) the Buyer's organizational documents, (ii) any statute, law, writ, order, rule or regulation of any governmental authority applicable to the Buyer, (iii) any judgment, injunction, decree order or determination applicable to the Buyer or (iv) any contract, indenture, mortgage, loan agreement, note, lease or other instrument by which the Buyer may be bound or to which any of the assets of the Buyer are subject.

Section 4.03. *Enforceability*. This Agreement and each other Transaction Document to which the Buyer is a party (i) has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Buyer and (ii) constitutes the legal, valid, and binding

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obligation of the Buyer, enforceable against the Buyer in accordance with its terms, except that such enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally and by the court's discretion in relation to equitable remedies. No notice to, registration with, consent or approval of, or any other action by, any relevant Governmental Authority or other Person is or will be required for the Buyer to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement or any other Transaction Document except such as have been obtained and are in full force and effect.

### ARTICLE 5 CONDITIONS TO SALE AND PURCHASE

Section 5.01. *Conditions to Sale by Each Seller of its Share of Each RMBS Issue*. Each Seller's obligation to sell, transfer, convey and deliver its Share of the RMBS Pool to the Buyer on the Closing Date shall be subject to the conditions that (a) the Buyer's representations and warranties set forth in Article 4 hereof are true and correct on the Closing Date as if made on and as of the Closing Date, (b) such Seller shall have received a counterpart of this Agreement duly executed on behalf of the Buyer and (c) such Seller shall have received payment of its Share of the Cash Purchase Price for the RMBS Pool from the Buyer.

Section 5.02. *Conditions to Purchase of RMBS Pool by the Buyer*. The Buyer's obligation to purchase all of the Sellers' Shares of the RMBS Pool and to pay the Cash Purchase Price on the Closing Date are subject to satisfaction of the following conditions precedent on the Closing Date:

(a) The Buyer shall have received executed legal opinions dated the Closing Date and addressed to, and in form satisfactory to, the Buyer and the Controlling Party and covering such other matters incident to the Transactions as any the Buyer or the Controlling Party shall have reasonably requested from:

(i) Sullivan & Cromwell LLP, New York counsel to each Seller and the AIG Agent, in substantially the form of Exhibit B hereto;

(ii) Richards Layton & Finger, Delaware counsel to each Delaware Seller in substantially the form of Exhibit C hereto;

(iv) in-house counsel for each Seller in substantially the form of Exhibit E hereto.

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(b) All legal matters incident to this Agreement, the purchase and sale of each Seller's Share of the RMBS Pool hereunder and the other Transaction Documents shall be satisfactory to the Buyer.

(c) The Buyer shall have received (i) a copy of the certificate or articles of incorporation, formation or organization (as applicable), including all amendments thereto, of each Seller Party, certified as of a recent date by the Secretary of State of the state of its organization, and a certificate as to the good standing of each Seller Party, as of a recent date, from such Secretary of State; (ii) a certificate of the Secretary or Assistant Secretary of each Seller Party dated the Closing Date and certifying (A) that attached thereto is a true and complete copy of the bylaws, operating agreement, partnership agreement or other applicable constitutive document of such Seller Party as in effect on the Closing Date and at all times since a date prior to the date of the resolutions described in clause (B) below, (B) that attached thereto is a true and complete copy of resolutions duly adopted by the Board of Directors or equivalent body of such Seller Party authorizing the execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents to which such Seller Party is a Party and that such resolutions have not been modified, rescinded or amended and are in full force and effect, (C) that the certificate or articles of incorporation, formation or organization (as applicable) of such Seller Party have not been amended since the date of the last amendment thereto furnished pursuant to clause (i) above and (D) as to the incumbency and specimen signature of each officer executing any Transaction Document or any other document delivered in connection herewith on behalf of such Seller Party; (iii) a certificate of another officer as to the incumbency and specimen signature of the Secretary executing the certificate pursuant to clause (ii) above; and (iv) such other documents as the Buyer may reasonably request.

(d) The Buyer shall be satisfied in its sole discretion with the collateral (including the value of such collateral) securing the obligations of the Obligors with respect to the RMBS Issues.

(e) The Buyer shall have received the results of a search of the Uniform Commercial Code filings (or equivalent filings) made with respect to each Seller Party in the states (or other jurisdictions) of formation of such Seller Parties as indicated on Schedule B hereto and no Liens on or with respect to any RMBS Issue or any Seller's Share of any RMBS Issue shall be indicated by such search.

(f) All requisite Governmental Authorities and third parties shall have approved or consented to the Transactions to the extent required, all applicable appeal periods shall have expired and there shall not be any pending or threatened litigation, governmental, administrative or judicial action that could reasonably be expected to restrain, prevent or impose burdensome conditions on the Transactions.

(g) The representations and warranties of each of the Seller Parties set forth in Article 2 hereof and of AIG set forth in Article 3 hereof and in each other

Transaction Document to which a Seller Party or AIG is a party shall be true and correct on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as though made on and as of such date, except to the extent such representations and warranties expressly relate to an earlier date.

(h) At the time of and immediately after the Closing, no Default (as defined in the Credit Agreement dated as of September 22, 2008 between AIG, as Borrower, and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as Lender) shall have occurred and be continuing.

(i) If the Collateral Agent shall have advised the Buyer in writing prior to noon, EST, on the Closing Date that not all RMBS Issues have been delivered to the Collateral Account, the Buyer shall be satisfied, in its sole discretion, with the number of RMBS Issues so delivered.

(j) The Buyer shall have received a copy of the true sale and non-consolidation signed legal opinions delivered to each Seller or its accountants.

(k) The Buyer shall have received counterparts of this Agreement duly executed by each Party other than the Buyer.

(1) Agreements terminating the Sec Lending Program upon closing out the last of the transactions then outstanding thereunder, in form and substance satisfactory to the Buyer, shall have been executed and delivered by all the parties thereto other than Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

(m) Each of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 6.01 of the Credit Agreement shall have been satisfied.

## ARTICLE 6 MISCELLANEOUS

Section 6.01. Waivers; Amendments.

(a) No failure or delay of the Buyer in exercising any power or right hereunder or under any other Transaction Document shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right or power, or any abandonment or discontinuance of steps to enforce such a right or power, preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right or power. The rights and remedies of the Buyer hereunder and under the other Transaction Documents are cumulative and are not exclusive of any rights or remedies that it would otherwise have. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document or consent to any departure by any Seller Party shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be permitted by paragraph (b) below, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given. No notice or demand

on any Seller Party in any case shall entitle any Seller Party to any other or further notice or demand in similar or other circumstances.

(b) The Buyer may, with the consent of the Controlling Party (and shall, if directed by the Controlling Party), from time to time, (i) enter into written amendments, supplements or modifications hereto and to the other Transaction Documents for the purpose of adding any provisions to this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents or the Buyer hereunder or thereunder or (ii) waive any of the requirements of this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents or any Event of Default and its consequences; *provided* that no such waiver and no such amendment, supplement or modification shall, without the written consent of each AIG Entity directly affected thereby, (A) reduce the Purchase Price, (B) reduce the rate at which interest accrues hereunder on the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price, (C) amend the Waterfall in a way that is material and adverse to the Sellers or (D) amend any term or provision of this Agreement or modification shall be binding upon the Buyer, the Controlling Party and each AIG Entity. No waiver of any Event of Default shall extend to any subsequent or other Event of Default or impair any right consequent thereon. Neither this Agreement nor any provision hereof may be waived, amended or modified except in accordance with the provisions of this Section, and any purported amendment, supplement or modification shall be null and void.

### Section 6.02. Notices; Electronic Communications.

(a) Except in the case of notices and other communications expressly permitted to be given by telephone, notices and other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or overnight courier service, mailed by certified or registered mail or sent by fax or e-mail, and all notices and other communications expressly permitted hereunder to be given by telephone shall be made, to the applicable address, fax number, e-mail address or telephone number specified for the applicable Party in Schedule C.

(b) All notices and other communications given to any Party hereto in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given on the date of receipt if delivered by hand or overnight courier service or sent by fax or email or on the date five Business Days after dispatch by certified or registered mail if mailed, in each case delivered, sent or mailed (properly addressed) to such Party as provided in this Section or in accordance with the latest unrevoked direction from such Party given in accordance with this Section. As agreed to among the Parties from time to time, notices and other communications may also be delivered by e-mail to the e-mail address of a representative of the applicable Party provided from time to time by such Party.

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(c) The Buyer hereby agrees that it shall cause the Administrative Agent to provide to AIG on behalf of the Sellers copies of all notices and reports (other than those by or from the Investment Manager) delivered to the Buyer or the holders of the Senior Loan pursuant to the Transaction Documents to the extent such notices and reports have not been delivered to AIG or the Sellers pursuant to the other Transaction Documents. AIG shall provide to the Sellers copies of all notices and reports delivered to AIG pursuant to the Transaction Documents to the extent such notices and reports have not been delivered to the Sellers pursuant to the extent such notices and reports have not been delivered to the Sellers pursuant to the other Transaction Documents.

Section 6.03. *Binding Effect*. This Agreement shall become effective when it shall have been executed by each Party and a fully executed counterpart hereof is delivered to the Buyer and, on behalf of each Seller Party, to the AIG Agent.

Section 6.04. *Survival Of Agreement*. All covenants, agreements, representations and warranties made by each Seller Party herein and in the certificates or other instruments prepared or delivered in connection with or pursuant to this Agreement or any other Transaction Document shall be considered to have been relied upon by the Buyer and shall survive the Closing, regardless of any investigation made by the Buyer or on its behalf, and shall continue in full force and effect as long as any RMBS Issue is outstanding and unpaid. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the provisions of Section 6.05 and Section 6.14 shall remain operative and in full force and effect regardless of the expiration of the term of this Agreement, the consummation of the Transactions, the Disposition, repayment, prepayment or collection of the last RMBS Issue, the invalidity or unenforceability of any term or provision of this Agreement or any other Transaction Document or any investigation made by or on behalf of the Buyer.

Section 6.05. *Indemnity.* (a) Each Seller Party severally agrees to indemnify the Buyer, the Controlling Party and each of their respective Related Parties (each such party being called an "**Indemnitee**") against, and to hold each Indemnitee harmless from, any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities and related expenses, including reasonable counsel fees, charges and disbursements, incurred by or asserted against any Indemnitee arising out of, in any way connected with or as a result of any claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to such Seller having made a representation or warranty herein or in any other Transaction Document that is incorrect in any respect at the time made or deemed made, whether or not any Indemnitee is a Party thereto (and regardless of whether such matter is initiated by a third Party or by any Seller Party or any of their respective Affiliates), *provided* that no Seller Party shall have any obligation under this subsection to any such Indemnitee if the representation or warranty alleged to be incorrect is determined by a final and unappealable decision of a court not to have been incorrect.

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(b) The indemnities in clause (a) of this Section shall not, as to any Indemnitee, be available to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or related expenses are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by final and nonappealable judgment to have resulted primarily from the bad faith, gross negligence, fraudulent actions or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee; provided that the Seller Parties shall not be obligated to pay, indemnify or hold harmless any Indemnitee if such Indemnitee (i) does not provide reasonably prompt notice to the Seller Parties (with a copy to the Controlling Party) of any claim for which indemnification is sought or (ii) admits any liability or incurs any significant expenses after receiving actual written notice of the claim (which is sufficiently specific to give reasonable notice of the existence of the claims and the expenses of such legal proceedings), or agrees to any settlement without the prior written consent of the Seller Parties. The Seller Parties may, in their sole discretion and at their expense, control the defense of the claim including designating counsel for the Indemnitees and controlling all negotiations, litigation, arbitration, settlements, compromises and appeals of any claim.

(c) To the extent permitted by applicable law, no Party, and no Person benefitting from the indemnity provided herein, shall assert, and each Party waives and the Seller Parties shall have no obligation with respect to, any claim against any other party, on any theory of liability, for special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages (as opposed to direct or actual damages) arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of, this Agreement or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby, the Transactions, the Senior Loan, or the use of the proceeds thereof. (d) Notwithstanding any provision in this Agreement or any other Transaction Document, the Seller Parties shall have no liability to the Buyer with respect to the collectibility of any amounts under the RMBS Pool, the Obligor of any RMBS Issue, the default by any Obligor on any obligation of such Obligor with respect to the applicable RMBS Issue, or the failure of any Obligor to make any payment pursuant to the applicable RMBS Issue and its Related Instruments.

Section 6.06. Successors and Assigns.

(a) The provisions of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns permitted by this Section. Any assignment or transfer by a Party of rights or obligations under this Agreement that does not comply with this Section shall be null and void.

(b) No Party may assign, delegate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement without the consent of the Controlling Party and each other Party hereto, other than in accordance with this Section.

(c) The Buyer may transfer or assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement, in whole or from time to time in part, to (i) one or more of its

Affiliates at any time and (ii) after the Closing Date, to any Person; *provided* that no such transfer or assignment by the Buyer will relieve the Buyer of its obligations hereunder or enlarge, alter or change any obligation of any other party hereto or due to the Buyer; *provided further* that no such transfer or assignment shall be permitted unless the Buyer first obtains an opinion (reasonably satisfactory to the Controlling Party) of nationally recognized tax counsel that such transfer or assignment will not (I) result in the income from the RMBS Pool becoming subject to corporate income tax in such a manner that it would reduce the amounts of Deferred Purchase Price available for payment to the Sellers or (II) cause losses realized by the Sellers from the sale of any RMBS Issue hereunder that were deferred by the Sellers under section 267(f) of the Code, if any, to be disallowed pursuant to Section 267(a) of the Code. The Buyer agrees to provide a copy of any such opinion to the Sellers at least 3 Business Days prior to such assignment or transfer (if such prior delivery is reasonably practicable under the circumstances, and if not, as soon as such delivery is reasonably practicable) copying such notice and opinion to Tax Director, American International Group, Inc., 70 Pine Street, New York, New York, 10270. AIG and the Sellers shall provide the Buyer and its tax counsel any information reasonably requested for the purpose of counsel's rendering the required opinion.

(d) Each Seller may sell, assign or otherwise transfer (including through participation) all, but not less than all, of its Share of the Deferred Purchase Price to (i) AIG if it is at the time a "qualified purchaser" (as defined in Section 2(a)(51)(A) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended) or (ii) any other Person with the consent of the Controlling Party. Any assigning Seller shall promptly notify the Controlling Party, any other Seller, the Senior Lender, the Investment Manager, the Collateral Agent, the Administrator and the Buyer of such assignment and the date of effectiveness of such assignment. From and after the date of such notice of assignment, AIG or such other Person shall be a party hereto and have the rights and obligations of the assigning Seller under this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, and the assigning Seller shall be released from its obligations under this Agreement (to the extent of the interest so assigned) and such Seller shall cease to be a Party hereto but shall continue to be subject to the obligations set forth in Section 6.05.

Section 6.07. *Counterparts*. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts (and by different Parties hereto on different counterparts), each of which shall constitute an original but all of which when taken together shall constitute a single contract, and shall become effective when the condition described in Section 6.03 is satisfied. Delivery of an executed signature page to this Agreement by facsimile transmission shall be as effective as delivery of a manually signed counterpart of this Agreement.

Section 6.08. *Severability*. If any one or more of the provisions contained in this Agreement or in any other Transaction Document should be held invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, then, to the extent permitted by applicable law, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions contained

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herein and therein shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby (it being understood that the invalidity of a particular provision in a particular jurisdiction shall not in and of itself affect the validity of such provision in any other jurisdiction). The Parties shall endeavor in good-faith negotiations to replace the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provisions with valid provisions, the economic effect of which comes as close as possible to that of the invalid, illegal or unenforceable provisions.

Section 6.09. *Integration*. This Agreement and the other Transaction Documents represent the entire agreement of the Parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and thereof, and there are no promises, undertakings, representations or warranties by the Borrower, any Seller Party or the Controlling Party relative to the subject matter hereof not expressly set forth or referred to herein or in the other Transaction Documents.

Section 6.10. *Applicable Law.* THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AND GOVERNED BY THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK; provided, however, that any sale, transfer, assignment or other conveyance of any RMBS Issue or other property, assets or rights by a Delaware Seller to the Buyer pursuant to this Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the state of Delaware, including the Securitization Act, without reference to its conflict of law provisions, and the effectiveness and nature of any such sale, transfer, assignment or other conveyance shall be determined in accordance with such laws.

Section 6.11. *Jurisdiction; Consent to Service of Process.* (a) Each Party hereby irrevocably and unconditionally submits, for itself and its property, to the exclusive jurisdiction of any New York State court or federal court of the United States of America sitting in New York City, and any appellate court from any thereof, in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents, or for recognition or enforcement of any judgment, and each of the Parties hereto hereby irrevocably and unconditionally agrees that all claims in respect of any such action or proceeding may be heard and determined in such New York State or, to the extent permitted by law, in such federal court. Each Party agrees that a final judgment in any such action or proceeding shall be conclusive and may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit on the judgment or in any other manner provided by law.

(b) Each Party hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives, to the fullest extent it may legally and effectively do so, any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the other Transaction Documents in any

New York State or federal court. Each Party hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such action or proceeding in any such court.

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(c) Each Party to this Agreement irrevocably consents to service of process in the manner provided for notices in Section 6.02. Nothing in this Agreement will affect the right of any Party to this Agreement to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

Section 6.12. Confidentiality. AIG and each Seller Party agrees to keep confidential all non public information, including, without limitation, the Transaction Documents, and other related documents provided to it by any Party pursuant to or in connection with the Transaction Documents; provided that nothing herein shall prevent AIG or any Seller Party (or its Related Parties who are provided such information pursuant to clause (a) below) from disclosing any such information (a) to its Related Parties who have a need to know such information (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such information and instructed to keep such information confidential), (b) upon the request or demand of any regulatory authority, any tax authority or the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, (c) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process, (d) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under the other Transaction Documents or any suit, action or proceeding relating to the enforcement of its rights hereunder or thereunder, (e) with the consent of the Controlling Party, (f) to the extent such information becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Section or (g) to any prospective buyers of such Seller Party or prospective providers of financing for such buyers and their agents and representatives if such buyer or financing provider and their agents and representatives agree to be bound by the provisions of this Section with respect to such information; provided, further, that prior to any disclosure of information pursuant to clause (b) or (c) of the proviso above, AIG or such Seller Party shall notify the Buyer, if legally permitted to do so, of any proposed disclosure as far in advance of such disclosure as practicable and, upon the Buyer's or the Controlling Party's request, take all reasonable actions to ensure that any information disclosed is accorded confidential treatment, or if such notice to the Buyer and the Controlling Party is prohibited by law, inform the relevant court or regulatory authority of the Buyer's and the Controlling Party's interest in the disclosed information and request that such court, regulatory authority inform the Buyer and the Controlling Party of the disclosure.

Section 6.13. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN RESPECT OF ANY LITIGATION DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ARISING OUT OF, UNDER OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OF THE OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS. EACH PARTY HERETO (A) CERTIFIES THAT NO REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT, IN THE

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EVENT OF LITIGATION, SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER AND (B) ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT AND THE OTHER PARTIES HERETO HAVE BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER TRANSACTION DOCUMENTS, AS APPLICABLE, BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS, THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION.

Section 6.14. *Limited Recourse*. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents, the obligations of the Buyer under this Agreement and all other Transaction Documents are solely the obligations of the Buyer and shall be payable solely to the extent of funds received by and available to the Buyer in accordance with the Waterfall. Whether or not any portion of the Purchase Price or any other amount remains outstanding at the time, all obligations of the Buyer with respect to the Purchase Price and such other amounts shall be terminated and extinguished on the date on which all of the assets of the Buyer have been fully liquidated and disposed of and all proceeds thereof have been distributed in accordance with the Waterfall. No recourse shall be had for the payment of any amount owing in respect of any obligation of, or claim against, the Buyer arising out of or based upon this Agreement or any other Transaction Documents, no recourse shall be had for the payment of any amount owing in respect of any amount owing in respect of any obligation of, or claim against, the Buyer arising out of or based upon this Agreement against, the Buyer arising out of or based upon this Agreement against, the Collateral Agent, the Administrator, the Investment Manager or any holder of the Membership Interests of the Buyer or any Related Party of any thereof; *provided* that the foregoing shall not relieve any such person or entity from any liability they might otherwise have as a result of willful misconduct, gross negligence or fraudulent actions taken or omissions by them. The provisions of this Section shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement and payment in full of all of the Purchase Price.

Section 6.15. *Certain Tax Matters*. It is the intention of the Parties that for U.S. federal income tax purposes: (a) the Senior Loan shall be treated as the sole equity interest in the Buyer; (b) the proceeds realized by the Sellers of the RMBS Pool shall be the sum of (i) the Cash Purchase Price, (ii) the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price (other than any interest thereon) and (iii) the Variable Deferred Purchase Price (other than any interest thereon) and (iii) the Variable Deferred Purchase Price (other than any interest imputed thereon for federal income tax purposes); (c) the Buyer shall be treated as the owner of the RMBS Pool; and (d) the Buyer shall be treated as an entity disregarded from its owner. The terms of this Agreement and the other Transaction Documents shall be interpreted consistently with this intention, and the Parties agree to not take any position for U.S. federal income tax purposes (in a filing or otherwise) contrary to this intention. For the avoidance of doubt, each Party agrees that it shall not make an election to treat the Buyer as an association taxable as a corporation for federal income tax purposes.

Section 6.16. *Headings*. Article and Section headings used herein are for convenience of reference only, are not part of this Agreement and are not to affect the construction of, or to be taken into consideration in interpreting, this Agreement.

Section 6.17. *Further Assurances*. Each of the Seller Parties and the Buyer agrees to execute any and all further documents, financing statements, agreements and instruments, and take all further action (including filing Uniform Commercial Code and other financing statements) that may be required under applicable law, or that the Buyer or any of the Seller Parties may reasonably request, in order to effectuate the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; provided that no party shall be required to incur any costs or liabilities in connection therewith.

Section 6.18. *Third Party Beneficiary*. The Senior Lender is an express third party beneficiary of Sections 1.03 and 6.06(d) hereof. The Investment Manager is an express third party beneficiary of Sections 1.06, 1.07, 3.05, 3.06, 6.06(d), 6.14 and 6.19 hereof. The Collateral Agent is an express third party beneficiary of Sections 1.01, 1.03, 1.06, 6.06(d) and 6.14 hereof.

Section 6.19. *Role Of Investment Manager And Controlling Party.* Each party hereby accepts the role and powers of the Investment Manager described in the Credit Agreement and the other Transaction Documents and understands that the Investment Manager will be solely the agent of the Controlling Party. In addition, the Controlling Party has ultimate authority with respect to all decisions regarding the management of the Collateral (which it may delegate, in whole or in part, to the Investment Manager or otherwise), including decisions as to when to dispose of Collateral. In exercising such control, the Controlling Party and its agents, including the Investment Manager, shall have no duty to maximize returns on the Collateral or to take into account the interests of any AIG Entity or the Senior Lender or any other Secured Party.

#### ARTICLE 7 DEFINITIONS

Section 7.01. *Certain Definitions*. Capitalized terms used herein and not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Credit Agreement dated as of the date hereof (the "**Credit Agreement**") among the Buyer, as Borrower, Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as the Senior Lender and the Controlling Party, and the Collateral Agent. The following capitalized terms used herein shall have the following meanings:

"Accrual Rate" means one month LIBOR as of October 29, 2008, which was 3.1175%, plus 1.0%.

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"Affiliate" means, when used with respect to a specified Person, another Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls or is Controlled by or is under common Control with the Person specified. For the avoidance of doubt, none of the Buyer, any Federal Reserve Bank nor the United States Treasury shall be deemed to be an "Affiliate" of any AIG Entity for purposes of any Transaction Document. "Control" means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise, and the terms "Controlling" and "Controlled" shall have meanings correlative thereto.

"AIG" means American International Group, Inc.

"AIG Agent" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of this Agreement.

"AIG Entity" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"Buyer" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"Calculation Period" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"**Cash Purchase Price**" means an amount equal to (i) the Designated Purchase Price *plus* (ii) interest from and including the Designation Date to but excluding the Closing Date on the Designated Purchase Price at the Accrual Rate as set forth in column G of Schedule A hereto *minus* (iii) the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount.

"Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount" means an amount equal to (i) interest and other yield payments received by or on behalf of any Seller on each RMBS Issue (except payments due prior to the Designation Date and not included in the determination of the Designated Purchase Price of such RMBS Issue) on or after the Designation Date set forth in column J of Schedule A hereto (as may be revised by the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate in accordance with Sections 1.02 (b) and (c)) *plus* (ii) all net sale proceeds, if any, and payments of principal received by or on behalf of any Seller in respect of each RMBS Issue on or after the Designation Date (except payments due prior to the Designation Date and not included in the determination of the Designated Purchase Price of such RMBS Issue) set forth in column I of Schedule A hereto (as may be revised by the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate in accordance with Sections 1.02 (b) and (c)) *plus* (iii) interest at the Accrual Rate on each amount referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) above from and including the date as of which such amount is credited to the account of the AIG Agent or a Seller as set forth in column H of Schedule A hereto to but excluding the Closing Date as set forth in column L of Schedule A hereto (as may be revised by the

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Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate in accordance with Sections 1.02 (b) and (c)).

"**Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate**" means a certificate of the AIG Agent in substantially the form of Exhibit A hereto delivered pursuant to Section 1.02 (b) or (c) hereof.

"Closing" means the consummation of the Transactions scheduled to occur on the Closing Date upon satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in Article 5 hereof and in Section 4.01 of the Credit Agreement.

"Closing Date" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

- "Collateral Account" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.
- "Collateral Agent" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.
- "Controlling Party" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"Deferred Purchase Price" means the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price and the Variable Deferred Purchase Price.

"**Designated Purchase Price**" means the sum of the amounts set forth opposite the Designated RMBS Issues in column F of Schedule A hereto, which amounts were determined as of the Designation Date and include accrued and unpaid interest and other yield payments (but not overdue interest and other equivalent yield payments) through but excluding the Designation Date as set forth in column E of Schedule A hereto.

"Designated RMBS Issue" means an RMBS Issue listed on Schedule A attached hereto that is owned by the AIG Agent for the benefit of the Sellers on the Designation Date.

"Designation Date" means October 31, 2008.

"Disposition" means, with respect to any RMBS Issue or any right therein or thereunder, any sale, assignment, conveyance, transfer or other disposition thereof. The terms "Dispose" and "Disposed of" have correlative meanings.

"Financial Officer" of any Person means the chief financial officer, principal accounting officer, treasurer or controller of such Person.

"Fixed Deferred Purchase Price" means, with respect to all of the Sellers, an amount equal to one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) plus interest thereon and, with respect to any Seller, such Seller's Share of the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price.

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"Governmental Authority" means any federal, state, local, municipal or foreign court or governmental agency, authority, instrumentality or regulatory body, including any board of insurance, insurance department or insurance commissioner.

"Junior Obligations" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.03(b).

"LIBOR" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"Lien" means any mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, assignment, deposit arrangement, encumbrance, lien (statutory or other), charge or other security interest or any preference, priority or other security agreement or preferential arrangement of any kind or nature whatsoever (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement and any capital lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing).

"Material Adverse Effect" means (a) a material impairment of the totality of the rights and remedies of, or benefits available to the Buyer, the Senior Lender or the Collateral Agent under the Transaction Documents taken as a whole or (b) a material adverse effect on the value of the RMBS Pool.

"NYUCC" means the UCC as in effect from time to time in the State of New York.

"Obligor" means the issuer or the guarantor or both of any RMBS Issue, as the context requires.

"Participation Percentage" means, with respect to each Seller, the percentage set forth below for that Seller:

Seller	Participation Percentage
Seller 1: American General Life Insurance Company	17.65%
Seller 2: American General Life and Accident Insurance Company	4.41%
Seller 3: The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York	1.76%
Seller 4: AIG Life Insurance Company	3.91%
Seller 5: American International Life Assurance Company of New York	3.46%
Seller 6: American Life Insurance Company	2.13%
Seller 7: AIG Annuity Insurance Company	34.79%
Seller 8: The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company	17.38%
Seller 9: SunAmerica Life Insurance Company	9.85%

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Seller	Participation Percentage
Seller 10: First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company	3.17%
Seller 11: AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company	1.49%

"Party" has the meaning set forth in the preamble to this Agreement.

"**Person**" means any natural person, corporation, business trust, joint venture, association, company, limited liability company, partnership, Governmental Authority or other entity.

"**Purchase Price**" means, with respect to all of the Sellers, the sum of the Cash Purchase Price, the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price and the Variable Deferred Purchase Price and, with respect to any Seller, such Seller's Share of the Purchase Price.

"Related Instruments" means any participation, pooling, servicing or other agreement, document or instrument pursuant to which an RMBS Issue has been created, pooled, securitized, issued, sold, serviced, enhanced, insured or guaranteed and each other agreement, document, indenture and instrument that governs or affects the terms of, or secures the obligations represented by, such RMBS Issue or of which the holders of such RMBS Issue are the beneficiaries.

"**Related Parties**" means, with respect to any specified Person, such Person's Affiliates and the respective directors, officers, employees, agents, attorneys, accountants, and other advisors, and controlling persons of such Person and such Person's Affiliates. For the avoidance of doubt, none of the Buyer,

any Federal Reserve Bank nor the United States Treasury shall be deemed to be a "Related Party" of any AIG Entity for purposes of any Transaction Document.

"**RMBS Issue**" means the securities of a single issue of residential mortgage-backed securities listed on Schedule A attached hereto that is owned by the AIG Agent for the benefit of the Sellers immediately prior to the Closing, together with all right, title and interest in and to all Related Instruments.

"RMBS Pool" means the RMBS Issues collectively.

"S&P" means Standard & Poor's.

"Sanctions" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.08

"Security Interest" has the meaning set forth in the Security Agreement.

"Security Agreement" means the Security Agreement dated as of the date hereof among the Buyer, as borrower, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as

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the Senior Lender and the Controlling Party, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as Collateral Agent.

"Seller" and "Sellers" have the respective meanings set forth in the introductory paragraph to this Agreement.

"Seller Parties" has the meaning set forth in the introductory paragraph of this Agreement.

"Senior Debt" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.03(b).

"Senior Lender" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"Share" means, with respect to any Seller, such Seller's ownership interest in an RMBS Issue, RMBS Pool, Cash Purchase Price or Deferred Purchase Price in the amount of its Participation Percentage thereof.

"Transaction Documents" has the meaning set forth in the Credit Agreement.

"Transactions" means the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents.

"UCC" means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in any applicable state.

**"Variable Deferred Purchase Price**" means, with respect to all of the Sellers, 1/6<sup>th</sup> of the net cash proceeds from the RMBS Pool plus cash on hand with the Buyer after payment in full of the Senior Loan plus accrued interest thereon and the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price plus accrued interest thereon and, with respect to any Seller, such Seller's Share of the Variable Deferred Purchase Price.

"Waterfall" means the order of payments set forth in Section 5(b) of the Security Agreement.

Section 7.02. *Other Definitional Provisions*. (a) As used herein and in any certificate or other document made or delivered pursuant hereto or thereto, (i) accounting terms shall have the respective meanings given to them under GAAP, (ii) the words "include", "includes" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase "without limitation", (iii) the word "incur" shall be construed to mean incur, create, issue, assume, become liable in respect of or suffer to exist (and the words "incurred" and "incurrence" shall have correlative meanings), (iv) the words "asset" and "property" shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect and to refer to any and all tangible and intangible assets and properties, including cash, capital stock, securities, revenues, accounts, leasehold interests and contract rights, and (v) references to agreements or other contractual obligations shall, unless otherwise specified, be deemed to refer to

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such agreements or contractual obligations as amended, supplemented, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, or any successor or replacement agreement which may be entered into from time to time.

(b) The words "hereof", "herein" and "hereunder" and words of similar import, when used in this Agreement, shall refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular provision of this Agreement, and Section, Schedule and Exhibit references are to this Agreement unless otherwise specified.

(c) The meanings given to terms defined herein shall be equally applicable to both the singular and plural forms of such terms.

[signature pages follow]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, each of the Parties has caused this Asset Purchase Agreement to be executed on its behalf by its officers thereunto duly authorized on the day and year first above written.

MAIDEN LANE II LLC, by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as its sole Managing Member

> /s/ Helen Mucciolo Name: Helen Mucciolo Title: Senior Vice President

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP,

By: /s/ David L. Herzog

By:

Name: David L. Herzog Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

AMERICAN GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Mary Jane B. Fortin

Name: Mary Jane B. Fortin Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

AMERICAN GENERAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Kyle L. Jennings

Name: Kyle L. Jennings Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

#### THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By: /s/ Mary Jane B. Fortin

Name:Mary Jane B. FortinTitle:Executive Vice President and<br/>Chief Financial Officer

AIG LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Mary Jane B. Fortin

Name:	Mary Jane B. Fortin
Title:	Executive Vice President and
	Chief Financial Officer

AIG LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Kyle L. Jennings

Name: Kyle L. Jennings Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Dennis R. Vigneau

Name: Dennis R. Vigneau Title: Chief Financial Officer FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK, as Controlling Party

By: /s/ Helen Mucciolo

Name: Helen Mucciolo Title: Senior Vice President

AMERICAN GENERAL LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Mary Jane B. Fortin Name: Mary Jane B. Fortin Title: Executive Vice President

AMERICAN GENERAL LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ Kyle L. Jennings

Name:Kyle L. JenningsTitle:Executive Vice President,<br/>General Counsel and Secretary

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK

By: /s/ Kyle L. Jennings

Name: Kyle L. Jennings Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

By: /s/ Mary Jane B. Fortin

Name:Mary Jane B. FortinTitle:Executive Vice President and<br/>Chief Financial Officer

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK

By: /s/ Kyle L. Jennings

Name: Kyle L. Jennings Title: Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

AIG ANNUITY INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ N. Scott Gillis

Name: N. Scott Gillis Title: Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer

#### THE VARIABLE ANNUITY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

## By: /s/ N. Scott Gillis

Name: N. Scott Gillis Title: Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer

# FIRST SUNAMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ N. Scott Gillis

Name:	N. Scott Gillis
Title:	Senior Vice President
	Chief Financial Officer

AIG SECURITIES LENDING CORP., as AIG Agent

By: /s/ Michael F. Thorp

Name:	Michael F. Thorp
Title:	Vice President

# SUNAMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

By: /s/ N. Scott Gillis

Name: N. Scott Gillis Title: Senior Vice President Chief Financial Officer

AIG SUNAMERICA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

## By: /s/ N. Scott Gillis

Name:	N. Scott Gillis
Title:	Senior Vice President
	Chief Financial Officer

Schedule A to Asset Purchase Agreement

#### DESIGNATED RMBS POOL

#### [Attached]

A	<u> </u>	C	D	E	F	G Accrued	<u>H</u>	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	IMPAC SECD										
45254TPX6	ASSET 2004-3 CL 1A4 ACE SECS CORP 06-	349,409.99	262,057.49	142.04	262,199.54	1,259.54	11/25/2008	4,176.01	1,029.83	5,205.83	10.12
004421US0	NC1 CL A-2C	64,406,000.00	52,001,404.40	24,751.58	52,026,155.98	249,920.65	11/25/2008	0.00	179,448.98	179,448.98	348.92
	ACE SECS CORP 05-										
004427CA6	AG1 CL A-2C ACE SECS CORP	20,850,622.31	19,251,379.58	8,175.18	19,259,554.76	92,518.09	11/25/2008	2,428,915.29	59,270.07	2,488,185.36	4,837.97
00442EAH8	06- NC3 CL A-2D ACE SECS CORP	44,745,000.00	17,168,656.50	17,195.75	17,185,852.25	82,556.54	11/25/2008	0.00	124,669.20	124,669.20	242.40
00442PAF7	06- OP1 CL A-2D	42,758,000.00	17,603,468.60	16,622.17	17,620,090.77	84.642.51	11/25/2008	0.00	120,510.75	120,510.75	234.32
00442UAC3	ACE SECS H E 07- ASAP2 CL A-2B	14,000,000.00	7,550,200.00	5,333.61	7,555,533.61	,	11/25/2008	0.00	38,668.68	38,668.68	75.19
	ACE SECS CORP									,	
00442UAD1	2007-ASP2 CL A2C ADJUSTABLE RT	11,000,000.00	3,790,600.00	4,251.81	3,794,851.81	18,229.52	11/25/2008	0.00	30,825.59	30,825.59	59.94
007036JF4	MTG 05-3 8-A-3-2 ADJUSTABLE RT	8,130,000.00	6,090,183.00	3,232.80	6,093,415.80	29,271.25	11/25/2008	0.00	23,437.83	23,437.83	45.57
007036KP0	MTG 05-4 7-A-3-2	8,480,000.00	6,592,352.00	3,362.56	6,595,714.56	31,684.16	11/25/2008	0.00	24,378.53	24,378.53	47.40
007036QU3	ADJUSTABLE RATE MTG 05-8 7A31 ADJUSTABLE	23,611,631.80	20,339,059.63	9,179.02	20,348,238.65	97,747.85	11/25/2008	532,444.72	66,547.91	598,992.63	1,164.67
007036OV1	RATE MTG 05-8 7A32	13,250,000.00	7,389,525.00	5,386.49	7,394,911.49	35.523.31	11/25/2008	0.00	39,052.07	39,052.07	75.93
	ADJUSTABLE RATE		.,,.	5,000110	.,						
007036UQ7	05-11 CL 5A1 ADJUSTABLE	20,458,035.89	15,012,106.74	8,021.25	15,020,127.99	72,152.94	11/25/2008	368,831.82	58,154.10	426,985.91	830.22
0050050110	RATE	44 456 000 00	0.004.075.00	1 22 4 50	0.000.000.40	0.040.40	11/05/0000	0.00	24 252 62	04 050 00	60.06
007037BH6	ALTERNATIVE LN	11,156,000.00	2,064,975.60	4,324.50	2,069,300.10	9,940.40	11/25/2008	0.00	31,352.62	31,352.62	60.96
02146YAD8	06- OA9 CL 2A1B	4,151,706.96	1,992,819.34	5,680.05	1,998,499.39	9,600.29	11/20/2008	12,145.87	16,007.43	28,153.30	70.84
	ALTERNATIVE LN TR										
02147CAF0	2006-OA8 2A3 ALTERNATIVE LN	33,750,000.00	15,734,250.00	12,932.81	15,747,182.81	75,645.53	11/25/2008	0.00	93,762.89	93,762.89	182.31
02147DAB7	TR	214,332,679.30	98,593,032.48	82,131.09	98,675,163.57	474,010.82	11/25/2008	996,080.58	595,450.42	1,591,530.99	3,094.53

	07-									
02150KAX7	OH1 CL A-1-B	17,000,000.00	7,342,300.00	6,533.19	7,348,833.19	35,301.96 11/25/20	0.00	47,365.66	47,365.66	92.10
	ALTERNATIVE LN									
	TR									
02150KAY5	07-OH1 CL A1	11,203,000.00	2,625,983.20	4,392.51	2,630,375.71	12,635.67 11/25/20	0.00	31,845.69	31,845.69	61.92
	ALTERNATIVE LN									
	TR									
02150KBB4	07-OH1 CL A2	7,000,000.00	2.280,600.00	2,729.03	2,283,329.03	10,968.54 11/25/20	0.00	19,785.45	19,785.45	38.47
	ALTERNATIVE LN	,,.	,,	,	,,-			-,	-,	
	07-									
02150KBC2	OH1 CL A2C	4,949,000.00	773,528.70	1,962.42	775,491.12	3,725.27 11/25/20	0.00	14,227.52	14,227.52	27.66
	AMERICAN HOME									
026932AA1	MTG 2007-1 GA-1A	266,279,314.60	158,143,284.94	101,149.16	158,244,434.10	760,166.70 11/25/20	357,776.61	733,331.39	1,091,108.00	2,121.52
	AMERICAN MTG									
	07-1									
026932AB9	CL A1B	5,600,000.00	1,285,200.00	2,214.33	1,287,414.33	6,184.42 11/25/20	0.00	16,053.92	16,053.92	31.21
	ASSET BKD SEC									
	HM									
04541GVJ8	EQ 06-HE1 A3	24,763,946.00	20,209,856.33	9,516.92	20,219,373.25	97,128.81 11/25/20	08 501,731.23	68,997.68	570,728.91	1,109.71
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Α	В	C	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	ASET BACKED SECS										
04541GWE8	2006-HE2 A3 ASSET BACKED	4,769,352.77	3,900,853.63	1,827.59	3,902,681.22	18,747.50	11/25/2008	119,505.81	13,250.02	132,755.83	258.13
04544QAE7	06- HE7 CL A-5 BCAP LLC TR 07-	22,500,000.00	6,093,000.00	8,696.88	6,101,696.88	29,311.03	11/25/2008	0.00	63,052.34	63,052.34	122.60
05530PAB8	AA1 P/T CL 1A2 BCAP LLC TR 07-	30,000,000.00	11,655,000.00	11,395.83	11,666,395.83	56,042.45	11/25/2008	0.00	82,619.79	82,619.79	160.64
05530PAC6	AA1 CL 1A3	102,579,000.00	50,171,388.90	39,991.56	50,211,380.46	241,202.92	11/25/2008	0.00	289,938.83	289,938.83	563.75
05569QAC8	BNC MTG LN TR SER 07-2 CL A3 BANC AMER FDG	89,897,000.00	39,761,443.10	34,847.57	39,796,290.67	191,171.43	11/25/2008	0.00	252,644.91	252,644.91	491.24
058933AA0	06	114,744,541.00	76,832,944.65	155,933.05	76,988,877.70	369,835.32	11/20/2008	2,135,215.11	439,447.65	2,574,662.75	6,478.50
058933AB8		99,554,000.00	26,750,159.80	138,635.86	26,888,795.66	129,167.05	11/20/2008	0.00	390,701.07	390,701.07	983.10
05946XQY2	BANC AMER FDG CORP 05-A 5-A-1	8,259,057.60	6,238,892.11	11,551.78	6,250,443.89	30,025.57	11/20/2008	88,098.86	32,555.02	120,653.89	303.60
05946XQZ9	BANC AMER FDG CORP 05-A 5-A-2 BANC AMER FDG	3,749,808.60	3,075,593.01	5,256.24	3,080,849.26	14,799.63	11/20/2008	4,626.75	14,813.05	19,439.81	48.92
05946XRH8	CORP 05-A 5M1 BANC AMER FDG	4,612,000.00	1,162,224.00	6,662.10	1,168,886.10	5,615.04	11/20/2008	0.00	18,775.00	18,775.00	47.24
05946XRY1	CORP 05-B 3A1B BANC AMER FDG	32,000,000.00	23,334,400.00	44,855.56	23,379,255.56	112,308.10	11/20/2008	0.00	126,411.10	126,411.10	318.08
05950MAD2	2006 G P/T 2-A-3 BANC AMER FDG	220,999,000.00	139,715,567.80	300,328.43	140,015,896.23	672,601.36	11/20/2008	0.00	846,369.18	846,369.18	2,129.68
05950MAE0	2006 G 2-A-4 BANC AMER FDG	144,814,000.00	71,422,264.80	202,106.04	71,624,370.84	344,065.57	11/20/2008	0.00	569,564.20	569,564.20	1,433.17
05952DAQ1	2007- A 2A4 BANC AMER FDG	33,003,000.00	16,224,274.80	44,748.86	16,269,023.66	78,152.32	11/20/2008	0.00	126,110.44	126,110.44	317.33
05952GAD3	07- D CL 1-A-4 BEAR STEARNS	37,072,000.00	17,520,227.20	51,058.96	17,571,286.16	84,408.07	11/20/2008	0.00	143,893.42	143,893.42	362.07
073868AA9	ALT 06-6 CL 1A1 BEAR STEARNS	106,519,702.00	58,585,836.10	40,462.69	58,626,298.79	281,626.08	11/25/2008	2,674,653.99	293,354.52	2,968,008.51	5,770.92
07386HA92	ALT A	31,959,938.49	21,643,270.35	12,424.43	21,655,694.77	104,028.54	11/25/2008	584,558.61	90,077.09	674,635.70	1,311.74
07386HH46	ALT A	64,450,190.80	43,671,449.29	24,911.79	43,696,361.08	209,906.39	11/25/2008	673,684.41	180,610.47	854,294.88	1,661.07
07386HK26	ALT 2006-3 I-A-1 BEAR STEARNS	81,188,583.92	55,053,978.76	31,111.01	55,085,089.77	264,615.00	11/25/2008	1,577,973.46	225,554.86	1,803,528.32	3,506.74
07386HNQ0	ALT A 04-12 IA1 BEAR STEARNS	28,520,083.00	19,964,058.10	11,435.76	19,975,493.86	95,957.28	11/25/2008	649,853.39	82,909.27	732,762.66	1,424.77
07386HSP7	ALT A 05-4 IA1 BEAR STEARNS	27,827,620.91	20,052,583.63	10,756.15	20,063,339.78	96,379.27	11/25/2008	698,719.84	77,982.08	776,701.92	1,510.20
07386HUA7	ALT 05-E CL I-A-3 BEAR STEARNS	78,888,493.44	57,943,598.43	31,018.52	57,974,616.95	278,495.57	11/25/2008	1,151,076.80	224,884.25	1,375,961.05	2,675.38
07386HVG3	ALT A 05-7	109,200,196.70	75,959,656.82	42,815.58	76,002,472.40	365,096.88	11/25/2008	1,642,659.36	310,412.94	1,953,072.30	3,797.50

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	К	L
				Accrued	Designated	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase	Payment	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Accrued Interest on
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Interest	Purchase Price	Price	Date	Principal	Interest	Total Cash	amount in K
	BEAR STEARNS ALT										
07386HYW5	2005-10 I1A11	56,838,255.67	33,051,445.67	22,159.03	33,073,604.70	158,877.33	11/25/2008	1,551,658.16	160,652.94	1,712,311.10	3,329.37
	BEAR STEARNS 07-										
07386RAB5	HE4 CL 1-A-2	62,309,000.00	34,805,807.40	23,876.46	34,829,683.86	167,313.09	11/25/2008	0.00	173,104.36	173,104.36	336.58
	BEAR STEARNS 07-										
07386RAC3	HE4 CL 1-A-3	63,813,000.00	22,296,262.20	24,949.11	22,321,211.31	107,225.52	11/25/2008	0.00	180,881.05	180,881.05	351.70

	BEAR STEARNS										
07386XAA4	07-1 CL 1A1	49,390,192.02	27,139,910.51	18,761.41	27,158,671.93	130,463.47	11/25/2008	1,575,988.20	136,020.25	1,712,008.45	3,328.79
	BEAR STEARNS ALT										
073871AA3	06 4 I1A1	68,655,206.67	46,424,650.75	26,079.44	46,450,730.19	223,137.70	11/25/2008	2,048,949.33	189,075.96	2,238,025.29	4,351.56
	BEAR STEARNS ALT A										
073871AE5	06-4 I-3A-1	87,941,956.46	56,960,005.20	33,405.73	56,993,410.93	273,782.10	11/25/2008	1,422,317.00	242,191.54	1,664,508.54	3,236.43
	BEAR STEARNS ALT										
073875AA4	06-7 CL 1A1	102,680,570.90	65,633,420.92	39,118.45	65,672,539.36	315,474.46	11/25/2008	2,103,943.23	283,608.73	2,387,551.96	4,642.30
	BEAR STEARNS ALT										
07387QAA8	06-8 CL 1A1	9,360,688.31	6,077,894.92	3,555.76	6,081,450.68	29,213.77	11/25/2008	92,294.63	25,779.27	118,073.90	229.58
	BEAR STEARNS ALT										
07387RAA6	07-3 CL 1-A-1	193,843,860.00	106,614,123.00	74,710.65	106,688,833.65	512,506.48	11/25/2008	2,010,186.23	541,652.24	2,551,838.47	4,961.73
	BEAR STEARNS ABS										
07387UFE6	2006-IM1 A-2	34,443,229.81	26,283,628.67	13,236.72	26,296,865.39	126,323.57	11/25/2008	945,185.26	95,966.26	1,041,151.53	2,024.39
	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 2006-IM1										
07387UFW6	A3	36,391,000.00	11,270,292.70	14,308.74	11,284,601.44	54,208.40	11/25/2008	0.00	103,738.36	103,738.36	201.71
07387UFY2	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 06-IM1 A5	75,078,498.72	56,391,460.39	28,853.08	56,420,313.47	271,029.08	11/25/2008	1,996,679.61	209,184.86	2,205,864.47	4,289.03
07401114 D0	BEAR STEARNS		52,025,042,20			254.052.00	11/25/2000	0.00	400 751 57		052.10
07401UAB9	2007-SV1 A2 144A BEAR STEARNS	152,192,000.00	52,825,843.20	60,517.46	52,886,360.66	254,052.86	11/25/2008	0.00	438,751.57	438,751.57	853.10
07401UAU7		20,949,815.31	8,608,279.11	8,167.52	8,616,446.63	41,391.26	11/25/2008	398,977.98	59,214.51	458,192.49	890.90
	BEAR STEARNS SECOND 07-1 CL										
07401WAA7	1A DEAD STEADNS	34,139,664.96	22,935,026.92	13,082.13	22,948,109.05	110,236.98	11/25/2008	1,692,487.53	94,845.44	1,787,332.98	3,475.25
07401WAP4	BEAR STEARNS SECOND 2007-1 2A	69,742,314.59	38,358,273.02	26,957.34	38,385,230.37	184,393.05	11/25/2008	2,404,210.51	195,440.73	2,599,651.24	5,054.70
	BEAR STEARNS SECOND 2007-1										
07401WBA6	3A1	97,624,301.88	50,764,636.98	37,734.50	50,802,371.48	244,041.89	11/25/2008	4,258,910.71	274,570.94	4,533,481.65	8,814.79
	C BASS TR 2005- CB4										
12489WLX0	CL AV-2	5,562,985.85	5,326,558.95	2,168.79	5,328,727.74	25,597.88	11/25/2008	856,313.47	15,723.75	872,037.22	1,695.57
	C BASS MTG LN 07-										
1248RHAC1	CB6 CL A-3	24,179,000.00	7,923,458.30	9,345.86	7,932,804.16	38,107.21	11/25/2008	0.00	67,757.45	67,757.45	131.75
126670FC7	CWABS INC 2005- IM2 CL A4	11,000,000.00	4,335,100.00	4,410.69	4,339,510.69	20 845 02	11/25/2008	0.00	31,977.53	31,977.53	62.18
1200/01 C/	CWABS INC 05-	11,000,000.00	4,555,100.00	4,410.05	4,000,010.00	20,043.52	11/23/2000	0.00	51,577.55	51,577.55	02.10
126670JD1	IM3 A-3	149 023 831 30	102,647,615.00	58,098.60	102,705,713.60	493 372 57	11/25/2008	4,437,920.93	421,214.83	4,859,135.76	9,447.98
	CWABS INC 2006-4			ĺ.		,			<i>,</i>		, i
126670WT1	CL 2 A2 CWABS INC 05-	11,882,779.92	9,860,330.78	4,540.21	9,864,870.99	47,388.37	11/25/2008	362,157.40	32,916.54	395,073.94	768.17
40000001:20	IM1		50.054.000.00	05 050 00	50.000.005.00	250.004.05	11/05/0000	0.005 500 05		D 105 5 10 00	4 604 47
1266733W0	CL A2	63,760,559.78	53,871,296.96	25,070.30	53,896,367.26	258,904.67	11/25/2008	2,225,786.37	181,759.66	2,407,546.03	4,681.17

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	CWALT INC 04-J5										
12667FNG6	CL 2-A-3	12,058,374.51	9,733,519.90	5,036.05	9,738,555.95	46,781,59	11/25/2008	316,166.86	36,511.33	352,678.19	685.74
	CWALT INC 2005-	,,.	-,,	-,	-,,	.,		,	,		
12667G3U5	44 CL 2-A-2B	7,482,091.49	2,902,303.29	3,108.19	2,905,411.47	13 956 87	11/25/2008	54,874.10	22,534.35	77,408.45	150.51
1200/ 0000	CWALT INC 2005-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,002,000120	5,100115	2,000,11117	10,00010/	11,20,2000	0 1,07 1120	,00 1100	77,100110	100101
12667GS20	41 CL 2A2	4,593,129.35	1,515,732.69	1,836.61	1,517,569.30	7 290 02	11/25/2008	48,223,62	13,315.45	61.539.07	119.66
1200/ 6020	CWHEQ INC 2005-	4,000,120.00	1,010,702.00	1,000.01	1,017,000.00	7,230.02	11/20/2000	40,220.02	10,010.40	01,000.07	115.00
126685BA3	L CL A1	1,609,484.29	883,445.93	3,438.93	886,884.86	4 260 27	11/17/2008	399.63	6,238.59	6,638.22	18.98
120003BA3	CWALT INC 2005-	1,009,404.29	003,443.93	5,450.55	000,004.00	4,200.37	11/1//2000	355.03	0,230.39	0,030.22	10.90
12668A4S1	AR1 CL 2A3 CWALT ALT SER	81,275,000.00	50,366,117.50	32,589.02	50,398,706.52	242,102.79	11/25/2008	0.00	236,270.38	236,270.38	459.40
	06-										
12668PAC6	OA17 CL 1A1C	50,162,000.00	27,679,391.60	68,474.61	27,747,866.21	133,293.81	11/20/2008	0.00	192,951.90	192,951.90	485.52
	CWALT ALT SER 06-										
12668PAD4		14,093,000.00	3,447,147.80	19,668.54	3,466,816.34	16,653.72	11/20/2008	0.00	55,423.21	55,423.21	139.46
126694A40	CWMBS INC 2006- OA1 CL 2A2	7,075,845.24	2,094,450.19	9,918.47	2,104,368.66	10 108 86	11/20/2008	45,585.94	27,861.98	73,447.91	184.81
12000 1110	CWMBS INC 05-7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2,00 1, 100110	5,510177	2,10 1,000100	10,100,000	11,20,2000	10,00010 1	27,00100	70,11101	10 1101
12669GNP2	2- A-1	1,647,892.76	1,048,059.80	980.15	1,049,039.95	5 039 33	11/25/2008	5,113.36	5,064.12	10,177.49	19.79
	CWMBS INC 05-1					,		, i	,	ĺ.	
12669GRQ6	CWHL P/T 2-A-1 CWABS ASSET	8,934,642.72	5,094,533.28	3,522.98	5,098,056.26	24,489.79	11/25/2008	60,058.45	25,541.60	85,600.05	166.44
12669QAC3	BACKED CTFS TR	11,358,000.00	7,764,328.80	4,339.70	7,768,668.50	37,318.74	11/25/2008	0.00	31,462.84	31,462.84	61.18
126600 4 D1	CWABS ASSET BACKED CTFS TR	47,554,000.00	21,004,601.80	18,486.62	21,023,088.42	100 090 66	11/25/2008	0.00	134.027.98	134.027.98	260.60
12009QAD1	CWABS ASSET	47,554,000.00	21,004,001.00	10,400.02	21,023,000.42	100,969.00	11/25/2000	0.00	154,027.90	134,027.90	200.00
120001474 52	BKD	24 027 000 00	7 100 400 20	0 202 00	7 207 002 00	24 624 97	11/25/2000	0.00	CO 105 70	C0 105 70	122.42
12009WAF3	07-8 CTF 2-A-4 CWHEO	24,027,000.00	7,198,489.20	9,393.89	7,207,883.09	34,024.87	11/25/2008	0.00	68,105.70	68,105.70	132.42
	REVOLVING										
12670HAB2	07-S3 CL A-2 CHASEFLEX TR	186,657,706.20	78,396,236.60	72,770.58	78,469,007.18	376,945.49	11/25/2008	1,364,565.41	527,586.71	1,892,152.13	3,679.05
	SER										
16165YAB8	07-M1 CL 1A2 CITIGROUP	36,000,000.00	18,000,000.00	20,932.50	18,020,932.50	86,568.05	11/25/2008	0.00	108,151.24	108,151.24	210.29
	HELOC										
172978AD0	TR 06 NCB1 2A3 CITIGROUP MTG	27,500,000.00	11,000,000.00	58,055.56	11,058,055.56	53,120.13	11/17/2008	0.00	107,669.22	107,669.22	307.87
	06-										
17309SAD2		31,400,000.00	12,528,600.00	12,136.97	12,540,736.97	60,242.57	11/25/2008	0.00	87,993.05	87,993.05	171.09
	CITIGROUP MTG										

150100 4 05	LN	20.000.000.00	0.000.000.00	<b>=</b> 640.44	0.000.010.44	10, 150, 10	11/05/0000	0.00	FF 0 40 0F	55 0 40 05	105 11
17310RAB5	06 AR9 CL 1A2	20,000,000.00	9,662,000.00	7,619.44	9,669,619.44	46,450.43	11/25/2008	0.00	55,240.97	55,240.97	107.41
	CITIGROUP MTG SER										
17311XAB1	07-AMC2 A3B	170,788,000.00	60,680,976.40	65,255.25	60,746,231.65	291,809.71	11/25/2008	0.00	473,100.55	473,100.55	919.88
	CITIGROUP MTG 07-			·					, i	, i	
17312TAJ2	AHL2 CL A-3B	48,000,000.00	18,600,000.00	18,446.67	18,618,446.67	89,438.36	11/25/2008	0.00	133,738.33	133,738.33	260.04
	CITIGROUP MTG LN										
17313BAD3	07-AMC4 A2C	36,285,000.00	18,146,128,50	13.823.58	18,159,952.08	87.235.87	11/25/2008	0.00	100.198.38	100,198.38	194.82
	CITIGROUP MTG LN		-, -,	-,	-,,	,				,	
17313CAB5	07-WFHE3 A-2	125,723,000.00	65,526,827.60	47,757.28	65,574,584.88	315,003.91	11/25/2008	0.00	346,240.27	346,240.27	673.22
	CWABS ASSET BKD										
23242FAC0	06-16 2A2	112,662,000.00	57,728,008.80	42,670.73	57,770,679.53	277,515.90	11/25/2008	0.00	309,362.81	309,362.81	601.52

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	<u> </u>	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	CWALT ALT LN										
23242GAC8	TR 06-OA16 A-1C CWALT ALT LN	160,300,000.00	98,408,170.00	61,426.07	98,469,596.07	473,023.32	11/25/2008	0.00	445,339.00	445,339.00	865.91
23242GAD6	TR 06-OA16 A 1-D CWALT ALT SER	38,000,000.00	11,856,000.00	14,941.39	11,870,941.39	57,025.03	11/25/2008	0.00	108,325.07	108,325.07	210.62
23242GAR5	06- OA16 CL M9 CWALT ALT 06-	51,732,000.00	25,369,372.80	20,168.30	25,389,541.10	121,965.01	11/25/2008	0.00	146,220.14	146,220.14	284.31
232434AD2	0C8 2-A-2B CWALT ALT LN TR	200,000,000.00	100,000,000.00	76,194.44	100,076,194.44	480,741.02	11/25/2008	0.00	552,409.72	552,409.72	1,074.09
23243AAB2	2006 OA12 A-1B	89,209,000.00	49,457,469.60	121,776.48	49,579,246.08	238,166.30	11/20/2008	0.00	342,651.44	342,651.44	862.20
23243AAC0	CWALT ALT 2006- OA12 A-1C CWALT ALT 06-	10,000,000.00	1,665,000.00	13,925.69	1,678,925.69	8,065.14	11/20/2008	0.00	39,183.75	39,183.75	98.60
23243VAC4	OC7 P/T 2-A-2 CWALT ALT P/T	10,500,000.00	7,561,050.00	4,000.21	7,565,050.21	36,340.61	11/25/2008	0.00	29,001.51	29,001.51	56.39
23244JAC0	06- OC11 CL 2A2A DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-	24,000,000.00	16,029,600.00	9,143.33	16,038,743.33	77,046.11	11/25/2008	0.00	66,289.17	66,289.17	128.89
25150MAC0	RAMP1 CL A2	87,099,000.00	68,799,500.10	32,988.75	68,832,488.85	330,654.07	11/25/2008	0.00	239,168.41	239,168.41	465.03
25150MAD8	DEUTSCHE ALT A 2007 RAMP1 A3 DEUTSCHE ALT A	40,896,000.00	18,816,249.60	15,898.32	18,832,147.92	90,464.93	11/25/2008	0.00	115,262.82	115,262.82	224.11
25150RAD7	06- AR6 CL A4 DEUTSCHE ATL	99,400,000.00	62,005,720.00	37,868.64	62,043,588.64	298,041.89	11/25/2008	0.00	274,547.63	274,547.63	533.82
25150VAC0	AT 2007-AR3 1A3 DEUTSCHE ALT A	45,223,089.89	26,301,749.08	17,278.99	26,319,028.07	126,430.03	11/25/2008	621,189.45	125,272.67	746,462.12	1,451.40
25150VAD8	2007-AR3 1A4 DEUTSCHE ALT A	30,489,000.00	9,146,700.00	12,123.61	9,158,823.61	43,996.70	11/25/2008	0.00	87,896.19	87,896.19	170.90
25150VAL0	SECS 07-AR3 2A4 DEUTSCHE ALT A	96,270,000.00	26,917,092.00	38,601.60	26,955,693.60	129,488.41	11/25/2008	0.00	279,861.57	279,861.57	544.16
25150VBA3	2007-AR3 2A2B DEUTSCHE ALT A	139,340,000.00	85,652,298.00	54,168.43	85,706,466.43	411,712.44	11/25/2008	0.00	392,721.08	392,721.08	763.60
251510NC3	SECS 06-AF1 IA4 DEUTSCHE ALT A	125,388,000.00	47,145,888.00	49,580.51	47,195,468.51	226,715.23	11/25/2008	0.00	359,458.66	359,458.66	698.92
25151AAE1	2006 AR3 A-5 DEUTSCHE ALT A	127,901,000.00	54,997,430.00	48,726.73	55,046,156.73	264,427.98	11/25/2008	0.00	353,268.78	353,268.78	686.89
25151TAD2	07- BAR1 CL A4	73,020,000.00	19,357,602.00	28,386.53	19,385,988.53	93,125.44	11/25/2008	0.00	205,802.30	205,802.30	400.16
	DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-										
25151UAD9	AR2 CL A4 DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-	11,889,223.50	8,318,889.68	4,483.23	8,323,372.91	39,983.40	11/25/2008	144,744.34	32,503.40	177,247.74	344.64
25151UAE7	AR2 CL A5 DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-	9,436,000.00	2,406,180.00	3,610.58	2,409,790.58	11,576.03	11/25/2008	0.00	26,176.71	26,176.71	50.90
25151UAF4	AR2 CL A6 DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-	5,548,267.97	2,437,908.95	2,101.41	2,440,010.35	11,721.20	11/25/2008	67,549.05	15,235.20	82,784.24	160.96
25151UAG2	AR2 CL A7 DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-	4,309,000.00	296,028.30	1,664.59	297,692.89	1,430.04	11/25/2008	0.00	12,066.55	12,066.55	23.46
25151YAB5	1 CL 1-A2	20,000,000.00	14,138,000.00	7,597.22	14,145,597.22	67,951.91	11/25/2008	0.00	55,079.86	55,079.86	107.10

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	DEUTSCHE ALT A										
	07-										
25151YAC3	1 CL 1-A-3A	139,392,000.00	68,762,073.60	53,724.00	68,815,797.60	330,573.89	11/25/2008	0.00	389,499.00	389,499.00	757.33
	FBR SEC TR 2005-1										
30246QAB9	BKD NT A-2	32,203,104.87	20,603,546.50	9,338.90	20,612,885.40	99,019.15	11/28/2008	299,992.10	96,501.97	396,494.07	634.89
	FIELDSTONE MTG										
316599AE9	SER 06-3 CL 2A4	15,000,000.00	3,895,500.00	5,831.25	3,901,331.25	18,741.02	11/25/2008	0.00	42,276.56	42,276.56	82.20
	FIELDSTONE MTG										
31659TDR3	05-2 CL 2-A-2	54,693,016.59	49,272,938.65	21,261.91	49,294,200.56	236,797.02	11/25/2008	5,889,440.43	154,148.85	6,043,589.28	11,751.00
	FIRST FRANKLIN										
	06-										

320275AE0	FF16 CL 2A4	28,000,000.00	9,366,000.00	10,791.67	9,376,791.67	45 042 76	11/25/2008	0.00	78,239.58	78,239.58	152.13
32027 JAE0	FIRST FRANKLIN	20,000,000.00	9,300,000.00	10,791.07	9,370,791.07	43,043.70	11/23/2000	0.00	70,239.30	/0,239.30	132.13
	06-	25 000 000 00	<b>5</b> 00 <b>5</b> 500 00	0 540 55	5 005 040 55	24.002.20	11/05/0000	0.00	<b>TO 100 01</b>		125.00
32027EAF8	FF5 CL 2A4 FIRST FRANKLIN	25,000,000.00	7,087,500.00	9,718.75	7,097,218.75	34,093.26	11/25/2008	0.00	70,460.94	70,460.94	137.00
	05-										
32027NVU2	FF9 CL A-3	58,813,053.04	48,044,383.03	23,124.97	48,067,507.99	230,904.29	11/25/2008	3,248,194.71	167,656.00	3,415,850.72	6,641.69
	FIRST FRANKLIN										
32027NZL8	06- FFH1 CL A-4	7,500,000.00	5,194,500.00	2,965.63	5,197,465.63	24 967 33	11/25/2008	0.00	21,500.78	21,500.78	41.81
SECE/ITEEC	FIRST FRANKLIN	7,500,000.00	5,154,500.00	2,305.05	5,157,405.05	24,007.00	11/20/2000	0.00	21,000.70	21,000.70	41.01
	07-										
32029GAD6	FF2 CL A2C FIRST FRANKLIN	202,099,000.00	73,927,814.20	76,545.00	74,004,359.20	355,498.44	11/25/2008	0.00	554,951.22	554,951.22	1,079.03
	07-										
32029GAE4	FF2 CL A2D	65,214,000.00	24,050,923.20	25,207.02	24,076,130.22	115,655.71	11/25/2008	0.00	182,750.91	182,750.91	355.34
	FIRST FRANKLIN										
32029HAB8	07 FFC CL A2A	80,881,533.00	44,484,843.15	30,633.88	44,515,477.03	213,841.22	11/25/2008	3,072,638.47	222,095.64	3,294,734.10	6,406.20
SECECTATION	FIRST REP MTG	00,001,000100	1,10,10,10110	50,000100	1,010,177100	210,0 11122	11,20,2000	5,67 2,6561 17	222,000101	5,25 1,75 110	0,100120
000404454	LN	600 D (F F (	545 005 00	1 115 10	540.040.00	0.400.05	44.45.0000	E 40 E0	0.004.00	2 (50.22	0.05
336161AT1	2000-FRB2 B1 GSAMP TR 2006	608,345.54	517,397.88	1,415.42	518,813.30	2,492.25	11/17/2008	543.70	2,934.63	3,478.33	9.95
	HE8										
3622M8AD8	P/T CL A2C	85,335,000.00	40,687,728.00	32,510.26	40,720,238.26	195,609.84	11/25/2008	0.00	235,688.89	235,688.89	458.27
	GSAMP TR 2007 NC1										
3622MGAD0	P/T CL A2C	136,365,000.00	54,777,820.50	51,648.24	54,829,468.74	263,387.06	11/25/2008	0.00	374,449.77	374,449.77	728.07
	GSAMP TR 2007	, ,	- , ,	- ,	- ,,	,				- ,	
2622MC AE9	NC1 P/T CL A-2D	70 974 000 00	20,299,243.20	30,942.89	20,330,186.09	07 661 12	11/25/2008	0.00	224,335.93	224,335.93	436.19
5022INIGAE0	GSR MTG LN TR	79,824,000.00	20,299,243.20	50,942.09	20,550,160.09	97,001.15	11/23/2000	0.00	224,333.93	224,555.95	430.19
	07-										
3622NAAD2	OA1 CL 2A2	74,739,000.00	38,079,520.50	29,054.79	38,108,575.29	183,064.07	11/25/2008	0.00	210,647.20	210,647.20	409.58
	GS MTG SECS CORP										
362334AU8	06-FF3 CL A2B	79,739,451.58	59,142,751.24	30,644.31	59,173,395.55	284,254.20	11/25/2008	3,917,955.54	222,171.28	4,140,126.81	8,049.96
	GS MTG SECS										
362341D89	CORP 2005-15 2A3	114,715,000.00	50,910,517.00	45,997.53	50,956,514.53	244,782.36	11/25/2008	0.00	333,482.08	333,482.08	648.41
502541205	GS MTG SECS	114,713,000.00	50,510,517.00	-3,337.33	30,330,314.33	244,702.30	11/23/2000	0.00	333,402.00	333,402.00	040.41
	CORP										
362341L49	2005-WMC3 A2B GS MTG 2005-FF8	14,569,049.60	11,870,861.61	5,663.72	11,876,525.33	57,051.86	11/25/2008	704,292.84	41,020.54	745,313.38	1,449.17
	CL										
362341QP7	A2C	9,043,696.30	8,468,517.22	3,545.88	8,472,063.10	40,697.67	11/25/2008	1,205,434.47	25,707.65	1,231,142.12	2,393.80
	GS MTG SECS										
362341YD5	CORP 2005-F11 A2C	15,279,654.60	13,771,552.69	5,939.97	13,777,492.65	66 183 63	11/25/2008	1,351,454.58	43,064.75	1,394,519.33	2,711.47
002041100	GSAA HM EQ TR	10,270,004.00	10,771,002.00	0,000.07	10,777,402.00	00,100.00	11/20/2000	1,001,404.00	40,004.70	1,004,010.00	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
362381AS4	2006 12 A-2-A	35,021,000.00	16,701,514.90	13,264.20	16,714,779.10	80,293.62	11/25/2008	0.00	96,165.46	96,165.46	186.98
	GSAMP TR 2006 HE3										
36244KAD7	P/T A-2C	51,980,000.00	33,651,852.00	19,745.18	33,671,597.18	161,749.93	11/25/2008	0.00	142,670.34	142,670.34	277.40

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
				Accrued	Designated	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase	Payment	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Accrued Interest on
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Interest	Purchase Price	Price	Date	Principal	Interest	Total Cash	amount in K
	GE WMC MTG										
367910AC0	SECS 05-1 CL A2B	12,534,018.00	12,081,539.95	4,872.60	12,086,412.55	58 060 10	11/25/2008	2,463,580.35	35,326.35	2,498,906.70	4,858.81
30/310AC0	GREENPOINT MTG	12,334,010.00	12,001,000.00	4,072.00	12,000,412.55	30,000.10	11/23/2000	2,403,300.33	33,320.33	2,430,300.70	4,050.01
39538AAC0	06-AR5 CL 1A2A1	34,500,000.00	19,430,400.00	13,143.54	19,443,543.54	93,401.92	11/25/2008	0.00	95,290.68	95,290.68	185.28
39538AAG1	GREENPOINT MTG 06-AR5 CL A3A1	60,000,000.00	17,502,000.00	23,191.67	17,525,191.67	84,186,64	11/25/2008	0.00	168,139.58	168,139.58	326.93
	GREENPOINT MTG			,		,			,	,	
39538BAB0	2003-AR6 1-A2A1	34,517,589.43	18,908,735.49	13,150.24	18,921,885.73	90,896.01	11/25/2008	0.00	95,339.26	95,339.26	185.38
39538BAC8	GREENPOINT MTG 06-AR6 CL A2A2	24,171,000.00	13,226,371.20	9,154.77	13,235,525.97	63,580,16	11/25/2008	0.00	66,372.05	66,372.05	129.05
	GREENPOINT MTG	í í	í í	ĺ.	<i>. . . . . . . . . .</i>	,			,	ĺ.	
39538BAE4	2006-AR6 1-A3A GREENPOINT MTG	58,029,570.63	17,031,678.98	22,430.04	17,054,109.02	81,923.68	11/25/2008	0.00	162,617.80	162,617.80	316.19
39538CAC6		34,500,000.00	18,033,150.00	13,162.71	18,046,312.71	86,689.97	11/25/2008	0.00	95,429.63	95,429.63	185.55
	GREENPOINT MTG										
39538CAD4	06-AR7 CL 1A22 GREENPOINT MTG	46,758,000.00	24,258,050.40	17,709.59	24,275,759.99	116,614.68	11/25/2008	0.00	128,394.55	128,394.55	249.65
39538CAE2	06-AR7 1-A3A1	60,000,000.00	16,080,000.00	23,225.00	16,103,225.00	77,355.87	11/25/2008	0.00	168,381.25	168,381.25	327.40
205201/021/0	GREENPOINT MTG	1405004005	4 40 4 515 55	F 722 41	4 500 0 40 00	21 610 07	11/25/2000	0.00	41 567 20	41 567 20	00.02
39238 M B M 9	2005-HY1 1-A1B GREENPOINT MTG	14,259,249.85	4,494,515.55	5,733.41	4,500,248.96	21,618.07	11/25/2008	0.00	41,567.20	41,567.20	80.82
39539FAC8	2006-AR4 A2-A	36,992,000.00	23,053,414.40	14,072.37	23,067,486.77	110,810.44	11/25/2008	0.00	102,024.71	102,024.71	198.37
39539FAE4	GREENPOINT MTG 2006-AR4 A3-3	190,914,000.00	60,958,840.20	73,687.50	61,032,527.70	202 195 00	11/25/2008	0.00	534,234.38	534,234.38	1,038.75
55555FAE4	GREENPOINT MTG	150,514,000.00	00,330,040.20	/3,007.30	01,032,327.70	233,103.00	11/23/2000	0.00	554,254.50	554,254.50	1,030.75
39539HAC4		30,008,033.92	17,137,588.17	11,465.57	17,149,053.74	82,379.77	11/25/2008	0.00	83,125.38	83,125.38	161.63
39539HAD2	GREENPOINT MTG 06-AR8 CL 1A3A	180,048,203.50	55,922,972.01	69,793.69	55,992,765.69	268 975 25	11/25/2008	0.00	506.004.22	506,004.22	983.86
5555511102	HSI ASSET 2005-	100,040,200.00	55,522,572.01	03,730.03	55,552,7 65.65	200,375.25	11/20/2000	0.00	500,004.22	500,004.22	565.66
40.420114.00	NC1	0.050 411 50	0.014.007.20	2 762 10	0.010 700 00	42,042,25	11/25/2000	002 424 50	27 202 40	000 707 00	1 (12 2)
40430HAD0	CL II A2 HSI SECUR 05-NC2	9,652,411.53	8,914,967.29	3,763.10	8,918,730.39	42,843.35	11/25/2008	802,424.56	27,282.48	829,707.03	1,613.26
40430HBC1	CL 2-A-3	14,097,676.00	13,144,673.10	5,511.80	13,150,184.90	63,170.20	11/25/2008	1,559,281.16	39,960.55	1,599,241.71	3,109.53
	HSI ASSET SECURE										
40430HBP2	05-NC2 CL 1A	15,886,405.39	14,553,535.98	6,211.14	14,559,747.12	69,941.39	11/25/2008	543,221.25	45,030.79	588,252.04	1,143.78
	HSI ASSET									i i i	
40430HCA4	SECURE 2005-OPT1 M1	33,491,000.00	7,826,846.70	13,689.45	7,840,536.15	37 663 98	11/25/2008	0.00	99,248.49	99,248.49	192.98
40450110714	HSI ASSET	33,431,000.00	7,020,040.70	13,003.43	7,040,000.10	57,005.50	11/23/2000	0.00	55,240.45	55,240.45	152.50
40 42011007	SECURITIZATION	0.000.000.00	2 (07 200 00	2 1 6 2 2 2	2 610 262 22	17 242 20	11/25/2000	0.00	22,022,22	22,022,22	44.50
40430HDD7	CORP HSI ASSET	8,000,000.00	3,607,200.00	3,163.33	3,610,363.33	17,343.28	11/25/2008	0.00	22,932.33	22,932.33	44.59
	SECURE										
40430HER5	2006-NC1 2A	26,261,933.84	20,103,510.35	10,150.97	20,113,661.32	96,621.00	11/25/2008	837,890.19	72,985.54	910,875.73	1,771.08
	HSBC HOME										

40431FAA9	EQUITY USA 07-1 A-S	28,563,652.04	18,220,753.64	39,078.65	18,259,832.28	87,715.67 11/20/2008	459,305.07	110,130.73	569,435.80	1,432.84
40431FAB7	HSBC HOME EQUITY LN TR 07-1 AM	17.852.282.30	11.405.823.16	24.642.35	11.430.465.51	54,909.10 11/20/2008	287.065.67	69.446.62	356.512.29	897.07
40431FAB7	HSBC HOME EQUITY	17,032,202.30	11,403,023.10	24,042.33	11,430,403.31	54,505.10 11/20/2008	207,003.07	09,440.02	330,312.29	097.07
40431FAF8	07-1 CL A-2V	14,350,000.00	10,522,855.00	19,544.90	10,542,399.90	50,643.05 11/20/2008	0.00	55,081.08	55,081.08	138.60

<u>A</u>	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	HSBC HOME										
40431FAH4	HSBC HOME	17,100,000.00	9,232,290.00	23,603.94	9,255,893.94	44,463.00	11/20/2008	0.00	66,520.19	66,520.19	167.38
40431FAJ0	EQUITY 07-1 CL A-4 HSI ASSET SECUR	24,300,000.00	13,396,590.00	34,433.44	13,431,023.44	64,519.28	11/20/2008	0.00	97,039.69	97,039.69	244.18
40431JAD5	07-OPT1 CL 2A3 HSI ASSET SECUR	28,466,000.00	10,976,489.60	10,781.50	10,987,271.10	52,780.10	11/25/2008	0.00	78,165.86	78,165.86	151.98
40431JAF0	07-OPT1 CL M1	17,396,000.00	1,297,741.60	6,743.37	1,304,484.97	6,266.42	11/25/2008	0.00	48,889.40	48,889.40	95.06
40431JAG8	HSI ASSET SECUR 07-OPT1 CL M2	6,000,000.00	627,000.00	2,352.50	629,352.50	3,023.25	11/25/2008	0.00	17,055.63	17,055.63	33.16
40431RAD7	HSI ASSET SECUR 07-WF1 CL 2A3 HOME EQUITY	58,647,000.00	30,549,222.30	22,342.88	30,571,565.18	146,858.16	11/25/2008	0.00	161,903.60	161,903.60	314.80
43708DAA4	MTG 07-1 CL A HOME EQUITY	68,653,737.23	44,034,507.06	26,002.60	44,060,509.66	211,655.67	11/25/2008	2,972,762.17	188,518.88	3,161,281.05	6,146.72
43709XAF8	MTG 06-E CL 2A-4 HOME EQUITY LN	30,000,000.00	8,058,000.00	11,562.50	8,069,562.50	38,764.16	11/25/2008	0.00	83,828.12	83,828.12	162.99
43710XAC2	07-FRE1 2-AV-2 HOME EQUITY LN	22,355,000.00	11,528,473.50	8,491.80	11,536,965.30	55,420.70	11/25/2008	0.00	61,565.51	61,565.51	119.71
43710XAD0	07-FRE1 2-AV-3 HOMEBANC MTG TR	33,800,000.00	13,695,760.00	13,102.19	13,708,862.19	65,853.95	11/25/2008	0.00	94,990.91	94,990.91	184.70
43739EAB3	2004-1 CL II-A HOMEBANC MTG TR	27,888,892.26	17,570,002.12	19,144.56	17,589,146.69	84,493.86	11/25/2008	301,954.60	95,722.81	397,677.42	773.23
43739EAJ6	2004-2 A-1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	49,590,638.34	33,746,429.39	19,994.67	33,766,424.06	162,205.46	11/25/2008	818,652.29	144,961.36	963,613.65	1,873.63
43739EAP2	2005-1 A-1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	120,098,539.70	70,161,566.89	46,821.75	70,208,388.64	337,263.55	11/25/2008	1,418,958.97	339,457.69	1,758,416.66	3,419.02
43739EAQ0		24,200,729.40	8,775,184.48	9,596.26	8,784,780.74	42,199.89	11/25/2008	285,930.55	69,572.90	355,503.45	691.23
43739EAZ0	05-2 CL A-1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	6,103,285.75	1,490,422.38	2,352.31	1,492,774.69	7,170.92	11/25/2008	0.00	17,054.24	17,054.24	33.16
43739EBJ5	05-3 MTG A-1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	124,448,294.20	72,180,010.64	48,379.27	72,228,389.91	346,967.13	11/25/2008	1,184,317.55	350,749.74	1,535,067.29	2,984.75
43739EBS5	05-4 P/T CL A1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	98,027,384.42	68,619,169.09	38,434.90	68,657,604.00	329,813.97	11/25/2008	992,551.51	278,653.05	1,271,204.56	2,471.70
43739ECB1	2005-5 CL A1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	191,954,046.00	119,510,589.04	75,048.70	119,585,637.74	574,459.51	11/25/2008	1,358,856.02	544,103.08	1,902,959.09	3,700.07
43739ECD7	2005-5 CL M1 HOMEBANC MTG TR	13,009,400.00	1,738,055.84	5,418.78	1,743,474.62	8,375.22	11/25/2008	0.00	39,286.13	39,286.13	76.39
43739ECE5	2005-5 CL M2 HOMEBANC MTG TR	9,506,800.00	1,164,583.00	3,991.54	1,168,574.54	5,613.54	11/25/2008	0.00	28,938.63	28,938.63	56.27
43739HAA8	06 2 P/T A-1 IXIS REAL ESTATE 07-	13,268,477.92	7,961,086.75	5,069.66	7,966,156.42	38,267.42	11/25/2008	196,651.49	36,755.07	233,406.55	453.83
45073DAC2		45,000,000.00	16,641,000.00	17,093.75	16,658,093.75	80,021.32	11/25/2008	0.00	123,764.94	123,764.94	240.65
45073DAD0		46,000,000.00	17,121,200.00	17,831.39	17,139,031.39	82,331.62	11/25/2008	0.00	129,105.71	129,105.71	251.03

A	В	<u> </u>	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	IMPAC CMB TR 03-										
45254NFY8	03- 11 CL 1-A-1	5,407,749.31	4,321,332.47	2,414.71	4,323,747.18	20,770.20	11/25/2008	316,764.25	17,506.65	334,270.90	649.95
	IMPAC CMB TR 04-4										
45254NHT7	1 A2	18,622,548.00	14,093,544.33	8,025.80	14,101,570.13	67,740.42	11/25/2008	146,361.14	58,127.71	204,488.85	397.60
	IMPAC CMB TR 04-5										
45254NJH1	1 A2	34,708,564.00	24,795,798.12	13,917.17	24,809,715.29	119,179.67	11/25/2008	402,370.87	100,899.48	503,270.35	978.55
	IMPAC TR CMB 04-7										
45254NKF3	1-A-1	26,768,116.04	19,273,043.55	11,893.22	19,284,936.77	92,640.02	11/25/2008	274,835.79	86,196.63	361,032.42	701.98
	IMPAC CMB TR 04-B										
45254NKQ9	COLL CL A-1	13,470,875.60	9,430,960.01	5,955.25	9,436,915.26	45,332.58	11/25/2008	166,224.29	43,175.56	209,399.85	407.15
45254NKS5	IMPAC CMB TR 2001-8 CL 2-A-2	9,985,702.00	6,191,135.24	4,458.89	6,195,594.13	29,762.09	11/25/2008	206,223.06	32,326.98	238,550.04	463.83
	IMPAC CMB TR 04-										
45254NLL9	10 COLL 2A	1,070,584.25	721,573.78	463.77	722,037.56	3,468.49	11/25/2008	10,564.28	3,361.84	13,926.11	27.08

	IMPAC CMB TR 04-										
45254NMB0	11 COLL CL 2A1	32,774,173.29	20,319,987,44	14.270.42	20,334,257.86	97,680,69	11/25/2008	237,406,44	103.460.56	340,867,00	662.77
	IMPAC CMB TR	- , ,	-,		-,,	- ,		- ,	,	,	
45254NML8	05-1	18,754,484.00	10,817,586.37	7,332.48	10,824,918.85	F2 000 20	11/25/2008	148,830.37	53,160.50	201,990.86	392.75
45254INIVIL8	I-A-I IMPAC CMB TR	18,/54,484.00	10,817,580.37	/,332.48	10,824,918.85	52,000.20	11/25/2008	148,830.37	53,100.50	201,990.86	392.75
45254NMP9		10,041,060.92	5,905,147.93	3,981.56	5,909,129.49	28,385.98	11/25/2008	210,952.48	28,866.31	239,818.79	466.30
	IMPAC CMB TR										
45254NMV0	05-2 B2 CL 1-A-1	52,906,250.90	28,283,681.73	20,684.87	28,304,366.61	135,967.10	11/25/2008	520,601.95	149,965.34	670,567.28	1,303.83
4525414141110	IMPAC CMB TR	52,500,250.50	20,203,001.75	20,004.07	20,304,300.01	135,507.10	11/23/2000	520,001.55	149,905.54	0/0,30/.20	1,505.05
45254NNQ6	2005-3 COLL A-2	8,436,469.19	4,808,787.44	3,335.92	4,812,123.36	23,116.24	11/25/2008	77,945.46	24,185.42	102,130.88	198.58
	IMPAC CMB TR										
45254NPA9	05-4 COLL 1-A-1A	47,604,979.94	28,672,479.42	18,665.12	28,691,144.54	137,825.09	11/25/2008	677,120.11	135,202.64	812,322.75	1,579.46
1020-111110	IMPAC CMB TR	-7,00-1,575.5-	20,072,473.42	10,005.12	20,001,114.04	107,020.00	11/20/2000	0//,120.11	100,202.04	012,022.70	1,575.40
	05-6										
45254NQG5	CTF 1-A-1 IMPAC CMB TR	10,920,656.83	6,349,269.88	4,257.54	6,353,527.42	30,520.76	11/25/2008	218,307.52	30,867.16	249,174.68	484.49
45254NRG4	2005-8 CL 1A	108,333,580.40	71,500,163.06	42,355.42	71,542,518.48	343,672.37	11/25/2008	1,636,283.29	307,048.16	1,943,331.45	3,778.57
	IMPAC SECS		,,	,	,- ,	/		,,		,,	-,
45254TRU0	ASSET 05-1 CL 5A3	22.000.000.20	21 070 020 04	0 421 20	21 C00 251 04	104 100 74	11/25/2000	470 500 20	C0 204 40	F 4 4 00 4 70	1 050 40
452541KU0	IMPAC CMB TR	23,960,909.20	21,679,830.64	9,421.30	21,689,251.94	104,189.74	11/25/2008	476,590.30	68,304.40	544,894.70	1,059.48
452550AA4	2007-A CL A 144A	144,772,079.60	81,738,316.14	56,441.00	81,794,757.15	392,921.56	11/25/2008	2,525,112.94	409,197.27	2,934,310.21	5,705.40
	IMPAC MTG P/T										
452559AB3	SER 07-1 CL A2	200,000,000.00	69,780,000.00	75,972.22	69,855,972.22	335,570.63	11/25/2009	0.00	550,798.61	550,798.61	1,070.96
432339AB3	IMPAC MTG P/T	200,000,000.00	09,780,000.00	/3,9/2.22	09,033,972.22	333,370.03	11/23/2008	0.00	550,750.01	550,790.01	1,070.90
	SER										
452559AC1	07-1 CL A3 IMPAC SECD	97,972,000.00	47,986,685.60	38,086.62	48,024,772.22	230,699.00	11/25/2008	0.00	276,127.96	276,127.96	536.90
	ASSETS										
45255RAX5		190,000,000.00	45,600,000.00	73,018.06	45,673,018.06	219,401.76	11/25/2008	0.00	529,380.91	529,380.91	1,029.31
	IMPAC SECD										
45255RAZ0	ASSETS 06-3 CL A7	32,378,000.00	10,438,667.20	12,694.87	10,451,362.07	50 205 73	11/25/2008	0.00	92,037.84	92,037.84	178.96
43233IA20	IMPAC SECD	52,570,000.00	10,430,007.20	12,034.07	10,431,302.07	30,203.75	11/23/2000	0.00	52,057.04	32,037.04	170.50
	ASSET										
452570AA2	07-2 CL 1A1A	8,041,681.01	6,688,266.10	3,010.05	6,691,276.14	32,143.22	11/25/2008	179,537.39	21,822.83	201,360.22	391.52
	IMPAC SECD ASSET										
452570AB0	07-2 CL 1-A1	188,015,314.40	90,510,572.35	73,299.86	90,583,872.21	435,142.28	11/25/2008	78,998.30	531,423.98	610,422.28	1,186.89

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	к	L
CUOID				Accrued	Designated	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase	Payment	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Accrued Interest on
CUSIP	Security Name IMPAC SECD TR	Par	Market Value	Interest	Purchase Price	Price	Date	Principal	Interest	Total Cash	<u>amount in K</u>
4525704.00	07-2	01 002 021 72	44 500 000 45	27 1 40 74	44,000,000,01	215 252 25	11/25/2000	20,000,20	200 220 20	207 024 72	500 74
452570AC8	CL 1-A1-C IMPAC SECD	91,882,831.73	44,792,880.47	37,148.74	44,830,029.21	215,352.25	11/25/2008	38,606.36	269,328.36	307,934.72	598.74
(50555 A D )	ASSETS	56 434 000 00	00 000 650 50	04.045.00	20.261.610.26	4 44 0 45 00	44/05/0000	0.00	150 100 05	150 100 05	200.20
45257BAD2	06-4 CL A2C IMPAC SECD	56,131,000.00	29,339,673.70	21,945.66	29,361,619.36	141,045.88	11/25/2008	0.00	159,106.05	159,106.05	309.36
	ASSETS										
45257EAB0	06-5 CL 1A1B IMPAC SECD P/T	175,592,000.00	119,964,454.40	67,480.98	120,031,935.38	576,603.41	11/25/2008	0.00	489,237.11	489,237.11	951.26
	06-5										
45257EAC8	CL 1A1C IMPAC SECD	18,816,000.00	6,585,600.00	7,377.44	6,592,977.44	31,671.02	11/25/2008	0.00	53,486.44	53,486.44	104.00
	ASSETS										
45257VAB2	TR 07-3 1A1B INDYMAC MBS	100,641,000.00	49,716,654.00	39,124.19	49,755,778.19	239,014.32	11/25/2008	0.00	283,650.37	283,650.37	551.52
	INC										
45660LW96	2005-AR31 5A1 INDYMAC INDX	62,338,255.86	31,811,211.97	24,580.32	31,835,792.29	152,931.19	11/25/2008	340,834.73	178,207.33	519,042.06	1,009.21
	06-										
45661LAB4	AR27 P/T I-A-2 INDYMAC INDX	173,002,000.00	100,739,064.60	65,908.96	100,804,973.56	484,241.89	11/25/2008	0.00	477,839.93	477,839.93	929.10
450011 4 00	06-	12,425,000,00	6 462 495 99	4 071 64	6 460 256 64	21 072 27	11/25/2000	0.00	25 210 20	25 210 26	60.67
45661LAC2	AR27 P/T I-A-3 INDYMAC RESI	12,425,000.00	6,463,485.00	4,871.64	6,468,356.64	31,072.37	11/25/2008	0.00	35,319.36	35,319.36	68.67
450000 4 4 0	07-L1	C7 FC2 C72 70	F0 F10 C01 77	25 720 00	E0 E0C 241 CE	242 702 05	11/25/2000	1 276 727 20	100 014 15	1 402 241 25	2.045.20
45668QAA8	INDTMAC INDX	67,563,672.78	50,510,601.77	25,739.88	50,536,341.65	242,703.95	11/25/2008	1,276,727.20	186,614.15	1,463,341.35	2,845.28
45668RAB4	MTG 07-FLX2 A-1B	66,656,238.07	43,919,795.26	25,171.99	43,944,967.25	211 100 64	11/25/2008	147,957.71	118,077.84	266,035.55	517.27
43000KAD4	INDYMAC INDX	00,030,230.07	43,515,753.20	23,171.33	43,944,907.23	211,100.04	11/23/2000	147,557.71	110,077.04	200,035.55	517.27
45668 <b>P</b> A C 2	07- FLX2 CL A1C	17,171,480.85	6,288,196.29	6,580.02	6,294,776.30	30 238 53	11/25/2008	-16,595.16	47,705.12	31,109.96	60.49
4500010102	INDYMAC INDX	17,171,400.05	0,200,130.23	0,500.02	0,234,770.30	30,230.33	11/23/2000	-10,555.10	47,703.12	51,105.50	00.45
45668WAB3	MTG 07-FLX1 CL A2	15,000,000.00	8,433,000.00	5,731.25	8,438,731.25	40 537 56	11/25/2008	0.00	41,551.56	41,551.56	80.79
45000 111115	INDYMAC INDX	10,000,000.00	0,400,000.00	0,701.20	0,400,701.20	40,007.00	11/20/2000	0.00	41,001.00	41,001.00	00.75
45668WAC1	MTG 07-FLX1 CL A3	46,890,000.00	19,618,776.00	18,280.59	19,637,056.59	94.331.51	11/25/2008	0.00	132,534.26	132,534.26	257.70
	IXIS REAL ESTATE			,		ĺ.			,	,	
46602UAC2	CAP 06-HE3 A3 J P MORGAN ALT	150,000,000.00	64,680,000.00	56,812.50	64,736,812.50	310,979.46	11/25/2008	0.00	411,675.00	411,675.00	800.45
4000074.00	LN	11 025 000 00	6 275 420 00	4 1 75 70	6 250 605 52	20.105.00	11/25/2000	0.00	22.251.02	22.251.02	62.00
466287AC3	2007-A1 1A3A J P MORGAN MTG	11,025,000.00	6,275,430.00	4,175.72	6,279,605.72	30,165.66	11/25/2008	0.00	32,351.02	32,351.02	62.90
46628TAD3	06-WMC2 CL A4	70,305,000.00	32,994,136.50	26,628.02	33,020,764.52	158,623.50	11/25/2008	0.00	192,858.46	192,858.46	374.99
46629QAW6	J P MORGAN MTG ACQ 06-CH2 AV5	66,197,000.00	19,111,073.90	25,513.43	19,136,587.33	91,927.38	11/25/2008	0.00	184,934.24	184,934.24	359.58
4662074 E0	J P MORGAN MTG							0.00	EC 120 76	E6 120 76	100.14
46629TAE0	06-CH1 CL A5 J P MORGAN MTG	20,000,000.00	7,400,000.00	7,752.78	7,407,752.78	55,584.99	11/25/2008	0.00	56,129.76	56,129.76	109.14
46631KAD7	07-CH5 CL A-4 LEHMAN XS TR	40,000,000.00	22,800,000.00	15,194.44	22,815,194.44	109,598.49	11/25/2008	0.00	110,159.72	110,159.72	214.19
	2006										
525161AH8	GP4 3-2A2 LEHMAN XS TR	81,618,141.69	50,554,276.96	31,003.56	50,585,280.52	242,999.04	11/25/2008	0.00	224,775.80	224,775.80	437.05
	2006										

525161AK1	GP4 P/T 3A3A	125,917,804.80	38,530,848.27	48,530.82	38,579,379.09	185,325.69 11/25/2008	0.00	351,848.45	351,848.45	684.13
	LEHMAN XS TR									
505001DT1	05-8	47 374 000 00	27 71 6 746 20		27 725 701 70	122 225 20 11/25/2000	0.00	107 407 00	107 407 00	207 21
525221DT1	CTF 1A3	47,274,000.00	27,716,746.20	18,955.56	27,735,701.76	133,235.38 11/25/2008	0.00	137,427.82	137,427.82	267.21
	LEHMAN XS TR 05-8									
525221DU8	CTF 1A4	12,229,762.39	7,945,676.62	4,835.85	7,950,512.48	38,192.27 11/25/2008	282,860.54	35,059.93	317,920.47	618.16
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А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
525221FP7	LEHMAN XS TR 2005-10 CL IA3	29,823,522.70	27,461,499.70	11,627.03	27,473,126.73	131,974.03	11/25/2008	1,294,169.19	84,295.98	1,378,465.17	2,680.25
525221FQ5	LEHMAN XS TR 2005-10 CL IA4 LEHMAN XS TR	27,252,000.00	15,427,357.20	10,927.30	15,438,284.50	74,161.66	11/25/2008	0.00	79,222.89	79,222.89	154.04
525228AH5	SER 2006 GP3 LEHMAN XS TR 06	43,580,727.54	29,355,978.07	16,554.62	29,372,532.69	141,098.30	11/25/2008	0.00	120,021.02	120,021.02	233.37
525228AK8	GP3 CL 3A3A LEHMAN XS TR 2006	75,244,756.02	25,613,314.95	29,000.58	25,642,315.53	123,179.27	11/25/2008	0.00	210,254.23	210,254.23	408.81
52522HAE2	8 P/T 2-A3 LEHMAN XS 2006	59,148,184.20	36,760,596.48	22,468.09	36,783,064.58	176,696.65	11/25/2008	1,592,125.67	162,893.70	1,755,019.37	3,412.42
52522HAF9	8 P/T 2-A4A LEHMAN XS 2006	16,479,000.00	4,943,700.00	6,442.83	4,950,142.83	23,779.25	11/25/2008	0.00	46,710.53	46,710.53	90.82
52522RAB6	GP1 A2-A LEHMAN XS TR 2006	63,066,581.21	49,860,439.10	24,026.62	49,884,465.72	239,632.50	11/25/2008	0.00	174,192.96	174,192.96	338.70
52523MAB6		40,051,000.00	23,249,605.50	15,258.32	23,264,863.82	111,758.59	11/25/2008	0.00	110,622.82	110,622.82	215.09
52523MAC4		40,000,000.00	11,936,000.00	15,683.33	11,951,683.33	57,412.90	11/25/2008	0.00	113,704.16	113,704.16	221.08
52523QAC5		71,981,000.00	19,190,134.60	27,982.61	19,218,117.21	92,319.03	11/25/2008	0.00	202,873.99	202,873.99	394.46
525241AD7	1 P/T CL 1A4 LEHMAN XS TR 07-	36,228,000.00	7,397,757.60	14,043.38	7,411,800.98	35,604.44	11/25/2008	0.00	101,814.52	101,814.52	197.97
52524TAB0	8H P/T CL A2 LEHMAN XS TR	214,441,000.00	110,351,338.60	83,602.21	110,434,940.81	530,501.85	11/25/2008	0.00	606,115.99	606,115.99	1,178.52
52524TAC8	07- 8H P/T CL A3 LONG BEACH	94,535,000.00	30,875,131.00	37,380.71	30,912,511.71	148,495.98	11/25/2008	0.00	271,010.20	271,010.20	526.95
542512AD0	MTG 06-11 CL 2A3	105,000,000.00	34,293,000.00	40,002.08	34,333,002.08	164,927.16	11/25/2008	0.00	290,015.10	290,015.10	563.90
542514MW1	LONG BEACH 05- WL2 CL III-A1 MASTR ASSET	2,550,565.12	2,416,660.45	974.53	2,417,634.98	11,613.71	11/25/2008	343,580.84	7,065.33	350,646.17	681.79
55275RAE2	BKD 06-NC3 CL A-5 MASTR ADJ RT	52,105,000.00	13,839,088.00	20,082.14	13,859,170.14	66,575.99	11/25/2008	0.00	145,595.48	145,595.48	283.09
576433RJ7	MTG 04-9 MASTR ADJ RT	9,059,473.48	8,631,866.33	3,783.59	8,635,649.92	41,483.50	11/25/2008	192,208.43	27,431.02	219,639.45	427.06
576433RP3	MTGS TR 2004-9 MASTR ASSET	25,939.76	25,319.80	10.49	25,330.29	121.68	11/25/2008	1,696.35	76.04	1,772.38	3.45
57645EAC4	BKD 2006-AM3 A-3 MERRILL LYNCH	30,000,000.00	20,235,000.00	11,429.17	20,246,429.17	97,258.78	11/25/2008	0.00	82,861.46	82,861.46	161.11
5899292T4	MTG 2003-F CL B1 MERRILL LYNCH	1,092,672.81	208,809.77	702.73	209,512.50	1,006.45	11/25/2008	4,573.24	3,513.63	8,086.86	15.72
59020UPA7	MTG INVS 04-G A2 MERRILL LYNCH	2,039,026.41	1,141,039.18	1,182.64	1,142,221.81	5,486.95	11/25/2008	11,129.78	5,913.18	17,042.96	33.14
59020UZH1	05- A6 CTF 2-A-2 MERRILL LYNCH	57,552,602.91	46,646,384.66	22,629.36	46,669,014.02	224,186.28	11/25/2008	1,789,667.12	164,062.89	1,953,730.01	3,798.78
59023MAC4	ALT 07-A1 CL A2B	21,912,000.00	11,569,536.00	8,299.17	11,577,835.17	55,617.03	11/25/2008	0.00	60,168.98	60,168.98	116.99

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	MERRILL LYNCH 07-										
59024VAG4	2 CL A-2C MERRILL LYNCH 07-	54,210,000.00	22,573,044.00	20,712.74	22,593,756.74	108,534.76	11/25/2008	0.00	150,167.35	150,167.35	291.98
59025CAD2	4 CL 2-A3	61,548,000.00	25,093,119.60	23,379.69	25,116,499.29	120,653.38	11/25/2008	0.00	169,502.76	169,502.76	329.58
	MERRILL LYNCH ALT										
59025EAV8	07-OAR4 A1	107,428,610.40	61,524,365.18	41,882.24	61,566,247.41	295,748.86	11/25/2008	935,338.26	303,646.22	1,238,984.49	2,409.05
61744CVG8	MORGAN STANLEY ABS 2005-4 A2B	13,426,394.70	12,694,656.19	5,189.67	12,699,845.86	61,006.88	11/25/2008	1,612,792.81	37,625.14	1,650,417.95	3,209.03
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61744CXL5	ABS 06-WMC1 A2B	37,132,077.50	34,005,556.57	14,270.06	34,019,826.64	163,422.74	11/25/2008	1,431,562.57	103,372.22	1,534,934.79	2,984.49
61746REV9	MORGAN STANLEY ABS 04-HE1 A4 MORGAN	939,550.20	592,292.45	378.82	592,671.27	2,847.04	11/25/2008	0.00	2,746.46	2,746.46	5.34
	STANLEY										

61748JAD9	MTG 06 9AR A-4	14,000,000.00	8,864,800.00	5,318.06	8,870,118.06	42,609.83	11/25/2008	0.00	38,555.90	38,555.90	74.97
61751774 62	MORGAN STANLEY	25 000 000 00	17 005 500 00	12 205 14	17 000 705 14	05 020 50	11/25/2000	0.00	06 200 76	06 200 76	107.40
61751TAC3	MORGAN	35,000,000.00	17,685,500.00	13,295.14	17,698,795.14	85,020.59	11/25/2008	0.00	96,389.76	96,389.76	187.42
61751TAD1	STANLEY 07-2AX CL 2A3	12,000,000.00	6,088,800.00	4,665.00	6,093,465.00	29,271.48	11/25/2008	0.00	33,821.25	33,821.25	65.76
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61753KAC0	MORGAN	29,500,000.00	19,933,150.00	11,271.46	19,944,421.46	95,808.01	11/25/2008	0.00	81,690.27	81,690.27	158.84
61753KAD8	STANLEY 07-HE5 CL A2C	77,000,000.00	33,964,700.00	30,019.31	33,994,719.31	163,302.13	11/25/2008	0.00	217,565.91	217,565.91	423.03
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61755CAC6	07-HE6 CL A-3 MORTGAGE IT TR	68,000,000.00	30,205,600.00	25,981.67	30,231,581.67	145,224.96	11/25/2008	0.00	188,230.87	188,230.87	365.99
61913PAP7	05- 1 CL 1-A-1	55,584,974.20	33,350,984.52	33,154.12	33,384,138.64	160,369.06	11/25/2008	1,158,812.47	165,770.60	1,324,583.08	2,575.49
	MORTGAGEIT TR 05-										
61915RAB2	2 MTG CL 1A2 MORTGAGEIT TR	10,769,382.00	5,675,464.31	6,441.44	5,681,905.75	27,294.45	11/25/2008	133,276.59	32,207.18	165,483.78	321.76
61915YAD3	07- 1 CL 2-A-1-3	68,643,103.64	42,991,175.81	26,379.93	43,017,555.74	206,645.58	11/25/2008	1,194,361.20	191,254.46	1,385,615.66	2,694.16
	MORTGAGEIT TR 07-										
61915YAE1	1 CL 2-A-1-4 NATIONSTAR H E	18,000,000.00	4,928,400.00	7,077.50	4,935,477.50	23,708.80	11/25/2008	0.00	51,311.88	51,311.88	99.77
63860KAD4	07- C CL 2-AV-3	10,000,000.00	4,742,000.00	3,820.83	4,745,820.83	22,797.74	11/25/2008	0.00	27,701.04	27,701.04	53.86
	NATIONSTAR H E 07-	.,,	, ,	-,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					,	
63860KAE2	C CL 2-AV-4 NEWCASTLE MTG	42,306,000.00	15,441,690.00	16,493.46	15,458,183.46	74,257.25	11/25/2008	0.00	119,577.61	119,577.61	232.50
65106AAL7											007.00
		150,000,000.00	111,000,000.00	57,312.50	111,057,312.50	533,491.56	11/25/2008	0.00	415,515.60	415,515.60	807.92
65106AAM5	NEWCASTLE MTG 5 SECS 06-1 CL A-4	150,000,000.00 106,279,000.00	111,000,000.00 60,759,704.30	57,312.50 41,788.31	111,057,312.50 60,801,492.61	533,491.56 292,075.17		0.00 0.00	415,515.60 302,965.29	415,515.60 302,965.29	589.08
	NEWCASTLE MTG SECS 06-1 CL A-4 NOMURA ASSET CORP 05-AR4 VA1			- ,		,	11/25/2008		-,	, í	
65535VNA2	NEWCASTLE MTG 5 SECS 06-1 CL A-4 NOMURA ASSET CORP 05-AR4 VA1 NOMURA ASSET ACCEP 05-AR4	106,279,000.00 9,376,940.80	60,759,704.30 8,441,122.11	41,788.31 3,645.29	60,801,492.61 8,444,767.39	292,075.17 40,566.55	11/25/2008 11/25/2008	0.00 788,578.22	302,965.29 26,428.32	302,965.29 815,006.54	589.08 1,584.68
	NEWCASTLE MTG 5 SECS 06-1 CL A-4 NOMURA ASSET CORP 05-AR4 VA1 NOMURA ASSET ACCEP 05-AR4 VA2 NOMURA ASSET	106,279,000.00	60,759,704.30	41,788.31	60,801,492.61	292,075.17	11/25/2008 11/25/2008	0.00	302,965.29	302,965.29	589.08
65535VNA2	NEWCASTLE MTG 5 SECS 06-1 CL A-4 NOMURA ASSET CORP 05-AR4 VA1 NOMURA ASSET ACCEP 05-AR4 VA2 NOMURA ASSET ACCEP 05AR5	106,279,000.00 9,376,940.80	60,759,704.30 8,441,122.11	41,788.31 3,645.29	60,801,492.61 8,444,767.39	292,075.17 40,566.55	11/25/2008 11/25/2008 11/25/2008	0.00 788,578.22	302,965.29 26,428.32	302,965.29 815,006.54	589.08 1,584.68

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
ccon	NOMURA ASSET	<u> </u>	Market value	interest	<u>r urenuse r rice</u>		Date	Tincipai	interest	Total Cash	
	05-										
65535VQH4	AR5 CL 111-A-2 NOMURA ASSET	25,919,838.11	23,628,524.42	10,047.54	23,638,571.96	113,553.79	11/25/2008	1,192,851.74	72,844.65	1,265,696.39	2,460.99
65535VRK6	ACCEP 2005-A4A1	57,312,057.26	33,493,166.26	22,407.42	33,515,573.69	161,000.44	11/25/2008	1,874,158.68	162,453.81	2,036,612.49	3,959.94
65535VSF6	NOMURA ASSET ACCEP 06-AR1 VA1	64,319,136.62	46,483,440.04	25,218.46	46,508,658.50	223,415.97	11/25/2008	1,587,677.96	182,833.84	1,770,511.80	3,442.54
	NOVASTAR MTG FDG										
66988RAD9	TR 2006-6 2 A3	30,000,000.00	10,527,000.00	11,429.17	10,538,429.17	50,623.98	11/25/2008	0.00	82,861.46	82,861.46	161.11
	NOVASTAR MTG FDG										
66988RAE7	06-6 CL A2D	45,475,000.00	16,020,842.50	17,526.82	16,038,369.32	77,044.32	11/25/2008	0.00	127,069.47	127,069.47	247.07
	OPTEUM MTG ACCEP										
68383NAT0	CORP 05-2 AI3	10,000,000.00	5,500,000.00	3,976.39	5,503,976.39	26,439.73	11/25/2008	0.00	28,828.82	28,828.82	56.05
	OPTEUM MTG ACCEP										
68383NBL6	05-3 CL A-1B OPTEUM MTG	7,590,296.28	6,527,654.80	2,967.60	6,530,622.40	31,371.48	11/25/2008	181,867.47	21,515.06	203,382.54	395.45
	ACCEP										
68383NCC5	05-4 CL 1-A1B OPTEUM MTG	68,915,219.05	51,858,702.34	27,097.08	51,885,799.42	249,246.41	11/25/2008	2,097,804.30	196,453.84	2,294,258.13	4,460.90
(020201002	ACCEP 05-4 CL 1-A1C	47,190,000.00	19,579,131.00	19,236.48	19,598,367.48	04.145.00	11/25/2000	0.00	139,464.47	139,464.47	271.17
0020211022	OPTEUM MTG	47,190,000.00	19,379,131.00	19,230.40	19,390,307.40	54,145.00	11/25/2008	0.00	135,404.47	135,404.47	2/1.1/
68383NCX9	ACCEP 2005-5 1A1C	35,000,000.00	25,704,000.00	13,645.14	25,717,645.14	123 541 14	11/25/2008	0.00	98,927.26	98,927.26	192.35
	OPTEUM MTG		, _ ,, _ ,, _ , _ , _ , _ , _ , _ ,								
68383NCY7	ACCEP 2005-5 1A1D	41,107,000.00	16,685,331.30	16,619.79	16,701,951.09	80,232.00	11/25/2008	0.00	120,493.47	120,493.47	234.28
	OPTEUM MTG ACCEP										
68384CAB2	2006 2 A1B	124,269,000.00	55,921,050.00	47,204.96	55,968,254.96	268,857.50	11/25/2008	0.00	342,235.96	342,235.96	665.44
68384CAC0	OPTEUM MTG 2006 2 P/T A1C	50,000,000.00	27,220,000.00	19,604.17	27,239,604.17	130,852.25	11/25/2008	0.00	142,130.21	142,130.21	276.35
	OPTION ONE MTG LN										
68389BAP8	06-3 CL 2A4	30,000,000.00	9,786,000.00	11,595.83	9,797,595.83	47,065.20	11/25/2008	0.00	84,069.79	84,069.79	163.46
	OPTION ONE MTG LN										
68389FJF2	TR 05-4 A3	23,285,581.50	20,160,656.46	9,104.02	20,169,760.48	96,890.49	11/25/2008	956,029.10	66,004.11	1,022,033.21	1,987.22
68402YAD8	OPTION ONE MTG 07-CP1 CL 2A3	10,190,000.00	2,891,922.00	3,927.40	2,895,849.40	13,910.94	11/25/2008	0.00	28,473.62	28,473.62	55.36
	OPTION ONE MTG LN										
68403KAC9	07-6 CL 2A3	10,000,000.00	3,617,000.00	3,820.83	3,620,820.83	17,393.52	11/25/2008	0.00	27,701.04	27,701.04	53.86
68403KAD7	OPTION ONE MTG 07-6 CL 2A4	14,451,000.00	4,114,199.70	5,633.88	4,119,833.58	19,790.65	11/25/2008	0.00	40,845.65	40,845.65	79.42
	PHH ALTERNATIVE										
	07-1 CL 1A1 PHH ALTERNATIVE	171,008,798.30		64,959.59	107,287,476.13	,	11/25/2008	1,671,637.07	470,957.05	2,142,594.12	4,166.01
69337BAB0	07-1 CL 1A2 PHH ALT 2007 2 I-A-	58,737,000.00	28,798,751.10	22,899.27	28,821,650.37	138,452.00	11/25/2008	0.00	166,019.72	166,019.72	322.80
69337HAA9		10,784,455.48	8,731,095.16	4,036.68	8,735,131.84	41,961.39	11/25/2008	84,675.13	29,265.94	113,941.07	221.54

PHH ALTERNATIVE 69337MAA8 SER 07-3 CL A1	17,424,372.48	14,519,729.59	6,522.04	14,526,251.63	69,780.48 11/25/2008	276,400.20	47,284.79	323,684.99	629.36
PHH ALTERNATIVEMTG									
69337MAB6 07-3 CL A2	79,013,000.00	46,530,755.70	30,277.34	46,561,033.04	223,667.56 11/25/2008	0.00	219,510.73	219,510.73	426.81

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
73316PGT1	POPULAR ABS INC 2005-5 CL AV2B POPULAR ABS	6,587,835.62	6,333,545.17	2,575.66	6,336,120.83	30,437.14	11/25/2008	967,250.73	18,673.54	985,924.27	1,917.01
73316TAC6	MTG P/T 06-E CL A3 PUMA GLOBAL	11,867,000.00	5,200,119.40	4,573.74	5,204,693.14	25,002.04	11/25/2008	0.00	33,159.61	33,159.61	64.47
74588VAA4	RAAC SER 2006-	1,529,505.76	1,290,306.35	10,332.77	1,300,639.12	6,247.95	11/10/2008	253,379.65	11,608.40	264,988.05	969.86
74919PAC3	SP2 CL A-3 RAAC SER 06-SP4	20,337,000.00	11,370,416.70	7,973.80	11,378,390.50	54,658.94	11/25/2008	0.00	57,810.04	57,810.04	112.40
74919VAB2	CL A2 RAAC SER 06-SP4	20,724,000.00	13,543,134.00	7,895.27	13,551,029.27	65,095.76	11/25/2008	0.00	57,240.70	57,240.70	111.30
74919VAC0	CL A3 RASC SER 2007	22,545,000.00	9,969,399.00	8,789.42	9,978,188.42	47,932.72	11/25/2008	0.00	63,723.28	63,723.28	123.90
74924SAC0	KS1 CL A3 RASC SER 07-KS3	35,455,000.00	20,627,719.00	13,428.58	20,641,147.58	99,154.91	11/25/2008	0.00	97,357.21	97,357.21	189.30
74924YAC7	TR AB CTF AI3 RALI SER 2006- QO5	118,000,000.00	47,695,600.00	46,003.61	47,741,603.61	229,338.73	11/25/2008	0.00	333,526.18	333,526.18	648.50
75114HAD9		56,136,299.80	29,752,238.89	21,511.12	29,773,750.01	143,025.65	11/25/2008	668,401.31	155,955.61	824,356.92	1,602.86
75114HAE7	ČL 2A2 RALI SER 2006-	19,246,731.36	7,850,741.72	7,460.78	7,858,202.50	37,748.84	11/25/2008	229,166.17	54,090.67	283,256.83	550.76
75115FAD2	QO8 CL I-A3A RAMP SER 2007-	186,877,369.80	58,081,486.53	71,818.01	58,153,304.55	279,353.94	11/25/2008	0.00	520,680.58	520,680.58	1,012.40
75157DAB0	RS2 P/T CL A2 RASC SER 06-KS9 P/T	55,000,000.00	21,477,500.00	21,625.69	21,499,125.69	103,276.43	11/25/2008	0.00	156,786.28	156,786.28	304.85
75406YAC1		45,000,000.00	21,915,000.00	17,093.75	21,932,093.75	105,356.30	11/25/2008	0.00	123,929.69	123,929.69	240.97
76112BE30	05-SP2 CL AI2 RESIDENTIAL ASST	6,631,935.65	6,416,397.74	2,615.01	6,419,012.75	30,835.33	11/25/2008	954,482.32	18,958.82	973,441.14	1,892.73
76112BH29	05-EFC5 CL A2 RESIDENTIAL ASSET	7,036,788.80	6,615,285.15	2,759.01	6,618,044.16	31,791.43	11/25/2008	360,118.85	20,002.81	380,121.65	739.10
76112BLD0	05-RS3 AIA3 RESMAE MTG LN	2,000,000.00	1,535,800.00	790.83	1,536,590.83		11/25/2008	0.00	5,733.54	5,733.54	11.15
76116RAE1	2006-1 CL A-2C SECURITIZED ASSET	20,944,000.00	9,975,627.20	8,048.90	9,983,676.10	47,959.08	11/25/2008	0.00	58,354.49	58,354.49	113.46
81377CAC2	06-NC3 A2C SECURITIZED ASSET	15,949,000.00	5,615,642.90	6,200.17	5,621,843.07	27,005.93	11/25/2008	0.00	44,951.26	44,951.26	87.40
81379EAB8	07-BR5 A2B SOUNDVIEW HOME	169,142,000.00	73,492,199.00	64,626.34	73,556,825.34	353,348.60	11/25/2008	0.00	468,540.96	468,540.96	911.02
83611MKY3	LN TR 2006-1 A4 SOUNDVIEW HOME	14,076,000.00	9,043,830.00	5,565.89	9,049,395.89	43,471.04	11/25/2008	0.00	40,352.67	40,352.67	78.46
83611MPJ1	LN 06-OPT3 2A4 SOUNDVIEW HOME	15,000,000.00	6,946,500.00	5,847.92	6,952,347.92	33,397.34	11/25/2008	0.00	42,397.39	42,397.39	82.44
83611XAC8	06-EQ2 CL A3 SOUNDVIEW HOME	105,017,000.00	44,527,208.00	39,891.87	44,567,099.87	214,089.21	11/25/2008	0.00	289,216.09	289,216.09	562.34
83612KAD3	07-OPT3 CL 2A3	34,671,000.00	15,647,022.30	13,247.21	15,660,269.51	75,228.02	11/25/2008	0.00	96,042.28	96,042.28	186.74

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	SOUNDVIEW							<u> </u>		·	
83612LAU3	HOME LN 06-WF1 CL A4	100,000,000.00	28,480,000.00	39,319.44	28,519,319.44	136,999.68	11/25/2008	0.00	285,065.97	285,065.97	554.28
	SOUNDVIEW HOME										
83612PAC4	LN 07-1 CL 2A2	13,560,000.00	7,458,000.00	5,105.72	7,463,105.72	35,850.89	11/25/2008	0.00	37,016.44	37,016.44	71.97
	SOUNDVIEW HOME										
83612PAD2	07-1 CL 2A3	39,370,000.00	13,818,870.00	14,998.88	13,833,868.88	66,454.45	11/25/2008	0.00	108,741.85	108,741.85	211.43
	SOUNDVIEW HOME										
83612PAE0	07-1 CL 2A4	29,764,000.00	8,539,291.60	11,603.83	8,550,895.43	41,076.36	11/25/2008	0.00	84,127.74	84,127.74	163.58
84751NAF1	SURF 2006-BC5 A2E	18,463,000.00	4,983,163.70	7,115.95	4,990,279.65	23,972.06	11/25/2008	0.00	51,590.62	51,590.62	100.31
	SPECIALTY UNDERWRITING 05-										
84751PFC8	HB1	6,052,692.34	5,868,085.22	2,346.26	5,870,431.48	28,200.09	11/25/2008	405,438.62	17,010.35	422,448.97	821.40

	SPECIALTY									
	UNDERWRIT 05-									
	AB3							~~~~~	~~~~~~	
84751PJG5	A2C	20,841,000.00	10,280,865.30	8,379.82	10,289,245.12	49,426.96 11/25/2008	3 0.00	60,753.68	60,753.68	118.13
	STRUCTURED									
	ASSET									
863576EF7	2006-GEL1 A2	38,411,000.00	24,041,444.90	15,401.74	24,056,846.64	115,563.08 11/25/2008	3 0.00	111,662.64	111,662.64	217.11
	STRUCTURED									
	ASSET									
863576FF6	2006-WF1 A4	11,932,484.33	10,708,211.44	4,545.95	10,712,757.38	51,461.41 11/25/2008	605,934.30	32,958.10	638,892.40	1,242.25
	STRUCTURED ADJ									
	RT									
863579MH8	05-6VS A-2	2,033,511.12	2,014,192.76	792.79	2,014,985.55	9,679.49 11/25/2008	3 1,375,421.61	5,747.71	1,381,169.32	2,685.51
	STRUCTURED ADJ									
	RT									
863579NY0	MTG 05-8XS	47,513,426.09	41,175,135.05	18,682.02	41,193,817.06	197,884.80 11/25/2008	3 1,628,067.90	135,444.63	1,763,512.53	3,428.93
	STRUCTURED									
	ASSET									
86358ESY3		9,209,028.00	8,064,345.82	3,569.78	8,067,915.60	38,756.25 11/25/2008	381,715.83	25,880.89	407,596.71	792.52
	STRUCTURED									
0005000.000	ASSET		E 000 000 ED	10 000 00	5 000 000 45	24.445.00.44/25/2000	120.000.10	4 45 554 40	EEE 000 04	1 110 00
86329BW86	SECS 04-08 B1	45,667,446.13	5,069,086.52	19,833.63	5,088,920.15	24,445.90 11/25/2008	429,889.49	145,771.12	575,660.61	1,119.30
	STRUCTURED									
	ASSET	11 770 010 00	11 257 000 50		11 202 504 25	E4 100 E4 11/0E/0000	400 400 05	22.007.00	471 440 22	010.00
86359DLJ4	05-WF3 CL A2 STRUCTURED	11,778,613.20	11,257,998.50	4,565.85	11,262,564.35	54,102.54 11/25/2008	438,432.35	33,007.96	471,440.32	916.66
	ASSET									
	2005-OPT1 A2	02 702 201 02	CO 002 CO2 02	25 720 04	C0 020 422 0F	220 607 27 11/25/2000	4 200 745 00	250 025 51	4 FCF 701 10	0.077.50
0022300,000	STRUCTURED	92,702,361.92	68,803,693.02	35,729.04	68,839,422.05	330,687.37 11/25/2008	4,306,745.68	259,035.51	4,565,781.18	8,877.59
	ASSET									
96250DVE1	2005-OPT1 M-1	14,385,000.00	3,056,812.50	5,943.80	3,062,756.30	14,712.72 11/25/2008	0.00	43,092.56	43,092.56	83.79
00333DVF1	STRUCTURED	14,505,000.00	5,050,012.50	5,945.00	3,002,730.30	14,/12./2 11/23/2000	0.00	43,092.30	43,092.30	03.79
	ASSET									
86361HAP9	06-AR7 CL A11	9,943,000.00	2,624,952.00	3,931.63	2,628,883.63	12,628.50 11/25/2008	0.00	28,504.30	28,504.30	55.42
0050111415	STRUCTURED	3,343,000.00	2,024,332.00	5,551.05	2,020,005.05	12,020.30 11/23/2000	0.00	20,304.30	20,304.30	55.42
	ASSET									
86361NAB7	06-GEL4 CL A2	50,707,000.00	25,140,530.60	19,599.66	25,160,130.26	120,862.98 11/25/2008	0.00	142,097.56	142,097.56	276.29
00001111127	STRUCTURED	30,707,000.00	20,140,000.00	19,000.00	20,100,100.20	120,002.00 11/20/2000	0.00	142,007.00	142,007.00	270.25
	ASSET									
86362PAG0	07-BC1 CL M1	35,000,000.00	6,993,000.00	13,567.36	7,006,567.36	33,657.80 11/25/2008	0.00	98,363.37	98,363.37	191.26
0000211100	STRUCTURED	35,000,000,000	0,000,000,000	10,007,00	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	55,007,000 11,20,2000	0.00	50,505.57	50,505157	101120
	ASSET									
863620AB9	07-GEL1 CL A2	10,000,000.00	4,247,000.00	3,831.94	4,250,831.94	20,419.93 11/25/2008	0.00	27,781.60	27,781.60	54.02
	STRUCTURED	.,,	),	0,000.001	,,,	.,	5100			
	ASSET									
86362QAC7	07-GEL1 CL A3	13,630,000.00	4,497,900.00	5,389.53	4,503,289.53	21,632.68 11/25/2008	0.00	39,074.09	39,074.09	75.97
	TERWIN MTG TR	,,	, - ,		,,,	,		,. ,	,	
88156PAY7	2006-7 II-A-2	18,000,000.00	10,036,800.00	6,857.50	10,043,657.50	48,247.22 11/25/2008	3 0.00	49,716.88	49,716.88	96.67
	TERWIN MTG TR									
88156PAZ4	2006-7 II-A-3	57,300,000.00	14,726,100.00	22,466.38	14,748,566.38	70,848.43 11/25/2008	3 0.00	162,881.21	162,881.21	316.70

А	в	С	D	Е	F	G	н	Т	Л	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	TERWIN MTG TR										· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	07-										
88157JAA2	2AL1 A1A TERWIN MTG TR 07-	16,256,211.00	8,128,105.50	6,102.85	8,134,208.35	39,074.70	11/25/2008	530,909.55	44,245.68	575,155.23	1,118.32
88157TAA0		206,498,017.24	21,785,540.82	81,652.76	21,867,193.58	105.044.53	11/25/2008	633,771.11	591,982.49	1,225,753.60	2,383.32
	THORNBURG MTG		,,.	. ,	,,	,					
885220DW0	SECS TR 04-3 A-1 THORNBURG	4,680,527.10	2,983,836.03	2,791.74	2,986,627.77	14,347.01	11/25/2008	51,995.02	13,958.70	65,953.71	128.24
88522XAC5	MTG SECS 07-3 2A-1	58,183,311.10	45,580,805.92	22,489.47	45,603,295.38	219,066.83	11/25/2008	500,893.91	163,048.63	663,942.54	1,290.95
	WAMU ASSET			, i				,	,		, i
0000 45 4 60	BKD	1 4 000 000 00	0.022.000.00	F 222 C1	0.027.222.01	42,022,72	11/25/2000	0.00	20.000.00	20,000,00	75.10
93364EAC8	07-HE3 CL 2A2 WAMU ASSET	14,000,000.00	8,932,000.00	5,333.61	8,937,333.61	42,932.72	11/25/2008	0.00	38,668.68	38,668.68	75.19
	BKD										
93364EAD6	07-HE3 CL 2A3	39,000,000.00	16,325,400.00	15,161.25	16,340,561.25	78,495.97	11/25/2008	0.00	109,919.06	109,919.06	213.72
	WAMU ASSET BKD										
93364EAE4	07-HE3 CL 2A4	12,000,000.00	3,322,800.00	4,731.67	3,327,531.67	15.984.63	11/25/2008	0.00	34,304.58	34,304.58	66.70
	WASHINGTON	,,	.,,	.,	0,020,000000				.,	0 ,,00	
020240462	MUT	20 606 000 00	12 (22 5(2 00	11 211 00	12 644 074 06		11/25/2000	0.00	02 011 70	02 011 70	150.40
93934QAC2	06-HE4 CL 2A2 WASHINGTON	29,606,000.00	13,633,563.00	11,311.96	13,644,874.96	65,546.57	11/25/2008	0.00	82,011.70	82,011.70	159.46
	MUT										
93934XAC7	2006-HE5 II-A-2	25,000,000.00	11,787,500.00	9,552.08	11,797,052.08	56,670.09	11/25/2008	0.00	69,252.60	69,252.60	134.65
	WASHINGTON MUT										
93936AAB7	07-HY1 CL A2A	45,400,000.00	20,838,600.00	25,868.54	20,864,468.54	100.227.69	11/25/2008	0.00	133,654.13	133,654.13	259.87
	WASHINGTON	-,,	.,,	-,	-,,	,			,	,	
020204 4 D2	MUT	42,000,000,00		24 421 25	10 400 001 05	02 200 02	11/25/2000	0.00	100 170 40	100 170 40	245.22
93936AAD3	P/T CL A-3A WASHINGTON	42,000,000.00	19,395,600.00	24,421.25	19,420,021.25	93,288.93	11/25/2008	0.00	126,176.46	126,176.46	245.33
	MUT										
93936LAA5	P/T 07-OC2 A-1	14,909,959.80	11,179,487.86	5,564.31	11,185,052.17	53,730.19	11/25/2008	734,855.31	40,334.36	775,189.67	1,507.26
	WASHINGTON MUT										
93936LAB3	P/T 07-OC2 A2	50,000,000.00	27,970,000.00	19,159.72	27,989,159.72	134.452.93	11/25/2008	0.00	138,884.17	138,884.17	270.04
	WELLS FARGO	,,	,								
0.000011.000	HM	0.000.000.00	4 504 500 00	4 4 6 9 9 9	1 500 000 00	0.056.00	11/05/0000	0.00	0 404 45	0 404 45	16.00
9497EUAD9	EQTY 06-1 CL A4 WELLS FARGO 05-	3,000,000.00	1,721,700.00	1,162.92	1,722,862.92	8,276.20	11/25/2008	0.00	8,431.15	8,431.15	16.39
	2										
949920AK8		5,560,400.60	5,396,368.78	2,173.96	5,398,542.74	25,933.25	11/25/2008	934,145.16	15,760.37	949,905.53	1,846.97
	ABFC 2006 OPT2										
00075XAG2	TR CL M1	13,466,000.00	2,468,317.80	5,249.87	2,473,567.67	11 882 40	11/25/2008	0.00	38,047.68	38,047.68	73.98
0007074102	ABFC 2006 OPT2	10,400,000.00	2,400,017.00	5,275.07	2,7/0,007.07	11,002.40	11/20/2000	0.00	30,047.00	50,047.00	/ 5.50
	TR	10,000,000,00	1 150 000 00	4 504 65	1 1 60 001 67	E 504 0 4	44/05/00000	0.00	24,000,000	04,000,000	00.00
00075XAH0	CL M2	12,000,000.00	1,159,200.00	4,731.67	1,163,931.67	5,591.24	11/25/2008	0.00	34,292.08	34,292.08	66.68

	AAMES MTG INVT TR										
00252FCD1	05-3 A2 144A	35,658,000.00	27,185,659.20	13,941.29	27,199,600.49	130,660.08	11/25/2008	0.00	101,074.33	101,074.33	196.53
	AAMES MTG INVT TR										
00252FCS8	05-4 2A3SS	42,482,404.30	38,981,854.19	16,751.05	38,998,605.23	187,339.55	11/25/2008	2,708,168.26	121,445.10	2,829,613.37	5,501.83
	ACCREDITED MTG LN										
004375DC2	TR 05-2 A-2C	61,582,000.00	45,878,590.00	24,692.67	45,903,282.67	220,507.89	11/25/2008	0.00	179,021.86	179,021.86	348.09
	ACCREDITED MTG LN										
004375DT5	05-3 A-2D	31,000,000.00	19,666,400.00	12,499.03	19,678,899.03	94,532.51	11/25/2008	0.00	90,649.17	90,649.17	176.26
	ACCREDITED MTG LN					·					
004375EW7	TR 2006-1 A3	110,000,000.00	88,000,000.00	42,029.17	88,042,029.17	422,931.90	11/25/2008	0.00	304,711.46	304,711.46	592.47
	ACCREDITED MTG LN										
004375FG1	TR 2006-1 A4	42,000,000.00	16,821,000.00	16,514.17	16,837,514.17	80,883.21	11/25/2008	0.00	119,727.71	119,727.71	232.80

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	ACCREDITED										
00437NAC6	MTG LN TR 06 2 A-3	91,467,000.00	68,197,795.20	34,643.13	68,232,438.33	327.771.58	11/25/2008	0.00	251,162.67	251,162.67	488.35
	ACCREDITED	,,	,	,	,,	,					
00437NA D4	MTG LN TR 06 2 A-4	50,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	19,548.61	20,019,548.61	96 168 91	11/25/2008	0.00	141,727.43	141,727.43	275.57
0045/10124	ACCREDITED	30,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	15,540.01	20,013,340.01	50,100.51	11/23/2000	0.00	141,727.45	141,727.43	275.57
004290 A DE	MTG LN		9 156 250 00	0 606 00	9 164 046 99	20 222 26	11/25/2009	0.00	62 052 24	62 052 24	122.60
00438QAD6	ACE SECS CORP	22,500,000.00	8,156,250.00	8,696.88	8,164,946.88	39,222.30	11/25/2008	0.00	63,052.34	63,052.34	122.00
00441TAF0	HOME 06 HE3 M1	24,845,000.00	4,134,208.00	9,796.52	4,144,004.52	19,906.76	11/25/2008	0.00	71,024.78	71,024.78	138.10
	ACE SECS CORP 06										
00441TAG8	HE3 CL M2	37,983,000.00	1,511,723.40	15,019.11	1,526,742.51	7,334.09	11/25/2008	0.00	108,888.56	108,888.56	211.72
	ACE SECS CORP HM										
004421KJ1	EQ 05-SD1 A-1	1,622,689.83	1,534,577.77	659.67	1,535,237.44	7,374.90	11/25/2008	0.00	4,782.60	4,782.60	9.30
	ACE SECS CORP										
004421PP2	HM EQ 05-HE4 A2C	34,761,730.33	32,338,837.72	14,131.61	32,352,969.33	155,415.58	11/25/2008	1,721,116.01	102,454.17	1,823,570.18	3,545.70
0044241170	ACE SECS CORP		21 250 125 60		21 20 4 007 25	150 204 07	11/25/2000	0.00	104 100 00	104 100 02	277 52
004421UT8	HOME 06-NC1 A2D ACE SECS CORP	67,164,000.00	31,258,125.60	26,781.65	31,284,907.25	150,284.87	11/25/2008	0.00	194,166.93	194,166.93	377.53
004421VW0	2006-ASAP1 A2D	12,500,000.00	6,877,500.00	4,956.60	6,882,456.60	33,061.60	11/25/2008	0.00	35,935.33	35,935.33	69.87
004421WP4	ACE SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A-2C	88,606,000.00	68,146,874.60	33,953.33	68,180,827.93	377 573 65	11/25/2008	0.00	246,161.62	246,161.62	478.63
00442100F4	ACE SECS CORP	88,000,000.00	00,140,074.00	33,933.33	00,100,027.93	327,323.03	11/23/2000	0.00	240,101.02	240,101.02	478.05
004421XE8	HM 06-ASAP2 A2C	19 151 000 00	12 760 272 10	6 02E 10	12 767 209 20	66 124 22	11/25/2009	0.00	E0 200 16	E0 290 16	97.76
004421AE8	ACE SECS CORP	18,151,000.00	13,760,273.10	6,935.19	13,767,208.29	00,134.23	11/25/2008	0.00	50,280.16	50,280.16	97.76
00442EAJ4	HOME 06-NC3 M-1	16,046,000.00	661,095.20	6,237.88	667,333.08	3,205.70	11/25/2008	0.00	45,224.65	45,224.65	87.93
00442PAG5	ACE SECS HOME EQTY 06-OP1 M1	7,000,000.00	1,634,500.00	2,752.36	1,637,252.36	7.864.95	11/25/2008	0.00	19,954.62	19,954.62	38.80
	AMERIQUEST	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,	_,	_,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
03072SP41	MTG SECS 05-R9 A2C	9,430,000.00	6,662,295.00	3,781.17	6,666,076.17	32 022 16	11/25/2008	0.00	27,413.47	27,413.47	53.30
030723141	AMERIQUEST	3,430,000.00	0,002,233.00	3,701.17	0,000,070.17	52,022.10	11/23/2000	0.00	27,413.47	27,413.47	55.50
03072STX3	MTG SECS 04-R8 A4	707,668.91	699,672.25	297.12	699,969.37	2 262 49	11/25/2008	0.00	2,154.14	2,154.14	4.19
050725175	AMERIQUEST	/0/,000.51	033,072.23	237.12	055,505.57	3,302.40	11/23/2000	0.00	2,134.14	2,134.14	4.15
020726 VD 1	MTG	2 245 054 22	2 620 945 09	1 202 50	2 (22 120 40	12 044 00	11/25/2000	0.00	0.205.41	0 205 41	10.00
03072SXR1	SECS 05-R1 A-1B AMERIQUEST	3,245,954.32	2,630,845.98	1,283.50	2,632,129.48	12,644.09	11/25/2008	0.00	9,305.41	9,305.41	18.09
00050051.00	MTG	60.010.000.06	10 00 1 01 0 07	0440400	10 0 10 100 07	225 055 20	11/05/0000	550 645 40	155 00 4 00	004 054 00	1 01 5 00
030/25ZW8	SECS 05-R3 A-3D ARGENT SECS 04-	60,819,008.96	49,324,216.27	24,184.00	49,348,400.27	237,057.38	11/25/2008	759,617.18	175,334.02	934,951.20	1,817.90
	W3										
040104FW6	A3 ARGENT SECS INC	6,898,995.32	3,587,477.57	2,812.30	3,590,289.87	17,246.85	11/25/2008	45,777.22	20,389.17	66,166.39	128.65
040104NC1	2005-W2 A2C	20,782,000.00	12,242,676.20	8,356.10	12,251,032.30	58,850.90	11/25/2008	0.00	60,581.69	60,581.69	117.79
	ARGENT SECS 05-										
040104PA3	W3 CL A2C	77,612,992.58	70,239,758.28	30,258.29	70,270,016.57	337,559.59	11/25/2008	6,310,538.50	219,372.59	6,529,911.08	12,696.60
	ARGENT SECS INC			le la		í.			, i		· · · · · ·
040104RG8	2006-W1 CL A2D ASSET BKD SECS	43,000,000.00	20,781,900.00	17,002.92	20,798,902.92	99,912./3	11/25/2008	0.00	123,271.15	123,271.15	239.69
04541GRW4	CORP 05-HE4 A2B	1,354,924.58	1,260,079.86	546.30	1,260,626.16	6,055.73	11/25/2008	289,899.90	3,960.66	293,860.56	571.38
	ASSET BACKED EQ										
04541GXD9	2006-HE3 M1	70,472,000.00	15,482,698.40	27,865.80	15,510,564.20	74,508.87	11/25/2008	0.00	202,027.07	202,027.07	392.82

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	ASSET BKD CTFS 06										
045427AC5	8 2-A-3	175,000,000.00	105,000,000.00	66,475.69	105,066,475.69	504,713.08	11/25/2008	0.00	481,948.79	481,948.79	937.09
045427AE1	ASSET BKD CTFS 2006 8 CTF M-1	38,000,000.00	5,130,000.00	14,856.94	5,144,856.94	24,714.61	11/25/2008	0.00	107,712.85	107,712.85	209.43
	ASSET BACKED SECS	20,000,000,00	12 107 446 90	7 076 22	10 115 400 10	F0 100 4C	11/25/2000	0.00	F7 000 0F	F7 000 0F	112 44
04544TAC5	07-HE2 CL A3 ASSET BACKED	20,998,000.00	12,107,446.80	7,976.32	12,115,423.12	58,199.46	11/25/2008	0.00	57,828.35	57,828.35	112.44
04544TAD3	SECS 07-HE2 CL A4	30,073,000.00	11,226,250.90	11,657.46	11,237,908.36	53,984.10	11/25/2008	0.00	84,516.62	84,516.62	164.33
	BNC MTG LN TR 07-	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,		, ,						

05568QAD7	3 P/T CL A4	30,000,000.00	12,309,000.00	11,429.17	12,320,429.17	59,184.26 11/25/2008	0.00	82,861.46	82,861.46	161.11
	BNC MTG LN TR 07-									
05569GAD8	2 CL A4 BASIC ABS 2006-1	36,857,000.00	14,562,200.70	14,000.54	14,576,201.24	70,020.43 11/25/2008	0.00	101,503.92	101,503.92	197.36
06983NAB3	CL A2	15,702,338.30	12,090,800.49	6,017.05	12,096,817.54	58,110.09 11/25/2008	544,679.01	43,623.61	588,302.61	1,143.88
06983NAC1	BASIC ABS 2006-1 CL A3	11,386,000.00	5,653,149.00	4,514.87	5,657,663.87	27,178.00 11/25/2008	0.00	32,732.77	32,732.77	63.64
0000010101	BAYVIEW FINL	11,500,000.00	5,055,145.00	4,014.07	5,007,005.07	27,170.00 11/20/2000	0.00	52,752.77	02,702.77	05.04
07324FAG5	MTG P/T CL 2-A1	2,663,361.70	2,332,305.84	785.69	2,333,091.53	11,207.59 11/28/2008	126,614.58	8,118.81	134,733.39	215.74
0,02 11100	BAYVIEW FINL	2,000,0011/0	2,002,000101	, 00100	2,000,001100	11,20,100 11,20,2000	120,01 100	0,110,01	10 1,700100	21017
0722510140	SECS 2006-A 2A3	45,101,000.00	30,389,053.80	13,492.72	30,402,546.52	146,046.23 11/28/2008	0.00	139,424.73	139,424.73	223.25
07325INC.WU	BAYVIEW FINL	45,101,000.00	30,389,053.80	13,492.72	30,402,546.52	140,040.23 11/28/2008	0.00	139,424.73	139,424.73	223.25
	SECS									
07325NDR0	2006-B 2-A2 BAYVIEW FINL	9,402,348.35	9,020,613.01	2,695.34	9,023,308.35	43,345.72 11/28/2008	524,606.59	27,851.84	552,458.43	884.62
	LLC									
07325NDS8	2006-B 2-A3	19,873,000.00	11,419,025.80	5,862.54	11,424,888.34	54,882.31 11/28/2008	0.00	60,579.53	60,579.53	97.00
	BEAR STEARNS BKD									
073852AB1	07-HE3 CL 1A2	53,601,000.00	29,893,277.70	20,599.16	29,913,876.86	143,698.79 11/25/2008	0.00	149,343.92	149,343.92	290.38
	BEAR STEARNS									
073852AC9	07- HE3 CL 1-A-3	32,461,000.00	10,669,930.70	12,655.28	10,682,585.98	51,316.47 11/25/2008	0.00	91,750.79	91,750.79	178.40
07 BODEI TOD	BEAR STEARNS	52,101,000100	10,000,000,000,00	12,000120	10,002,000100	01,01017 11,20,2000	0100	51,750175	51,756175	170110
072050 4 D.C	BKD	27 002 000 00	16 601 201 20	10.051.40	16 501 500 60	00 000 05 11/05/0000	0.00	75 0 47 66	75 0 47 66	1.45.00
073859AB6	07-HE5 CL 1A2 BEAR STEARNS	27,092,000.00	16,691,381.20	10,351.40	16,701,732.60	80,230.95 11/25/2008	0.00	75,047.66	75,047.66	145.92
	AST									
073859AC4	07-HE5 CL 1A3 BEAR STEARNS	32,856,000.00	13,681,238.40	12,772.77	13,694,011.17	65,782.61 11/25/2008	0.00	92,602.56	92,602.56	180.05
	ASSET BKD 05-									
073877AB8	SD1	15,505,201.80	14,002,747.75	6,131.02	14,008,878.76	67,295.15 11/25/2008	147,487.41	44,449.86	191,937.27	373.20
073877AC6	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 05-SD1 1A3	38,723,000.00	27.024.781.70	15,741.98	27,040,523.68	129,895.92 11/25/2008	0.00	114.129.32	114,129.32	221.91
073077AC0	BEAR STEARNS	50,725,000.00	27,024,701.70	13,741.50	27,040,323.00	125,055.52 11/25/2000	0.00	114,125.52	114,125.52	221.51
073877BQ4	ASSET 05-SD2 IIA1	24,452,045.49	19,449,156.98	9,750.25	19,458,907.24	93,475.73 11/25/2008	1,125,550.89	70,689.34	1,196,240.23	2,325.94
073877CC4	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 05-2 CL A-3	3,765,951.37	3,625,481.38	1,530.96	3,627,012.35	17,423.26 11/25/2008	116,501.86	11,099.48	127,601.35	248.10
0/30//004	BEAR STEARNS			1,550.50	3,027,012.33		110,501.00	11,055.40	127,001.00	
073877CY6	ASSET 05-SD3 IIA1	24,695,626.28	19,524,362.14	9,957.14	19,534,319.28	93,837.99 11/25/2008	142,578.37	72,189.26	214,767.63	417.59
073877EF5	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 05-SD4 IIA1	24,188,451.62	19,844,205.71	9,833.28	19,854,038.99	95,373.84 11/25/2008	838,047.87	71,291.26	909,339.13	1,768.10
	BEAR STEARNS			le la			í.	í.	í.	
0738793L0	ASSET 05-HE11 A2	24,220,941.60	21,096,440.13	9,442.80	21,105,882.94	101,387.39 11/25/2008	1,025,394.32	68,460.31	1,093,854.62	2,126.86

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
0738793M8	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 05-HE11 A3	13,553,000.00	9,199,776.40	5,419.32	9,205,195.72	44,219.46	11/25/2008	0.00	39,290.05	39,290.05	76.39
0738796N3	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 06-HE1 1A3	14,565,000.00	10,523,212.50	5,807.79	10,529,020.29	50,578.78	11/25/2008	0.00	42,106.50	42,106.50	81.87
073879D88	BEAR STEARNS ASSET BKD 05- TC2	40 525 767 22	25 222 600 05	15 002 22	25 240 402 27	100 220 75	11/25/2000	0.00	114 574 04	114 574 04	222.77
0/30/9000	BEAR STEARNS	40,535,767.32	35,233,688.95	15,803.32	35,249,492.27	109,529.75	11/25/2008	0.00	114,574.04	114,574.04	222.11
073879J41	ASSET 05-HE8 A-2	16,806,002.66	16,505,175.21	6,570.68	16,511,745.89	79,318.30	11/25/2008	2,967,736.25	47,637.43	3,015,373.68	5,863.02
073879VF2	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 05-TC1 M-1 BEAR STEARNS	1,800,000.00	1,077,300.00	739.75	1,078,039.75	5,178.63	11/25/2008	0.00	5,363.19	5,363.19	10.43
073879W95	ASSET 05-HE10 A-	8,112,515.60	7,753,942.41	3,198.81	7,757,141.22	37,263.37	11/25/2008	807,436.66	23,191.37	830,628.03	1,615.05
07387UBQ3	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 06-HE1 2A3	3,810,000.00	2,567,178.00	1,527.70	2,568,705.70	12,339.42	11/25/2008	0.00	11,075.86	11,075.86	21.54
07387UEJ6	BEAR STEARNS 2006-HE2 I-A-2	29,844,000.00	25,522,588.80	11,469.22	25,534,058.02	122,659.23	11/25/2008	0.00	83,151.81	83,151.81	161.68
07387UEK3	BEAR STEARNS 2006-HE2 CL IA3	14,310,000.00	7,720,245.00	5,690.21	7,725,935.21	37,113.46	11/25/2008	0.00	41,254.04	41,254.04	80.21
07387UHQ7	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 06-HE3 A2 BEAR STEARNS	69,953,748.57	60,258,159.02	26,728.16	60,284,887.18	289,593.53	11/25/2008	2,065,894.46	193,779.17	2,259,673.62	4,393.65
07388CAB6	ASSET 06 HE5 IA2 BEAR STEARNS	11,862,000.00	9,253,546.20	4,519.09	9,258,065.29	44,473.43	11/25/2008	0.00	32,763.42	32,763.42	63.70
07388EAA4	ABS 2006 SD2 A-1	5,999,698.20	4,222,587.59	2,425.71	4,225,013.30	20,295.91	11/25/2008	62,889.10	17,586.41	80,475.50	156.47
07388EAJ5	BEAR STEARNS ASSET 06-SD2 A2 BEAR STEARNS	8,542,852.40	7,072,627.50	3,283.07	7,075,910.57	33,990.91	11/25/2008	180,118.82	23,802.23	203,921.05	396.50
07389UAP4	07- HE1 CL 21A2	50,325,000.00	24,025,155.00	19,116.51	24,044,271.51	115,502.67	11/25/2008	0.00	138,594.70	138,594.70	269.48
12465MAE4	C BASS MTG LN 2006-CB9 M-1	28,281,000.00	5,483,685.90	11,025.66	5,494,711.56	26,395.22	11/25/2008	0.00	79,936.05	79,936.05	155.43
12489WMD3	C BASS TR 05-CB4 MTG CL M-1 C BASS TR 2005-	7,000,000.00	4,375,000.00	2,861.25	4,377,861.25	21,030.15	11/25/2008	0.00	20,744.06	20,744.06	40.33
12489WMZ4	CB5	6,000,000.00	2,296,200.00	2,439.17	2,298,639.17	11 042 09	11/25/2008	0.00	17,683.96	17,683.96	34.38
12489WQY3	C BASS TR 06 CB3	14,000,000.00	2,616,600.00	5,566.94	2,622,166.94	,	11/25/2008	0.00	40,311.45	40,311.45	78.38
, i	C BASS TR 2006- CB3			, i					, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
12489WQZ0	C BASS TR 2006-	8,000,000.00	3,440,000.00	3,190.00	3,443,190.00	16,540.22	11/25/2008	0.00	23,099.48	23,099.48	44.91
12489WRA4		2,100,000.00	66,360.00	842.04	67,202.04	322.82	11/25/2008	0.00	6,097.41	6,097.41	11.86
12666CAF0	CWABS ASSET BKD 06-23 CL M1	20,000,000.00	1,344,000.00	7,797.22	1,351,797.22	6,493.70	11/25/2008	0.00	56,529.86	56,529.86	109.92
12666PAU8	CWABS ABC 2006 10 3-AV-3 CWABS ABC 2006	68,697,000.00	45,429,326.10	26,095.32	45,455,421.42	218,356.48	11/25/2008	0.00	189,191.06	189,191.06	367.86
	CWABS ABC 2006										

0.00 131,288.76 131,288.76

255.27

А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	CWABS ABC 2006							<u> </u>			
12666RAW0	CWABS ASSET	15,622,000.00	2,961,931.20	6,107.77	2,968,038.97	14,257.72	11/25/2008	0.00	44,281.32	44,281.32	86.10
12666TAJ5	BKD 2006 11 3-AV-2 CWABS ASSET	135,000,000.00	92,812,500.00	51,281.25	92,863,781.25	446,094.39	11/25/2008	0.00	371,789.06	371,789.06	722.90
12666TAL0	BKD 2006 MV-1 CWABS INC 2005-	33,100,000.00	4,326,170.00	12,977.96	4,339,147.96	20,844.18	11/25/2008	0.00	94,090.20	94,090.20	182.95
126670KM9	AB4 CL 2A3 CWABS INC 2005- 16	82,043,716.35	57,922,863.74	31,985.65	57,954,849.40	278,400.61	11/25/2008	2,180,670.09	231,895.99	2,412,566.08	4,690.93
126670PF9	CL 4AV3 CWABS INC 2005- 16	50,000,000.00	40,395,000.00	19,493.06	40,414,493.06	194,141.12	11/25/2008	0.00	141,324.65	141,324.65	274.79
126670PG7	CL 4AV4 CWABS INC 05- AB5	71,308,000.00	32,438,009.20	28,592.53	32,466,601.73	155,961.44	11/25/2008	0.00	207,295.82	207,295.82	403.06
126670QB7	2-A-2 CWABS INC 2005-	21,133,327.02	13,349,922.68	8,286.03	13,358,208.70	64,169.50	11/25/2008	199,672.59	60,073.68	259,746.27	505.04
126670QC5	AB5 CL 2A3 CWABS INC 05-17 4-	61,792,000.00	16,547,897.60	24,776.88	16,572,674.48	79,610.99	11/25/2008	0.00	179,632.35	179,632.35	349.27
126670RB6	AV-2 CWABS INC 2006-1	107,584,464.80	82,797,004.11	42,062.54	82,839,066.65	397,938.17	11/25/2008	2,460,455.06	304,953.40	2,765,408.46	5,376.99
126670TV0	CL AV3 CWABS INC 2006-	12,542,000.00	6,901,862.60	4,959.32	6,906,821.92	33,178.65	11/25/2008	0.00	35,955.04	35,955.04	69.91
126670XP8	BC1 CL 2-A-1 CWABS INC 2006-5	24,226,864.01	22,019,796.70	9,256.68	22,029,053.38	105,822.07	11/25/2008	1,606,864.39	67,110.94	1,673,975.33	3,254.84
126670YG7	CL 2A2 CWABS INC 06-6	22,855,430.42	17,212,424.65	8,732.68	17,221,157.33	82,726.13	11/25/2008	574,575.31	63,311.92	637,887.23	1,240.29
126670ZL5	ASSET BKD 2-A-2 CWABS INC 2006-6	68,244,632.00	50,869,548.69	26,075.14	50,895,623.83	,	11/25/2008	1,337,620.71	189,044.74	1,526,665.45	2,968.41
126670ZM3	CL 2A3 CWABS INC 2006-	25,000,000.00	12,500,000.00	9,829.86	12,509,829.86	60,094.10	11/25/2008	0.00	71,266.49	71,266.49	138.57
126670ZN1	ASSET BKD CL M1 CWABS INC 03- BC3	10,000,000.00	1,030,000.00	3,976.39	1,033,976.39	4,966.96	11/25/2008	0.00	28,828.82	28,828.82	56.05
126671B47 126671ZJ8	CL A-2 CWABS INC 03-D A	247,956.63 374,654.51	191,323.34 162,749.92	106.86 802.59	191,430.20 163,552.51		11/25/2008 11/17/2008	0.00 7,741.72	774.75 1,664.79	774.75 9,406.51	1.51 26.90
1200/1230	CWABS INC 05-7 CL	577,054.51	102,743.32	002.55	105,552.51	/03.0/	11/1//2000	7,741.72	1,004.75	5,400.51	20.50
1266732E1	3-AV-2 CWABS INC 2005-9	291,782.47	289,068.89	113.75	289,182.65	1,389.16	11/25/2008	291,782.36	824.72	292,607.08	568.94
1266736Q0	CL 2A4 CWABS INC 2004-6	62,579,529.17	55,645,717.34	24,605.92	55,670,323.26	267,426.32	11/25/2008	3,299,185.36	178,392.95	3,477,578.31	6,761.72
126673AZ5	CL 2-A-2 CWABS INC 05-3	2,635,894.00	2,616,388.38	1,048.13	2,617,436.52	12,573.51	11/25/2008	0.00	7,598.97	7,598.97	14.78
126673B43	BKD CL MV-1 CWABS INC 04-J	52,710,000.00	49,315,476.00	21,545.21	49,337,021.21	237,002.72	11/25/2008	0.00	156,202.79	156,202.79	303.72
126673HC9	REVOLVING 2-A CWABS ASSET BKD	5,207,097.00	3,684,541.84	9,136.70	3,693,678.54	17,743.51	11/17/2008	29,127.07	18,844.45	47,971.51	137.17
12667LAF9	06-21 CL M1 CWABS ASSET	26,100,000.00	2,497,770.00	10,117.38	2,507,887.38	12,047.26	11/25/2008	0.00	73,350.97	73,350.97	142.62
12667TAD7	BKD 06-25 CL 2A3	200,000,000.00	80,980,000.00	76,194.44	81,056,194.44	389,373.69	11/25/2008	0.00	552,409.72	552,409.72	1,074.09

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	CWABS ASSET										
12667TAF2	BKD 06-25 CL M1 CWHEQ HOME	40,000,000.00	3,440,000.00	15,594.44	3,455,594.44	16,599.81	11/25/2008	0.00	113,059.72	113,059.72	219.83
126682AA1	EQTY 07-A P/T CL A	85,513,769.67	56,618,666.90	177,868.64	56,796,535.54	272 836 36	11/17/2008	2,761,578.05	369.009.74	3,130,587.79	8,951.52
126685AH9	CWHEQ INC 05-E CL 2-A	75,051,282.87	37,022,797.84	159.442.28	37.182.240.12	178.614.19		1.545.052.62	330.741.63	1,875,794.25	5,363.60
12000JA119	CWHEQ INC 2005-	/3,031,202.0/	57,022,797.04	139,442.20	37,102,240.12	170,014.19	11/1//2000	1,343,032.02	550,741.05	1,0/3,/94.23	5,505.00
126685BW5	M CL A4 CWHEQ INC 06-C	95,000,000.00	36,432,500.00	206,466.67	36,638,966.67	176,004.44	11/17/2008	0.00	428,232.29	428,232.29	1,224.48
126685DJ2	CL 2A CWALT INC 2006-	62,158,755.00	36,052,077.90	130,947.78	36,183,025.68	173,814.21	11/17/2008	1,661,180.85	265,697.08	1,926,877.93	5,509.67
12668BRF2	OC2 CL 2-A-2	93,048,000.00	78,653,474.40	35,758.86	78,689,233.26	378,003.40	11/25/2008	0.00	259,251.76	259,251.76	504.08
12668HAD2	CWABS ASSET BKD 06-26 CL 2A3	164,548,000.00	63,663,621.20	62,688.22	63,726,309.42	306,125.26	11/25/2008	0.00	454,489.57	454,489.57	883.70
	CWABS ASSET BKD										
12668KAC7	07-5 CL 2A2	35,000,000.00	23,520,000.00	13,334.03	23,533,334.03	113,048.25	11/25/2008	0.00	96,671.70	96,671.70	187.97
12668KAD5	CWABS ASSET BKD 07-5 CL 2-A-3	143,352,000.00	57.541.492.80	55.409.53	57.596.902.33	276.681.12	11/25/2009	0.00	401.719.10	401.719.10	781.09
12000KAD5	CWABS ASSET	145,552,000.00	57,541,492.00	55,409.55	57,590,902.55	2/0,001.12	11/25/2000	0.00	401,/19.10	401,/19.10	/01.09
12668TAF1	BKD 2007-BC1 M-1 CWHEQ HOME	9,375,000.00	1,821,562.50	3,654.95	1,825,217.45	8,767.89	11/25/2008	0.00	26,498.37	26,498.37	51.52
12668YAB9	EQUITY 06-S10 CL A2	160,000,000.00	89,600,000.00	61,844.44	89,661,844.44	430,713.09	11/25/2008	0.00	448,372.22	448,372.22	871.80

	CWHEQ HOME EQUITY 06-S10 CL										
12668YAC7	A3	100,000,000.00	40,000,000.00	39,763.89	40,039,763.89	192,341.02	11/25/2008	0.00	288,288.19	288,288.19	560.54
	CWABS ASSET BKD										
12669LAC4	07-6 CL 2-A-2	49,897,000.00	32.617.668.90	19,009.37	32,636,678.27	156 779 44	11/25/2008	0.00	137.817.94	137.817.94	267.97
12009LAC4	CWABS ASSET	49,697,000.00	52,017,000.90	19,009.57	52,030,070.27	150,770.44	11/25/2006	0.00	15/,01/.94	13/,01/.94	207.97
	BKD										
12669LAD2	07-6 CL 2-A-3	92,794,000.00	36,022,630.80	35,867,46	36,058,498.26	173,216.01	11/25/2008	0.00	260.039.08	260,039.08	505.61
	CWABS ASSET		,,						,	,	
	BKD										
12669VAD0	07-7 CL 2-A-3	62,461,000.00	40,599,650.00	24,212.31	40,623,862.31	195,146.88	11/25/2008	0.00	175,539.27	175,539.27	341.31
	CWABS ASSET										
	BKD										
12669WAE6	07-8 CL 2-A-3	50,000,000.00	13,925,000.00	19,159.72	13,944,159.72	66,984.26	11/25/2008	0.00	138,907.98	138,907.98	270.09
	CWHEQ HOME										
12670BAL3	EQTY 07-S2 CL A4V	36,989,220.56	18,494,610.28	14,872.75	18,509,483.03	00 01 4 02	11/25/2008	207,485.36	107,827.43	315,312.79	613.09
120/0DAL5	CWHEO	50,969,220.50	10,494,010.20	14,0/2./5	10,509,405.05	00,914.95	11/25/2006	207,405.50	107,027.45	515,512.79	015.09
	REVOLVING										
12670CAA5	07-C CL A	96,800,214.28	45,234,740.13	202.635.12	45,437,375.25	218,269,79	11/17/2008	2,393,982.15	420,375.10	2,814,357.25	8,047.30
	CARRINGTON			,				_,,	,	_,	0,011100
	MTG										
144531CX6	LN TR 05-NC3 A2	4,824,369.95	4,389,694.22	1,907.64	4,391,601.85	21,096.16	11/25/2008	125,775.17	13,830.36	139,605.53	271.45
	CARRINGTON										
	MTG										
144531EB2	2005-FRE1 CL A3	59,674,163.43	55,288,112.42	23,264.64	55,311,377.05	265,702.03	11/25/2008	1,356,577.25	168,668.61	1,525,245.86	2,965.65
	CARRINGTON MTG										
144531EW6	2006-NC1 A-3	98,500,000.00	74,318,250.00	37,963.54	74,356,213.54	257 100 66	11/25/2008	0.00	275,235.68	275,235.68	535.16
144551EW0	CARRINGTON	96,500,000.00	/4,510,250.00	37,903.34	/4,330,213.34	357,100.00	11/25/2006	0.00	2/5,255.00	2/3,233.00	555.10
	MTG										
144531EX4	LN 2006-NC1 A4	40,745,000.00	20,922,557.50	16,156.52	20,938,714.02	100,584,35	11/25/2008	0.00	117,134.80	117,134.80	227.75
		-, _, _,	-,- ,0001000	.,	- , ,	,			,	,	

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	К	L
		_		Accrued	Designated	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase	- 5	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Accrued Interest on
CUSIP	Security Name CARRINGTON	Par	Market Value	Interest	Purchase Price	Price	Date	Principal	Interest	Total Cash	<u>amount in K</u>
144531FL9	MTG LN 06-OPT1 A3 CARRINGTON	44,853,715.68	40,996,296.13	17,137.86	41,013,433.99	197,018.28	11/25/2008	1,480,834.26	124,249.47	1,605,083.73	3,120.88
14453MAC8	CARRINGTON	108,721,000.00	56,752,362.00	41,298.88	56,793,660.88	272,822.55	11/25/2008	0.00	299,416.88	299,416.88	582.18
14454EAA9	MTG 07-HE1 CL A-1 CARRINGTON	15,667,848.50	13,699,966.73	5,847.15	13,705,813.88	65,839.30	11/25/2008	167,457.60	42,391.87	209,849.47	408.03
14454EAC5	MTG LN 07-HE1 CL A3 CARRINGTON	42,820,000.00	21,589,844.00	16,408.39	21,606,252.39	103,791.03	11/25/2008	0.00	118,960.80	118,960.80	231.30
14454EAD3	MTG 07-HE1 CL A-4 C BASS 2006 CB6	19,963,000.00	8,548,156.60	7,871.52	8,556,028.12	41,101.02	11/25/2008	0.00	57,068.53	57,068.53	110.96
14986PAC7	TR CTF A-II-2 CENTEX HOME	25,000,000.00	22,907,500.00	9,302.08	22,916,802.08	110,086.59	11/25/2008	0.00	67,405.43	67,405.43	131.06
152314JW1	EQTY LN TR 04-B M2 CENTEX HOME	7,500,000.00	6,631,500.00	3,132.29	6,634,632.29	31,871.11	11/25/2008	79,184.11	22,709.11	101,893.22	198.12
15231AAC0	EQ LN TR 06-A AV-3 CHASE FDG LN	55,500,000.00	42,945,900.00	21,082.29	42,966,982.29	206,402.64	11/25/2008	0.00	152,846.61	152,846.61	297.19
161542DN2	ACQUISITION 04AQ1 CHASE FDG MTG	15,140,405.00	9,939,675.88	6,155.00	9,945,830.88	47,777.29	11/25/2008	0.00	44,623.74	44,623.74	86.77
161546HZ2	LN 2004-1 CL 2A2 CITIGROUP MTG	1,064,969.34	886,693.47	412.82	887,106.30	4,261.44	11/25/2008	30,861.71	3,190.29	34,052.00	66.21
17307GCU0	TR 03-HEA A CITIGROUP MTG	23,070,939.78	19,005,840.19	9,327.71	19,015,167.90	91,344.11	11/25/2008	421,359.41	67,625.89	488,985.30	950.77
17307GCZ9	LN 03-HE4 A 144A CITIGROUP MTG	15,984,577.20	14,295,007.39	6,515.94	14,301,523.33	68,700.94	11/25/2008	371,588.96	47,231.37	418,820.33	814.34
17307GGP7	LN 04-HE1 144A CITIGROUP MTG LN	15,179,979.92	12,641,887.28	6,053.02	12,647,940.29	60,757.54	11/25/2008	0.00	43,884.37	43,884.37	85.33
17307GP44	TR 05-HE4 A2C CITIGROUP MTG SER	28,775,909.53	25,754,439.03	11,282.55	25,765,721.58	123,772.09	11/25/2008	406,261.40	0.00	406,261.40	789.92
17311BAB9	07-AMC1 CLA2 CITIGROUP MTG SER	114,517,000.00	49,505,699.10	43,373.31	49,549,072.41	238,021.36	11/25/2008	0.00	314,456.53	314,456.53	611.42
17311BAC7	07-AMC1 CLA3 CITIGROUP MTG SER	11,405,000.00	2,876,341.00	4,408.35	2,880,749.35	13,838.40	11/25/2008	0.00	31,960.53	31,960.53	62.14
17312GAB7	07-A CL A-3B CREDIT SUISSE FIRST	32,151,000.00	12,227,025.30	12,248.64	12,239,273.94	58,794.41	11/25/2008	0.00	88,802.63	88,802.63	172.67
225470TY9	BOSTON MTG CREDIT SUISSE FIRST	16,025,910.85	12,372,003.18	6,354.72	12,378,357.90	59,462.54	11/25/2008	430,445.75	46,071.71	476,517.46	926.53
2254W0LE3		30,758,993.92	6,570,121.10	12,025.91	6,582,147.01	31,618.99	11/25/2008	471,925.40	87,187.88	559,113.28	1,087.13
23242NAB5		65,000,000.00	35,529,000.00	24,690.97	35,553,690.97	170,791.04	11/25/2008	0.00	179,009.55	179,009.55	348.06
23243JAB3	P/T 2-A CWABS ASSET BKD	90,392,570.69	51,930,531.86	189,221.78	52,119,753.64	250,370.27	11/17/2008	3,296,708.98	392,548.57	3,689,257.55	10,548.97
23245CAF7	07-1 CL M1 CWABS ASSET BKD	51,000,000.00	3,809,700.00	19,769.58	3,829,469.58	18,395.81	11/25/2008	0.00	143,329.48	143,329.48	278.69
	2.10										

103,206,000.00 41,653,941.60 39,433.29 41,693,374.89 200,284.55 11/25/2008

0.00 285,891.37 285,891.37 555.88

Currie Versity Name         Par         Market Value         Currie Versity Name         Particity	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	K	L
CWARS ASSET RED 2224ELD         CWARS ASSET RED 2244ELT         CWARS ASSET RED 2245RT         CWARS ASSET RED 2445RT         CWARS ASSET RED 2445RT         CWARS ASSET RED 2445RT         CWARS ASSET RED 2445RT         CWARS ASSET RED 2445RT         CWARS ASSET RED 2445RT <thcwars asset<br="">RED 2445RTRED 24</thcwars>	CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value			Interest on D. Purchase	- ,		10/31/08		Interest on
BKD         S2246L0         Dirac         S2000,000.00         9,992,500.00         9,552.08         10,002,052.08         48,047.36         11/252008         0.00         69,252.60         69,252.60         134.65           2347LAC2         CMABS ASSET         FMO         1.2.4.3         106,697,000.00         33,726,921.70         40,885.70         33,767,807.40         162,212.10         11/252008         0.00         256,421.31         296,421.31         576.35           23445PAT         TR 04-12A2         1,822,892.76         1,799,924.31         704.60         1,800,628.91         8,649.77         11/252008         0.00         5,108.34         5,108.34         9.932           31561EAC         FFF         FA.3         649,5000.00         39,344,981.50         24,658.68         39,390,640.18         189,121.91         11/252008         4.300.70         33,583.84         453.02         9.022.86           31659TEC6         INVT 05.302.42         9,002,214.80         70.07.082.69         37,925.17         78,115,007.66         375,244.97         11/252008         4.303,583.84         453.038.44         653.030           32027FA62         INVT 05.006.1A2         12,954.00.00         44,876,128.00         46,225.51         41,922,405.51         12,552.008         0.00         46	COOM			Market Value	Interest	<u>r urenuse r rice</u>		Dutt	Timepar	merest	Total Cash	amount in it
22247LAC2         0 <sup>5</sup> -11 CL 2-A-3 CN         106,897,000.00         33,726,201.70         40,885.70         33,767,807.40         16,2212.10         11/25/2008         0.00         296,421.31         296,421.31         576.35           29445EH3         TR 04+122         1,822,892.76         1,799,924.31         704.60         1,800,628.91         8,649.77         11/25/2008         0.00         178,775.46         178,775.46         37.76.40           1551EAC5         PEFF A-3         64,915,000.00         33,344,981.50         24,658.68         39,369,640.18         189,121.91         11/25/2008         4,655,887.52         274,957.46         178,775.46         37.76.40         3,022,956           31561EAC5         PEFF A-3         64,915,000.00         39,289,714.45         49,642.73         9,2936,787.38         446,445.09         11/25/2008         4,550,91.85         359,909,76         49,30,828.28         9,587.38           3202764E         MTG OF FR IA3         129,540,713.60         2,807,144.65         49,522,55         18,083.19         11/25/2008         0.00         186,723.75         186,723.75         363.06           3202764C6         MTG OF FR IIA3         1000,000.00         5,681.25         1,255,601.25         54069.48         11/25/2008         0.00         41,189.06         4	23246LAD1	2007-BC3 2-A-3 CWABS ASSET	25,000,000.00	9,992,500.00	9,552.08	10,002,052.08	48,047.36	11/25/2008	0.00	69,252.60	69,252.60	134.65
EQUIFIEST MTG 29445FATS TR 04-1 2A2 1,799.924.31 70.60 1,800,628.91 8,649.77 11/25/208 0.00 5,108.34 5,108.34 9.93 31561FAC. 06 FA 1561FAC. 06 FA 164,915,000.00 39,344,981.50 24,658.68 39,369,640.18 189,121.91 11/25/208 0.00 178,775.46 178,775.46 347.61 31651FAC. 06 FPI 1A3 1659TEFC 1NVT 53.2A2 1700,214.80 78,077,082.69 37,925.17 78,115,007.86 375,244.97 11/25/208 4,365,587.52 274,957.49 4,640,545.02 9,022.96 11650TEFC 1NVT 53.2A2 11650TEFC 1NVT 53.2A2 11650TEFC 1NVT 53.2A2 11650TEFC 1NVT 53.2A2 11255400 11/25/208 4,570.918.51 359,900.76 4,393,828.28 9,587.38 11255408 4,570.918.51 359,900.76 4,393,828.24 9,587.38 11255408 4,570.918.51 339,904.76 4,1189.06 41,189.06 4	23247LAC2		106.697.000.00	33,726,921,70	40.885.70	33,767,807,40	162.212.10	11/25/2008	0.00	296.421.31	296.421.31	576.35
3156EAC9       06-FF6 A-3       64915.00.00       93,934,98150       24,658.68       39,369,640.18       199,1219       11/25/2008       0.00       178,775.66       178,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       378,775.66       379,002,214.80       78,077,082.69       379,275.77       84,64.450       11/25/2008       4,365,875.27       27,495.74       4,405.45.02       9,002,216         31659TE7       TNT 0506-1.42       12,940,00.00       44,876,128.00       45,322.54       49,22,450.54       215,760.23       11/25/2008       4.00       358,88.44       358,88.44       653,000         32027A6E       MTG 06 FF8 IIA3       15,000,00.00       12,500,00.00       5,681.25       12,550.01       18,083.13       11/25/2008       0.00       186,723.75       186,72		EQUIFIRST MTG LN TR 04-1 2A2 FFMLT TR 2006					, i		0.00		, i	
FIELDSTONE MTG 31659TEC         FIELDSTONE MTG FIELDSTONE MTG 51659TEV         70,2214.80         70,07,082.69         37,925.17         78,115,007.86         375,244.97         11/25/2008         4,365,587.52         274,957.49         4,640,45.02         9,022.95           31659TEC         FIELDSTONE MTG FIELDSTONE MTG 06 FF1 M15         12,946,000.00         44,876,128.00         46,322.54         44,922,450.54         215,796.22         11/25/2008         4.00         335,838.44         355,838.44         653.00           320277A68         MTG 06 FF1 M13         60,00,000.00         36,086.00.00         25,755.00         38,112,555.00         183,083.19         11/25/2008         0.00         41,089.06         41,089.06         80.09           32027A64         MTG 06 FF1 M1         10,000,000.00         734,000.00         5,681.25         11,255,681.25         54,069.48         11/25/2008         0.00         48,745.49         45,835.49         28,345.49         55.11           32027ACA         MTG 06 FF1 M1         10,000,000.00         734,000.00         3,568,432.80         20,563.42         35,688,962.22         17,141.02         11/25/2008         0.00         44,139.67         44,139.67         44,139.67         45,325.74         45,359.74         45,359.74         45,359.74         45,359.74         45,359.74	31561FAC9		64 915 000 00	39 344 981 50	24 658 68	39 369 640 18	189 121 91	11/25/2008	0.00	178 775 46	178 775 46	347.61
FIELDSTONE MTG         FIELSTO	515011/105		04,515,000.00	55,544,501.50	24,050.00	33,303,040.10	105,121.51	11/23/2000	0.00	170,775.40	170,775.40	547.01
31659TEY7       INVT 2006-1 A2       129,549,713.60       92,887,144.65       49,642.73       92,936,787.38       446,45.09       11/25/2008       4,570,918.51       359,909.76       4,930,828.28       9,587.38         320276AE8       MTG 06 FF9 IIA3       121,946,000.00       44,876,128.00       46,322.54       44,922,450.54       215,756.22       11/25/2008       0.00       35,838.44       358,38.44       653.00         320277AE6       MTG 06 FF7 IIA3       66,000.00       38,066,800.00       25,755.00       38,112,555.00       183,083.19       11/25/2008       0.00       41,189.06       40,020.9         32027RAC6       MTG 06 FF8 IIA3       15,000.000.00       734,000.00       3,909.72       737,099.72       3,544.73       11/25/2008       0.00       42,345.49       25,311         32027RA26       MTG 06 FF1 MM1       10,000.00.00       734,000.00       3,909.72       737,909.72       3,547.73       11/25/2008       0.00       4,1189.06       41,189.06       41,189.06       41,189.06       41,189.06       41,189.06       44,139.67       45,322,47       41,189.05       44,139.67       44,139.67       44,139.67       44,139.67       45,323,47       15,96       50.00       73,498.17       15,318       30,20,777.71       11/25/2008       0.00	31659TEG6		97,002,214.80	78,077,082.69	37,925.17	78,115,007.86	375,244.97	11/25/2008	4,365,587.52	274,957.49	4,640,545.02	9,022.96
FIRST FRANKLIN         PIRST FRANKLIN         PIRST FRANKLIN         PIRST FRANKLIN           320276AB         MTG 06 FF 91A3         121,946,000.00         48,876,128.00         46,322,54         44,922,450.54         215,796.22         11/25/2008         0.00         335,838.44         335,838.44         653.00           20277AC6         MTG 06 FF PIRA         10,000,000.00         18,068.00.00         25,755.00         38,112,555.01         183,083.19         11/25/2008         0.00         186,723.75         186,723.75         363.06           2027RAC6         MTG 06 FF PIA         10,000,000.00         11,250,000.00         5,681.25         11,255,681.25         54,069.48         11/25/2008         0.00         41,189.06         41,189.06         80.09           2027NA27         MTG 06 FF PIA         10,000,000.00         734,000.00         3,909.72         737,909.72         3,544.73         11/25/2008         0.00         149,084.81         289.88           2027NA37         MTG 200-FF2A         3,5358,000.00         35,668,432.80         20,563.42         35,668,962.22         171,41.02         11/25/2008         0.00         44,139.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67         44,39.67 <td>21050753/7</td> <td></td> <td>100 5 40 710 00</td> <td>02 007 144 CE</td> <td>40 042 72</td> <td>02 026 707 20</td> <td>146 145 00</td> <td>11/25/2000</td> <td>4 570 010 51</td> <td>250 000 70</td> <td>4 0 20 0 20 20</td> <td>0 507 30</td>	21050753/7		100 5 40 710 00	02 007 144 CE	40 042 72	02 026 707 20	146 145 00	11/25/2000	4 570 010 51	250 000 70	4 0 20 0 20 20	0 507 30
22027AEAE         MTG 06 FF9 ILA3         121,94,000.00         44,876,128.00         46,322.54         44,922,450.54         215,796.22         1/25/2008         0.00         335,838.44         335,838.44         653.00           32027RAC6         MTG 06 FF7 ILA3         68,000,000.00         38,086,800.00         25,755.00         38,112,555.00         183,083.19         1/25/2008         0.00         148,723.75         186,723.75         363.06           32027RAC8         MTG 06 FF8 ILA3         15,000,000.00         1,250,000.00         5,681.25         11,255,681.25         54,069.48         11/25/2008         0.00         41,189.06         41,189.06         48.09           32027RAC8         MTG 06 FF14 MI         10,000,000.00         734,000.00         3,999.72         737,909.72         3,544.73         11/25/2008         0.00         44,139.67<	310591EY/		129,549,713.00	92,887,144.05	49,042.73	92,930,787.38	446,445.09	11/25/2008	4,570,918.51	359,909.76	4,930,828.28	9,587.38
320277AE6       MTG 06 FF7 IIA3 FIRST FRANKLIN       68,000,000.0       38,086,800.00       25,75.00       38,112,555.00       11,252/008       0.00       186,723.75       186,723.75       363.06         320278AC8       MTG 06 FF8 IIA3 FIRST FRANKLIN       10,000,000.0       71,250,000.00       5,681.25       11,255,681.25       54,069.48       11/25/2008       0.00       41,189.06       41,189.06       80.09         32027NA26       MTG 06 FF1 MI       10,000,000.00       734,000.00       3,909.72       737,909.72       3,544.73       11/25/2008       0.00       44,139.67       28,345.49 <td< td=""><td>320276AE8</td><td>MTG 06 FF9 IIA3</td><td>121,946,000.00</td><td>44,876,128.00</td><td>46,322.54</td><td>44,922,450.54</td><td>215,796.22</td><td>11/25/2008</td><td>0.00</td><td>335,838.44</td><td>335,838.44</td><td>653.00</td></td<>	320276AE8	MTG 06 FF9 IIA3	121,946,000.00	44,876,128.00	46,322.54	44,922,450.54	215,796.22	11/25/2008	0.00	335,838.44	335,838.44	653.00
320278AC8       MTG 06 FF8 IA3       15,000,000       11,250,000.00       5,681.25       11,255,681.25       54,069.48       11/25/2008       0.00       41,189.06       41,189.06       80.09         32027LAG0       MTG 06 FF14 M1       10,000,000.00       734,000.00       3,909.72       737,909.72       3,544.73       11/25/2008       0.00       28,345.49 </td <td>320277AE6</td> <td></td> <td>68,000,000.00</td> <td>38,086,800.00</td> <td>25,755.00</td> <td>38,112,555.00</td> <td>183,083.19</td> <td>11/25/2008</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>186,723.75</td> <td>186,723.75</td> <td>363.06</td>	320277AE6		68,000,000.00	38,086,800.00	25,755.00	38,112,555.00	183,083.19	11/25/2008	0.00	186,723.75	186,723.75	363.06
32027LAG0       MTG 06 FF14 M1       1,0,00,000.00       734,000.00       3,999.72       737,909.72       3,544.73       1/25/2008       0.00       28,345.49       28,345.49       55.11         32027NA27       MTG 2006-FF2 A4 FIRST FRANKLIN       53,508,000.00       35,668,432.80       20,563.42       35,668,996.22       171,441.02       1/25/2008       0.00       149,084.81       149,084.81       289.88         32027NA27       MTG 2006-FF2 A5 FIRST FRANKLIN       15,397,000.00       4,737,656.90       6,088.23       4,743,745.13       22,787.77       1/25/2008       0.00       44,139.67       44,139.67       85.82         32027NA38       MTG 04-FF2 A1 FIRST FRANKLIN       29,71,000.00       2,953,174.00       12,044.93       2,965,218.93       14,244.17       1/25/2008       0.00       87,325.74       87,325.74       169.79         32027NM0       MTG 04-FF1 MAL       34,639,904.85       33,036,077.26       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       1/25/2008       0.00       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76       10,98,431       703.85         32027NM1       MTG 04-FF1 MA3       396,302.54       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       1/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.	320278AC8	MTG 06 FF8 IIA3	15,000,000.00	11,250,000.00	5,681.25	11,255,681.25	54,069.48	11/25/2008	0.00	41,189.06	41,189.06	80.09
FIRST FRANKLIN         32027NA27       MTG 2006-FE2 A4 FIRST FRANKLIN       53,508,000.00       35,668,432.80       20,563.42       35,688,996.22       171,441.02       11/25/2008       0.00       149,084.81       149,084.81       289,88         32027NA35       MTG 2006-FE2 A5       15,397,000.00       4,737,656.90       6,088.23       4,743,745.13       22,787.77       11/25/2008       0.00       44,139.67       44,63.75       146.80       17,212,75       16,978,426.22       81,559.33       11/25/2008       0.00       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76       106,280.76	32027LAG0		10 000 000 00	734 000 00	3 909 72	737 909 72	3 544 73	11/25/2008	0.00	28 345 49	28 345 49	55 11
32027NA35       ITG 2006-FF2 AS FIRST FRANKLIN S2027NA43       15,397,000.00       4,737,656.90       6,088.23       4,743,745.13       22,787.77       11/25/2008       0.00       44,139.67       44,139.67       85.82         32027NA43       MTG 06-FF2 M1 FIRST FRANKLIN S2027NK04       P3,710,000.00       2,953,174.00       12,044.93       2,965,218.93       14,244.17       11/25/2008       0.00       87,325.74       87,325.74       169.79         32027NM04       MTG 04-FF5 M3C       24,934,385.09       16,967,849.05       10,413.57       16,978,262.62       81,559.33       11/25/2008       0.00       75,498.37       75,498.37       146.80         32027NM01       MTG 04-FF1 M1A       34,639,904.85       33,036,077.26       14,659.42       33,050,736.67       158,767.48       1/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NV61       FIRST FRANKLIN 0-5       17,112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NV61       FIRST FRANKLIN 0-5       17,112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       1,491.54       1,894.57       1/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       1,592.202.81 <td< td=""><td></td><td>FIRST FRANKLIN</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td></td<>		FIRST FRANKLIN				,					,	
32027NA43       MTG 06-FF2 M1       29,710,000.00       2,953,174.00       12,044.93       2,965,218.93       14,244.17       11/25/2008       0.00       87,325.74       87,325.74       169.79         32027NKU4       MTG 04-FF5 M3C       24,934,385.09       16,967,849.05       10,413.57       16,978,262.62       81,559.33       11/25/2008       0.00       75,498.37       75,498.37       146.80         32027NMD0       MTG 04-FF13 A12       3,639,904.85       33,036,077.26       14,659.42       33,050,736.67       158,767.48       11/25/2008       0.00       106,280.76       106,280.76       206.65         32027NMH1       MTG 04-FF10 A-3       1,7112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NQF1       FF1 A1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       17.59         32027NQF1       FF1 A1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       3,943.94.95       1,894.57       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       562.77         32027NVA10       2005-FF7 CL A4       1,212,235.49	32027NA35	MTG 2006-FF2 A5	15,397,000.00	4,737,656.90	6,088.23	4,743,745.13	22,787.77	11/25/2008	0.00	44,139.67	44,139.67	85.82
FIRST FRANKLIN       24.934,385.09       16,967,849.05       10,413.57       16,978,262.62       81,559.33       11/25/2008       0.00       75,498.37       75,498.37       146.80         32027NMU0       MTG 04-FF1 MAC       34,639,904.85       33,036,077.26       14,659.42       33,050,736.67       158,767.48       11/25/2008       0.00       106,280.76       106,280.76       206.65         32027NMH1       MTG 04-FF10 A-3       17,112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NQF1       FF1 A 1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       17.59         32027NQF1       FF1 A 1B 144A       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       17.59         32027NV18       FOST FRANKLIN       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       17.59         32027NV18       FOST FRANKLIN       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.41       74,	32027NA43		29,710,000,00	2 953 174 00	12 044 93	2 965 218 93	14 244 17	11/25/2008	0.00	87.325.74	87.325.74	169.79
FIRST FRANKLIN       34,639,904.85       33,036,077.26       14,659.42       33,050,736.67       158,767.48       11/25/2008       0.00       106,280.76       106,280.76       206,655         32027NMH       MTG 04-FF10 A-3 FIRST FRANKLIN 05-       17,112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NQF1       FF1 A1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       17.59         32027NR41       MTG 05-FF4 ILA       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       1,894.57       11/25/2008       288,325.47       1,110.57       289,436.04       562.77         32027NU82       2005-FF7 CL A4       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.14       74,918.91       11/25/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         32027NVP0       MTG 06-FF1 ILA3       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.84       367,599.84       714.75         32027NVQ8       MTG 06-FF1 ILA4<		FIRST FRANKLIN			,							
32027NMD0       MTG 04-FFH3 IA2       34,639,904.85       33,036,077.26       14,659.42       33,050,736.67       158,767.48       11/25/2008       0.00       106,280.76       106,280.76       206.65         32027NMH1       MTG 04-FF10 A-3 FIRST FRANKLIN 05-       17,112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NQF1       FF1 A 1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NQF1       FF1 A 1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       562.77         32027NQF1       MTG 05-FF4 IIA3       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       1,894.57       11/25/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         32027NU8       2005-FF7 CL A4       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.14       74,918.91       1,125/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         3202	32027NKU4		24,934,385.09	16,967,849.05	10,413.57	16,978,262.62	81,559.33	11/25/2008	0.00	75,498.37	75,498.37	146.80
32027NMH1       MTG 04-FF10 A-3 FIRST FRANKLIN 05-       17,112,172.75       14,008,024.61       7,222.76       14,015,247.38       67,325.74       11/25/2008       309,627.38       52,365.03       361,992.41       703.85         32027NQF1       FF1 A1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       17.59         32027NQF1       FF1 A1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       17.59         32027NQF1       FIRST FRANKLIN FIRST FRANKLIN       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       1,894.57       11/25/2008       288,325.47       1,110.57       289,436.04       562.77         32027NUJ8       2005-FF7 CL A4 FIRST FRANKLIN       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.14       74,918.91       1/25/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         32027NVP8       MTG 06-FF1 IIA4       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.48       46,488.78       90.39         3	32027NMD0	MTG 04-FFH3 IA2	34,639,904.85	33,036,077.26	14,659.42	33,050,736.67	158,767.48	11/25/2008	0.00	106,280.76	106,280.76	206.65
32027NQF1       FF1 A1B 144A       3,082,119.05       2,465,695.24       1,249.54       2,466,944.78       11,850.59       11/25/2008       0.00       9,044.46       9,044.46       17.59         32027NRA1       MTG 05-FF4 IIA3       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       1,894.57       11/25/2008       28,325.47       1,110.57       289,436.04       562.77         32027NU8       2005-FF7 CL A4       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.14       74,918.91       11/25/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         32027NV90       MTG 06-FF1 IIA3       130,466,000.00       85,220,391.20       50,718.66       85,271,109.86       409,621.09       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.84       367,599.84       714.75         32027NV98       MTG 06-FF1 IIA4       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.84       46,488.78       90.39         32027NV98       MTG 06 FF1 IIA4       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       46,488.78       46,488.78       90.39         32028HAD       MTG 06 FF1 0A4	32027NMH1	MTG 04-FF10 A-3 FIRST FRANKLIN	17,112,172.75	14,008,024.61	7,222.76	14,015,247.38	67,325.74	11/25/2008	309,627.38	52,365.03	361,992.41	703.85
32027NRA1       MTG 05-FF4 IIA3       396,302.54       394,241.77       153.18       394,394.95       1,894.57       11/25/2008       288,325.47       1,110.57       289,436.04       562.77         32027NU38       PIRST FRANKLIN FIRST FRANKLIN       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.14       74,918.91       11/25/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         32027NY09       MTG 06-FF1 IIA3       130,466,000.00       85,220,391.20       50,718.66       85,271,109.86       409,621.09       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.84       367,599.84       714.75         32027NY08       MTG 06-FF1 IIA3       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       46,488.78       46,488.78       90.39         32027NY08       MTG 06 FF1 IIA4       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       46,488.78       46,488.78       90.39         32028HAD5       MTG 06 FF1 II A4       16,041,000.00       15,966,457.60       10,616.74       15,977,074.34       76,749.87       11/25/2008       0.00       76,971.37       76,971.37       149.66         FIRST FRANKLIN	32027NQF1	FF1 A1B 144A	3,082,119.05	2,465,695.24	1,249.54	2,466,944.78	11,850.59	11/25/2008	0.00	9,044.46	9,044.46	17.59
32027NUJ8       2005-FF7 CL A4       17,212,354.90       15,589,229.83       6,691.30       15,595,921.14       74,918.91       11/25/2008       1,034,445.88       48,511.95       1,082,957.83       2,105.68         32027NYP0       MTG 06-FF1 IIA3       130,466,000.00       85,220,391.20       50,718.66       85,271,109.86       409,621.09       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.84       367,599.84       714.75         32027NYQ8       MTG 06-FF1 IIA4       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       46,488.78       46,488.78       90.39         FIRST FRANKLIN       FIRST FRANKLIN       15,966,457.60       10,616.74       15,977,074.34       76,749.87       11/25/2008       0.00       76,971.37       76,971.37       149.66         32028HAD       MTG 06 FF1 0A4       28,031,000.00       15,966,457.60       10,616.74       15,977,074.34       76,749.87       11/25/2008       0.00       76,971.37       76,971.37       149.66         FIRST FRANKLIN	32027NRA1	MTG 05-FF4 IIA3	396,302.54	394,241.77	153.18	394,394.95	1,894.57	11/25/2008	288,325.47	1,110.57	289,436.04	562.77
32027NYP0       MTG 06-FF1 IIA3 FIRST FRANKLIN       130,466,000.00       85,220,391.20       50,718.66       85,271,109.86       409,621.09       11/25/2008       0.00       367,599.84       367,599.84       714.75         32027NYQ8       MTG 06-FF1 IIA4       16,041,000.00       6,665,035.50       6,414.17       6,671,449.67       32,047.98       11/25/2008       0.00       46,488.78       46,488.78       90.39         32028HAD5       MTG 06 FF1 0A4       28,031,000.00       15,966,457.60       10,616.74       15,977,074.34       76,749.87       11/25/2008       0.00       76,971.37       76,971.37       149.66         FIRST FRANKLIN 06-       06-       06-       060       76,971.37       76,971.37       149.66	32027NUJ8	2005-FF7 CL A4	17,212,354.90	15,589,229.83	6,691.30	15,595,921.14	74,918.91	11/25/2008	1,034,445.88	48,511.95	1,082,957.83	2,105.68
32027NYQ8         MTG 06-FF1 IIA4         16,041,000.00         6,665,035.50         6,414.17         6,671,449.67         32,047.98         11/25/2008         0.00         46,488.78         46,488.78         90.39           32028HAD5         FIRST FRANKLIN MTG 06 FF10 A4         28,031,000.00         15,966,457.60         10,616.74         15,977,074.34         76,749.87         11/25/2008         0.00         76,971.37         76,971.37         149.66           FIRST FRANKLIN 06-         0-	32027NYP0	MTG 06-FF1 IIA3	130,466,000.00	85,220,391.20	50,718.66	85,271,109.86	409,621.09	11/25/2008	0.00	367,599.84	367,599.84	714.75
32028HAD5 MTG 06 FF10 A4 28,031,000.00 15,966,457.60 10,616.74 15,977,074.34 76,749.87 11/25/2008 0.00 76,971.37 76,971.37 149.66 FIRST FRANKLIN 06-	32027NYQ8	MTG 06-FF1 IIA4	16,041,000.00	6,665,035.50	6,414.17	6,671,449.67	32,047.98	11/25/2008	0.00	46,488.78	46,488.78	90.39
FIRST FRANKLIN 06-	32028HAD5		28,031,000.00	15,966,457.60	10,616.74	15,977,074.34	76,749.87	11/25/2008	0.00	76,971.37	76,971.37	149.66
32028PAG0 FF11 CL M1 24,000,000.00 1,380,000.00 9,356.67 1,389,356.67 6,674.12 11/25/2008 0.00 67,783.88 67,783.88 131.80		FIRST FRANKLIN 06-										
	32028PAG0	FF11 CL M1	24,000,000.00	1,380,000.00	9,356.67	1,389,356.67	6,674.12	11/25/2008	0.00	67,783.88	67,783.88	131.80

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	FIRST FRANKLIN										
32028TAF4	SER 07-F F1 M	9,900,000.00	1,191,960.00	3,837.63	1,195,797.63	5 744 31	11/25/2008	0.00	27,822.78	27,822.78	54.10
520201111	FIRST FRANKLIN 06-	5,500,000,000	1,101,000,000	5,057105	1,100,707100	0,7 1101	11,20,2000	0.00	1,011,0	27,022170	0 1110
32029AAF4	FF18 CL M1	29,500,000.00	4,127,050.00	11,435.35	4,138,485.35	19,880.25	11/25/2008	0.00	82,906.27	82,906.27	161.20
	FIRST FRANKLIN SER										
32029GAF1	FF2 CL M1	32,000,000.00	1,152,000.00	12,404.44	1,164,404.44	5,593.51	11/25/2008	0.00	89,932.22	89,932.22	174.86
	FIRST FRANKLIN 07-										
32029GAG9		34,851,000.00	1,055,985.30	13,703.22	1,069,688.52	5,138.52	11/25/2008	0.00	99,348.34	99,348.34	193.17
32113JAA3	FIRST NLC TR 05-1 MTG BKD CL A	50,688,510.48	34,011,990.53	19,648.84	34,031,639.37	163,479.49	11/25/2008	388,067.98	142,454.03	530,522.01	1,031.53
	GMACM HOME EQ LN										
361856CK1	03 HE1 CL A 3	82,451,865.89	37,144,565.58	32,419.62	37,176,985.20	178,588.94	11/25/2008	2,100,172.81	235,042.20	2,335,215.01	4,540.53
	GMACM HOME EQUITY TR 04- HE1										
361856CV7	A3	64,016,711.25	28,749,905.02	24,673.11	28,774,578.13	138,225.88	11/25/2008	1,311,231.97	178,880.02	1,490,112.00	2,897.34
	GMACM HOME EQUITY LN 04- HE3										
361856DL8	A3	107,320,000.00	96,255,308.00	41,601.41	96,296,909.41	462,586.28	11/25/2008	0.00	301,610.20	301,610.20	586.44
	GMACM HOME EQUITY 04-HE4 A-										
361856DP9	3	84,330,766.26	48,397,426.76	33,064.69	48,430,491.44	232,647.97	11/25/2008	1,696,519.62	239,718.96	1,936,238.58	3,764.77
	GMACM HM EQ LN										
361856EC7	TR 05-HE7 CL A3	8,855,036.53	4,036,125.65	3,383.36	4,039,509.01	19,404.79	11/25/2008	146,594.86	24,529.37	171,124.24	332.73
	GMACM HOME EQ LN										
361856EJ2	TR 05-HE3 A-3	170,886,447.80	98,755,278.18	66,432.11	98,821,710.29	474,714.79	11/25/2008	1,634,567.36	481,632.69	2,116,200.06	4,114.69
	GSAA HOME EQ TR										
362246AA8	2007-S1 A-1	112,782,166.20	11,278,216.62	42,966.87	11,321,183.49	54,384.14	11/25/2008	539,593.79	310,693.84	850,287.62	1,653.28
	GS MTG SECS										

	CORP									
36228F5W2	04-SEA A2A	16,011,151.00	15,770,983.74	6,313.29	15,777,297.02	75,790.19 11/25/2008	829,305.34	45,771.32	875,076.65	1,701.48
2622140452	GSAMP TR 06-HE8	45 500 000 00	0.000 500.00	17.010.05	0.000.010.05	45 000 50 11/05/2000	0.00	120 164 06	100 104 00	051.15
3622M8AF3	P/T CL M1	45,700,000.00	9,368,500.00	17,816.65	9,386,316.65	45,089.52 11/25/2008	0.00	129,164.96	129,164.96	251.15
3622MGAF5	GSAMP TR 07 NC1		F F 40 100 00	22,026,25		26.723.44 11/25/2008	0.00	100 207 02	100 207 02	222.22
3022MGAF5	GS MTG SECS	59,000,000.00	5,540,100.00	22,936.25	5,563,036.25	26,723.44 11/25/2008	0.00	166,287.82	166,287.82	323.33
	CORP									
362334AA2	2006-2 2A4	18,946,000.00	13,256,516.20	7,512.62	13,264,028.82	63,717.08 11/25/2008	0.00	54,399.32	54,399.32	105.77
	GS MTG SECS	-,,,	-,,	,	-, - ,	,		. ,	- ,	
	CORP									
362334BS2	2006-3 A-3	75,366,000.00	36,160,606.80	29,800.97	36,190,407.77	173,849.67 11/25/2008	0.00	216,051.18	216,051.18	420.08
	GS MTG SECS									
	CORP									
362334LG7	GSAMP 06-HE2	45,222,109.83	36,177,687.86	17,278.61	36,194,966.48	173,871.57 11/25/2008	1,199,637.82	125,269.96	1,324,907.78	2,576.12
	GS MTG SECS									
	CORP									
3623412K4	2005-KS1 M1									
		5,849,781.47	43,873.36	2,417.10	46,290.46	222.37 11/25/2008	0.00	17,523.95	17,523.95	34.07
	GS MTG SECS	5,849,781.47	43,873.36	2,417.10	46,290.46	222.37 11/25/2008	0.00	17,523.95	17,523.95	34.07
	GS MTG SECS CORP	, ,	,	,	,			,	,	
3623414S5	GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A2D	5,849,781.47 13,102,000.00	43,873.36 7,681,702.60	2,417.10 5,195.31	46,290.46 7,686,897.91	222.37 11/25/2008 36,925.94 11/25/2008	0.00	17,523.95 37,606.19	17,523.95 37,606.19	34.07 73.12
	GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A2D GS MTG SECS	, ,	,	,	, ,			,	,	
3623414S5	GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A2D GS MTG SECS CORP	13,102,000.00	7,681,702.60	5,195.31	7,686,897.91	36,925.94 11/25/2008	0.00	37,606.19	37,606.19	73.12
	GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A2D GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-2 2A2	, ,	,	,	, ,			,	,	
3623414S5	GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A2D GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-2 2A2 GS MTG SECS	13,102,000.00	7,681,702.60	5,195.31	7,686,897.91	36,925.94 11/25/2008	0.00	37,606.19	37,606.19	73.12
3623414S5	GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-HE1 A2D GS MTG SECS CORP 2006-2 2A2	13,102,000.00	7,681,702.60	5,195.31	7,686,897.91	36,925.94 11/25/2008	0.00	37,606.19	37,606.19	73.12

A	B	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	GS MTG SECS										
362341QF9	CORP 05-11 CL 3A1 GS MTG SECS	62,182,982.16	41,283,281.86	24,380.91	41,307,662.77	198,431.69	11/25/2008	911,915.54	176,761.60	1,088,677.14	2,116.80
362341Z44	CORP 2006-1 CL A3 GS MTG SECS	100,000,000.00	45,490,000.00	39,875.00	45,529,875.00	218,714.14	11/25/2008	0.00	289,093.75	289,093.75	562.11
362341ZV4	CORP 2005-14 2A3 GSAMP TR 2006	83,800,000.00	38,715,600.00	33,601.47	38,749,201.47	186,141.48	11/25/2008	0.00	243,610.67	243,610.67	473.67
362405AB8	SD2 CL A-2 144 A GSR TR MTG BKD	16,227,000.00	11,035,982.70	6,272.19	11,042,254.89	53,044.23	11/25/2008	0.00	45,473.35	45,473.35	88.42
36245HAA9	NT 07-HEL1 A GE WMC MTG	74,185,489.80	42,849,538.91	155,624.67	43,005,163.58	206,586.05	11/17/2008	2,082,854.61	322,845.98	2,405,700.58	6,878.80
367910AD8	SECS 05-1 CL A-2C GMACM HOME EQUITY 06-HE4	10,000,000.00	7,851,000.00	4,020.83	7,855,020.83	37,733.56	11/25/2008	0.00	29,151.04	29,151.04	56.68
38012UAB5	GMACM HOME	1,616,821.24	930,318.94	610.57	930,929.52	4,471.95	11/25/2008	28,362.55	4,478.76	32,841.31	63.86
38012UAC3		63,249,148.52	36,393,560.06	24,166.45	36,417,726.50	174,941.65	11/25/2008	1,109,527.20	175,206.73	1,284,733.93	2,498.00
	GREENPOINT HOME										
395385AQ0	EQ LN 04-1 A GREENPOINT MTG	1,437,595.75	897,347.27	594.01	897,941.27	4,313.49	11/25/2008	62,133.93	4,306.55	66,440.48	129.19
39539BAB9	06-HE1 AC HSBC HOME EQ LN	99,875,766.20	46,841,734.35	220,843.35	47,062,577.70	226,076.86	11/12/2008	3,007,326.79	376,732.78	3,384,059.56	11,611.55
40430GAA8	TR 05-1 CL A HSBC HOME EQ LN	59,439,987.25	47,682,757.77	82,955.93	47,765,713.70	229,454.55	11/20/2008	504,627.37	233,784.77	738,412.15	1,858.03
40430GAC4	TR 05-2 CL A-1 HSBC HOME EQUITY	40,480,052.26	31,930,665.22	56,247.59	31,986,912.82	153,657.13	11/20/2008	65,944.15	158,515.91	224,460.06	564.80
40430GAF7	05-2 CL M-2 HSBC HOME EQUITY	739,024.23	460,559.90	1,076.56	461,636.46	2,217.59	11/20/2008	1,203.91	3,033.95	4,237.86	10.66
40430GAG5	2005-3 CL A1 HSI ASSET SEC 06-	27,719,195.18	21,493,463.94	38,431.51	21,531,895.45	103,433.84	11/20/2008	243,192.30	108,306.98	351,499.28	884.46
40430HFL7	OPT3 III-A-3 HSI ASSET SEC 2006-	20,000,000.00	14,970,000.00	7,641.67	14,977,641.67	71,948.85	11/25/2008	0.00	55,373.04	55,373.04	107.67
40430HFP8	OPT3 M-2	7,000,000.00	1,544,900.00	2,806.81	1,547,706.81	7,434.80	11/25/2008	0.00	20,338.67	20,338.67	39.55
40430KAH4	HSI ASSET SEC 06 OPT 4 M -1 HSI ASSET SEC 2006	29,000,000.00	7,096,300.00	11,499.31	7,107,799.31	34,144.09	11/25/2008	0.00	83,369.96	83,369.96	162.10
40430MAD9	WMC1 A-3 HSBC HOME EQUITY	100,000,000.00	38,460,000.00	37,875.00	38,497,875.00	184,934.17	11/25/2008	0.00	274,711.63	274,711.63	534.14
40430VAH0	LN 2006-4 M1 HSBC HOME EQ 06-4	49,680,000.00	11,411,496.00	68,879.25	11,480,375.25	55,148.85	11/20/2008	0.00	194,114.25	194,114.25	488.44
40430VAJ6	CL M2 HSBC HOME EQ LN	21,500,000.00	4,467,700.00	29,940.24	4,497,640.24	21,605.54	11/20/2008	0.00	84,377.05	84,377.05	212.31
40430WAA3		53,274,436.30	47,339,664.10	72,234.96	47,411,899.05	227,754.91	11/20/2008	817,115.80	203,571.20	1,020,687.00	2,568.30
40430WAB1	USA 06-1 A-2	34,095,639.23	22,168,984.63	46,438.73	22,215,423.36	106,717.34	11/20/2008	522,954.11	130,872.77	653,826.88	1,645.19

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CUSIP	Security Name HSBC HOME EQ	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated <u>Purchase Price</u>	D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Interest on amount in K
40430WAC9	LN USA 06-1 M-1 HSBC HOME EQ	22,444,520.01	8,284,272.34	31,255.55	8,315,527.89	39,945.72	11/20/2008	344,250.89	88,083.80	432,334.69	1,087.86
40430WAD7	LN 2006-1 M-2 HSBC HM EQ LN	15,982,330.89	4,524,597.87	22,354.18	4,546,952.05	21,842.42	11/20/2008	179,216.58	62,998.11	242,214.69	609.47
40430XAG8	TR 06 3 CL A-4 HSBC HOME EQTY	68,000,000.00	28,199,600.00	93,863.61	28,293,463.61	135,914.73	11/20/2008	0.00	264,524.72	264,524.72	665.61
40430XAH6	06-3 CL M1 HSBC HOME	18,000,000.00	4,086,000.00	24,956.25	4,110,956.25	19,748.01	11/20/2008	0.00	70,331.25	70,331.25	176.97
40430XAJ2	EQUITY 06-3 CL M2 HSBC HM EQ 2006	10,000,000.00	6,530,000.00	13,986.81	6,543,986.81	31,435.68	11/20/2008	0.00	39,417.36	39,417.36	99.18
40430YAB7		47,054,690.07	27,352,891.34	64,089.14	27,416,980.48	131,704.32	11/20/2008	802,044.87	180,614.80	982,659.67	2,472.62
40430YAC5	HSBC HOME EQUITY LN 06-2 M1 HSBC HM EQ TR	32,661,490.75	11,526,240.09	45,383.60	11,571,623.68	55,587.19	11/20/2008	556,713.50	127,899.20	684,612.69	1,722.66
40430YAD3	06 2 CL M-2 HSBC HOME	22,143,383.56	5,817,066.86	30,903.86	5,847,970.72	28,092.19	11/20/2008	377,432.88	87,092.68	464,525.56	1,168.86
40431FAK7	EQUITY LN TR 07-1 M1 HSBC HOME	20,200,000.00	4,446,020.00	28,747.13	4,474,767.13	21,495.66	11/20/2008	0.00	81,014.63	81,014.63	203.85
40431FAL5	EQUITY 07-1 CL M-2 HSBC HOME	20,000,000.00	2,798,000.00	29,073.61	2,827,073.61	13,580.55	11/20/2008	0.00	81,934.72	81,934.72	206.17
40431MAA4	EQUITY LN TR 07-2 AS HSBC HOME	37,413,642.35	24,038,265.21	51,072.22	24,089,337.43	115,719.15	11/20/2008	769,532.75	143,930.80	913,463.55	2,298.50
40431MAB2	EQUITY LN TR 07-2 AM HSBC HOME	37,413,641.00	24,086,902.08	51,643.82	24,138,545.89	115,955.54	11/20/2008	769,532.75	145,541.65	915,074.40	2,302.56
40431MAF3	EQUITY LN TR07-2 A2V HSBC HOME	12,000,000.00	9,073,200.00	16,270.83	9,089,470.83	43,663.55	11/20/2008	0.00	45,854.17	45,854.17	115.38
40431MAH9	EQUITY 07-2 CL A-3V HSBC HOME	10,000,000.00	5,710,000.00	13,742.36	5,723,742.36	27,495.43	11/20/2008	0.00	38,728.47	38,728.47	97.45
40431MAJ5	EQUITY LN TR 07-2 A4 HSBC HOME	30,000,000.00	10,659,000.00	41,960.42	10,700,960.42	51,404.74	11/20/2008	0.00	118,252.08	118,252.08	297.55
40431MAK2	EQUITY 07-2 CL M-1 HSBC HOME	8,000,000.00	1,761,600.00	11,213.89	1,772,813.89	8,516.15	11/20/2008	0.00	31,602.78	31,602.78	79.52
40431MAL0	EQUITY LN TR 07-2 M2 HOME EQUITY	5,000,000.00	1,052,000.00	7,100.35	1,059,100.35	5,087.65	11/20/2008	0.00	20,010.07	20,010.07	50.35
437084HK5	ASSET TR 05-1 A-2 HOME EQUITY	337,094.28	267,989.95	132.54	268,122.50	1,287.99	11/25/2008	337,094.28	960.94	338,055.22	657.31
437084VR4	ASSET 06-4 CL M-1 HOME EQUITY	41,000,000.00	9,032,300.00	16,303.19	9,048,603.19	43,467.23	11/25/2008	0.00	118,198.16	118,198.16	229.82
43709KAA7	MTG SER 06 2B CL A HOME EQUITY	76,905,503.59	45,174,292.81	29,298.86	45,203,591.67	217,146.75	11/25/2008	3,228,700.57	212,416.74	3,441,117.31	6,690.82
43710DAC6	MTG 07-2 CL 2A2 HOME EQUITY	35,513,661.15	19,532,513.63	13,648.10	19,546,161.73	93,894.87	11/25/2008	515,381.07	98,948.71	614,329.78	1,194.49
43710DAD4	MTG 07-2 CL 2A3 HOME EQUITY	15,783,849.40	10,160,063.86	6,241.20	10,166,305.06	48,836.39	11/25/2008	229,058.25	45,248.68	274,306.93	533.36
43710DAE2	MTG 07-2 CL 2A-4	7,102,732.23	4,591,916.39	2,950.59	4,594,866.98	22,072.59	11/25/2008	103,076.21	21,391.80	124,468.02	242.01

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	HOME EQUITY										
43710EAD2	MTG 07-B CL 2A2	66,167,000.00	44,020,905.10	25,134.27	44,046,039.37	211 586 16	11/25/2008	0.00	182,223.46	182,223.46	354.31
	HOME EQUITY MTG	00,107,000.00	-1,020,505.10	20,104.27		211,000.10	11/20/2000	0.00	102,220.40	102,220.40	004.01
43710EAE0	07-B CL 2A3	32,651,000.00	12,929,796.00	12,547.96	12,942,343.96	62,171.78	11/25/2008	0.00	90,972.71	90,972.71	176.89
	HOME LN MTG LN TR										
43718RAA1	2004-2 CL A HOME LN MTG LN	2,598,332.22	2,004,093.64	5,667.25	2,009,760.89	9,654.39	11/17/2008	79,643.43	11,688.71	91,332.14	261.15
	TR										
43718RAC7	2005-1 CL A2	2,335,544.00	2,285,096.25	4,992.87	2,290,089.12	11,001.02	11/17/2008	189,758.37	10,356.68	200,115.05	572.20
	HOME LN MTG LN TR										
43718RAD5		29,250,000.00	19,032,975.00	63,960.00	19,096,935.00	91,736,90	11/17/2008	0.00	132,654.84	132,654.84	379.31
	HOUSEHOLD HOME			,					,	,	
441917AZ4	EQ LN TR 04-1 A	21,554,267.88	17,282,211.99	30,476.84	17,312,688.82	83,165.83	11/20/2008	114,686.50	85,889.25	200,575.75	504.70
45071KDE1	IXIS REAL ESTATE 2006-HE1 A-4	24,000,000.00	12,432,000.00	9,490.00	12,441,490.00	E0 76E 91	11/25/2008	0.00	68.694.05	68,694,05	133.57
450/IKDE1	IMPAC CMB TR	24,000,000.00	12,432,000.00	9,490.00	12,441,490.00	59,705.01	11/25/2000	0.00	00,094.05	00,094.05	155.57
45254NPU5	2005-5 CL A-1	64,068,644.00	42,925,991.48	25,476.18	42,951,467.66	206,328.11	11/25/2008	907,621.90	184,702.34	1,092,324.24	2,123.89
45256VAA5	IMPAC SECD P/T 2006 2 1-A1-1	133,881,086.00	77,758,134.75	51,153.73	77,809,288.48	373,776.37	11/25/2009	1,845,355.18	370,864.56	2,216,219.74	4,309.16
45250 VAA5	INDYMAC HM EQ	155,001,000.00	//,/30,134./3	51,155.75	//,009,200.40	3/3,//0.3/	11/25/2000	1,045,555.10	370,004.30	2,210,219./4	4,309.10
	06										
45661DAA4		64,549,486.80	36,606,013.96	18,235.23	36,624,249.19	175,933.74	11/28/2008	1,398,056.53	188,430.71	1,586,487.24	2,540.36
464187CP6	IRWIN WHOLE LN HM EQ 05-B 1A-1	4,954,746.99	4,613,860.40	1,931.66	4,615,792.06	22,173,11	11/25/2008	0.00	14,004.55	14,004.55	27.23
	JP MORGAN MTG			ĺ.		,			ĺ.	,	
46625SAD8	ACQ TR 06 HE2 A4	15,844,000.00	12,946,132.40	5,994.88	12,952,127.28	62,218.78	11/25/2008	0.00	43,462.88	43,462.88	84.51

	JP MORGAN MTG 05-										
46626LBF6	WMC1 A3	31,007,085.46	29,838,118.34	12,122.91	29,850,241.25	143,393.10	11/25/2008	7,939,978.87	87,745.27	8,027,724.13	15,608.91
400000 1170	JP MORGAN MTG	120 200 000 00	02 457 200 00	45 000 40	02 502 126 42	200 224 20	11/25/2000	0.00	222 100 07	222 100 07	C 4E 00
46626LHT0	2006-WMC1 CL A4 J P MORGAN MTG	120,200,000.00	82,457,200.00	45,926.42	82,503,126.42	396,324.39	11/25/2008	0.00	332,180.67	332,180.67	645.88
	06										
46628RAG0		17,500,000.00	2,268,000.00	6,900.35	2,274,900.35	10,928.05	11/25/2008	0.00	50,001.39	50,001.39	97.22
	J P MORGAN MTG	16 206 000 00	500 504 20	0.057.00	500 051 20	2 425 27	11/25/2000	0.00	46,000,00	46,000,00	00.61
46629KAG4	06-WMC3 CL M1 J P MORGAN MTG	16,306,000.00	500,594.20	6,357.08	506,951.28	2,435.27	11/25/2008	0.00	46,088.80	46,088.80	89.61
46630BAF3	06-WMC4 CL A-5	80,000,000.00	29,696,000.00	30,833.33	29,726,833.33	142,800.28	11/25/2008	0.00	223,410.88	223,410.88	434.39
	J P MORGAN MTG		-,,		-, -,	,			-,	-,	
46630CAD6		20,000,000.00	8,330,000.00	7,597.22	8,337,597.22	40,051.73	11/25/2008	0.00	55,079.86	55,079.86	107.10
46630KAT3	J P MORGAN MTG 07-HE1 CL AV-3	38,300,000.00	11 570 420 00	14,676.35	11 EQE 106 DE	EE GE1 OE	11/25/2009	0.00	106,403.52	106 402 52	206.89
40030KAI 3	LEHMAN XS TR	30,300,000.00	11,570,430.00	14,0/0.55	11,585,106.35	55,051.95	11/25/2008	0.00	100,405.52	106,403.52	200.09
	05-3										
525221AB3	1-A-2	21,430,759.51	20,609,961.42	8,426.46	20,618,387.88	99,045.58	11/25/2008	2,099,027.63	61,091.80	2,160,119.43	4,200.08
	LEHMAN XS TR										
525221AC1	05-3 1-A3	66,923,000.00	51,396,864.00	27,354.78	51,424,218.78	247,029.09	11/25/2008	0.00	198,322.13	198,322.13	385.61
J2J221AC1	LEHMAN XS TR	00,923,000.00	51,550,004.00	27,334.70	51,424,210.70	247,025.05	11/23/2000	0.00	150,522.15	130,322.13	505.01
525221BZ9	2005-4 CTF 1A2	4,122,143.10	3,893,364.16	1,616.22	3,894,980.38	18,710.51	11/25/2008	385,257.16	11,717.62	396,974.78	771.87
	LEHMAN XS TR										
525221CA3	2005-4 CTF 1A3	61,532,000.00	44,044,605.60	25,014.47	44,069,620.07	211,699.44	11/25/2008	0.00	181,354.89	181,354.89	352.62

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CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Mayleet Value	Accrued	Designated Purchase Price	Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08	Accrued Interest on
CUSIF	Security Name LEHMAN XS TR	<u> </u>	Market Value	Interest	<u>Furchase Frice</u>	<u> </u>	Date	Principal	Interest	Total Cash	<u>amount in K</u>
525221CB1	05-4 MTG P/T 1-A4	10,415,918.35	7,425,508.19	4,095.48	7,429,603.67	35,689.96	11/25/2008	335,162.34	29,692.24	364,854.58	709.41
525221CV7	LEHMAN XS TR 2005-6 CL 1A3	26,695,505.99	24,714,699.45	10,437.20	24,725,136.65	118,773.38	11/25/2008	1,072,970.55	75,669.71	1,148,640.26	2,233.39
525221CW5	LEHMAN XS TR 2005-6 CL 1A4 LEHMAN XS TR	27,342,000.00	17,364,904.20	11,054.52	17,375,958.72	83,469.76	11/25/2008	0.00	80,145.29	80,145.29	155.83
525221JJ7	2006-3 CL A3 LEHMAN XS TR	22,658,000.00	8,299,625.40	8,959.35	8,308,584.75	39,912.36	11/25/2008	0.00	64,955.29	64,955.29	126.30
52522EAD1	06-7 2-A2 LEHMAN XS TR	100,571,228.70	66,889,924.21	38,314.84	66,928,239.05	321,506.53	11/25/2008	530,345.79	277,782.62	808,128.41	1,571.30
	06-7	20.012.000.00	0.255 400.00	11 220 72	0.200.000.72	40 102 00	11/25/2000	0.00	02 122 21	00 100 01	150.70
52522EAE9	2-A2A LEHMAN XS TR 2006	28,812,000.00	8,355,480.00	11,328.72	8,366,808.72	40,192.06	11/25/2008	0.00	82,133.21	82,133.21	159.70
52522WAB5	11 P/T 1-A2 LEHMAN XS TR 2006	231,092,000.00	155,316,933.20	87,782.86	155,404,716.06	746,525.40	11/25/2008	0.00	636,425.76	636,425.76	1,237.45
52522WAC3	11 P/T 1-A3	64,586,000.00	18,891,405.00	25,323.09	18,916,728.09	90,871.23	11/25/2008	0.00	183,592.43	183,592.43	356.97
525237AB9	LEHMAN XS TR 2007-10H I-A2 LEHMAN XS TR	142,759,000.00	71,593,638.50	55,180.32	71,648,818.82	344,183.01	11/25/2008	0.00	400,057.31	400,057.31	777.86
525237AC7	2007-10H I-A3 LEHMAN XS P/T	68,738,000.00	19,390,989.80	27,027.40	19,418,017.20	93,279.30	11/25/2008	0.00	195,948.65	195,948.65	381.00
52523DAB6	2006 9 A1B LEHMAN XS TR	237,471,000.00	130,609,050.00	90,206.00	130,699,256.00	627,846.55	11/25/2008	0.00	653,993.48	653,993.48	1,271.61
52523DAC4	LEHMAN XS TR	71,637,000.00	20,502,509.40	28,008.08	20,530,517.48	98,623.47	11/25/2008	0.00	203,058.56	203,058.56	394.82
52523LAB8	06- 13 P/T 1-A2 LEHMAN XS TR	168,620,000.00	92,741,000.00	64,239.54	92,805,239.54	445,813.17	11/25/2008	0.00	465,736.64	465,736.64	905.57
52523LAC6	06- 13 P/T 1-A3 LEHMAN XS TR	41,552,000.00	11,954,510.40	16,384.18	11,970,894.58	57,505.18	11/25/2008	0.00	118,785.34	118,785.34	230.96
52523QAB7	2006 20 P/T CL A2	106,006,000.00	58,239,696.40	40,385.34	58,280,081.74	279,962.94	11/25/2008	0.00	292,793.77	292,793.77	569.30
52523YAB0	LEHMAN XS TR 2006-19 CL A2 LEHMAN XS TR	94,066,000.00	52,187,816.80	35,836.53	52,223,653.33	250,869.37	11/25/2008	0.00	259,814.90	259,814.90	505.18
525245AG1	07-3 P/T CL 2A2	79,771,000.00	40,683,210.00	30,301.90	40,713,511.90	195,577.53	11/25/2008	0.00	219,688.78	219,688.78	427.16
525245AH9	LEHMAN XS TR 07-3 P/T CL 2A3	40,805,000.00	11,074,477.00	15,862.94	11,090,339.94	53,275.22	11/25/2008	0.00	115,006.34	115,006.34	223.62
	LEHMAN XS TR 2007										100.00
525249AA6	11 CL A1 LEHMAN XS TR 07-	7,633,149.72	5,880,578.54	2,874.09	5,883,452.64	28,262.64	11/25/2008	215,893.05	20,837.17	236,730.22	460.29
525249AB4	11 CL A2 LEHMAN XS TR	102,112,000.00	36,198,704.00	39,355.67	36,238,059.67	174,078.58	11/25/2008	0.00	285,328.58	285,328.58	554.79
525249AC2	07- 11 CL A3 LEHMAN XS TR	46,653,000.00	12,279,069.60	18,240.03	12,297,309.63	59,073.20	11/25/2008	0.00	132,240.20	132,240.20	257.12
52524MAC3	SER 07-9 CL 1-A2	91,102,000.00	35,329,355.60	35,517.13	35,364,872.73	169,884.01	11/25/2008	0.00	257,499.17	257,499.17	500.67
52524MAD1	LEHMAN XS TR SER 07-9 CL 1A3	45,184,000.00	10,179,955.20	17,866.51	10,197,821.71	48,987.79	11/25/2008	0.00	129,532.17	129,532.17	251.86
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A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
542512AF5	LONG BEACH MTG 06-11 CL M-1	48,750,000.00	1,564,875.00	18,951.56	1,583,826.56	7,608.31	11/25/2008	0.00	137,398.83	137,398.83	267.15

	LONG BEACH										
54251PAD9	MTG LN 06 5 IIA3 MASTR ASSET	80,000,000.00	44,000,000.00	30,300.00	44,030,300.00	211,510.55	11/25/2008	0.00	219,675.00	219,675.00	427.13
55275BAF4	BKD 06-NC2 CL M1 MSDWCC HELOC	24,073,000.00	3,129,490.00	9,385.13	3,138,875.13	15,078.37	11/25/2008	0.00	68,042.17	68,042.17	132.30
55353WAA4	TR 03-1 MASTR ASSET	9,157,461.31	5,455,099.70	3,590.49	5,458,690.19	26,222.18	11/25/2008	147,299.52	26,031.04	173,330.56	337.02
57643LMN3	BKD TR 05-NC2 A-3	133,065,000.00	93,717,679.50	51,876.87	93,769,556.37	450,445.51	11/25/2008	0.00	376,107.30	376,107.30	731.29
57643LQB5	MASTR ASSET BKD 2006-AM1 CL A3	22,409,000.00	15,780,417.80	8,587.00	15,789,004.80	75 846 43	11/25/2008	0.00	62,255.78	62,255.78	121.05
	MASTR ASSET BKD			.,		, i			,	, i	
57643LQT6	2006-HE1 CL A3 MASTR ASSET BACKED 06-	29,533,000.00	25,410,193.20	11,316.88	25,421,510.08	122,118.58	11/25/2008	601,979.23	82,047.39	684,026.62	1,330.00
57643LRK4	WMC1 A3	39,700,000.00	29,330,360.00	15,168.71	29,345,528.71	140,968.58	11/25/2008	0.00	109,973.13	109,973.13	213.83
57644UAE5	MASTR ABS 2006 HE2 A-3 MASTR ASSET	16,760,000.00	8,582,796.00	6,347.85	8,589,143.85	41,260.10	11/25/2008	0.00	46,021.91	46,021.91	89.48
57644UAG0	BKD 2006 HE2 M-1 MASTR ASSET	5,670,000.00	247,779.00	2,216.81	249,995.81	1,200.92	11/25/2008	0.00	16,071.89	16,071.89	31.25
57644UAH8	BKD 2006 HE2 M-2	5,656,000.00	438,340.00	2,230.19	440,570.19	2,116.39	11/25/2008	0.00	16,168.89	16,168.89	31.44
57645FAC1	MASTR ABS 2006 AM2 P/T A-3 MASTR ABS 2006	29,720,000.00	20,741,588.00	11,322.49	20,752,910.49	99,691.79	11/25/2008	0.00	82,088.09	82,088.09	159.61
57645FAD9	AM2 P/T M-1 MASTR ABS 2006	18,615,000.00	4,599,766.50	7,340.00	4,607,106.50	22,131.39	11/25/2008	0.00	53,214.98	53,214.98	103.47
57645FAE7	AM2 P/T M-2 MASTR ABS 2006	4,183,000.00	880,939.80	1,654.03	882,593.83		11/25/2008	0.00	11,991.70	11,991.70	23.32
57645FAF4	AM2 P/T M-3 MERRILL LYNCH MTG	3,501,000.00	447,427.80	1,392.13	448,819.93	2,156.02	11/25/2008	0.00	10,092.97	10,092.97	19.62
59020U3C7	2006-HE1 A2C MERRILL LYNCH	28,655,000.00	22,835,169.50	11,012.28	22,846,181.78	109,747.35	11/25/2008	0.00	79,839.00	79,839.00	155.24
59020U3D5	MTG 2006-HE1 A2D MERRILL LYNCH	19,554,000.00	10,506,364.20	7,753.70	10,514,117.90	50,507.19	11/25/2008	0.00	56,214.36	56,214.36	109.30
59020US22	MTG 05-HE2 A2B MERRILL LYNCH	35,446,463.81	31,561,531.38	13,819.20	31,575,350.57	151,680.09	11/25/2008	3,132,828.14	100,189.18	3,233,017.32	6,286.20
590212AC0	MTG 06 HE3 A3	93,192,000.00	41,013,799.20	35,296.47	41,049,095.67	197,189.59	11/25/2008	0.00	255,899.41	255,899.41	497.56
59022QAD4	MERRILL LYCH 06- HE5 CL A2C	117,353,000.00	49,839,819.10	44,447.45	49,884,266.55	239,631.55	11/25/2008	0.00	322,243.94	322,243.94	626.56
59022QAF9	MERRILL LYNCH MTG 06-HE5 CL M1	50,235,000.00	7,198,675.50	19,640.49	7,218,315.99	34 674 99	11/25/2008	0.00	142,393.57	142,393.57	276.87
	MERRILL LYNCH 06-			,	<i>, ,</i>	í				,	
59022QAG7	HE5 CL M2 MERRILL LYNCH 06-	41,918,000.00	1,794,090.40	16,575.08	1,810,665.48	8,697.98	11/25/2008	0.00	120,169.31	120,169.31	233.65
59022VAF8	OPTI CL M1	49,884,000.00	8,495,245.20	19,503.26	8,514,748.46	40,902.72	11/25/2008	0.00	141,398.64	141,398.64	274.93

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	MERRILL LYNCH										
59022VAG6	06- OPT1 CL M2	35,826,000.00	1,597,839.60	14,166.20	1,612,005.80	7,743.67	11/25/2008	0.00	102,704.94	102,704.94	199.70
	MERRILL LYNCH 07-										
59024UAD3	MLN1 CL A-2C	114,600,000.00	40,946,580.00	44,805.42	40,991,385.42	196,912.37	11/25/2008	0.00	324,839.27	324,839.27	631.61
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61744CKG0	ABS 05-HE1 A1MZ	343,223.60	274,578.88	136.10	274,714.98	1,319.66	11/25/2008	0.00	986.71	986.71	1.92
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61744CWX0	ABS 2006-1 A2C	55,000,000.00	37,939,000.00	21,931.25	37,960,931.25	182,354.82	11/25/2008	0.00	159,001.56	159,001.56	309.16
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61744CXM3	ABS 06-WMC1 A2C	25,000,000.00	15,360,000.00	9,913.19	15,369,913.19	73,833.22	11/25/2008	0.00	71,811.09	71,811.09	139.63
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61744CYP5	ABS CAP 06-2 A4	32,000,000.00	16,355,200.00	12,582.22	16,367,782.22	78,626.73	11/25/2008	0.00	91,221.11	91,221.11	177.37
	MORGAN STANLEY										
617451EU9	CAP 06-HE2 A2C	145,000,000.00	115,492,500.00	55,402.08	115,547,902.08	555,063.23	11/25/2008	0.00	401,478.20	401,478.20	780.62
	MORGAN STANLEY										
617487AC7	MTG 06-16AX 2A2	62,000,000.00	32,215,200.00	23,620.28	32,238,820.28	154,867.23	11/25/2008	0.00	171,247.02	171,247.02	332.97
	MORGAN STANLEY										
61749HAD2	06 HE3 A-2C MORGAN	40,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	15,194.44	20,015,194.44	96,147.99	11/25/2008	0.00	110,159.72	110,159.72	214.19
	STANLEY										
61749QAD2	IXIS RE 06 1 A3 MORGAN	43,255,000.00	32,748,360.50	16,382.83	32,764,743.33	157,393.64	11/25/2008	0.00	118,589.69	118,589.69	230.58
	STANLEY										
617505AE2	07-NC1 CL A2D MORGAN	17,385,000.00	4,958,202.00	6,719.79	4,964,921.79	23,850.24	11/25/2008	0.00	48,718.44	48,718.44	94.73
	STANLEY										
61751GAC1	07-5AX CL 2A2 MORGAN	7,000,000.00	3,681,300.00	2,651.25	3,683,951.25	17,696.78	11/25/2008	0.00	19,221.56	19,221.56	37.37
C1751CAD0	STANLEY	10,100,000,00	5 330 500 00	2.015.15	5 224 605 15	25 626 54	11/25/2000	0.00	20.204.00	20.204.00	55.10
01/51GAD9	07-5AX CL 2A3	10,100,000.00	5,330,780.00	3,915.15	5,334,695.15	25,626.54	11/25/2008	0.00	28,384.86	28,384.86	55.19

	MORGAN STANLEY										
61753NAE0	07-NC2 CL A2C	57,000,000.00	25,627,200.00	22,285.42	25,649,485.42	123,213.72	11/25/2008	0.00	161,426.55	161,426.55	313.87
	MORGAN	- ,,.	-,- ,	,	-,,	-,			.,	. ,	
	STANLEY										
61753NAF7	07-NC2 CL A-2D	30,000,000.00	8,445,000.00	11,962.50	8,456,962.50	40,625.13	11/25/2008	0.00	86,651.51	86,651.51	168.48
	MORGAN										
61755AAC0	STANLEY 07-NC3 CL A-2B	52,980,000.00	33,727,068.00	20,007.31	33,747,075.31	162,112.51	11/25/2009	0.00	145,030.35	145,030.35	281.99
01/JJAAC0	MORGAN	32,980,000.00	33,727,000.00	20,007.51	55,747,075.51	102,112.51	11/23/2000	0.00	145,050.55	145,050.55	201.99
	STANLEY										
61755AAD8		71,000,000.00	29,997,500.00	27,206.81	30,024,706.81	144,231.19	11/25/2008	0.00	197,218.56	197,218.56	383.47
	MORGAN			<i>,</i>		,			<i>,</i>	<i>.</i>	
	STANLEY										
61755AAE6	07-NC3 CL A-2D	26,000,000.00	7,480,200.00	10,165.28	7,490,365.28	35,981.84	11/25/2008	0.00	73,686.76	73,686.76	143.27
	MORGAN										
61755EAD0	STANLEY 07-NC4 CL A2C	46,000,000.00	16,100,000.00	17,524.72	16,117,524.72	77 424 56	11/25/2008	0.00	126,930.89	126,930.89	246.80
01/JJEAD0	NATIONSTAR	40,000,000.00	10,100,000.00	17,324.72	10,117,324.72	77,424.30	11/23/2000	0.00	120,550.05	120,930.09	240.00
	HOME										
63860FAD5	EQ 2006-B AV-4	59,274,000.00	30,964,737.60	23,306.21	30,988,043.81	148,858.82	11/25/2008	0.00	168,970.00	168,970.00	328.54
	NATIONSTAR HM										
63860HAC3	EQTY 07-A CL AV3	35,000,000.00	19,281,500.00	13,256.25	19,294,756.25	92,687.19	11/25/2008	0.00	96,107.81	96,107.81	186.87
	NATIONSTAR HM										
63860HAD1		39,000,000.00	13,856,700.00	15,117.92	13,871,817.92	66,636.75	11/25/2008	0.00	109,604.90	109,604.90	213.11
63860LAC4	NATIONSTAR HM EQTY 07-B 2AV2	58,395,000.00	38,978,662.50	22,311.76	39,000,974.26	187,350.93	11/25/2008	0.00	161,760.22	161,760.22	314.52
03000LAC4	EQTI 07-D 2AV2	30,333,000.00	30,370,002.30	22,311.70	55,000,574.20	107,330.93	11/25/2000	0.00	101,700.22	101,/00.22	514.52

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
63860LAD2		28,708,000.00	13,383,669.60	11,192.13	13,394,861.73	64,345.57	11/25/2008	0.00	81,142.96	81,142.96	157.77
64352VKN0	NEW CENTY HOME EQUITY 05-2 A-1 NEW CENTY HM	12,677,260.83	10,809,900.31	5,083.23	10,814,983.54	51,952.48	11/25/2008	0.00	36,853.41	36,853.41	71.66
64352VLG4	EQ LN TR 05-3 A2C NEW CENTY	83,387,114.99	76,841,226.46	32,694.70	76,873,921.16	369,283.10	11/25/2008	5,113,670.24	237,036.57	5,350,706.80	10,403.78
64352VMS7	HOME EQ 05-4 CL A-2B NEW CENTY	19,534,503.99	16,809,440.68	7,659.15	16,817,099.84	80,785.14	11/25/2008	638,933.69	55,528.86	694,462.56	1,350.30
64352VNH0	NEWCASTLE MTG	244,245,602.10	206,485,232.02	96,036.01	206,581,268.03	992,364.77	11/25/2008	8,081,754.09	696,261.11	8,778,015.20	17,067.75
65106FAC6	07- 1 CL 2A2	27,683,000.00	13,963,305.20	10,515.70	13,973,820.90	67,126.74	11/25/2008	0.00	76,238.79	76,238.79	148.24
65106FAD4	NEWCASTLE MTG SECS 07-1 CL 2A3 NOMURA ASSET	34,007,000.00	13,531,385.30	13,182.44	13,544,567.74	65,064.72	11/25/2008	0.00	95,572.66	95,572.66	185.83
65535VTP3	CORP 06S1 A2 144A	10,000,000.00	2,325,000.00	3,965.28	2,328,965.28	11,187.77	11/25/2008	0.00	28,748.26	28,748.26	55.90
65536HBA5	NOMURA HOME 2005-HE1 CL 2A2	17,557,397.93	16,985,026.76	6,883.96	16,991,910.72	81,624.89	11/25/2008	3,010,906.00	49,908.73	3,060,814.73	5,951.37
65536MAC1	NOMURA ASSET	26,000,000.00	21,036,600.00	9,905.28	21,046,505.28	101,102.15	11/25/2008	0.00	71,813.26	71,813.26	139.63
65538NAB9	SER 07-1 CL 2A3 NOMURA ASSET	42,972,000.00	21,971,583.60	16,753.11	21,988,336.71	105,626.47	11/25/2008	0.00	121,460.06	121,460.06	236.16
65538NAC7	SER 07-1 CL 2A3 NOVASTAR MTG FDS	41,602,000.00	21,375,107.60	16,681.25	21,391,788.85	102,760.81	11/25/2008	0.00	120,939.04	120,939.04	235.15
669884AF5	SER 06 1 M-1 NOVASTAR MTG FDG	40,000,000.00	6,000,000.00	15,816.67	6,015,816.67	28,898.48	11/25/2008	0.00	114,670.84	114,670.84	222.96
66988WAF3	2006 3 M-1 NOVASTAR MTG 06 4	41,550,000.00	1,171,710.00	16,429.56	1,188,139.56	5,707.53	11/25/2008	0.00	119,114.33	119,114.33	231.60
66988XAC8	ABC A-2 C OPTEUM MTG	72,382,000.00	24,877,693.40	27,414.68	24,905,108.08	119,637.91	11/25/2008	0.00	198,756.45	198,756.45	386.46
68383NAS2	ACCEP 05-2 CL AI2 OPTEUM MTG ACCEP	16,394,634.75	15,581,460.87	6,336.98	15,587,797.85	74,879.88	11/25/2008	626,194.62	45,943.11	672,137.73	1,306.89
68383NDV2	2006- 1A1B OPTEUM MTG	144,307,000.00	89,643,508.40	55,297.64	89,698,806.04	430,890.64	11/25/2008	0.00	400,907.89	400,907.89	779.52
68383NDW0	ACCEP 2006-1A1C OPTION ONE MTG	77,617,000.00	26,498,443.80	30,691.06	26,529,134.86	127,439.33	11/25/2008	0.00	222,510.15	222,510.15	432.64
68389BAE3	06-3 ABC M-2 OPTION ONE MTG LN	23,500,000.00	799,000.00	9,266.18	808,266.18	3,882.71	11/25/2008	0.00	67,179.81	67,179.81	130.62
68389FGF5	05-1 A-1B OPTION ONE MTG LN	970,468.68	561,222.04	386.97	561,609.01	2,697.83	11/25/2008	0.00	2,805.56	2,805.56	5.46
68389FHB3	TR 05-2 M-1 OPTION ONE MTG LN	8,200,000.00	4,346,000.00	3,369.97	4,349,369.97	20,893.29	11/25/2008	0.00	24,432.30	24,432.30	47.51
68389FJW5	TR 05-5 A-3 OWNITE MTG LN TR	8,223,791.21	7,250,916.71	3,169.59	7,254,086.30	34,846.82	11/25/2008	294,026.08	22,979.50	317,005.58	616.38
69121PAR4	05-3 CL A-2B	17,240,325.72	16,521,404.14	6,721.33	16,528,125.47	79,396.98	11/25/2008	3,537,625.37	48,729.66	3,586,355.03	6,973.22

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G Accrued Interest on

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L Accrued

CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Interest on amount in K
	OWNIT MTG LN										
69121PAV5	TR 05-4 CL A2A2 OWNIT MTG LN	56,532,608.19	52,219,170.19	22,165.49	52,241,335.68	250,954.32	11/25/2008	6,890,735.70	160,699.83	7,051,435.53	13,710.63
69121PAX1	TR 05-4 CL A-3 OWNIT MTG LN	12,000,000.00	8,865,600.00	4,945.00	8,870,545.00	42,611.88	11/25/2008	0.00	35,851.25	35,851.25	69.71
69121PBT9	TR 2005-5 CL A2B OWNIT MTG LN 06	23,163,152.83	18,210,870.75	9,133.36	18,220,004.11	87,524.34	11/25/2008	2,168,008.98	66,216.86	2,234,225.84	4,344.17
69121QAD3	4 CL A2C PARK PL SECS INC	48,798,000.00	23,618,232.00	18,482.24	23,636,714.24	113,544.87	11/25/2008	0.00	133,996.28	133,996.28	260.54
70069FEW3	2004-WHQ2 A1D PARK PL SECS INC	5,755,206.89	4,731,931.10	2,352.44	4,734,283.55	22,742.31	11/25/2008	0.00	17,055.20	17,055.20	33.16
70069FEY9	2004-WHQ2 A2B PARK PL SECS INC	10,142,436.28	7,839,089.00	4,145.72	7,843,234.72	37,676.94	11/25/2008	0.00	30,056.48	30,056.48	58.44
70069FKC0	05-WCW1 A-3C POPULAR ABS	13,891,575.60	13,488,719.91	5,400.35	13,494,120.26	64,822.38	11/25/2008	1,698,085.41	39,152.54	1,737,237.95	3,377.84
73316MAC1	MTG 06 C CL A3	24,187,000.00	19,862,364.40	9,187.70	19,871,552.10	95,457.97	11/25/2008	0.00	66,610.83	66,610.83	129.52
73316NAB1	POPULAR ABS MTG P/T 07-A CL A2	76,090,000.00	35,343,805.00	29,664.53	35,373,469.53	169 925 30	11/25/2008	0.00	215,067.86	215,067.86	418.17
	POPULAR ABS INC	<i>.</i>		,		,			ĺ.	,	
73316PJV3	2006-A A-4 QUEST TR 2006-X1	50,749,000.00	35,301,004.40	20,179.78	35,321,184.18	169,674.14	11/25/2008	0.00	146,303.38	146,303.38	284.47
748351AR4	A-2 A44A QUEST TR 2006-X1	25,000,000.00	17,977,500.00	9,579.86	17,987,079.86	86,405.43	11/25/2008	0.00	69,453.99	69,453.99	135.04
748351AS2	A-3 144A RAAC SER 2006-	6,365,000.00	2,546,000.00	2,509.75	2,548,509.75	12,242.40	11/25/2008	0.00	18,195.72	18,195.72	35.38
74919PAB5	SP2 CL A-2	20,409,000.00	16,570,067.10	7,775.26	16,577,842.36	79,635.81	11/25/2008	0.00	56,370.65	56,370.65	109.61
740100 4 02	RAAC SER 2006 SP3	20,000,000,00	22 204 000 00	11 400 17	22 205 420 17	107 101 67	11/25/2000	0.00	02.061.46	02.061.46	101 11
74919QAB3	RAAC SER 2006- SP3	30,000,000.00	22,284,000.00	11,429.17	22,295,429.17	107,101.67	11/25/2008	0.00	82,861.46	82,861.46	161.11
74919QAC1		36,505,000.00	18,402,170.50	14,353.56	18,416,524.06	88,468.38	11/25/2008	0.00	104,063.33	104,063.33	202.34
74924QAC4	EMX5 CTF A-3 RAMP SER 2006-	50,781,000.00	36,983,802.30	19,289.73	37,003,092.03	177,753.60	11/25/2008	0.00	139,850.52	139,850.52	271.92
75156TAB6	NC2 P/T CL A2	13,971,554.60	12,209,741.56	5,353.82	12,215,095.39	58,678.26	11/25/2008	342,688.40	38,815.21	381,503.61	741.79
	RAMP SER 2006- RS4										
75156WAC7		61,680,000.00	47,919,192.00	23,498.37	47,942,690.37	230,304.70	11/25/2008	0.00	170,363.16	170,363.16	331.25
753910AB4	KS12 CL A2 RASC SER 05 EMX	6,925,618.95	5,888,853.79	2,700.03	5,891,553.82	28,301.55	11/25/2008	280,561.39	19,575.21	300,136.60	583.58
75405MAC8	CTF CL A-1-3 RASC SER 2006	9,566,462.96	8,972,385.61	3,750.85	8,976,136.46	43,119.12	11/25/2008	915,775.62	27,193.67	942,969.29	1,833.49
754065AC4	EMX6 CTF A-3	40,860,000.00	25,619,220.00	15,475.73	25,634,695.73	123,142.67	11/25/2008	0.00	112,199.01	112,199.01	218.16
754065AD2	RASC SER 2006 EMX6 ABC A4	39,011,000.00	10,653,904.10	15,295.56	10,669,199.66	51,252.17	11/25/2008	0.00	110,892.83	110,892.83	215.62
75406EAC5	RASC SER 2006 KS4 P/T A-3	50,000,000.00	37,145,000.00	18,937.50	37,163,937.50	178,526.26	11/25/2008	0.00	137,296.87	137,296.87	266.96

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	<u> </u>	J	К	L
CUGD			Nr. 1 X/ 1	Accrued	Designated	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase	Payment	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Post 10/31/08	Accrued Interest on
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Interest	Purchase Price	Price	Date	Principal	Interest	Total Cash	amount in K
	RASC SER 2006 KS5										
75406VAC7	CTF A-3	64,000,000.00	37,632,000.00	24,311.11	37,656,311.11	180 891 50	11/25/2008	0.00	176,255.56	176,255.56	342.71
	RASC SER 2006	.,,.	,,	_ ,,	,,						
	KS6										
75406WAC5		30,000,000.00	18,033,000.00	11,362.50	18,044,362.50	86,680.61	11/25/2008	0.00	82,378.13	82,378.13	160.17
	RASC SER 2006 KS7										
75406XAC3		25,000,000.00	15,800,000.00	9,468.75	15,809,468.75	75,944,74	11/25/2008	0.00	68,648.44	68,648.44	133.48
	RASC SER 2006-		-,,-	-,	-,,	- /					
<b>FF</b> (0.0374 F) (	KS9	25 000 000 00	- 400 -00 00	10.045.44		26,000,00	11 /05 /0000	0.00	00.007.00	00.005.00	100.05
75406YAF4	CL M-1S RENAISSANCE	35,000,000.00	5,400,500.00	13,645.14	5,414,145.14	26,008.20	11/25/2008	0.00	98,927.26	98,927.26	192.35
	HOME										
759676AB5	EQUITY LN	8,942,402.20	8,109,864.56	3,386.93	8,113,251.49	38,974.03	11/25/2008	82,953.26	24,555.28	107,508.54	209.04
	RENAISSANCE										
	MTG	205 525 00	270 752 04	150.01	270 002 15	1 02 4 06	11/25/2000	0.00	1 000 70	1 000 70	2.12
/59/0NAF4	05-2 HM EQ AV2 RENAISSANCE	385,535.88	379,752.84	150.31	379,903.15	1,824.96	11/25/2008	0.00	1,089.72	1,089.72	2.12
	HOME										
759950GR3	2006-1 LN AV2	8,357,603.20	7,668,936.70	3,211.87	7,672,148.57	36,855.08	11/25/2008	176,109.62	23,286.08	199,395.70	387.70
	RENAISSANCE										
759950GS1	HOME 2006-1 AV-3	19,210,000.00	14,641,862.00	7,595.95	14,649,457.95	70 272 22	11/25/2008	0.00	55,070.67	55,070.67	107.08
/ 39930031	RESIDENTIAL	19,210,000.00	14,041,002.00	7,353.55	14,049,457.95	/0,3/2.33	11/23/2008	0.00	33,070.07	33,070.07	107.00
	ASSET										
7609857J4	04-RS7 A2B2	26,858,397.46	22,786,664.41	10,709.79	22,797,374.19	109,512.89	11/25/2008	715,059.64	77,645.94	792,705.58	1,541.32
	RESIDENTIAL ASSET										
76110W3P9	05-KS8 A-3	9,742,831.99	9,467,109.84	3,809.18	9,470,919.02	45 495 93	11/25/2008	1,173,165.60	27,616.53	1,200,782.13	2,334.77
/01101101101	RESIDENTIAL	3,742,001.00	5,407,105.04	5,005.10	5,470,515.02	40,400.00	11/20/2000	1,175,105.00	27,010.00	1,200,702.15	2,004.77
	2005-										
76110W6L5	ALH3 CL A2	21,336,067.21	19,321,942.47	8,294.40	19,330,236.86	92,857.63	11/25/2008	823,757.12	60,134.37	883,891.49	1,718.62
	RESIDENTIAL 2005-										
76110W6M3	AHL3 CL A-3	20,805,000.00	10,240,221.00	8,319.11	10,248,540.11	49 231 42	11/25/2008	0.00	60,313.55	60,313.55	117.27
. 5110 61415	RESIDENTIAL	_3,000,000.00		0,010.11		10,201172		5.00	00,010.00	00,010.00	11/12/
	ASSET										
76110WD52	SEC 04-RS8 RESIDENTIAL	1,039,062.77	672,273.61	440.88	672,714.49	3,231.55	11/25/2008	0.00	3,430.75	3,430.75	6.67
	RESIDENTIAL										

	ASSET							0.00			
76110WG26	04-KS10 AII2	1,932,460.60	1,317,358.39	783.45	1,318,141.84	6,332.02	11/25/2008	0.00	5,678.03	5,678.03	11.04
	RESIDENTIAL										
	ASSET										
76110WJ23	04-KS11 HE	257,660.87	170,468.43	104.17	170,572.61	819.39	11/25/2008	0.00	755.26	755.26	1.47
	RESIDENTIAL										
TC110WILDC	ASSET	2 400 707 52	1 704 507 47	1 005 00	1 505 (222 1.4	0.005.77	11/05/0000	C0 CC1 00	7 500 64	CO 170 CO	100 55
/6110WLD6	01-KS1 A II	2,499,787.53	1,794,597.47	1,035.68	1,795,633.14	8,625.//	11/25/2008	60,661.99	7,508.64	68,170.63	132.55
	RESIDENTIAL ASSET										
76110WSK3	SECURITIES	3,492,916.60	2,715,742.66	1,489.83	2,717,232.48	13,052.91	11/25/2008	83,108.09	10,801.24	93,909.34	182.59
/0110/00100	RESIDENTIAL	5,452,510.00	2,710,742.00	1,405.05	2,717,202.40	10,002.01	11/20/2000	00,100.00	10,001.24	55,505.54	102.00
	ASSET										
76110WU53	05-KS4 A-4B	2,998,247.78	2,666,941.40	1,202.21	2,668,143.61	12,817.09	11/25/2008	0.00	8,716.05	8,716.05	16.95
	RESIDENTIAL	_,,	_,,	_,	_,,	,			0,1 - 0100	0,1 - 0100	
	ASSET										
76110WUP9	SEC 03-KS9	3,752,096.00	2,629,468.88	1,625.39	2,631,094.26	12,639.12	11/25/2008	80,264.25	11,731.31	91,995.56	178.87
	RESIDENTIAL										
	ASSET										
76112B2C3	2006-RS2 A2	51,657,002.60	46,367,325.53	19,852.07	46,387,177.61	222,832.40	11/25/2008	1,549,915.31	143,927.53	1,693,842.84	3,293.47
	RESIDENTIAL										
	ASSET										
76112B2D1	2006-RS2 A3	80,007,000.00	32,002,800.00	31,636.10	32,034,436.10	153,885.42	11/25/2008	0.00	229,361.73	229,361.73	445.97
	RESIDENTIAL										
7011001.01	ASSET	110.057.000.00	22 207 205 00	44 101 17	22 221 406 25	100 110 10	11/05/0000	1 (14 100 50	210.070.40	1 0 2 4 0 7 1 0 4	
76112BL81	2005-RS9 AI4	110,957,883.60	33,287,365.08	44,121.17	33,331,486.25	160,116.13	11/25/2008	1,614,192.56	319,878.48	1,934,071.04	3,760.56
	RESIDENTIAL ASSET										
76112BPU8	2005-RS5 AI3	20,929,000.00	15,332,585.40	8,368.69	15,340,954.09	73,694.11	11/25/2009	0.00	60,673.03	60,673.03	117.97
/0112DPU0	2003-K55 AI5	20,929,000.00	15,552,505.40	0,500.09	13,340,954.09	/ 5,094.11	11/23/2000	0.00	00,075.05	00,075.05	11/.9/

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	к	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	RESIDENTIAL										
76112BR77	ASSET 05-EFC7 AI4 RESIDENTIAL	70,151,000.00	40,021,145.50	28,128.60	40,049,274.10	192,386.70	11/25/2008	0.00	203,932.37	203,932.37	396.52
76112BT83	ASSET 2006-RS1 AI2 RESIDENTIAL	56,295,224.00	40,419,970.83	21,822.22	40,441,793.05	194,272.26	11/25/2008	1,301,852.47	158,199.14	1,460,051.62	2,838.89
76112BX21	ASSET 2006-NC1 A3 RESIDENTIAL	16,044,500.00	7,006,633.15	6,344.26	7,012,977.41	33,688.59	11/25/2008	0.00	45,995.91	45,995.91	89.43
76112BY87	ASSET 2006-RZ1 A-2 RESIDENTIAL	57,035,693.26	48,081,089.42	21,855.76	48,102,945.18	231,074.52	11/25/2008	1,825,219.29	158,454.27	1,983,673.55	3,857.01
76112BY95	ASSET 2006-RZ1 A-3	49,479,000.00	28,915,527.60	19,564.82	28,935,092.42	138,996.95	11/25/2008	0.00	141,844.95	141,844.95	275.80
76112BYQ7	RESIDENTIAL 05- EFC3 CL AI2 RESIDENTIAL	2,823,722.34	2,725,456.80	1,107.13	2,726,563.94	13,097.73	11/25/2008	426,210.25	8,026.73	434,236.97	844.32
76112BZF0	ASSET 05-RS8 CL A2 RESIDENTIAL	82,500,532.66	65,637,423.78	32,530.42	65,669,954.20	315,462.04	11/25/2008	2,344,033.60	235,845.54	2,579,879.14	5,016.25
76113ABZ3	ASSET 06-EMX3 A-2 SG MTG SECS TR	124,066,509.50	92,652,869.29	47,403.75	92,700,273.04	445,308.94	11/25/2008	4,348,285.61	343,677.16	4,691,962.76	9,122.94
78420MAG4	06- OPT2 CL M1 SAACO SER 05-	18,701,000.00	3,240,883.30	7,270.01	3,248,153.31	15,603.32	11/25/2008	0.00	52,707.60	52,707.60	102.48
78514RAC9	NC4 CL A-3	28,481,000.00	23,602,204.70	11,578.32	23,613,783.02	113,434.71	11/25/2008	0.00	83,942.80	83,942.80	163.22
785778ND9	SACO I TR 2005-10 CL IA SACO I TR 2006-2	31,557,524.09	18,798,817.10	12,338.12	18,811,155.22	90,364.09	11/25/2008	878,343.93	89,451.34	967,795.26	1,881.76
785778PF2	CL 1 A SACO I TR 2006-2	29,699,425.23	19,120,489.96	11,413.65	19,131,903.62	91,904.88	11/25/2008	609,080.34	82,748.99	691,829.34	1,345.18
785778PG0	CL 2 A1 SAXON ASSET	22,827,716.27	5,453,541.42	8,772.82	5,462,314.24	26,239.59	11/25/2008	419,827.98	63,602.93	483,430.91	939.97
805564PL9	SECS TR 04-1 A SAXON ASSET	4,507,567.80	3,853,970.47	1,902.57	3,855,873.04	18,522.65	11/25/2008	0.00	13,793.63	13,793.63	26.82
80556AAC1	SECS TR 06-3 CL A3 SAXON ASSET	111,000,000.00	57,942,000.00	42,287.92	57,984,287.92	278,542.02	11/25/2008	0.00	306,587.39	306,587.39	596.12
80556UAF0	SECS TR 2006-1 M-1 SAXON ASSET 06- 2	26,748,000.00	5,619,754.80	10,606.33	5,630,361.13	27,046.85	11/25/2008	0.00	76,895.86	76,895.86	149.51
80556XAG2		9,500,000.00	2,241,050.00	3,745.90	2,244,795.90	10,783.44	11/25/2008	0.00	27,149.86	27,149.86	52.79
81375HAC3		45,000,000.00	20,061,000.00	17,643.75	20,078,643.75	96,452.78	11/25/2008	0.00	127,841.63	127,841.63	248.57
81375WAS5	04-D01 A-2 SECURITIZED ASSET	1,978,707.84	1,113,814.64	797.80	1,114,612.45	5,354.32	11/25/2008	0.00	5,784.08	5,784.08	11.25
81376WAB1	06 CB5 A-2 SECURITIZED ASSET	9,600,000.00	8,984,640.00	3,593.33	8,988,233.33	43,177.23	11/25/2008	0.00	26,040.98	26,040.98	50.63
81378GAE8	07-NC2 CL M1 SMART HOME 05-	10,000,000.00	2,152,000.00	3,876.39	2,155,876.39	10,356.29	11/25/2008	0.00	28,103.82	28,103.82	54.64
83169RAA1	1A CL M1 144A SMART HOME	3,811,976.90	3,596,600.21	1,592.03	3,598,192.23	17,284.82	11/25/2008	150,160.47	11,542.23	161,702.70	314.41
83170GAA2	CREDIT 2006-1	22,000,000.00	11,000,000.00	8,845.83	11,008,845.83	52,883.74	11/25/2008	0.00	64,132.20	64,132.20	124.70

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	<u> </u>	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
CUSH	SMART HOME	<u> </u>	Warket value	merest	1 urchase i rice		Date	Tincipai	interest	Total Cash	amount in ix
83170GAC8	CREDIT 2006-1 LLC SOUNVIEW HOME	14,000,000.00	6,300,000.00	5,660.28	6,305,660.28	30,290.82	11/25/2008	0.00	41,037.08	41,037.08	79.79
83611MGE2	SOUNDVIEW	5,872,773.37	5,784,094.49	2,315.67	5,786,410.16	27,796.47	11/25/2008	3,790,959.74	16,788.59	3,807,748.33	7,403.69
83611MGT9	HOME LN 2005-OPT3 A5 SOUNDVIEW	51,418,000.00	26,943,032.00	20,788.58	26,963,820.58	129,527.45	11/25/2008	0.00	150,717.23	150,717.23	293.05
83611MJH2	HOME LN 05-OPT4 2A3 SOUNDVIEW	56,650,000.00	43,433,555.00	22,148.58	43,455,703.58	208,750.34	11/25/2008	0.00	160,577.18	160,577.18	312.22
83611MMM7	HOME LN 2006-OPT2 M1 SOUNDVIEW HM	25,000,000.00	5,817,500.00	9,885.42	5,827,385.42	27,993.30	11/25/2008	0.00	71,669.27	71,669.27	139.35
83611MPK8	LN TR 06-OPT3 M-1 SOUNDVIEW HM LN	85,000,000.00	21,088,500.00	33,704.86	21,122,204.86	101,465.79	11/25/2008	0.00	244,360.24	244,360.24	475.13
83611YAF9	TR 06 OPT4 M-1 SOUNDVIEW HM LN	15,000,000.00	3,231,000.00	5,897.92	3,236,897.92	15,549.25	11/25/2008	0.00	42,759.90	42,759.90	83.14
83612CAF6	06 OPT5 M-1 SOUNDVIEW HOME	60,000,000.00	12,702,000.00	23,391.67	12,725,391.67	61,129.60	11/25/2008	0.00	169,589.58	169,589.58	329.75
83612CAG4	LN TR 06 OPT5 SOUNDVIEW HOME	68,500,000.00	5,260,800.00	26,933.82	5,287,733.82	25,400.95	11/25/2008	0.00	195,270.19	195,270.19	379.68
83612HAC2	LN TR 2006-3 A3 SOUNDVIEW HM LN	65,000,000.00	46,618,000.00	24,690.97	46,642,690.97	224,059.83	11/25/2008	0.00	178,258.98	178,258.98	346.60
83612JAE4	TR 06-EQ1 M-1 SOUNDVIEW HM LN	47,271,000.00	10,078,177.20	18,429.12	10,096,606.32	48,501.57	11/25/2008	0.00	133,611.15	133,611.15	259.79
83612QAC2	TR 07 NS1 A-3 SPECIALTY UNDERWRITING 04-	85,880,000.00	34,935,984.00	33,004.16	34,968,988.16	167,982.28	11/25/2008	0.00	239,280.17	239,280.17	465.25
84751PDZ9	BC4 SPECIALTY UNDERWRIT 06- BC1	3,315,600.00	2,101,427.28	1,347.88	2,102,775.16	10,101.21	11/25/2008	0.00	9,764.03	9,764.03	18.98
84751PKA6	A2C SPECIALTY UNDERWRIT 06 AB1	34,000,000.00	27,142,200.00	13,066.39	27,155,266.39	130,447.11	11/25/2008	0.00	94,731.32	94,731.32	184.19
84751PKW8		78,735,000.00	25,392,037.50	31,133.13	25,423,170.63	122,126.56	11/25/2008	0.00	225,715.20	225,715.20	438.87
863576DE1	05-WF4 CL A4 STRUCTURED ASSET	43,616,000.00	30,160,464.00	17,537.27	30,178,001.27	144,967.57	11/25/2008	0.00	127,145.18	127,145.18	247.22
86358EA89	2006-1 CL A3 STRUCTURED	70,000,000.00	50,785,000.00	26,901.39	50,811,901.39	244,087.67	11/25/2008	0.00	195,035.07	195,035.07	379.22
86358EC87	ASSET 2006-BNC1 A4 STRUCTURED ASSET	28,623,000.00	25,537,440.60	10,968.17	25,548,408.77	122,728.17	11/25/2008	0.00	79,519.27	79,519.27	154.62
86358EE69	INVT 06-2 A-3 STRUCTURED ASSET	75,000,000.00	50,182,500.00	28,656.25	50,211,156.25	241,201.84	11/25/2008	0.00	207,757.81	207,757.81	403.96
86358EE85	INVT 06-2 M-1 STRUCTURED ASSET	74,875,000.00	1,909,312.50	29,690.02	1,939,002.52	9,314.48	11/25/2008	0.00	215,252.63	215,252.63	418.53
86358EKH8	INVT 04-7 A7 STRUCTURED ASSET	56,409,690.65	44,416,990.42	23,057.46	44,440,047.88	213,478.88	11/25/2008	0.00	167,166.59	167,166.59	325.03
86358EKJ4	INVT 04-7 A8	17,500,000.00	13,314,000.00	7,503.13	13,321,503.13	63,993.17	11/25/2008	0.00	54,397.66	54,397.66	105.77

Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358ELS3	INVT 04-8 A8	10,256,786.36	6,965,383.62	4,283.63	6,969,667.25	33,480.54	11/25/2008	0.00	31,056.34	31,056.34	60.39
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358EQU3	INVT 05-2 A1	10,870,528.00	9,645,419.49	4,250.07	9,649,669.57	46,354.60	11/25/2008	841,992.14	30,813.04	872,805.18	1,697.06
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358EVK9	05-HE2 CL A2	21,298,700.42	21,149,609.52	8,327.20	21,157,936.72	101,637.44	11/25/2008	3,742,478.28	60,372.20	3,802,850.48	7,394.17
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358EWV4		64,868,409.68	61,475,791.85	25,289.67	61,501,081.52	295,435.82	11/25/2008	7,385,116.17	183,350.11	7,568,466.28	14,715.94
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358EXN1	05-8 P/T A3	119,007,231.00	116,496,178.43	46,528.52	116,542,706.95	559,842.03	11/25/2008	10,255,853.40	337,331.79	10,593,185.19	20,597.12
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358EXP6	2005-8 CL A4	149,906,000.00	90,603,186.40	60,274.70	90,663,461.10	435,524.60	11/25/2008	0.00	436,991.61	436,991.61	849.68
	STRUCTURED ASSET										
86358EXS0	2005-8 M-3	13,000,000.00	1,093,300.00	5,458.19	1,098,758.19	5,278.16	11/25/2008	0.00	39,571.91	39,571.91	76.94
	STRUCTURED ASSET										

86358EYC4	2005-9 CL A3	187,493,000.00	101,846,197.60	75,387.81	101,921,585.41	489,605.82 11/25/2008	0.00	546,561.63	546,561.63	1,062.72
	STRUCTURED ASSET									
86358EYS9	2005-9 CL A6 STRUCTURED	76,324,257.00	67,195,875.86	29,925.47	67,225,801.33	322,935.94 11/25/2008	5,394,517.67	216,959.65	5,611,477.32	10,910.82
86358EVX8	ASSET INVT 05-10 A5	63,078,541.00	54,474,628.01	24,802.13	54,499,430.14	261,801.64 11/25/2008	2,929,975.27	179,815.46	3,109,790.73	6,046.60
COSSOL 1710	STRUCTURED	00,070,041.00	54,474,020.01	24,002.10	54,455,450.14	201,001.04 11/20/2000	2,323,373.27	1/5,015.40	5,105,750.75	0,040.00
86358EZR0	ASSET 2005-11 CL A5	79,218,542.00	65,688,015.03	31,236.31	65,719,251.34	315,698.85 11/25/2008	4,397,578.99	226,463.26	4,624,042.25	8,990.87
	STRUCTURED ASSET									
86358GAG6	06 BNC2 M1 STRUCTURED	22,652,000.00	618,399.60	9,007.32	627,406.92	3,013.91 11/25/2008	0.00	65,303.04	65,303.04	126.97
	ASSET									
86359DAW7	SECS05-GEL2 A STRUCTURED	6,238,258.20	5,313,748.33	2,452.85	5,316,201.18	25,537.70 11/25/2008	113,294.93	17,783.15	131,078.09	254.86
86359R A D8	ASSET 06 BC4 CL A4	50,880,000.00	19,909,344.00	19,383.87	19,928,727.87	95,732.63 11/25/2008	0.00	140,533.03	140,533.03	273.25
0055510120	STRUCTURED	30,000,000.00	13,505,544.00	15,505.07	13,520,727.07	33,732.03 11/23/2000	0.00	140,555.05	140,333.03	273.25
86359RAF3	ASSET 06 BC4 CL M1	36,488,000.00	4,312,881.60	14,184.71	4,327,066.31	20,786.14 11/25/2008	0.00	102,839.15	102,839.15	199.96
	STRUCTURED ASSET									
86359UAG4		10,995,000.00	2,587,123.50	4,347.61	2,591,471.11	12,448.78 11/25/2008	0.00	31,520.14	31,520.14	61.29
	ASSET									
86360CAB2	06-GEL2 144A STRUCTURED AST	63,673,000.00	34,860,967.50	25,177.37	34,886,144.87	167,584.32 11/25/2008	0.00	182,535.90	182,535.90	354.92
86360DAE4	06-11 A3 144A STRUCTURED	47,974,643.00	16,604,023.94	4,412.67	16,608,436.61	79,782.78 12/1/2008	0.00	141,205.36	141,205.36	177.65
86360WAD4	ASSET	120,163,000.00	60,393,923.80	45 511 74		290.335.94 11/25/2008	0.00	329.960.09	329.960.09	641 57
80300WAD4	STRUCTURED	120,103,000.00	60,393,923.80	45,511.74	60,439,435.54	290,335.94 11/25/2008	0.00	329,960.09	329,960.09	641.57
86360WAF9	ASSET 2006 4 P/T M1	157,794,000.00	4,497,129.00	61,868.40	4,558,997.40	21,900.28 11/25/2008	0.00	448,545.88	448,545.88	872.14
	STRUCTURED ASSET									
86360XAB6	06-GE3 144A	40,894,000.00	21,882,379.40	15,852.10	21,898,231.50	105,193.63 11/25/2008	0.00	114,927.76	114,927.76	223.46
	STRUCTURED ASSET									
86361CAD7	06-WI A4 144A STRUCTURED	11,801,000.00	6,069,254.30	4,469.63	6,073,723.93	29,176.65 11/25/2008	0.00	32,404.81	32,404.81	63.01
96261VAE4	ASSET 06-BNC3 M-1	155,716,000.00	8,190.661.60	61,053.65	8,251,715.25	39.639.18 11/25/2008	0.00	442.638.95	442.638.95	860.66
00301KAF4	00-DINC3 IVI-1	155,/10,000.00	0,190,001.00	01,053.05	0,231,/13.25	39,039.18 11/25/2008	0.00	442,038.95	442,038.95	800.00

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	STRUC ASSSET07- GEL2 A1 1G 144A STRUC ASSET	31,207,158.50	23,489,628.20	11,819.71	23,501,447.91	112,895.08	11/25/2008	607,261.61	85,692.91	692,954.51	1,347.36
86363MAB7	SEC07- GEL2 A2 144A TERWIN MTG TR 06-	49,025,000.00	24,512,500.00	19,494.25	24,531,994.25	117,845.57	11/25/2008	0.00	141,333.29	141,333.29	274.80
8815612F0	5 I-A2B 144A TERWIN MTG TR	27,699,000.00	17,120,751.90	10,675.66	17,131,427.56	82,295.10	11/25/2008	0.00	77,398.51	77,398.51	150.49
881561F25	2005-18ALT CL A2	75,873,000.00	54,355,417.20	29,664.24	54,385,081.44	261,252.33	11/25/2008	0.00	215,065.71	215,065.71	418.17
881561F33	TERWIN MTG TR 2005-18ALT CL A3 TERWIN MTG TR	56,920,000.00	38,477,920.00	22,949.83	38,500,869.83	184,948.55	11/25/2008	0.00	166,386.25	166,386.25	323.52
881561L93	2006-1ABS 1A2 TERWIN MTG TR 04-	36,807,164.98	32,191,546.49	14,431.48	32,205,977.97	154,709.47	11/25/2008	1,397,936.26	104,628.20	1,502,564.46	2,921.55
881561LR3	19HE CL A-1 TERWIN MTG TR	3,948,605.13	2,855,631.23	1,592.06	2,857,223.29	13,725.39	11/25/2008	0.00	11,542.40	11,542.40	22.44
881561M27	2006-1ABS 1A3 TERWIN MTG TR 04-	12,178,000.00	6,152,325.60	4,923.63	6,157,249.23	29,577.89	11/25/2008	0.00	35,696.34	35,696.34	69.41
881561PM0	23 HELOC CL A TERWIN MTG TR 05-	16,026,002.01	7,702,096.57	34,473.71	7,736,570.28	37,164.55	11/17/2008	9,589.87	71,506.02	81,095.89	231.88
881561TN4	7SL CTF A-1 TERWIN MTG TR 05-	10,204,455.63	6,939,029.83	4,001.00	6,943,030.83	33,352.58	11/25/2008	492,468.22	29,007.23	521,475.45	1,013.94
881561UF9	8HE TERWIN MTG TR	2,494,908.99	2,479,191.06	975.44	2,480,166.50	11,914.10	11/25/2008	2,006,105.44	7,071.94	2,013,177.38	3,914.37
881561UY8	TMTS 05-10HE A1B TERWIN MTG TR 05-	16,424,848.08	15,478,776.83	6,476.41	15,485,253.24	74,387.29	11/25/2008	856,775.40	46,953.96	903,729.36	1,757.19
881561WB6	12ALT CL AV-2 TERWIN MTG TR 05-	6,475,484.61	5,379,832.61	2,567.71	5,382,400.32	25,855.71	11/25/2008	71,896.84	18,615.90	90,512.74	175.99
881561XP4	14HE AV-2 TERWIN MTG 06-5	17,239,887.59	11,876,558.56	6,778.63	11,883,337.19	57,084.58	11/25/2008	350,398.37	49,145.05	399,543.42	776.86
881561Z56	CTF A-2 144A TERWIN MTG TR	41,999,000.00	23,452,241.60	16,187.11	23,468,428.71	112,736.46	11/25/2008	0.00	117,356.58	117,356.58	228.19
881561ZF4	2005-16HE CL AV2 TERWIN MTG TR 07-	32,643,753.22	27,283,648.94	12,871.61	27,296,520.55	131,125.66	11/25/2008	1,858,498.93	93,319.20	1,951,818.13	3,795.07
88157GAB6	1SL CL A2 TRUMAN CAP MTG	29,460,000.00	2,822,268.00	11,452.58	2,833,720.58	13,612.49	11/25/2008	0.00	83,031.19	83,031.19	161.44
897896AW6	LN 04-2 A1 144A WAMU MTG PASS	8,456,222.76	7,944,621.28	3,437.69	7,948,058.97	38,180.49	11/25/2008	138,145.22	24,923.25	163,068.47	317.07
92925CES7	THRU 06-GE1 2A3 WACHOVIA MTG LN	16,111,000.00	13,120,798.40	6,155.74	13,126,954.14	63,058.61	11/25/2008	0.00	44,629.15	44,629.15	86.78
92978EAB0	06 AMN1 A2 WAMU ASSET BKD	50,000,000.00	21,750,000.00	18,937.50	21,768,937.50	104,572.53	11/25/2008	0.00	137,262.90	137,262.90	266.89
93363XAD5	07-HE4 CL 2A3	16,711,000.00	6,876,576.50	6,366.43	6,882,942.93	33,063.94	11/25/2008	0.00	46,156.60	46,156.60	89.75

WELLS FARGO HOME									
9497EBAD1 EQ 06-3 M-1	36,550,000.00	7,595,090.00	14,168.20	7,609,258.20	36,552.97 11/25/2008	0.00	102,719.46	102,719.46	199.73
WÈLLS FARGO 05- 3									
9497ENAM5 CL AI1A	3,582,338.10	3,330,141.50	1,404.58	3,331,546.07	16,003.91 11/25/2008	314,866.20	10,183.18	325,049.37	632.02

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L
CUSIP	Security Name	Par	Market Value	Accrued Interest	Designated Purchase Price	Accrued Interest on D. Purchase Price	Payment Date	Post 10/31/08 Principal	Post 10/31/08 Interest	Post 10/31/08 Total Cash	Accrued Interest on amount in K
	WELLS FARGO HM										
9497EUAH(	0 EQ 06-1 M-1	10,000,000.00	2,531,000.00	3,909.72	2,534,909.72	12,177.07	11/25/2008	0.00	28,345.49	28,345.49	55.11
	WELLS FARGO HM EQ 06 1 CL M										
9497EUAJ6		7,242,000.00	1,595,412.60	2,847.51	1,598,260.11	7,677.64	11/25/2008	0.00	20,644.48	20,644.48	40.14
	OPTION ONE MTG ACCEP 02 1										
68400XAK6		1,354,805.60	1,307,929.33	543.24	1,308,472.57	6,285.58	11/25/2008	12,598.45	3,938.49	16,536.94	32.15
	CWALT INC 2006-										
12668BJU8	OC1 2-A-3A	148,305,000.00	61,146,151.50	58,971.84	61,205,123.34	294,014.11	11/25/2008	0.00	427,545.81	427,545.81	831.31
	BEAR STEARNS ALT A										
073873AA9	06 5 I-1A-1	103,290,519.30	66,952,914.61	39,350.82	66,992,265.43	321,814.10	11/25/2008	2,436,195.00	285,293.43	2,721,488.44	5,291.59
	DEUTSCHE ALT A 07-										
25151TAB6	BAR1 CL A2	9,000,000.00	7,354,800.00	3,388.75	7,358,188.75	35,346.90	11/25/2008	0.00	24,568.44	24,568.44	47.77
	TBW MORTGAGE BKD 07-2 CL A-										
872227AC7		80,004,000.00	51,730,586.40	30,568.20	51,761,154.60		11/25/2008	0.00	221,609.90	221,609.90	
	:	39,256,535,182.10	20,838,293,516.50 1	8,272,043.83	20,856,565,560.34	100,189,726.81		348,219,856.02	113,322,670.99	461,542,527.01	926,311.78

Schedule B to Asset Purchase Agreement

## SELLERS

	Organization
Seller 1: American General Life Insurance Company	Texas
Seller 2: American General Life and Accident Insurance Company	Tennessee
Seller 3: The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York	New York
Seller 4: AIG Life Insurance Company	Delaware
Seller 5: American International Life Assurance Company of New York	New York
Seller 6: American Life Insurance Company	Delaware
Seller 7: AIG Annuity Insurance Company	Texas
Seller 8: The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company	Texas
Seller 9: SunAmerica Life Insurance Company	Arizona
Seller 10: First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company	New York
Seller 11: AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company	Arizona

Schedule C to Asset Purchase Agreement

## NOTICE INFORMATION

## EACH SELLER PARTY

[Name of Seller] c/o American International Group, Inc. 70 Pine Street, New York, New York 10270 Attention: General Counsel Fax: (212) 425-2175 Telephone: (212) 770-7000

with a copy to:

Sullivan & Cromwell LLP 125 Broad Street, New York, New York 10004 Attention: Robert W. Reeder III, Michael M. Wiseman and Benjamin R. Weber Telephone: (212) 558-4000

### BUYER

Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street New York, New York 10045 Attention: William Walsh, Assistant Vice President Telecopy: (212) 720-5686 Telephone: (212) 720-7743 E-mail: william.walsh@ny.frb.org

with copies to: Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street New York, New York 10045 Attention: Joyce M. Hansen, Deputy General Counsel and Senior Vice President Telecopy: (212) 720-1756 Telephone: (212) 720-5024 E-mail: joyce.hansen@ny.frb.org

Davis Polk & Wardwell 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10017 Attention: Marshall S. Huebner and Robert L. Heckart Telephone: (212) 450-4000

> EXHIBIT A to Asset Purchase Agreement

# CASH PURCHASE PRICE ADJUSTMENT AMOUNT CERTIFICATE

Date:

Pursuant to Section 1.02 [(b)][(c)]] of the Asset Purchase Agreement dated as of December , 2008 (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Asset Purchase Agreement"; the terms defined therein being used herein as therein defined) among the Sellers named therein, AIG Securities Lending Corp. (the "AIG Agent"), Maiden Lane II and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the AIG Agent hereby certifies as follows:

1. Set forth on Annex A hereto is a true and correct revised description of the cash flows on each Designated RMBS Issue identified therewith from and including October 31, 2008 to and excluding the Closing Date.

2. The amounts set forth in columns I, J and L of Schedule A attached to the execution copies of the Asset Purchase Agreement delivered on the Closing Date are revised as set forth in columns I, J and L of the Annex A hereto.

3. Each Seller's portion of the [final] [revised final] Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount is set forth on Annex B hereto.

4. The amount by which the [final][revised final] Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount differs from the [estimated Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount] [prior final Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount set forth in the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate dated as of , ] is \$.

[signature page follows]

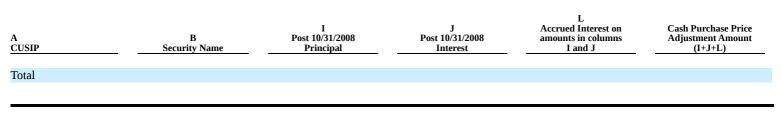
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this Certificate to be executed in its name and behalf by its duly authorized representative as of the date first above-written.

AIG SECURITIES LENDING CORP., as AIG Agent

By:

Name: Title:

# CASH PURCHASE PRICE ADJUSTMENT AMOUNT



Annex B to Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount Certificate

## Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount for each Seller

							Date:
Seller	Seller's Participation Percentage			Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount for each Seller(1)			Amount by which the [final] [revised final] Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount exceeds (is less than) the [estimated] [prior final] Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount
Seller 1	[	]%	\$	[	]	\$	[ ]
Seller 2	[	]%	\$	[	]	\$	[ ]
Caller D	r	10/	-	r	1	\$	[ ]
Seller 3	L	]%	\$	L	]	φ	L J
Seller 4	[	]% ]%	\$ \$	[	]	\$	
	[ [	-		[ [	]		
Seller 4 Seller 5 Seller 6		]%	\$		] ] ]	\$	
Seller 4 Seller 5		]% ]%	\$ \$		] ] ]	\$ \$	

<sup>(1)</sup> For each Seller: the product of (x) such Seller's Participation Percentage as set forth in the second column of this table and (y) the Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount for the RMBS Pool as set forth in the last column of Annex A.

Seller	Seller's Participation Percentage		Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount for each Seller(1)		Amount by which the [final] [revised final] Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount exceeds (is less than) the [estimated] [prior final] Cash Purchase Price Adjustment Amount
Seller 9	]	1%	\$ 	1	\$
Seller 10	]	]%	\$ [	í	\$ [ ]
Seller 11	[	]%	\$ [	j	\$ [ ]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045.

Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as Controlling Party (as defined herein),

33 Liberty Street,

New York, New York 10045.

Gentlemen and Ladies:

In connection with the execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York ("US Life"), American International Life Assurance Company of New York ("AILAC"), First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company ("First SunAmerica" and, together with US Life and AILAC, the "New York Sellers"), American General Life Insurance Company ("AGLIC"), American General Life and Accident Insurance Company ("AGLAIC"), AIG Life Insurance Company ("AIG Life"), AIG Annuity Insurance Company ("AIG Annuity"), The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company ("VALIC"), AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company ("AIG SunAmerica"), American Life Insurance Company ("ALIC") and SunAmerica Life Insurance Company ("SunAmerica Life") and, together with the New York Sellers, AGLIC, AGLAIC, AIG Life, AIG Annuity, VALIC, AIG SunAmerica and ALIC, the "Sellers"), as sellers, AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent ("AIG Agent"), American International Group, Inc. ("AIG"), Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), we, as counsel to AIG, have examined each of the following:

(i) the Asset Purchase Agreement;

(ii) the Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as senior lender, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, as collateral agent ("Collateral Agent"); and

(iii) such certificates and other documents, and such questions of law, as we have considered necessary or appropriate for the purposes of this opinion.

Upon the basis of such examination, and subject to the qualifications, limitations and assumptions set forth herein, it is our opinion that:

(1) Each of the New York Sellers is an existing insurance company in good standing under the laws of the State of New York, with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and the Security Agreement and the Security Agreement and the Security Agreement.

(2) AIG is an existing corporation in good standing under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver the Asset Purchase Agreement and to perform its obligations under the Asset Purchase Agreement.

(3) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by each of the New York Sellers.

(4) The Asset Purchase Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by AIG.

(5) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement constitutes a valid and legally binding obligation of each of the Sellers, enforceable against each

Seller in accordance with its terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws of general applicability relating to or affecting creditors' rights and to general equity principles. In rendering the opinion in this paragraph (5), we are expressing no opinion as to the creation, perfection or priority of any liens, security interests or collateral assignments purportedly granted pursuant to either the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement.

(6) The Asset Purchase Agreement constitutes a valid and legally binding obligation of each of AIG and AIG Agent, enforceable against each of AIG and AIG Agent in accordance with its terms, subject to bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent. transfer, reorganization, moratorium and similar laws of general applicability relating to or affecting creditors' rights and to general equity principles. In rendering the opinion in this paragraph (6), we are expressing no opinion as to the creation, perfection or priority of any liens, security interests or collateral assignments purportedly granted pursuant to either the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement.

(7) The execution and delivery of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by US Life do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, violate (i) the Charter of US Life, dated December 31, 2003, or (ii) the Bylaws of US Life, as amended and restated July 25, 2002.

(8) The execution and delivery of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by AILAC do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, violate (i) the Declaration of Intention and Charter of AILAC, dated March 5, 1962, as amended by the Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation, dated February 4, 1972, as further amended by the Certificate of Amendment of

the Certificate of Incorporation, dated January 18, 1985, as further amended by the Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation, dated June 1, 1987, as further amended by the Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation, dated March 22, 1989, and as further amended by the

Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation, dated June 27, 1991, or (ii) the Bylaws of AILAC, as amended and restated July 25, 2002.

(9) The execution and delivery of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by First SunAmerica do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, violate (i) the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of First SunAmerica, dated October 27, 1997, as amended by the Certificate of Amendment of the Amended and Restated Charter of First SunAmerica, dated May 30, 2003, or (ii) the Bylaws of First SunAmerica, as amended January 1, 1996.

(10) The execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement by AIG do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, violate the (i) Restated Certificate of Incorporation of AIG, dated June 2, 1995, as amended by the Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of AIG, dated May 26, 1998, as further amended by the Certificate of Merger of SunAmerica Inc. with and into AIG, dated December 30, 1998, as further amended by the Certificate of Incorporation, dated June 5, 2000, or (ii) the By-Laws of AIG, as amended June 15, 2008.

The opinions expressed herein are subject to the following qualifications, limitations and assumptions, which we have not independently verified:

(a) Except as expressly stated in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) above, we have assumed that each of the parties to each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly incorporated, formed or organized, as appropriate, is

validly existing under the laws of its jurisdiction of formation or organization, has the corporate, limited liability company, partnership or other organizational power to enter into and perform all obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement, and that each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by all persons and entities that are parties thereto and constitutes a valid and legally binding agreement of all persons and entities that are parties thereto.

(b) As contemplated by the qualifications set forth in paragraphs (5) and (6) above, in rendering the foregoing opinions, we are expressing no opinion herein as to Federal or state laws relating to fraudulent transfers.

(c) In rendering the opinions expressed in paragraphs (5) and (6), we have assumed that the Buyer, the Controlling Party and each of the other parties to the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement shall not exercise its discretion under the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement, including without limitation the discretion of the Controlling Party to make certain amendments to or affecting the Asset Purchase Agreement or any other Transaction Document (as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement), unreasonably, in bad faith or in a manner inconsistent with the obligations of good faith and fair dealing.

(d) In connection with our opinions set forth in paragraphs (5) and (6) above, we have assumed that the execution, delivery and performance by each Seller, AIG and AIG Agent of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement will comply with each law applicable to any Seller, AIG or AIG Agent and with each requirement or restriction imposed by any court or governmental body having jurisdiction over any Seller, AIG or AIG Agent and will not result in a default under or a breach of any agreement or instrument then binding upon any Seller, AIG or AIG Agent.

(e) In rendering the opinions expressed in paragraphs (5) and (6), we express no view with respect to the validity, binding effect or enforceability of any provision in the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement that purports to provide indemnification of any person for any claims, damages, liabilities or expenses resulting from violation by such person of any applicable securities laws or from the consequences of the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such person.

(f) The opinions in paragraphs (5) and (6) are subject to the possibility that principles of public policy and/or statutory construction might be applied or construed to prohibit or limit the transfer of environmental liability from one person or entity to any other. We note, with regard to this further qualification, that although the considerable majority of the courts that have considered the enforceability of environmental indemnities under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 9601 <u>et seq</u>. and other state or federal environmental statutes have found such indemnities to be enforceable, a number of courts have held that such agreements are not enforceable.

(g) No opinion is expressed herein as to the validity, binding effect or enforceability of any disclaimers or waiver set forth in the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement to the extent such disclaimers or waivers may not be given under applicable law.

(h) Our opinions in paragraph (1) with respect to the existence and good standing of each of the New York Sellers is based solely and exclusively upon certificates of good standing issued by the State of New York Insurance Department and previously provided to you and your counsel.

(i) No opinion is expressed herein as to the validity, binding effect or enforceability of any provision of the Asset Purchase Agreement that by its terms purports to be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware.

(j) No opinion is expressed herein with respect to the ownership of or state of title to any real or personal property, including without limitation any of the RMBS Issues (as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement).

(k) No opinion is expressed as to enforceability of any provision that purports to limit the bringing of any action or proceeding to the courts specified in such provision.

The opinions expressed herein are limited to the laws of the State of New York and the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware, and we are expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

We have assumed that you and the Controlling Party have complied with all Federal and/or state laws and regulations arising out of the transaction reflected in the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement or your or the Controlling Party's status with respect thereto and will continue to do so.

With your approval, we have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of each New York Seller, AIG Agent and AIG and other sources believed by us to be responsible and have assumed that the signatures on all documents examined by us are genuine, an assumption which we have not independently verified.

The opinions expressed herein are rendered on and as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you by us as counsel to AIG, is solely for your benefit and may not be relied upon by, or delivered or disclosed to, any other person or entity without our prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

SULLIVAN & CROMWELL LLP

EXHIBIT C to Asset Purchase Agreement

[letterhead of Richards Layton & Finger]

December 12, 2008 To Each of the Persons Listed on Schedule A Attached Hereto

Re: <u>AIG Life Insurance Company</u>

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Delaware counsel for AIG Life Insurance Company, a Delaware corporation ("AIG Life"), in connection with the matters set forth herein. At your request, this opinion is being furnished to you.

For purposes of giving the opinions hereinafter set forth, our examination of documents has been limited to the examination of originals or copies of the following:

(a) The Certificate of Domestication of AIG Life, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (the "Secretary of State") on December 23, 1991, together with the Certificate of Incorporation of AIG Life, dated December 6, 1991, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 23, 1991, as amended and restated by the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of AIG Life, dated December 6, 1991, as filed in the office and/or Registered Agent, dated August 3, 1994, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 3, 2001, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 3, 2001, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 3, 2001, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 3, 2001, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 7, 2001, as filed in the office of Change of Location of Registered Network of AIG Life, dated December 7, 2001, as filed in the office of Change of Location of Registered State on December 7, 2001, as filed in the office of Change of Location of Registered Network of AIG Life, dated December 7, 2001, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 7, 2001, as filed in the office of Change of Location of Registered Office and of Registered Agent, dated July 24, 2002, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 12, 2002 (as so amended and restated, the "Certificate of Incorporation");

(b) The Amended and Restated By-Laws of AIG Life, adopted as of April 27, 2005 (the "Bylaws");

(c) A copy of the Certificate of Authority of AIG Life from the Department of Insurance of the State of Delaware (the "Department of Insurance"), dated October 26, 1994;

(d) Certificates of an officer of AIG Life, dated as of the date hereof (the "Officer's Certificates");

(e) The Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among American General Life Insurance Company, American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York, AIG Life, American International Life Assurance Company of New York, American Life Insurance Company, AIG Annuity Insurance Company, The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company, SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, and AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company (collectively, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent of the Sellers, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("ML II"), as buyer, and Federal Reserve Bank: of New York ("FRBNY"), in its capacity as Controlling Party (as defined therein);

(f) The Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among ML II, FRBNY, as senior lender and controlling party, the Sellers, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as collateral agent;

(g) The resolutions of the Board of Directors of AIG Life (the "Board") adopted at a meeting of the Board held on December 10, 2008;

(h) A Certificate of Compliance/Good Standing for AIG Life, obtained from the Department of Insurance; and

(i) A Good Standing Certificate for AIG Life, dated December 12, 2008, obtained from the Secretary of State.

Initially capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined are used as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement are hereinafter referred to jointly as the "Transaction Documents."

For purposes of this opinion, we have not reviewed any documents other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above. In particular, we have not reviewed any document (other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above) that is referred to in or incorporated by reference into any document reviewed by us. We have assumed that there exists no provision in any document that we have not reviewed that is inconsistent with the opinions stated herein. We have conducted no independent factual investigation of our own but rather have relied solely upon the foregoing documents, the statements and information set forth therein and the additional matters recited or assumed herein, all of which we have assumed to be true, complete and accurate in all material respects.

With respect to all documents examined by us, we have assumed that (i) all signatures on documents examined by us are genuine, (ii) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic, and (iii) all documents submitted to us as copies conform with the original copies of those documents.

For purposes of this opinion, we have assumed (i) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 1 below, the due organization, due formation or due creation, as the case may be, and

valid existence in good standing of each party to the documents examined by us under the laws of the jurisdiction governing its organization, formation or creation, (ii) the legal capacity of natural persons who are signatories to the documents examined by us, (iii) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 2 below, that each of the parties to the documents examined by us has the power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, such documents, (iv) that any amendment or restatement of any document reviewed by us has been accomplished in accordance with, and was permitted by, the relevant provisions of said document prior to its amendment or restatement from time to time, (v) except to the extent set forth in paragraphs 3 and 4 below, the due authorization, execution and delivery by all parties thereto of all documents examined by us, (vi) that each of the documents examined by us constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto, and is enforceable against the parties thereto, in accordance with its terms, (vii) that Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "General Corporation Law") is not applicable to AIG Life pursuant to subsection (b)(4) thereof, and (viii) that neither ML II nor FRBNY is an "affiliate" of AIG Life for purposes of Chapter 50 of the Delaware Insurance Code.

This opinion is limited to the laws of the State of Delaware (excluding the securities and blue sky laws of the State of Delaware), and we have not considered and express no opinion on the laws of any other jurisdiction, including New York laws and United States federal laws (including United States federal bankruptcy law) and rules and regulations relating thereto. Our opinions are rendered only with respect to Delaware laws and rules, regulations and orders thereunder that are currently in effect.

Based upon the foregoing, and upon our examination of such questions of law and statutes of the State of Delaware as we have considered necessary or appropriate, and subject to the assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that:

1. AIG Life is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing as a corporation under the General Corporation Law.

2. AIG Life has all necessary corporate power and authority under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, the Transaction Documents.

3. The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents by AIG Life, and the performance by AIG Life of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of AIG Life under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law.

4. AIG Life has duly executed and delivered the Transaction Documents under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law.

5. The execution and delivery by AIG Life of the Transaction Documents, and the performance by AIG Life of its obligations thereunder, do not violate (i) the Certificate of Incorporation, (ii) the Bylaws or (iii) any Delaware law, rule or regulation.

6. No authorization, approval, consent or order of any Delaware court or Delaware governmental authority is required to be obtained by AIG Life solely in connection with the execution and delivery by AIG Life of the Transaction Documents, or the performance by AIG Life of its obligations thereunder, except for filings that may be required under the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of Delaware (the "Delaware UCC") and as noted in qualification F below.

The opinions expressed above are subject to the following additional assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions:

A. We express no opinion with respect to any provision in the Transaction Documents purporting to prohibit, restrict or condition the assignment of the Transaction Documents, to the extent that any such provision may be limited by the operation of Sections 9-401, 9-6 or 9-408 of the Delaware UCC.

B. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Transaction Documents that permits, by implication or otherwise, the collection of attorneys' fees in excess of the limitation of 10 <u>Del. C.</u> § 3912, which statutory limitation permits reasonable attorneys' fees not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the amounts adjudged as principal and interest.

C. We express no opinion as to (i) purported waivers of any statutory or other rights, court rules and defenses to obligations where such waivers (A) are against public policy or (B) constitute waivers of rights which by law, regulation or judicial decision may not otherwise be waived, or (ii) any right or obligation to the extent that the same may be varied by course of dealing or performance.

D. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Transaction Documents (i) that purports or would operate to render ineffective any waiver or modification not in writing or (ii) to the effect that the failure to exercise or delay in exercising rights or remedies will not operate as a waiver of any such rights or remedies.

E. The opinion expressed in paragraph 4 above is based solely upon our review of the incumbency certifications contained in the Officer's Certificates.

F. We note that under Delaware Insurance Regulation 306, entitled "Disclosure of Material Transactions" ("Regulation 306"), every insurer domiciled in the State of Delaware is required to file a report with the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Delaware (the "Commissioner") disclosing material dispositions of assets within fifteen (15) days after the end of the calendar month in which any such material disposition occurs. Regulation 306 defines a material disposition as one that is non-recurring and not in the ordinary course of business and involves more than five percent (5%) of the reporting insurer's total admitted assets as reported in its most recent statutory statement filed with the Department of Insurance. As a result, with respect to the opinions expressed in paragraphs 5 and 6 above, if the Transactions constitute a material disposition of assets by AIG Life, AIG Life will be required to timely file a report with the Commissioner complying with Regulation 306.

G. The opinions expressed above are subject to the effect of (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, receivership, reorganization, liquidation, fraudulent conveyance and transfer and other similar laws relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally, (ii) principles of equity (regardless of whether considered and applied in a proceeding in equity or at law), (iii) the effect of applicable public policy with respect to provisions relating to indemnification, exculpation or contribution, and (iv) judicial imposition of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

We understand that you will rely as to matters of Delaware law upon this opinion in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents. In connection with the foregoing, we hereby consent to your relying as to matters of Delaware law upon this opinion, subject to the understanding that the opinions rendered herein are given on the date hereof and such opinions are rendered only with respect to facts existing on the date hereof and laws, rules and regulations currently in effect. Except as stated above, without our prior written consent, this opinion may not be furnished or quoted to, or relied upon by, any other person or entity for any purpose.

WAY/EL

Very truly yours,

Schedule A

Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Maiden Lane II LLC

[letterhead of Richards Layton & Finger]

December 12, 2008 To Each of the Persons Listed on Schedule A Attached Hereto

Re: <u>AIG Securities Lending Corp.</u>

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Delaware counsel for AIG Securities Lending Corp., a Delaware corporation (formerly known as AIG Global Securities Lending Corp.) ("AIG SLC"), in connection with the matters set forth herein. At your request, this opinion is being furnished to you.

For purposes of giving the opinions hereinafter set forth, our examination of documents has been limited to the examination of originals or copies of the following:

(a) The Certificate of Incorporation of AIG SLC, dated February 24, 1998, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (the "Secretary of State") on February 24, 1998, as amended by the Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated November 19, 2007, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on November 19, 2007 (as so amended, the "Certificate of Incorporation");

- (b) The By-Laws of AIG SLC (the "Bylaws");
- (c) A Certificate of an officer of AIG SLC, dated as of the date hereof (the "Officer's Certificate");

(d) The Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among American General Life Insurance Company, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York,

AIG Life Insurance Company, a Delaware domiciled stock insurance company ("AIG Life"), American International Life Assurance Company of New York, American Life Insurance Company, a Delaware domiciled stock insurance company ("ALICO" and, together with AIG Life, the "Delaware Sellers"), AIG Annuity Insurance Company, The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company, SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, and AIG SunAmerica Life Insurance Company (collectively, the "Sellers"), AIG SLC, as agent of the Sellers, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as buyer, and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in its capacity as Controlling Party (as defined therein);

- (e) The unanimous written consent of the Board of Directors of AIG SLC, dated December 11, 2008; and
- (f) A Good Standing Certificate for AIG SLC, dated December 12, 2008, obtained from the Secretary of State.

Initially capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined are used as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

For purposes of this opinion, we have not reviewed any documents other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (f) above. In particular, we have not reviewed any document (other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (f) above) that is referred to in or incorporated by reference into any document reviewed by us. We have assumed that there exists no provision in any document that we have not reviewed that is inconsistent with the opinions stated herein. We have conducted no independent factual investigation of our own but rather have relied solely upon the foregoing documents, the statements and information set forth therein and the additional matters recited or assumed herein, all of which we have assumed to be true, complete and accurate in all material respects.

With respect to all documents examined by us, we have assumed that (i) all signatures on documents examined by us are genuine, (ii) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic, and (iii) all documents submitted to us as copies conform with the original copies of those documents.

For purposes of this opinion, we have assumed (i) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 1 below, the due organization, due formation or due creation, as the case may be, and valid existence in good standing of each party to the documents examined by us under the laws of the jurisdiction governing its organization, formation or creation, (ii) the legal capacity of natural persons who are signatories to the documents examined by us, (iii) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 2 below, that each of the parties to the documents examined by us has the power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, such documents, (iv) that any amendment or restatement of any document reviewed by us has been accomplished in accordance with, and was permitted by, the relevant provisions of said document prior to its amendment or restatement from time to time, (v) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 3 and 4 below, the due authorization, execution and delivery by all parties thereto of all documents examined by us, (vi) except as set forth in paragraph 7 below, that each of the documents examined by us constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto, in accordance with is terms, (vii) that Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "General Corporation Law") is not applicable to AIG SLC pursuant to subsection (b)(4) thereof, (viii) that AIG SLC derives no income from or connected with sources within the State of Delaware and has no assets, activities (other than the maintenance of a registered office and registered agent in the State of Delaware to the Asset Purchase Agreement to the extent set forth therein would not be contrary to a fundamental policy of a jurisdiction (other than the State of Delaware) which (a) would be the jurisdiction of applicable law in the absence of an effective choice of law, and (b) has a materially greater interest than the State of Delaware in the determination of a particular issue relating to the

This opinion is limited to the laws of the State of Delaware (excluding the insurance, securities and blue sky laws of the State of Delaware), and we have not considered

and express no opinion on the laws of any other jurisdiction, including New York laws and United States federal laws (including United States federal bankruptcy law) and rules and regulations relating thereto. Our opinions are rendered only with respect to Delaware laws and rules, regulations and orders thereunder that are currently in effect.

Based upon the foregoing, and upon our examination of such questions of law and statutes of the State of Delaware as we have considered necessary or appropriate, and subject to the assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that:

1. AIG SLC is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing as a corporation under the General Corporation Law.

2. AIG SLC has all necessary corporate power and authority under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, the Asset Purchase Agreement.

3. The execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement by AIG SLC, and the performance by AIG SLC of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of AIG SLC under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law.

4. AIG SLC has duly executed and delivered the Asset Purchase Agreement under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law.

5. The execution and delivery by AIG SLC of the Asset Purchase Agreement, and the performance by AIG SLC of its obligations thereunder, do not violate (i) the Certificate of Incorporation, (ii) the Bylaws or'(iii) any Delaware law, rule or regulation.

6. No authorization, approval, consent or order of any Delaware court or Delaware governmental authority is required to be obtained by AIG SLC solely in connection with the execution and delivery by AIG SLC of the Asset Purchase Agreement, or the performance by AIG SLC of its obligations thereunder, except for filings that may be required under the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of Delaware (the "Delaware UCC"). 7. The Asset Purchase Agreement, to the extent it is governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Delaware Sellers, and is enforceable against the Delaware Sellers, in accordance with its terms.

The opinions expressed above are subject to the following additional assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions:

A. We express no opinion with respect to any provision in the Asset Purchase Agreement purporting to prohibit, restrict or condition the assignment of the Asset Purchase Agreement, to the extent that any such provision may be limited by the operation of Sections 9-401, 9-406 or 9-408 of the Delaware DCC.

B. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Asset Purchase Agreement that permits, by implication or otherwise, the collection of attorneys' fees in excess of the limitation of 10 <u>Del. C.</u> § 3912, which statutory limitation permits reasonable attorneys' fees not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the amounts adjudged as principal and interest.

C. We express no opinion as to (i) purported waivers of any statutory or other rights, court rules and defenses to obligations where such waivers (A) are against public policy or (B) constitute waivers of rights which by law, regulation or judicial decision may not otherwise be waived, or (ii) any right or obligation to the extent that the same may be varied by course of dealing or performance.

D. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Asset Purchase Agreement (i) that purports or would operate to render ineffective any waiver or modification not in writing or (ii) to the effect that the failure to exercise or delay in exercising rights or remedies will not operate as a waiver of any such rights or remedies.

E. The opinion expressed in paragraph 4 above is based solely upon our review of the incumbency certifications contained in the Officer's Certificate.

F. The opinions expressed above are subject to the effect of (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, receivership, reorganization, liquidation, fraudulent conveyance and transfer and other similar laws relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally, (ii) principles of equity (regardless of whether considered and applied in a proceeding in equity or at law), (iii) the effect of applicable public policy with respect to provisions relating to indemnification, exculpation or contribution, and (iv) judicial imposition of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

We understand that you will rely as to matters of Delaware law upon this opinion in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement. In connection with the foregoing, we hereby consent to your relying as to matters of Delaware law upon this opinion, subject to the understanding that the opinions rendered herein are given on the date hereof and such opinions are rendered only with respect to facts existing on the date hereof and laws, rules and regulations currently in effect. Except as stated above, without our prior written consent, this opinion may not be furnished or quoted to, or relied upon by, any other person or entity for any purpose.

WAY/EL

Very truly yours,

Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Maiden Lane II LLC

[letterhead of Richards Layton & Finger]

Schedule A

December 12, 2008 To Each of the Persons Listed on Schedule A Attached Hereto

Re: <u>American Life Insurance Company</u>

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Delaware counsel for American Life Insurance Company, a Delaware corporation (formerly known as Asia Life Insurance Company) ("ALICO"), in connection with the matters set forth herein. At your request, this opinion is being furnished to you.

For purposes of giving the opinions hereinafter set forth, our examination of documents has been limited to the examination of originals or copies of the following:

(a) The Certificate of Incorporation of ALICO, dated June 24, 1921, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (the "Secretary of State") on August 18, 1921, as amended by three Certificates of Amendment thereto, each dated April 21, 1931, each as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on June 2, 1931, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated February 10, 1951, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 24, 1953, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 23, 1953, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 24, 1953, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated August 5, 1955, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated December 18, 1962, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on August 11, 1955, as further amended by a Certifi

Secretary of State on December 20, 1962, as further amended by a Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated November 1, 1971, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on November 3, 1971, as modified by a Certificate of Change of Location of Registered Office and/or Registered Agent of ALICO, dated October 7, 1985, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on October 16, 1985, as amended and restated by the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of ALICO, dated June 2, 1994, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on June 3, 1994, and as further amended by the Certificate of Amendment thereto, dated April 30, 2006, as filed in the office of the Secretary of State on May 25, 2006 (as so amended and restated, the "Certificate of Incorporation");

(b) The Amended and Restated By-Laws of ALICO, adopted as of April 18, 2008 (the "Bylaws");

(c) A copy of the Certificate of Authority of ALICO from the Department of Insurance of the State of Delaware (the "Department of Insurance"), dated May 10, 2002;

(d) Certificates of an officer of ALICO, dated as of the date hereof (the "Officer's Certificates");

(e) The Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among American General Life Insurance Company, American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York, AIG Life Insurance Company, American International Life Assurance Company of New York, ALICO, AIG Annuity Insurance Company, The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company, SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, and AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company (collectively, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent of the Sellers, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("ML II"), as buyer, and Federal Reserve Bank of New York ("FRBNY"), in its capacity as Controlling Party (as defined therein);

(f) The Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among ML II, FRBNY, as senior lender and controlling party, the Sellers, and The Bank of New York Mellon, as collateral agent;

- (g) The unanimous written consent of the Board of Directors of ALICO, dated December 12, 2008;
- (h) A Certificate of Compliance/Good Standing for ALICO, obtained from the Department of Insurance; and
- (i) A Good Standing Certificate for ALICO, dated December 12, 2008, obtained from the Secretary of State.

Initially capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined are used as defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement. The Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement are hereinafter referred to jointly as the "Transaction Documents."

For purposes of this opinion, we have not reviewed any documents other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above. In particular, we have not reviewed any document (other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above) that is referred to in or incorporated by reference into any document reviewed by us. We have assumed that there exists no provision in any document that we have not reviewed that is inconsistent with the opinions stated herein. We have conducted no independent factual investigation of our own but rather have relied solely upon the foregoing documents, the statements and information set forth therein and the additional matters recited or assumed herein, all of which we have assumed to be true, complete and accurate in all material respects.

With respect to all documents examined by us, we have assumed that (i) all signatures on documents examined by us are genuine, (ii) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic, and (iii) all documents submitted to us as copies conform with the original copies of those documents.

For purposes of this opinion, we have assumed (i) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 1 below, the due organization, due formation or due creation, as the case may be, and valid existence in good standing of each party to the documents examined by us under the laws

of the jurisdiction governing its organization, formation or creation, (ii) the legal capacity of natural persons who are signatories to the documents examined by us, (iii) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 2 below, that each of the parties to the documents examined by us has the power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, such documents, (iv) that any amendment or restatement of any document reviewed by us has been accomplished in accordance with, and was permitted by, the relevant provisions of said document prior to its amendment or restatement from time to time, (v) except to the extent set forth in paragraphs 3 and 4 below, the due authorization, execution and delivery by all parties thereto of all documents examined by us, (vi) that each of the documents examined by us constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto, and is enforceable against the parties thereto, in accordance with its terms, (vii) that Section 203 of the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "General Corporation Law") is not applicable to ALICO pursuant to subsection (b)(4) thereof, and (viii) that neither ML II nor FRBNY is an "affiliate" of ALICO for purposes of Chapter 50 of the Delaware Insurance Code.

This opinion is limited to the laws of the State of Delaware (excluding the securities and blue sky laws of the State of Delaware), and we have not considered and express no opinion on the laws of any other jurisdiction, including New York laws and United States federal laws (including United States federal bankruptcy law) and rules and regulations relating thereto. Our opinions are rendered only with respect to Delaware laws and rules, regulations and orders thereunder that are currently in effect.

Based upon the foregoing, and upon our examination of such questions of law and statutes of the State of Delaware as we have considered necessary or appropriate, and subject to the assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that:

1. ALICO is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing as a corporation under the General Corporation Law.

2. ALICO has all necessary corporate power and authority under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, the Transaction Documents.

3. The execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents by ALICO, and the performance by ALICO of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of ALICO under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law.

4. ALICO has duly executed and delivered the Transaction Documents under the Certificate of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the General Corporation Law.

5. The execution and delivery by ALICO of the Transaction Documents, and the performance by ALICO of its obligations thereunder, do not violate (i) the Certificate of Incorporation, (ii) the Bylaws or (iii) any Delaware law, rule or regulation.

6. No authorization, approval, consent or order of any Delaware court or Delaware governmental authority is required to be obtained by ALICO solely in connection with the execution and delivery by ALICO of the Transaction Documents, or the performance by ALICO of its obligations thereunder, except for filings that may be required under the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of Delaware (the "Delaware UCC") and as noted in qualification F below.

The opinions expressed above are subject to the following additional assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions:

A. We express no opinion with respect to any provision in the Transaction Documents purporting to prohibit, restrict or condition the assignment of the Transaction Documents, to the extent that any such provision may be limited by the operation of Sections 9-401, 9-406 or 9-408 of the Delaware UCC.

B. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Transaction Documents that permits, by implication or otherwise, the collection of attorneys' fees in excess of the limitation of 10 <u>Del. C.</u> § 3912, which statutory limitation permits reasonable attorneys' fees not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the amounts adjudged as principal and interest.

C. We express no opinion as to (i) purported waivers of any statutory or other rights, court rules and defenses to obligations where such waivers (A) are against public policy or (B) constitute waivers of rights which by law, regulation or judicial decision may not otherwise be waived, or (ii) any right or obligation to the extent that the same may be varied by course of dealing or performance.

D. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Transaction Documents (i) that purports or would operate to render ineffective any waiver or modification not in writing or (ii) to the effect that the failure to exercise or delay in exercising rights or remedies will not operate as a waiver of any such rights or remedies.

E. The opinion expressed in paragraph 4 above is based solely upon our review of the incumbency certifications contained in the Officer's Certificates.

F. We note that under Delaware Insurance Regulation 306, entitled "Disclosure of Material Transactions" ("Regulation 306"), every insurer domiciled in the State of Delaware is required to file a report with the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Delaware (the "Commissioner") disclosing material dispositions of assets within fifteen (15) days after the end of the calendar month in which any such material disposition occurs. Regulation 306 defines a material disposition as one that is non-recurring and not in the ordinary course of business and involves more than five percent (5%) of the reporting insurer's total admitted assets as reported in its most recent statutory statement filed with the Department of Insurance. As a result, with respect to the opinions expressed in paragraphs 5 and 6 above, if the Transactions constitute a material disposition of assets by ALICO, ALICO will be required to timely file a report with the Commissioner complying with Regulation 306.

G. The opinions expressed above are subject to the effect of (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, receivership, reorganization, liquidation, fraudulent conveyance and transfer and other similar laws relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally, (ii) principles of equity (regardless of whether considered and applied in a proceeding in equity or at law), (iii) the effect of applicable public policy with respect to provisions relating to indemnification, exculpation or contribution, and (iv) judicial imposition of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

We understand that you will rely as to matters of Delaware law upon this opinion in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents. In connection with the foregoing, we hereby consent to your relying as to matters of Delaware law upon this opinion, subject to the understanding that the opinions rendered herein are given on the date hereof and such opinions are rendered only with respect to facts existing on the date hereof and laws, rules and regulations currently in effect. Except as stated above, without our prior written consent, this opinion may not be furnished or quoted to, or relied upon by, any other person or entity for any purpose.

Very truly yours,

WAY/EL

Schedule A

Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Maiden Lane II LLC

#### [letterhead of Bass, Berry & Sims PLC]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York FRBNY Investment Support Office 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

#### Re: American General Life and Accident Insurance Company; ML II Corporate Matters Opinion

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Tennessee counsel to American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, a Tennessee insurance company (the "Company"), as one of the Sellers in connection with the sale by the Company to Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Buyer"), pursuant to that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Closing Date") among the Company and the other Sellers, the Buyer, AIG Securities Lending Corp. as AIG Agent, and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as Controlling Party (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), whereby the Company sells and transfers to the Buyer and the Buyer purchases from the Company all of the Buyer's share of each Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities Issue ("RMBS Issue") in exchange for payment by the Buyer to the Company of its share of the Cash Purchase Price, the Fixed Deferred Purchase Price and the Variable Deferred Purchase Price are secured pursuant to a Security Agreement dated the Closing Date among the Buyer as Borrower, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as Senior Lender and Controlling Party, the Company and the other Sellers, and The Bank of New York Mellon as Collateral Agent (the "Security Agreement"; together with the Asset Purchase Agreement, the "Opinion Documents").

Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings set forth in the APA.

The opinions expressed herein are provided pursuant to Section 5.02(a) of the APA. In order to provide the opinions set forth herein, we have examined and are familiar with, among other things, the following:

- a. Fully executed copies of the Opinion Documents;
- b. A fully executed copy of a Certificate of Existence for the Company issued by the Secretary of State of Tennessee and dated December 8, 2008 (the "Certificate of Existence");
- c. A copy of the Company's Charter certified by the Secretary of State of Tennessee on December 8,2008, and a copy of the Company's By-Laws restated as of April 27, 2005 and certified by an Assistant Secretary of the Company on December 11, 2008; and
- d. A Certificate of Compliance issued by the Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance of the State of Tennessee to the Company dated December 11, 2008 (the "Certificate of Compliance").

We have also examined such certificates and other documents and instruments and have researched such questions of law and examined such government records in Tennessee as we have reasonably considered necessary or appropriate for the purpose of delivering this Opinion. For purposes of the opinions expressed below, we have assumed for parties other than the Company that the Opinion Documents have been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the parties thereto. We have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, the conformity to original documents of all documents submitted to us as certified, photostatic or electronic copies and the authenticity of the originals of such latter documents. As to any facts material to the opinions expressed herein that were not independently established or verified, we have relied upon oral or written statements and representations of officers and other representatives of the Company and others, including without limitation, representations and warranties as to factual matters contained in the Opinion Documents. We have engaged in research to the extent deemed appropriate in the circumstance.

Based on the foregoing, and subject to the assumptions, qualifications and exceptions set forth herein, we express the following opinions:

1. The Company is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Tennessee.

- 2. The Company has all requisite power and authority to execute, deliver and perform its obligations under the Opinion Documents, and the Company has duly executed and delivered the Opinion Documents.
- 3. No material consent, approval, authorization or order of, or filing or registration with, any court or governmental authority or agency of the State of Tennessee is required in connection with the due authorization, execution and delivery by the Company of the Opinion Documents,

and such execution, delivery and do not (a) result in a violation of any Tennessee statute, rule or regulation that in our experience is normally applicable to general business corporations or insurance companies in relation to transactions of the type contemplated by the Opinion Documents, or (b) contravene the Charter or By-Laws of the Company.

The foregoing opinions are subject to and expressly limited by the following assumptions, qualifications and limitations, in addition to those previously set forth:

- (i) The opinion that the Company is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Tennessee is based solely upon the Certificate of Existence and the Certificate of Compliance.
- (ii) We express no opinion with respect to whether the Opinion Documents will conflict with or constitute a violation under any contract or agreement to which the Company is a party or which is binding upon it or its assets.

This Opinion is limited to the application of the internal laws of the State of Tennessee (and we express no opinion as to matters that are or that may purport to be governed by the laws of any other jurisdiction) and to the matters set forth in this letter, and no other opinions should be inferred beyond the matters herein expressly stated.

This Opinion is rendered as of the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to advise you of any change hereafter occurring in circumstances touching or concerning the transaction which is the subject of this Opinion, including any changes in law or fact (or the effect thereon on the opinions expressed herein) that hereafter may come to our attention.

The opinions expressed in this letter are solely for your benefit and may not be relied upon by any person other than an addressee without our prior written approval. These opinions are not to be used, circulated or quoted in any manner or otherwise used or relied on for any purpose or by any other person or entity without, in each instance, our express written consent.

Very truly yours,

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[letterhead of Greenberg Traurig, LLP]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street New York, New York 10045

Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street New York, New York 10045

> Re: Asset Purchase Agreement Among the Sellers Party Thereto, AIG Securities Lending Corp., as AIG Agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, and The Federal Reserve Bank of New York

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special counsel to American General Life Insurance Company ("American General"), AIG Annuity Insurance Company ("AIG Annuity"), The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company ("Variable Annuity," and together with American General and AIG Annuity, the "*Texas Seller Parties*"), each a stock property and casualty insurance company domiciled in the State of Texas and a wholly-owned subsidiary of American International Group, Inc. ("AIG") in connection with the transactions associated with the sale of certain assets (the "*Transactions*") pursuant to that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008, by and among The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York, a New York-domiciled insurance company; American International Life Assurance Company of New York, a New York-domiciled insurance company, a New York-domiciled insurance company; American General; American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, a Tennessee-domiciled insurance company; AIG Life Insurance Company, a Delaware-domiciled insurance company; AIG Annuity; Variable Annuity; AIG Sun America Life Assurance Company, an Arizona-domiciled insurance company; AIG Securities Lending Corp. as AIG Agent, AIG, Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("ML II"), as purchaser, and The Federal Reserve Bank of New York ("FRBNY"), as controlling party (the "*Asset Purchase Agreement*"). This opinion is rendered at the request of the Texas Seller Parties pursuant to Section 5.02 (a)(iii) of the Asset Purchase Agreement.

In connection with this letter, we have examined executed originals or copies of executed originals of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement dated December 12, 2008 among ML II, FRBNY, the Seller Parties, and The Bank of New York Mellon (the "Security Agreement"). In addition, we have examined the following documents (collectively, the "*Due Diligence Documents*"):

- (a) a secretary's certificate of each of the Texas Seller Parties (the "*Secretary's Certificates*"), substantially in the form attached hereto as <u>Schedule 1</u>, certifying, among other things:
  - i. a certified copy of each of the Texas Seller Parties' articles of incorporation, as amended (the "Articles of Incorporation");

- ii. a copy of each of the Texas Seller Parties' bylaws, as amended (together, with the Articles of Incorporation, the "**Organizational Documents**");
- iii. a copy of the board resolutions of the board of directors of each of the Texas Seller Parties regarding the Asset Purchase Agreement; and
- (b) various existence, good standing, qualification to do business, and similar certificates from public offices of certain jurisdictions, all as listed on <u>Schedule 2</u> attached hereto (the "*Good Standing Certificates*").

We have examined originals or certified copies of such corporate records of the Texas Seller Parties and other certificates and documents of officials of the Texas Seller Parties, public officials, and others as we have deemed appropriate for purposes of this letter. As to various questions of fact relevant to this letter, we have relied, without independent investigation, upon the Due Diligence Documents and certificates of public officials, certificates of officers of the Texas Seller Parties, and representations and warranties of the Texas Seller Parties in the Asset Purchase Agreement, all of which we assume to be true, correct, and complete. We have made no investigation or review of any matters relating to the Texas Seller Parties or any other person other than as expressly listed herein. We wish to inform you that our knowledge is necessarily limited due to the limited scope of our review.

In addition, we have made no inquiry of the Texas Seller Parties or any other person regarding, and no review of, any judgments, orders, decrees, franchises, licenses, certificates, permits, or other public records or agreements to which the Texas Seller Parties are a party other than (1) the Secretary's Certificates, and (2) the Good Standing Certificates, and our "knowledge" of any such matters is accordingly limited.

We have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as originals, and the conformity to authentic original documents of all copies submitted to us as conformed, certified, or reproduced copies. We have also assumed the legal capacity of natural persons, the corporate or other power and due authorization of each person

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not a natural person other than the Texas Seller Parties to execute and deliver the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement to consummate the Transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement, due execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by all parties thereto other than the Texas Seller Parties, and that the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement to constitutes the legal, valid, and binding obligation of each party thereto other than the Texas Seller Parties, enforceable against such party in accordance with its terms.

Based upon the foregoing and subject to the assumptions, exceptions, qualifications, and limitations set forth hereinafter, we are of the opinion that:

- 1. Based solely on the Good Standing Certificates, each of the Texas Seller Parties is a stock property and casualty insurance company in good standing under the laws of the State of Texas, the jurisdiction of its organization. Each of the Texas Seller Parties has the corporate power to enter into the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.
- 2. The execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by the Texas Seller Parties and the performance by the Texas Seller Parties of the Transactions contemplated thereby have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of each of the Texas Seller Parties provided however such authority is conditioned on AIG's capital contribution being consummated simultaneously herewith.
- 3. Each of the Texas Seller Parties has duly executed the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement to which it is a party.
- 4. The execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by the Texas Seller Parties does not, and the performance by the Texas Seller Parties of the Transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement will not, result in any violation, breach, or result in a default of the Organizational Documents.
- 5. No authorization or approval or other action by, and no notice to or filing with, any governmental authority or regulatory body (each, a "Filing") is required under the Texas Insurance Code for the execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement by the Texas Seller Parties and the performance by each of the Texas Seller Parties of the Transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement, except those which have already been obtained and are in full force and effect, and except (i) Filings necessary in order to obtain and maintain perfection of Liens, (ii) routine Filings necessary in connection with the conduct of each of the Texas Seller Parties' business, (iii) Filings necessary in connection with the exercise of remedies under the Asset Purchase Agreement, (iv) Filings required under federal

and state securities laws as contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement, (v) Filings related to environmental matters, ERISA matters, taxes, and intellectual property, and (vi) Filings required to maintain corporate and similar standing and existence. With respect to Filings which have already been obtained and are in full force and effect, including but not limited to Filings that may be required under Chapter 823 of the Texas Insurance Code, we have relied solely upon representations made to us by email correspondence from the staff of the Texas Department of Insurance as to such staff's review of the Transactions, without further independent review or investigation. We further have assumed that neither the U.S. Government nor any political subdivision (including without limitation FRBNY) is a "controlling party" of the Texas Seller Parties, as such term is used and defined in Texas Insurance Code Chapter 823.

The opinions and other matters in this letter are qualified in their entirety and subject to the following:

A. We express no opinion as to the laws of any jurisdiction other than the laws of the state of Texas. We have made no special investigation or review of any published constitutions, treaties, laws, rules or regulations, or judicial or administrative decisions ("*Laws*"), other than a review of the laws of the state of Texas. We make no review of (a) Laws of any counties, cities, towns, municipalities, and special political

subdivisions and any agencies thereof; (b) zoning, land use, building, and construction Laws; (c) Federal Reserve Board margin regulations; (d) any antifraud, environmental, labor, tax, insurance, antitrust, securities, or intellectual property Laws; and (e) any Laws that may be applicable to the Texas Seller Parties by virtue of the particular nature of the businesses conducted by them or any goods or services provided by them or property owned or leased by them, other than the Texas Insurance Code.

- B. This letter and the matters addressed herein are as of the date hereof or such earlier date as is specified herein, and we undertake no, and hereby disclaim any, obligation to advise you of any change in any matter set forth herein, whether based on a change in the law, a change in any fact relating to the Texas Seller Parties or any other person, or any other circumstance. This opinion letter is limited to the matters expressly stated herein and no opinions are to be inferred or may be implied beyond the opinions expressly set forth herein.
- C. The opinions expressed in the first sentence of paragraph 1 herein are given solely on the basis of the Good Standing Certificates set forth in <u>Schedule 2</u> hereto and speak only as of the dates indicated in <u>Schedule 2</u> rather than the date hereof. Such opinions are limited to the meaning ascribed to such certificates by each applicable state agency and applicable law.

- D. The matters expressed in this letter are subject to and qualified and limited by (i) applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, fraudulent transfer and conveyance, reorganization, moratorium, and similar laws affecting creditors' rights and remedies generally; (ii) general principles of equity, including principles of commercial reasonableness, good faith, and fair dealing (regardless of whether enforcement is sought in a proceeding at law or in equity); (iii) commercial reasonableness and unconscionability and an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (iv) the power of the courts to award damages in lieu of equitable remedies; and (v) securities Laws and public policy underlying such Laws with respect to rights to indemnification and contribution.
- E. We express no opinion with respect to the fairness of the Asset Purchase Agreement, the Security Agreement, or any other matter, and in rendering the opinions expressed herein, we have assumed, with your consent, that a court of competent jurisdiction would find all such matters were entirely fair. We have assumed that no fraud, dishonesty, forgery, coercion, duress, or breach of fiduciary duty exists or will exist with respect to any of the matters relevant to the opinions expressed in this letter.
- F. We express no opinion as to (i) the compliance of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement with any regulations or governmental requirements applicable to any party other than the Texas Seller Parties; (ii) the financial condition or solvency of the Texas Seller Parties; (iii) the ability (financial or otherwise) of the Texas Seller Parties or any other party to meet their respective obligations under the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement; (iv) the compliance of the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement, or the Transactions contemplated thereby with, or the effect of any of the foregoing with respect to, the antifraud provisions of the federal and state securities laws, rules, and regulations; (v) the value of any security provided to secure the payment of obligations contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement or the Security Agreement; and (vi) the conformity of the Asset Purchase Agreement to any term sheet or commitment letter.

G. This letter is solely for your benefit, and no other Persons shall be entitled to rely upon this letter. Without our prior written consent, this letter may not be quoted in whole or in part or otherwise referred to in any document and may not be furnished or otherwise disclosed to or used by any other Person, except for (i) delivery of copies hereof to counsel for the addressees hereof, (ii) inclusion of copies hereof in a closing file, and (iii) use hereof in any legal proceeding arising out of the Transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement filed by an addressee hereof against this law firm or in which any addressee hereof is a defendant.

Very truly yours,

### GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP

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#### Schedule 1

### SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

#### As of December 12, 2008

I, , certify that I am the duly elected, qualified, and acting Secretary of , a stock property and casualty insurance company domiciled in the State of Texas (the "*Company*"), and that, as such, I am familiar with the facts herein certified and am duly authorized to certify the same and do hereby certify as follows:

1. Attached hereto as <u>Annex 1</u> is a true, correct, and complete copy of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company as approved by the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of Texas on , , , as amended (the "*Articles of Incorporation*"), which Articles of Incorporation have not been modified or amended, except as reflected therein, and which remain in full force and effect as of the date hereof.

2. Attached as <u>Annex 2</u> is a true, correct, and complete copy of the certificate of authority for the Company, certified by the Commissioner of Insurance for the State of Texas.

3. Attached hereto as <u>Annex 3</u> is a true, correct, and complete copy of the Bylaws of the Company, as amended (the "*Bylaws*"), which Bylaws have not been modified or amended, except as reflected therein, and which remain in full force and effect as of the date hereof.

4. Attached as <u>Annex 4</u> is a true, correct, and complete copy of the resolutions of the Company's Board of Directors approving the Transactions and the Transaction Documents. Such resolutions have not been rescinded or modified in any way and are in full force and effect as of the date hereof.

5. I have examined on <u>Annex 5</u> the signatures of the Company's officers signing the Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of , 2008, by and between (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), and the exhibits and Transaction Documents delivered in connection therewith, and such signatures are their true signatures. As of the date hereof (and the date of such signatures), such officers are duly appointed, qualified, and acting officers of the Company, holding the office specified beside their names.

6. This Secretary's Certificate is being delivered on the Company's behalf pursuant to Section of the Asset Purchase Agreement.

7. This Secretary's Certificate is made with the intent that Greenberg Traurig may rely hereon for purposes of the opinion letter to be rendered of the Asset Purchase Agreement.

8. Undefined capitalized terms used herein are defined in the Asset Purchase Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have duly executed this Secretary's Certificate as of the date first written above.

By:

Secretary

## Schedule 2

### **Good Standing Certificates**

- (a) Current Certificate of Authority for each of the Texas Seller Parties, certified by the Commissioner of Insurance of the Texas Department of Insurance, dated December 10, 2008; and
- (b) Charter Documents for each of the Texas Seller Parties, certified by the Commissioner of Insurance of the Texas Department of Insurance, dated December 10, 2008.

[letterhead of Low & Childers, P.C.]

December 18, 2008

To Each of the Persons Listed on Schedule A Attached Hereto

### Re: <u>AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company</u>

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Arizona counsel for AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company, an Arizona corporation ("AIG SunAmerica"), in connection with the matters set forth herein. At your request, this opinion is being furnished to you.

For purposes of giving the opinions hereinafter set forth, our examination of documents has been limited to the examination of originals or copies of the following:

- (a) Certified copy of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Articles of Domestication of Anchor National Life Insurance Company, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on December 26, 1995; a certified copy of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Anchor National Life Insurance Company (changing the name of the company to SunAmerica National Life Insurance Company), as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on October 5, 2001; a certified copy of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of SunAmerica National Life Insurance Company (changing the name of the company to AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company), as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on January 24, 2002; a certified copy of the Articles of Amendment to the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation on October 10, 2002; a certified copy of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on September 29, 2006;
- (b) The Amended and Restated Bylaws of AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company, effective August 21, 2006;
- (c) A certified copy of the Certificate of Authority from the Department of Insurance of the State of Arizona, dated February 28, 2003;

- (e) The Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among American General Life Insurance Company, American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York, AIG Life, American International Life Assurance Company of New York, American Life Insurance Company, AIG Annuity Insurance Company, The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company, SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, and AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company (collectively, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent of the Sellers, Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("ML II"), as buyer, and Federal Reserve Bank of New York ("FRBNY"), in its capacity as Controlling Party (as defined therein);
- (f) The Security Agreement dated December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement") among ML II, as borrower, the Sellers, as junior secured creditors, FRBNY, as Controlling Party and Senior Lender, and the Bank of New York Mellon ("BNYM"), as collateral agent;
- (g) The Unanimous Written Consent of the Board of Directors of AIG SunAmerica, dated December 12, 2008;
- (h) Certificate of Compliance for AIG SunAmerica from the Arizona Department of Insurance; and
- (i) A Certificate of Compliance/Good Standing for AIG SunAmerica, dated December 9, 2008.

For purposes of this opinion, we have not reviewed any documents other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above. In particular, we have not reviewed any document (other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above) that is referred to in or incorporated by reference into any document reviewed by us. We have assumed that there exists no provision in any document that we have not reviewed that is inconsistent with the opinions stated herein. We have conducted no independent factual investigation of our own but rather have relied solely upon the foregoing documents, the statements and information set forth therein and the additional matters recited or assumed herein, all of which we have assumed to be true, complete and accurate in all material respects.

With respect to all documents examined by us, we have assumed that (i) all signatures on documents examined by us are genuine, (ii) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic, and (iii) all documents submitted to us as copies conform with the original copies of those documents.

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For purposes of this opinion, we have assumed (i) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 1 below, the due organization, due formation or due creation, as the case may be, and valid existence in good standing of each party to the documents examined by us under the laws of the jurisdiction governing its organization, formation or creation, (ii) the legal capacity of natural persons who are signatories to the documents examined by us, (iii) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 2 below, that each of the parties to the documents examined by us has the power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, such documents, (iv) that any amendment or restatement of any document reviewed by us has been accomplished in accordance with, and was permitted by, the relevant provisions of said document prior to its amendment or restatement from time to time, (v) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 3 below, the due authorization, execution and delivery by all parties thereto of all documents examined by us, (vi) that each of the documents examined by us constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto, and is enforceable against the parties thereto, in accordance with its terms, and (vii) that neither ML II nor FRBNY is an "affiliate" of AIG SunAmerica for purposes of the Arizona Holding Company Act, A.R.S. § 20-481, *et seq.* 

This opinion is limited to the laws of the State of Arizona (excluding the securities and blue sky laws of the State of Arizona), and we have not considered and express no opinion on the laws of any other jurisdiction, including New York laws and United States federal laws (including United States federal bankruptcy law) and rules and regulations relating thereto. Our opinions are rendered only with respect to Arizona laws and rules, regulations and orders thereunder that are currently in effect.

Based upon the foregoing, and upon our examination of such questions of law and statutes of the State of Arizona as we have considered necessary or appropriate, and subject to .the assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that:

1. AIG SunAmerica is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing as a corporation under the Arizona Corporation Law.

2. AIG SunAmerica has all necessary corporate power and authority under the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the Arizona Corporation Law to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement.

3. The execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement by AIG SunAmerica, and the performance by AIG SunAmerica of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of AIG SunAmerica under the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the Arizona Corporation Law.

4. AIG SunAmerica has duly executed and delivered the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement under the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the Arizona Corporation Law.

5. The execution and delivery by AIG SunAmerica of the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement, and the performance by AIG SunAmerica of its obligations thereunder, do not violate (i) the Articles of Incorporation, (ii) the Bylaws or (iii) any Arizona law, rule or regulation.

6. No authorization, approval, consent or order of any Arizona court or Arizona governmental authority is required to be obtained by AIG SunAmerica solely in connection with the execution and delivery by AIG SunAmerica of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement, or the performance by AIG SunAmerica of its obligations thereunder, except for filings that may be required under the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of Arizona (the "Arizona UCC") and as noted in qualification F below.

The opinions expressed above are subject to the following additional assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions:

A. We express no opinion with respect to any provision in the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement purporting to prohibit, restrict or condition the assignment of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement, to the extent that any such provision may be limited by the operation of the Arizona UCC.

B. We express no opinion as to (i) purported waivers of any statutory or other rights, court rules and defenses to obligations where such waivers (A) are against public policy or (B) constitute waivers of rights which by law, regulation or judicial decision may not otherwise be waived, or (ii) any right or obligation to the extent that the same may be varied by course of dealing or performance.

C. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement (i) that purports or would operate to render ineffective any waiver or modification not in writing or (ii) to the effect that the failure to exercise or delay in exercising rights or remedies will not operate as a waiver of any such rights or remedies.

D. The opinion expressed in paragraph 4 above is based solely upon our review of the incumbency certifications contained in the Officer's Certificate.

E. We note that under A.R.S. § 20-517, every insurer domiciled in the State of Arizona is required to file a report with the Director of the Arizona Department of Insurance (the "Director") disclosing material dispositions of assets within fifteen (15) days after the end of the calendar month in which any such material disposition occurs. Pursuant to AR.S. § 20-518(F), a material disposition is one that is non-recurring and not in the ordinary course of business and involves more than five percent (5%) of the reporting insurer's total admitted assets as reported in its most recent statutory statement filed with the Department of Insurance. As a result, with respect to the opinions expressed in paragraphs 5 and 6 above, if the Transactions constitute a

material disposition of assets by AIG SunAmerica, AIG SunAmerica will be required to timely file a report with the Commissioner complying with A.R.S. § 20-517.

F. The opinions expressed above are subject to the effect of (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, receivership, reorganization, liquidation, fraudulent conveyance and transfer and other similar laws relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally, (ii) principles of equity (regardless of whether considered and applied in a proceeding in equity or at law), (iii) the effect of applicable public policy with respect to provisions relating to indemnification, exculpation or contribution, and (iv) judicial imposition of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

We understand that you will rely as to matters of Arizona law upon this opinion in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement. In connection with the foregoing, we hereby consent to your relying as to matters of Arizona law upon this opinion, subject to the understanding that the opinions rendered herein are given on the date hereof and such opinions are rendered only with respect to facts existing on the date hereof and laws, rules and regulations currently in effect. Except as stated above, without our prior written consent, this opinion may not be furnished or quoted to, or relied upon by, any other person or entity for any purpose.

Very truly yours,

/s/ J. Michael Low J. Michael Low For the Firm

[letterhead of Low & Childers, P.C.]

December 18, 2008

To Each of the Persons Listed on Schedule A Attached Hereto

#### Re: <u>SunAmerica Life Insurance Company</u>

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have acted as special Arizona counsel for SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, an Arizona corporation ("SunAmerica"), in connection with the matters set forth herein. At your request, this opinion is being furnished to you.

For purposes of giving the opinions hereinafter set forth, our examination of documents has been limited to the examination of originals or copies of the following:

(a) Certified copy of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Articles of Domestication of Sun Life Insurance Company of America, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on June 27, 1994; a certified copy of the Article of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of Sun Life Insurance Company of America (changing the name of the company to SunAmerica Life

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Insurance Company), as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on July 7, 1995; a certified copy of the Articles of Merger of Ford Life Insurance Company, a Michigan corporation into SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, an Arizona Company, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on December 26, 1996 and effective December 31, 1996; a certified copy of the Articles of Merger of Calamerica Life Insurance Company, a California corporation into SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, an Arizona corporation, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission on October 12, 1999, effective November 1, 1999; and a certified copy of the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation, as filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation on September 29, 2006;

- (b) The Amended and Restated Bylaws of SunAmerica, effective August 21, 2006;
- (c) A certified copy of the Certificate of Authority of SunAmerica from the Department of Insurance of the State of Arizona, dated July 7, 1995;
- (d) Certificate of an Officer of SunAmerica dated as of December 12, 2008, attached hereto as Exhibit A (the "Officer's Certificate");
- (e) The Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among American General Life Insurance Company, American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York, AIG Life, American International Life Assurance Company of New York, American Life Insurance Company, AIG Annuity Insurance Company, The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company, SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, and AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company (collectively, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent of the Sellers, Maiden Lane II LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("ML II"), as buyer, and Federal Reserve Bank of New York ("FRBNY"), in its capacity as Controlling Party (as defined therein);
- (f) The Security Agreement dated December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement") among ML II, as borrower, the Sellers, as junior secured creditors, FRBNY, as Controlling Party and Senior Lender, and the Bank of New York Mellon ("BNYM"), as collateral agent;
- (g) The Unanimous Written Consent of the Board of Directors of SunAmerica, dated December 12, 2008;
- (h) Certificate of Compliance for SunAmerica from the Arizona Department of Insurance;
- (i) A Certificate of Compliance/Good Standing for SunAmerica, obtained from the Arizona Corporation Commission, dated December 9, 2008.

For purposes of this opinion, we have not reviewed any documents other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above. In particular, we have not reviewed any document (other than the documents listed in paragraphs (a) through (i) above) that is referred to in or incorporated by reference into any document reviewed by us. We have assumed that there exists no provision. in any document that we have not reviewed that is inconsistent with the opinions stated herein. We have conducted no independent factual investigation of our own but rather have relied solely upon the foregoing documents, the statements and information set forth therein and the additional matters recited or assumed herein, all of which we have assumed to be true, complete and accurate in all material respects.

With respect to all documents examined by us, we have assumed that (i) all signatures on documents examined by us are genuine, (ii) all documents submitted to us as originals are authentic, and (iii) all documents submitted to us as copies conform with the original copies of those documents.

For purposes of this opinion, we have assumed (i) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 1 below, the due organization, due formation or due creation, as the case may be, and valid existence in good standing of each party to the documents examined by us under the laws

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of the jurisdiction governing its organization, formation or creation, (ii) the legal capacity of natural persons who are signatories to the documents examined by us, (iii) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 2 below, that each of the parties to the documents examined by us has the power and authority to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, such documents, (iv) that any amendment or restatement of any document reviewed by us has been accomplished in accordance with, and was permitted by, the relevant provisions of said document prior to its amendment or restatement from time to time, (v) except to the extent set forth in paragraph 3 below, the due authorization, execution and delivery by all parties thereto of all documents examined by us, (vi) that each of the documents examined by us constitutes a legal, valid and binding agreement of the parties thereto, and is enforceable against the parties thereto, in accordance with its terms, and (vii) that neither ML II nor FRBNY is an "affiliate" of SunAmerica for purposes of the Arizona Holding Company Act, A.R.S. § 20-481, *et seq*.

This opinion is limited to the laws of the State of Arizona (excluding the securities and blue sky laws of the State of Arizona), and we have not considered and express no opinion on the laws of any other jurisdiction, including New York laws and United States federal laws (including United States federal bankruptcy law) and rules and regulations relating thereto. Our opinions are rendered only with respect to Arizona laws and rules, regulations and orders thereunder that are currently in effect.

Based upon the foregoing, and upon our examination of such questions of law and statutes of the State of Arizona as we have considered necessary or appropriate, and subject to the assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions set forth herein, we are of the opinion that:

1. SunAmerica is duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing as a corporation under the Arizona Corporation Law.

2. SunAmerica has all necessary corporate power and authority under the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the Arizona Corporation Law to execute and deliver, and to perform its obligations under, the Asset Purchase Agreement, and the Security Agreement.

3. The execution and delivery of the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement by SunAmerica, and the performance by SunAmerica of its obligations thereunder, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate action on the part of SunAmerica under the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the Arizona Corporation Law.

4. SunAmerica has duly executed and delivered the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement under the Articles of Incorporation, the Bylaws and the Arizona Corporation Law.

5. The execution and delivery by SunAmerica of the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement, and the performance by SunAmerica of its obligations thereunder, do not violate (i) the Articles of Incorporation, (ii) the Bylaws or (iii) any Arizona law, rule or regulation.

6. No authorization, approval, consent or order of any Arizona court or Arizona governmental authority is required to be obtained by SunAmerica solely in connection with the execution and delivery by SunAmerica of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement, or the performance by SunAmerica of its obligations thereunder, except for filings that may be required under the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the State of Arizona (the "Arizona UCC") and as noted in qualification F below.

The opinions expressed above are subject to the following additional assumptions, qualifications, limitations and exceptions:

A. We express no opinion with respect to any provision in the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement purporting to prohibit, restrict or condition the assignment of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement, to the extent that any such provision may be limited by the operation of the Arizona UCC.

B. We express no opinion as to (i) purported waivers of any statutory or other rights, court rules and defenses to obligations where such waivers (A) are against public policy or (B) constitute waivers of rights which by law, regulation or judicial decision may not otherwise be waived, or (ii) any right or obligation to the extent that the same may be varied by course of dealing or performance.

C. We express no opinion with respect to any provision of the Asset Purchase Agreement or Security Agreement (i) that purports or would operate to render ineffective any waiver or modification not in writing or (ii) to the effect that the failure to exercise or delay in exercising rights or remedies will not operate as a waiver of any such rights or remedies.

D. The opinion expressed in paragraph 4 above is based solely upon our review of the incumbency certifications contained in the Officer's Certificate.

E. We note that under A.R.S. § 20-517, every insurer domiciled in the State of Arizona is required to file a report with the Director of the Arizona Department of Insurance (the "Director") disclosing material dispositions of assets within fifteen (15) days after the end of the calendar month in which any such. material disposition occurs. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 20-518(F), a material disposition is one that is non-recurring and not in the ordinary course of business and involves more than five percent (5%) of the reporting insurer's total admitted assets as reported in its most recent statutory statement filed with the Department of Insurance. As a result, with respect to the opinions expressed in paragraphs 5 and 6 above, if the Transactions constitute a material disposition of assets by SunAmerica, SunAmerica will be required to timely file a report with the Commissioner complying with AR.S. § 20-517.

F. The opinions expressed above are subject to the effect of (i) bankruptcy, insolvency, moratorium, receivership, reorganization, liquidation, fraudulent conveyance and transfer and other similar laws relating to or affecting the rights and remedies of creditors generally, (ii) principles of equity (regardless of whether considered and applied in a proceeding in equity or at law), (iii) the effect of applicable public policy with respect to provisions relating

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to indemnification, exculpation or contribution, and (iv) judicial imposition of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.

We understand that you will rely as to matters of Arizona law upon this opinion in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and Security Agreement. In connection with the foregoing, we hereby consent to your relying as to matters of Arizona law upon this opinion, subject to the understanding that the opinions rendered herein are given on the date hereof and such opinions are rendered only with respect to facts existing on the date hereof and laws, rules and regulations currently in effect. Except as stated above, without our prior written consent, this opinion may not be furnished or quoted to, or relied upon by, any other person or entity for any purpose.

Very truly yours,

/s/ J. Michael Low

J. Michael Low For the Firm

JML/md

### [letterhead of AIG Annuity Insurance Company]

#### December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC and Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

(2)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Jim Coppedge, Senior Vice President and General Counsel of AIG Annuity Insurance Company, a Texas corporation (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Texas with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of

the State of Texas or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Texas for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Texas, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours, /s/ Jim Coppedge

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[letterhead of American General Life Companies, LLC]

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Kyle L. Jennings, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of AIG Life Insurance Company, a life insurance company domiciled in the State of Delaware (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

(2) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Delaware or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided,

however, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Delaware for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Delaware, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours

/s/Kyle L. Jennings Kyle L. Jennings Executive Vice President General Counsel & Secretary

[letterhead of AIG Retirement Services, Inc.]

December 12, 2008

Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Christine A. Nixon, General Counsel of AIG Retirement Services, Inc., a Delaware Company, the indirect parent of AIG SunAmerica Life Assurance Company, an Arizona company (the Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Arizona with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

(2) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance

with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Arizona or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Arizona for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of California, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to Maiden Lane II LLC as the Buyer and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as Controlling Party in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours, /s/ Christine A. Nixon

[letterhead of American General Life Companies, LLC]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Kyle L. Jennings, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of American General Life and Accident Insurance Company, a life insurance company domiciled in the State of Tennessee (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Tennessee with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

(2) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.

(3) The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Tennessee or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided,

however, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Tennessee for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Tennessee, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Kyle L. Jennings Kyle L. Jennings Executive Vice President General Counsel & Secretary

[letterhead of American General Life Companies, LLC]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Kyle L. Jennings, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of American General Life Insurance Company, a life insurance company domiciled in the State of Texas (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the

Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Texas with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

(2)

Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Texas or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided, however,

that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Texas for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Texas, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Kyle L. Jennings Kyle L. Jennings Executive Vice President General Counsel & Secretary

[letterhead of American General Life Companies, LLC]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Kyle L. Jennings, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of American International Life Assurance Company of New York, a life insurance company domiciled in the State of New York (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of New York with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

(2) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of New York or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided,

however, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of New York for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of New York, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Kyle L. Jennings Kyle L. Jennings Executive Vice President General Counsel & Secretary

[letterhead of American Life Insurance Company]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Laura C. Classen, International Counsel of American Life Insurance Company, a Life insurance domiciled in the State of Delaware (the Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Delaware with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreements.

#### Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.

The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Delaware or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided, however, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Delaware or the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Delaware, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Laura C. Classen Laura C. Classen International Counsel

[letterhead of AIG Retirement Services, Inc.]

December 12, 2008

Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

(2)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Christine A. Nixon, General Counsel of AIG Retirement Services, Inc., a Delaware Company, the indirect parent of First SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, a New York company (the Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of New York with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance

with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of New York or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of New York for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of California, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to Maiden Lane II LLC as the Buyer and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as Controlling Party in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours, /s/ Christine A. Nixon

[letterhead of American General Life Companies, LLC]

December 12, 2008

Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Christine A. Nixon, General Counsel of AIG Retirement Services, Inc., a Delaware Company, the parent of SunAmerica Life Insurance Company, an Arizona company (the Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Arizona with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

(2) Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of

Arizona or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided, however, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws (4) of the United States or the laws of the State of Arizona for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; provided, however, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in (5)any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of California, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivery to Maiden Lane II LLC as the Buyer and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as Controlling Party in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

> Very truly yours, /s/ Christine A. Nixon

[letterhead of American General Life Companies, LLC]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC, c/o Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 33 Liberty Street. New York, New York 10045

(2)

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Kyle L. Jennings, Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary of The United States Life Insurance Company in the City of New York, a life insurance company domiciled in the State of New York (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of New York with corporate power and (1)authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance (3)of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of New York or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; provided,

however, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of New York for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of New York, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Kyle L. Jennings

Kyle L. Jennings Executive Vice President General Counsel & Secretary

[letterhead of AIG Annuity Insurance Company]

December 12, 2008

Maiden Lane II LLC and Federal Reserve Bank of New York 33 Liberty Street, New York, New York 10045

(2)

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am Jim Coppedge, Senior Vice President and General Counsel of The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company, a Texas corporation (the "Company"), and, as such, I am generally familiar with the corporate affairs of the Company.

In connection with the execution and delivery of (i) that certain Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Asset Purchase Agreement"), among the Company and the other sellers named therein, as sellers (together with the Company, the "Sellers"), AIG Securities Lending Corp., as agent, American International Group, Inc., Maiden Lane II LLC, as buyer (the "Buyer"), and Federal Reserve Bank of New York, as controlling party (the "Controlling Party"), and (ii) that certain Security Agreement, dated as of December 12, 2008 (the "Security Agreement"), among the Buyer, the Controlling Party, the Sellers and The Bank of New York Mellon, I have examined such corporate records and other documents, and reviewed such questions of law, as I have deemed necessary or appropriate for purposes of this opinions, and on the basis of such knowledge, examination and review, it is my opinion that:

(1) The Company is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the State of Texas with corporate power and authority to execute and deliver each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and to perform its obligations under each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and the Security Agreement.

Company.

Each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the

(3) The execution and delivery of the each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement do not, and the performance of its obligations thereunder in accordance with its terms will not, (i) violate the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Texas or the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of the Company or (ii) result in or require the creation or imposition of any lien on any assets of the Company; <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that with respect to the opinion expressed in paragraph (i) above, I express no opinion with respect to Federal or state securities laws, other antifraud laws or fraudulent transfer laws.

(4) All regulatory consents and approvals required to be obtained by the Company on or prior to the date hereof under the Federal laws of the United States or the laws of the State of Texas for the execution and delivery by the Company of each of the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement have been obtained; provided, however, that I express no view in this paragraph with respect to Federal or state securities laws or matters relating to the title or ownership of, liens or security interests in, or the transfer of, property.

(5) To my knowledge, there is no claim, action, suit, proceeding or investigation pending or threatened against the Company which in any manner challenges or seeks to prevent, enjoin, alter or materially delay the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement.

The foregoing opinion is limited to the Federal laws of the United States and the laws of the State of Texas, and I am expressing no opinion as to the effect or requirements of the laws of any other jurisdiction.

I have relied as to certain matters on information obtained from public officials, officers of the Company and other sources believed by me to be responsible, and I have assumed that the signatures on all documents reviewed by me are genuine, an assumption that I have not independently verified.

The opinions set forth herein are given as of the date hereof and I assume no obligation to advise you or any other person as to any legal development or factual matters arising subsequent to the date hereof that might affect the opinions expressed herein.

This opinion is being delivered to you as the Buyer in connection with the transactions contemplated by the Asset Purchase Agreement and the Security Agreement and may not be relied upon by any other person or for any other purpose without my prior written consent.

Very truly yours, /s/ Jim Coppedge

### **Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges**

Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions, except ratios)	2010	2009
Earnings:		
Pre-tax income (loss) <sup>(a)</sup> :	\$ 834	\$ (6,548)
Add – Fixed charges	2,128	3,182
Adjusted Pre-tax income (loss)	2,962	(3,366)
Fixed charges:		
Interest expense	\$ 1,843	\$ 2,794
Portion of rent expense representing interest	61	87
Interest credited to policy and contract holders	224	301
Total fixed charges	\$ 2,128	\$ 3,182
Preferred stock dividend requirements	\$ -	\$ 1,012
Total fixed charges and preferred stock dividend requirements	\$ 2,128	\$ 4,194
Total fixed charges, excluding interest credited to policy and contract holders	\$ 1,904	\$ 2,881
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges:		
Ratio	1.39	n/a
Coverage deficiency	n/a	(6,548)
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges and preferred stock dividends:		
Ratio	1.39	n/a
Coverage deficiency	n/a	(7,560)
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges, excluding interest credited to policy and contract holders <sup>(b)</sup> :		
Ratio	1.56	n/a
Coverage deficiency	n/a	(6,247)

(a) From continuing operations, excluding undistributed earnings (loss) from equity method investments and capitalized interest.

(b) The Ratio of earnings to fixed charges excluding interest credited to policy and contract holders removes interest credited to guaranteed investment contract (GIC) policyholders and guaranteed investment agreement (GIA) contract holders. Such interest expenses are also removed from earnings used in this calculation. GICs and GIAs are entered into by AIG's insurance subsidiaries, principally SunAmerica Life Insurance Company and AIG Financial Products Corp. and its subsidiaries, respectively. The proceeds from GICs and GIAs are invested in a diversified portfolio of securities, primarily investment grade bonds. The assets acquired yield rates greater than the rates on the related policyholders obligation or contract, with the intent of earning a profit from the spread.

# QuickLinks

Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges

American International Group, Inc., and Subsidiaries

#### CERTIFICATIONS

I, Robert H. Benmosche, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American International Group, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2010

/s/ ROBERT H. BENMOSCHE

Robert H. Benmosche President and Chief Executive Officer

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#### CERTIFICATIONS

#### I, David L. Herzog, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American International Group, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

(a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

(b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

(c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

(d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

(a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

(b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 7, 2010

/s/ DAVID L. HERZOG

David L. Herzog Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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CERTIFICATIONS CERTIFICATIONS American International Group, Inc., and Subsidiaries

#### CERTIFICATION

In connection with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American International Group, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Robert H. Benmosche, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 7, 2010

/s/ ROBERT H. BENMOSCHE

Robert H. Benmosche President and Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.

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### CERTIFICATION

In connection with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of American International Group, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David L. Herzog, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 7, 2010

/s/ DAVID L. HERZOG

David L. Herzog Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.

## QuickLinks

CERTIFICATION CERTIFICATION